

SCHEDULE—continued.

15th November 1823,	William Bishop of Exeter, Treasurer of the cathedral church of Exeter, to Richard Courtenay the elder and Philip Courtenay, grandson of the said Richard Courtenay	Grant by copy of Court Roll of a tenement, called Waterhouse, and lands called Waterhouse-down, part of the manor of Treasurer's Beare, in the parish of Bishop's Nympton, in the county of Devon.
14th December 1847,	Henry Bishop of Exeter, Treasurer of the cathedral church of Exeter, to Henry Loveband and Frederick Loveband	Grant by copy of Court Roll of a cottage and close of land, called Bale Hayes, part of the manor of Treasurer's Beare, in the parish of Bishop's Nympton, in the county of Devon.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Exeter.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, May 9, 1848.

IT is hereby notified, that Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received a dispatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Vienna, enclosing a note from Count Fiquelmont, the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs, containing the following announcement of the blockade of Venice:

[Translation.]

Count Fiquelmont to Viscount Ponsonby, dated Vienna, the 30th April 1848.

THE city of Venice having raised the standard of revolt, the Government of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty has found itself compelled, with the view of reducing it again to obedience, to place the port of Venice under effective blockade, from the 23d of the present month.

In expressing the hope that this measure will not be of long duration, and that it will cause only a short interruption to commercial relations, the undersigned, Minister for Foreign Affairs, has the honour to request that his Excellency Viscount

Ponsonby, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Her Britannick Majesty, will bring this measure to the knowledge of his Government.

The undersigned avails himself, etc.

(Signed) FIQUELMONT.

Foreign-Office, May 9, 1848.

IT is hereby notified, that Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from the Danish Minister at Her Majesty's Court, a note, announcing the blockade of the German Baltic ports of Stettin, Stralsund, Rostock, Wismar, Pillau, and Danzig; and further announcing, that the Elbe will be blockaded on the 10th instant.

The tenor of the Danish Minister's note is as follows:

[Translation.]

MY LORD,

IN execution of the instructions which I have just received from my Government, I have the honour to notify to you the blockade of the following ports of the Baltic, by the forces of His Danish Majesty, namely:

Stettin,	} from the 2d of May,
Stralsund,	
Rostock,	
Wismar,	
Pillau,	} from the 3d of May;
Danzig,	

and to request that the Government of Her Britannick Majesty will cause the usual publication of the same to be made, in order to obviate all future complaint or reclamation on the part of the trade.

Every neutral vessel will be informed, on its entry into the Baltic, that those ports are effectively blockaded.