



SUPPLEMENT

TO

The London Gazette

Of FRIDAY the 13th of SEPTEMBER.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1844.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of Her present Majesty's reign (cap. 95), intituled "An Act to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect certain stipulations contained in a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of Austria; and to enable Her Majesty to declare by Order in Council, that ports which are the most natural and convenient shipping ports of States within whose dominions they are not situated, may, in certain cases, be considered, for all purposes of trade with Her Majesty's dominions, as the national ports of such States," it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, notwithstanding anything contained in an Act, passed in the session of Parliament of the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the encouragement of British shipping and navigation," it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, to declare by Her Order in Council, to be published in the London Gazette, "that any port or ports, to be named in

"such Order, being the most convenient port or ports for shipping the produce of any State, to be also named in such Order, shall, although not situated within the dominions of such State, be port or ports for the use of the ships of such State, in the trade of such ships with all ports of the British dominions, or with any port or ports of the same, named and limited in such Order, in as full and ample a manner as if such port or ports were within the dominions of such State, and thereupon, and for so long a time as such Order shall be declared to be in force, or shall remain unrevoked, it shall be lawful to import into the British dominions, or into such ports of the same as shall be named and limited in such Order, from such port or ports, in the ships of such State, any goods which, by the laws in force at the time of such importation, might then be imported in such ships from a port of the country to which they belonged, and so to import such goods upon the like terms as the same could there be imported from the national ports of such ships:"

And whereas a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between Her Majesty and His Majesty the King of Hanover, and the same was signed on the 22d day of July last, and the ratifications thereof were exchanged on the 9th of August last; and, by the Fifth Article of the said Treaty, it is agreed, in consideration of British vessels, together with their cargoes, being,

by the laws of Hanover, admitted to entry in the ports of Hanover when coming from the ports of other countries; and in consideration of British trade and navigation with Hanover being placed upon the footing of the most favoured nation, that vessels of Hanover, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Hanover, shall, when coming from the mouths of the Meuse, of the Ems, of the Weser, and of the Elbe, or from the mouths of any other navigable river between the Elbe and the Meuse, or from the mouths of any navigable river between the Trave and the Memel, both inclusive, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom, and of Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid were within the dominions of the King of Hanover; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported if coming from the ports of Hanover; and also, that such vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom, or Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Hanover:

And it is in and by the said Article agreed, that the privileges granted thereby shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages in consideration of which the said privileges are thereinbefore mentioned to have been conceded; and further, that the said privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Hanover in respect of the ports referred to in the said Article, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed upon the same footing as vessels of Hanover:

Now, therefore, for the considerations mentioned in the said recited Article of the said Treaty, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased, in pursuance of the power and authority in Her vested by the hereinbefore recited Act, and of every other power and authority in anywise enabling Her in that behalf, to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that vessels of Hanover, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Majesty's possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Hanover, shall, when coming from the mouths of the Meuse, of the Ems, of the Weser, and of the Elbe, or from the mouths of any other navigable river between the Elbe and the Meuse, or from the mouths of any navigable river between the Trave and the Memel, both inclusive, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom and of Her Majesty's possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid were within the dominions of the King of

Hanover; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported, if coming from the ports of Hanover; and also that such vessels, proceeding from the United Kingdom or Her Majesty's possessions abroad to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Hanover:

Provided, nevertheless, that the privileges hereby granted shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages, in consideration of which the said privileges are mentioned in the said Article to have been conceded; and that the said privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Hanover, in respect of the ports to which such privileges relate, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed on the same footing as vessels of Hanover:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of
September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of Her present Majesty's reign (cap. 95), intituled "An Act to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect certain stipulations contained in a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of Austria; and to enable Her Majesty to declare by Order in Council, that ports which are the most natural and convenient shipping ports of States within whose dominions they are not situated, may, in certain cases, be considered, for all purposes of trade with Her Majesty's dominions, as the national ports of such States," it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, notwithstanding anything contained in an Act, passed in the session of Parliament of the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the encouragement of British shipping and navigation," it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, to declare by Her Order in Council, to be published in the London Gazette, "that any port or ports, to be named in such Order, being the most convenient port or ports for shipping the produce of any State, to be also named in such Order, shall, although not situated within the dominions of such State, be port or ports for the use of the ships of such State, in the trade

“ of such ships with all ports of the British dominions, or with any port or ports of the same, named and limited in such Order, in as full and ample a manner as if such port or ports were within the dominions of such State, and thereupon, and for so long a time as such Order shall be declared to be in force, or shall remain unrevoked, it shall be lawful to import into the British dominions, or into such ports of the same as shall be named and limited in such Order, from such port or ports, in the ships of such State, any goods which, by the laws in force at the time of such importation, might then be imported in such ships from a port of the country to which they belonged, and so to import such goods upon the like terms as the same could there be imported from the national ports of such ships :”

And whereas a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between Her Majesty and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, and the same was signed on the 4th day of April last, and the ratifications thereof were exchanged on the 30th of April last; and, by the Fifth Article of the said Treaty, it is agreed, in consideration of British vessels, together with their cargoes, being by the laws of Oldenburg admitted to entry in the port of Oldenburg, when coming from the ports of all countries; and, in consideration of British trade and navigation with Oldenburg being placed upon the footing of the most favoured nation, that vessels of Oldenburg, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Oldenburg, shall, when coming from the ports of the Elbe, the Ems, the Weser, or the Meuse, or any other navigable river between the Elbe and the Meuse, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom, and of Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid were within the dominions of the Grand Duke of Oldenburg; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported if coming from the ports of Oldenburg; and also, that such vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom, or Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Oldenburg :

And it is in and by the said Article agreed, that the privileges granted thereby shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages in consideration of which the said privileges are thereinbefore mentioned to have been conceded; and further, that the said privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Oldenburg in respect to the ports referred to in the said Article, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat,

during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed upon the same footing as vessels of Oldenburg :

Now, therefore, for the considerations mentioned in the said recited Article of the said Treaty, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased, in pursuance of the power and authority in Her vested by the hereinbefore recited Act, and of every other power and authority in anywise enabling Her in that behalf, to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that vessels of Oldenburg, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Britannic Majesty's possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Oldenburg, shall, when coming from the ports of the Elbe, the Ems, the Weser, or the Meuse, or any other navigable river between the Elbe and the Meuse, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom and of Her Majesty's possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid were within the dominions of the Grand Duke of Oldenburg; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported, if coming from the ports of Oldenburg; and also that such vessels, proceeding from the United Kingdom or Her Majesty's possessions abroad to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Oldenburg :

Provided, nevertheless, that the privileges hereby granted shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages, in consideration of which the said privileges are mentioned in the said recited Article to have been conceded; and that the said privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Oldenburg, in respect of the ports aforesaid, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed on the same footing as vessels of Oldenburg :

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of
September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed, in the session of Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of Her present Majesty's reign (cap. 95), intituled “ An Act to enable Her Majesty to carry into effect certain stipulations contained in a “ Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between “ Her Majesty and the Emperor of Austria; and

“to enable Her Majesty to declare by Order in Council, that ports which are the most natural and convenient shipping ports of States within whose dominions they are not situated, may, in certain cases, be considered, for all purposes of trade with Her Majesty’s dominions, as the national ports of such States,” it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, notwithstanding anything contained in an Act, passed in the session of Parliament of the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled “An Act for the encouragement of British shipping and navigation,” it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, to declare by Her Order in Council, to be published in the London Gazette, “that any port or ports to be named in such Order, being the most convenient port or ports for shipping the produce of any State, to be also named in such Order, shall, although not situated within the dominions of such State, be port or ports for the use of the ships of such State, in the trade of such ships with all ports of the British dominions, or with any port or ports of the same, named and limited in such Order, in as full and ample a manner as if such port or ports were within the dominions of such State, and thereupon, and for so long a time as such Order shall be declared to be in force, or shall remain unrevoked, it shall be lawful to import into the British dominions, or into such ports of the same as shall be named and limited in such Order, from such port or ports, in the ships of such State, any goods which, by the laws in force at the time of such importation, might then be imported in such ships from a port of the country to which they belonged, and so to import such goods upon the like terms as the same could there be imported from the national ports of such ships:”

And whereas a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between Her Majesty and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and the same was signed on the first day of May last, and the ratifications thereof were exchanged on the tenth of August; and, by the Fifth Article of the said Treaty it is agreed, in consideration of British vessels, together with their cargoes, being by the laws of Mecklenburg-Schwerin admitted to entry in the ports of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, when coming from the ports of all countries; and, in consideration of British trade and navigation with Mecklenburg-Schwerin being placed upon the footing of the most favoured nation, that vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Britannic Majesty’s possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, shall, when coming from the ports of Barth; Stralsund, Greifswald, Wolgast, and Stettin, or from the ports in the Trave, Elbe, or Meuse, or in any other river between the Elbe and the Meuse, or between the Trave and the Oder, be admitted into the ports of

the United Kingdom, and of Her Britannic Majesty’s possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid, were within the dominions of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported if coming from the ports of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; and also that such vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom, or Her Britannic Majesty’s possessions abroad, to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Mecklenburg-Schwerin:

And it is in and by the said Article agreed, that the privileges granted thereby shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages in consideration of which the said privileges are thereinbefore mentioned to have been conceded; and further, that the said privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin in respect of the ports referred to in the said Article, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed upon the same footing as vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin:

Now, therefore, for the considerations hereinbefore mentioned in the said recited Article of the said Treaty, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased, in pursuance of the power and authority in Her vested by the hereinbefore recited Act, and of every other power and authority in anywise enabling Her in that behalf, to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, may or can be legally imported into the United Kingdom and Her Majesty’s possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from any port of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, shall, when coming from the ports of Barth, Stralsund, Greifswald, Wolgast, and Stettin, or from the ports in the Trave, Elbe, or Meuse, or in any other river between the Elbe and the Meuse, or between the Trave and the Oder, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom and of Her Majesty’s possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports from which such vessels may come as aforesaid, were within the dominions of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might be imported, if coming from the ports of Mecklenburg-Schwerin; and also that such vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom, or Her Majesty’s possessions abroad, to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to a port of Mecklenburg-Schwerin:

Provided, nevertheless, that the privileges hereby granted shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy the advantages in consideration of which the said privileges are mentioned in the said recited Article to have been conceded; and that the said privileges shall extend and be

continued to the vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in respect of the ports referred to in the said Article and herein, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed on the same footing as vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwerin:

And whereas by the Sixth Article of the said Treaty it was agreed to invite His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz to accede to the same, and accordingly a Treaty has been concluded between Her Majesty and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, which was signed on the first of May last, and ratified on the tenth of August last, whereby the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz acceded to all the stipulations of the Treaty first hereinbefore recited; and Her Majesty and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin accepted the said accession, and the contracting parties engaged to consider all the stipulations of the said Treaty first hereinbefore recited, as applicable to the commerce, navigation, and territories of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, so far as the laws of the respective countries permitted of their being thus applied:

Now, therefore, in consideration of British trade and navigation with Mecklenburg-Strelitz being placed upon a footing of the most favoured nation, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased, in pursuance of the powers and authorities hereinbefore mentioned, to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that vessels of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, together with their cargoes, consisting of all such goods as, for the time being, could by law be imported into the United Kingdom and Her Majesty's possessions abroad, by the said vessels, from Mecklenburg-Strelitz, shall, when coming from the ports of Barth, Stralsund, Greifswald, Wolgast, and Stettin, or from the ports in the Trave, Elbe, or Meuse, or in any other river between the Elbe and Meuse, or between the Trave and the Oder, be admitted into the ports of the United Kingdom and of Her Majesty's possessions abroad, on the same terms as if the ports for which such vessels may come as aforesaid, were within the dominions of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz; and such vessels shall be permitted to import such goods as aforesaid, upon the same terms on which such goods might have been imported, if imported from the dominions of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz; and also that such vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom, or Her Majesty's possessions abroad, to the ports aforesaid, shall be treated as if returning to the dominions of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz:

Provided, nevertheless, that the privileges hereby granted to the vessels of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, and their cargoes, shall continue only so long as British vessels, and British trade and navigation, shall continue to enjoy, with respect to Mecklenburg-Strelitz, the advantages of the most favoured nation; and that these privileges shall extend and be continued to the vessels of Meck-

lenburg-Strelitz, in respect of the ports aforesaid, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall, upon their arrival thereat, during their remaining therein, and upon their departure therefrom, be placed on the same footing as vessels of Mecklenburg-Strelitz:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third (cap. 54), intituled "An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, and a Treaty with the Prince Regent of Portugal," divers provisions were made respecting the duties payable, and the bounties and allowances to be granted, upon the importation and exportation of goods, wares, and merchandize into or from the United Kingdom, in vessels of the United States, and in Portuguese vessels; and also respecting the duties and charges payable upon vessels of the United States, and upon Portuguese vessels; and likewise respecting the repayment of certain corporations, bodies politic and corporate, and sundry other persons, of the amount of the sums of money of which they would be deprived by means of the Act now in recital:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty (cap. 113), intituled "An Act to amend the laws of the Customs," after reciting as hereinbefore is recited, and also that, subsequently to the enactment of the hereinbefore recited Act, Her Majesty and Her royal predecessors had made and concluded, with divers foreign Powers, treaties containing provisions similar to those recited in the said recited Act; and that doubts had arisen whether, according to the true construction thereof, the said recited Act did apply and extend to the trade and shipping of such other foreign Powers, and that it was expedient that such doubts should be removed; it is thereby enacted and declared, that from and after the ratification of any treaty theretofore made by Her Majesty or any of Her royal predecessors, subsequently to the enactment of the said recited Act, or of any treaty which might thereafter be made by Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, with any such foreign Power, in which treaty had been or should be contained provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act, all and every the provisions, clauses, matters, and things in the said recited Act contained, did and should

apply and extend to the trade and shipping of such foreign Powers, respectively, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as to the trade and shipping of the said United States, and of the said kingdom of Portugal; and, by the said Act now in recital, it is enacted and declared, that the said recited Act did not extend, and should not be construed to extend, to grant or to confer upon the trade or shipping of the said United States, or of the said kingdom of Portugal, or of any other foreign Power, or to the subjects of such states or kingdom, or of any such foreign Power as aforesaid, any other or greater advantages than such as should have been stipulated for, and granted to, the said United States, the said kingdom of Portugal, or any such other foreign Power, by the respective treaties subsisting and in force between them, respectively, and Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, or Her royal predecessors; but that the said recited Act should be so construed and applied as to give full and complete effect to such respective treaties so long as the same should respectively remain in force, and should provide such, and only such, indemnity as therein mentioned, to such bodies politic and corporate, and other person as were therein mentioned, for such losses as they should respectively sustain by the execution of such respective treaties:

And, for the prevention of uncertainty therein, it is enacted by the said Act now in recital, that it shall and may be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order or Orders by Her made, with the advice of Her Privy Council, and published in the London Gazette, from time to time, to declare what are the foreign Powers with which any such treaty or treaties as aforesaid is or are subsisting; and that the Act now in recital, and the said recited Act, shall apply and shall be deemed, from the time of the ratification of any such treaties, to have been applicable to the trade and shipping of such foreign countries as shall be so mentioned in any such Order or Orders in Council as aforesaid, so long as any such Order or Orders shall continue unrevoked, and no longer:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, doth, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority in Her vested by the Act so passed as aforesaid, in the session of Parliament held in the first and second years of Her reign, declare, that such treaties as in the same Act are mentioned, containing provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act of the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, are now respectively subsisting between Her Majesty and the following foreign Powers, that is to say: His Majesty the King of Hanover, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Oldenburg:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth (cap. 59), intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad," after reciting that, by the Law of Navigation, foreign ships are permitted to import into any of the British possessions abroad, from the countries to which they belong, goods, the produce of those countries, and to export goods from such possessions, to be carried to any foreign country whatever; and that it is expedient that such permission should be subject to certain conditions, it is enacted that the privileges thereby granted to foreign ships shall be limited to the ships of those countries which, having colonial possessions, shall grant the like privileges of trading with those possessions to British ships, or which, not having colonial possessions, shall place the commerce and navigation of this country, and of its possessions abroad, upon the footing of the most favoured nation, unless His Majesty, by his Order in Council, shall in any case deem it expedient to grant the whole or any of such privileges to the ships of any foreign country, although the conditions aforesaid shall not, in all respects, be fulfilled by such foreign country; and it is thereby provided, that no foreign country shall be deemed to have fulfilled the before-mentioned conditions, or to be entitled to the privileges aforesaid, unless and until His Majesty shall, by some Order or Orders to be by him made, by the advice of His Privy Council, have declared that such foreign country hath so fulfilled the said conditions, and is entitled to the said privileges:

And whereas it hath been made to appear to the satisfaction of Her Majesty in Council, that the Governments of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, having no colonial possessions, have, respectively, placed the commerce and navigation of this country, and of its possessions abroad, upon the footing of the most favoured nation:

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers in Her Majesty in Council by the said recited Act of Parliament in that behalf vested, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, doth declare, and it is hereby declared accordingly, that the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Strelitz have, respectively, fulfilled the conditions required by the said recited Act as hereinbefore mentioned; and are accordingly entitled to the privileges aforesaid:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Lord Stanley, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of
September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth (cap. 77), intituled "An Act to authorize His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods imported or exported in foreign vessels, and to exempt certain foreign vessels from pilotage," it was (amongst other things) enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, or by any Order or Orders in Council, in all cases in which British vessels, of less burthen than sixty tons, are not required by law to take pilots, to exempt foreign vessels, being of less burthen than sixty tons, from taking on board a pilot to conduct them into or from any of the ports of the United Kingdom, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding:

And whereas by an Act of Parliament, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His said late Majesty King George the Fourth (cap. 125), intituled "An Act for the amendment of the law respecting pilots and pilotage, and also for the better preservation of floating lights, buoys, and beacons," it is enacted, that the several Acts therein recited, and all and every the clauses, provisions, powers, penalties, forfeitures, matters, and things, relating as well to pilots appointed by the Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond, as to pilots of the Fellowship of Dover, Deal, or the isle of Thanet, and to the pilotage by, and regulation of, all such pilots as aforesaid; and also as to the conduct of all persons in matters of pilotage within the jurisdiction of the said Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond, and the liberty of the Cinque Ports, which are contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament theretofore made, shall be, and the same are thereby, repealed:

And by the said Act now in recital it is enacted, that the master of any ship or vessel, not exceeding the burthen of sixty tons, and having a British register, may lawfully pilot his own ship, so long as he shall pilot the same without the aid of any unlicenced pilot, or other persons than the ordinary crew of the ship:

And by the said Act now in recital it is also enacted, that after the passing thereof, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council, to permit and authorize ships and vessels, not exceeding the burthen of sixty tons, and not having a British register, to be piloted and conducted without having a duly licenced pilot on board, upon the same terms and conditions as are by the said Act imposed on British ships and vessels not exceeding the like burthen:

And by the said Act now in recital it is likewise enacted, that nothing therein contained shall extend to the taking away, abridging, defeating, or interrupting of any grants, liberties, franchises, or privileges heretofore granted by any charters or Acts of Parliament to the pilots of the Trinity House of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, or the Trinity House of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, or to alter or repeal any provisions contained in any Act of Parliament relating to the pilots of any ports or districts in relation to which particular provision shall have been made in any Act of Parliament as to the pilots or pilotage or to the pilotage within the limits prescribed by any Act of Parliament relating to pilotage for such ports, or to the burthen of vessels navigating to or from such ports:

And whereas Her Majesty is desirous of placing such vessels as are hereinafter described, being under sixty tons burthen, upon the same footing with regard to exemption from pilotage as vessels of like burthen having a British register, and for that purpose to exercise the powers so vested in Her as hereinbefore is mentioned in manner hereinafter expressed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Acts respectively, and of every other power authorizing Her Majesty in that behalf, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date of this Order, as respects the ports and places following, namely:

The port of Kingston-upon-Hull;

The port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and the ports or places being members thereof respectively; and all other ports and places in respect of which the power vested in Her Majesty, by virtue of the said recited Act of the fourth year of the reign of His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, is still subsisting, all such vessels as are described in the Schedule to this Order annexed, being of less burthen than sixty tons, which shall enter into, or clear out from, any of the said ports or places, shall be, and they are hereby, exempted from taking on board a pilot, to conduct them into or from any such port or place, in all cases where British vessels, being of less burthen than sixty tons, are not required by law to take pilots, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding:

And it is hereby further ordered, that, from and after the date of this Order, as respects all other ports and places in the United Kingdom, all such vessels as are described in the Schedule to this Order annexed, being of less burthen than sixty tons, which shall enter and clear out of any of such ports and places, shall be and they are hereby authorized and permitted to be piloted and conducted without having a duly licenced pilot on board, upon the same terms and conditions as by the said recited Act, of the sixth year of the reign of His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, are imposed upon British ships and vessels not exceeding the like burthen:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

SCHEDULE.

1. Vessels belonging to the following countries, viz.

Austria.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz.
Oldenburg.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the spiritual care of populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the spiritual care of populous parishes," have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for constituting a district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Barnstaple, in the county of Devon, and in the diocese of Exeter.

"Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if at any time it shall be made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that any part or parts of any parish or parishes, chapelry or chapelries, district or districts, of great extent, and containing a large population, and wherein, or in parts whereof, the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof, or any extra-parochial place or places, or any part or parts thereof, should be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, it shall be lawful, by the authority in the same Act provided (that is to say, by a scheme prepared by us, and an Order issued by your Majesty in Council, ratifying such scheme), with the consent of the bishop of the diocese, under his hand and seal, to set out by metes and bounds, and constitute a separate district accordingly, such district not then containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, and to fix and declare the name of such district; and it is by the same Act provided, that the draft of any scheme for

constituting any such district shall be delivered or transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron or patrons of the church or chapel of any parish, chapelry, or district, out of which it is recommended that any such district, or any part thereof, should be taken, in order that such incumbent, patron or patrons, may have an opportunity of offering or making to us, or to such bishop, any observations or objections upon or to the constituting of such district; and that such scheme shall not be laid before your Majesty in Council until after the expiration of one calendar month next after such copy shall have been so delivered or transmitted, unless such incumbent and patron or patrons shall, in the mean time, consent to the same; and it is by the same Act also provided, that in every such scheme for constituting any such district, we shall recommend to your Majesty in Council, that the minister of such district, when duly licenced according to the same Act, shall be permanently endowed, under the provisions of the same Act, to an amount of not less than the annual value of one hundred pounds; and also, if such endowment be of less than the annual value of one hundred and fifty pounds, that the same shall be increased to such last-mentioned amount at the least, so soon as such district shall have become a new parish as thereafter provided:

"And whereas the said parish of Barnstaple is of great extent, and contains a large population, and the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence therein is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof; and it has been made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular part of such parish hereinafter described, such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth :

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend Henry Bishop of Exeter, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that all that part of the said parish of Barnstaple, described in the schedule hereunto annexed, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth in the map or plan hereunto also annexed, shall be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes; and that the same shall be named, "The District of Saint Mary Magdalene, Barnstaple."

"And we further recommend and propose, that, in order that the minister for the time being of the said district may be permanently endowed, according to the provisions of the said Act, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to such minister, when duly licenced according to the said Act, the sum of one hundred pounds; and upon any building within such district being duly licenced by the bishop of the diocese for the performance of divine service according to the same Act, the further sum of thirty pounds, making in the whole the sum of one hundred and thirty pounds; and that so soon as any church or chapel within such district

shall have been duly approved by us, and consecrated as the church or chapel of such district for the use and service of the minister and inhabitants thereof, and such district shall have thereupon become, according to the provisions of the same Act, a new parish for ecclesiastical purposes, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to the perpetual curate for the time being of such new parish, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that the said sum of one hundred pounds, one hundred and thirty pounds, or one hundred and fifty pounds, as the case may be, shall be paid, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year; and that the first such payment, or a proportionate part thereof, shall be made on the first day of May or of November, as the case may be, next after the day of the date of the licence of such minister, or of such building, or of the consecration of such church or chapel as aforesaid; and that, in case a vacancy in the ministry or perpetual curacy of such district or new parish shall happen on any other day than the first day of May or the first day of November, the amount payable shall be duly apportioned between and paid to the minister or the perpetual curate making the vacancy, or his personal representative or representatives, and the minister or the perpetual curate succeeding to such district or new parish.

“ And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the said parish, or to the said district or new parish, or either of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, or of any other Act of Parliament.

“ SCHEDULE.

“ The district of SAINT MARY MAGDALENE, BARNSTAPLE, being

“ All that part of the parish of Barnstaple, in the county of Devon, and in the diocese of Exeter, comprised within and bounded by an imaginary line commencing on the eastern side of Pilton-bridge, where it crosses the stream (commonly called the Mill Leat), on the south side of such stream; and thence extending towards the north east, along the south bank of such stream, to the north eastern angle of a certain garden, lying on the eastern side of Prince's-street, now in the occupation of Henry Pugsley and James Edwards; and thence along the north eastern boundary of such garden, and of a certain garden now in the occupation of George Symonds, adjoining the north western boundary wall of a certain factory, now in the occupation of Mr. John May, and along such wall to the lane called the Brickyard or Factory-lane; and thence along the boundary wall of the said factory on the north east, to the Vicarage-road, and across such road to the north eastern angle of the Newington Inn and premises; and thence along the boundary walls of the said

premises, and the garden adjoining thereto, on the north east and south west, to the boundary of a certain garden the property of Mr. William Thorne, now in the occupation of John Millar and others, situate on the eastern side of Newington-street, and along the north eastern boundary of such last-mentioned garden, and the north eastern boundary of a certain field adjoining thereto, and now in the occupation of Mr. Theophilus Allen, towards the south east, to the middle of the Goodleigh-road; and thence westward, along the middle of the said road, to Shute-lane, and along the middle of such lane towards the south, to the field called Pewtner's or Pudner's Meadow, now in the occupation of Mr. John Tamlyn, and along the northern boundary of such field, towards the west to the termination thereof on the west, and thence along the boundary of the said field on the south, to the boundary which separates the houses and gardens in Aze-lane on the northern side of the said boundary line, from the houses and gardens in Hardaway's Head on the southern side of the said line; and thence westward, along the several walls which separate the houses and gardens in Aze-lane from the houses and gardens in Hardaway's Head, to the south western angle of a certain house in Back-lane, now in the occupation of Mr. John Jones (baker), (being the third house from Aze-lane aforesaid towards the south east, on the north eastern side of Back-lane aforesaid); and thence towards the north west, along the middle of Back-lane aforesaid, to the back entrance to certain premises in Boutport-street, now in the occupation of Mrs. Mason, and along the boundary wall of such last-mentioned premises on the south east and east, to the boundary wall of certain premises in Boutport-street, now in the occupation of the Reverend G. Johnston; and thence to the south eastern angle of such premises; and thence northward along the boundary wall, on the west of a certain garden and house in Bear-street, now called the Ebberley Arms Inn, as far as the middle of Bear-street aforesaid; and thence westward, along the middle of such last-mentioned street, as far as the middle of Boutport-street aforesaid; and thence towards the north west, along the middle of such last-mentioned street, to a point opposite to the middle of Vicarage-lane; and thence, towards the north east, along the middle of such last-mentioned lane, to the back entrance of the vicarage house and garden; and thence along the south eastern boundary of such last-mentioned garden, to a certain field, called the Rack-field, now in possession of Thomas Ackland, Esq.; and thence along the south western boundary of such field aforesaid, and the north eastern boundary of certain premises situate in Boutport-street aforesaid, and now in the occupation of Mr. John Wills, Mr. James Colley March, and Miss Dene, to a certain passage leading from Boutport-street to a certain tan-yard now in the occupation of Mr. W. Sanders, across such passage, and thence to the eastern angle of the premises now in the occupation of Mr. George E. Kingson, and along the boundary wall of the

said premises on the north east to the southern side of the Leat, meeting the imaginary boundary line on the southern side of the said stream."

And whereas the draft of the said scheme has been transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron of the church of the parish out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, and such incumbent and patron have consented to the said scheme :

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Exeter.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the spiritual care of populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the thirteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the spiritual care of "populous parishes," have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for constituting a district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Saint Ebbe, in the city and diocese of Oxford.

"Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if at any time it shall be made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that any part or parts of any parish or parishes, chapelry or chapelries, district or districts, of great extent, and containing a large population, and wherein, or in parts whereof, the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof, or any extra-parochial place or places, or any part or parts thereof, should be

constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, it shall be lawful, by the authority in the same Act provided (that is to say, by a scheme prepared by us, and an Order issued by your Majesty in Council, ratifying such scheme), with the consent of the bishop of the diocese, under his hand and seal, to set out by metes and bounds, and constitute a separate district accordingly, such district not then containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, and to fix and declare the name of such district; and it is by the same Act provided, that the draft of any scheme for constituting any such district shall be delivered or transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron or patrons of the church or chapel of any parish, chapelry, or district, out of which it is recommended that any such district, or any part thereof, should be taken, in order that such incumbent, patron or patrons, may have an opportunity of offering or making to us, or to such bishop, any observations or objections upon or to the constituting of such district; and that such scheme shall not be laid before your Majesty in Council until after the expiration of one calendar month next after such copy shall have been so delivered or transmitted, unless such incumbent and patron or patrons shall, in the meantime, consent to the same; and it is by the same Act also provided, that in every such scheme for constituting any such district we shall recommend to your Majesty in Council, that the minister of such district, when duly licenced according to the same Act, shall be permanently endowed, under the provisions of the same Act, to an amount of not less than the annual value of one hundred pounds; and also, if such endowment be of less than the annual value of one hundred and fifty pounds, that the same shall be increased to such last-mentioned amount at the least, so soon as such district shall have become a new parish as hereinafter provided :

"And whereas the said parish of Saint Ebbe is of great extent, and contains a large population, and the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence therein is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof; and it has been made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular part of such parish hereinafter mentioned and described, such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth :

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Honourable and Right Reverend Richard Bishop of Oxford, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that all that part of the said parish of Saint Ebbe, bounded as follows; that is to say, on the west by the parish of Saint Thomas, in the said city of Oxford, on the south by the parish of North Hinksey, in the said diocese of Oxford, on the east by the parish of Saint Aldate, in the said city, and on the north by an imaginary line extending westward from the western boundary of

the last-mentioned parish, along the middle of Trill Mill Stream, as far as the middle of the street called Littlegate, and thence towards the south west along the middle of such street and Friar's-street, to a point opposite to the middle of Bridge-street, and thence northward fifty feet along the middle of such last-mentioned street, and thence in a straight direction towards the south west, crossing a certain street leading into Friar's-street aforesaid, at a distance of eighty-five feet from the northern side of such last-mentioned street, as far as the river Isis; all which is delineated and set forth in the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes accordingly; and that the same shall be named, "The District of the Holy Trinity, Oxford."

"And we further recommend and propose, that, in order that the minister for the time being of such district may be permanently endowed, according to the provisions of the said Act, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to such minister, when duly licenced according to the said Act, the sum of one hundred pounds; and upon any building within such district being duly licenced by the bishop of the diocese for the performance of divine service according to the same Act, the further sum of thirty pounds, making in the whole the sum of one hundred and thirty pounds; and that so soon as any church or chapel within such district shall have been duly approved by us, and consecrated as the church or chapel of such district for the use and service of the minister and inhabitants thereof, and such district shall have thereupon become, according to the provisions of the same Act, a new parish for ecclesiastical purposes, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to the perpetual curate for the time being of such new parish, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that the said sum of one hundred pounds, one hundred and thirty pounds, or one hundred and fifty pounds, as the case may be, shall be paid, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year; and that the first such payment, or a proportionate part thereof, shall be made on the first day of May or of November, as the case may be, next after the day of the date of the licence of such minister or of such building, or of the consecration of such church or chapel as aforesaid; and that in case a vacancy in the ministry or perpetual curacy of such district or new parish shall happen on any other day than the first day of May or the first day of November, the amount payable shall be duly apportioned between and paid to the minister or the perpetual curate making the vacancy, or his personal representative or representatives, and the minister or the perpetual curate succeeding to such district or new parish.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the said parish, or to the said district or new parish, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the draft of the said scheme has been transmitted to the patron of the church of the parish out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and to the curate duly appointed in consequence of the reputed incapacity of the incumbent thereof, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, and of an Act, passed in the present session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to explain and amend an Act for making better provision for the spiritual care of populous parishes," and one calendar month has expired since such draft was so transmitted to such patron, and the said curate has consented to the said scheme:

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Oxford.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to carry into effect, with certain modifications, the fourth report of the Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues;" and of another Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporations, aggregate and sole, to grant leases for long terms of years;" duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act, to carry into effect, with certain modifications, the fourth report of the Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues;" and of another Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the fifth and sixth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporations, aggregate and sole, to grant

"leases for long terms of years;" have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for amending a scheme relating to certain leases of mines belonging to the see of Exeter.

"Whereas we prepared and laid before your Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of April last, for settling the portion to be paid to us, under the secondly-recited Act, of the improved value arising under certain mining leases proposed to be granted by the Bishop of Exeter, and the said scheme was ratified by an Order of your Majesty in Council on the twenty-third day of May following, and the said Order has been since duly gazetted:

"And whereas part of the mines and minerals in the said scheme referred to are situate in the parish of Saint Erme, in the manor of Cargoll, and in the county of Cornwall, but the said parish of Saint Erme was, by mistake, omitted to be named in the said scheme:

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that the said scheme, and every part thereof, shall apply to the said parish of Saint Erme, in the said manor of Cargoll, and in the said county of Cornwall, as fully and effectually as if the name of the same parish had been inserted in the said scheme after the names of the parishes therein named, and shall be deemed, construed, and taken to have such and the same effect, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if the words "Saint Erme" had been so originally inserted therein.

And whereas notice of the said scheme has been duly given to the Bishop of Exeter, and no objection has been made thereto:

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Exeter. *C. C. Greville.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for carrying into effect, with certain modifications, the fourth report of the Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues;" and of another Act, passed in the

fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporations, aggregate and sole, to grant leases for long terms of years;" duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to carry into effect, with certain modifications, the fourth report of the Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues;" and of another Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fifth and sixth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporations, aggregate and sole, to grant leases for long terms of years;" have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for determining the portion of the improved value to be made payable to us in a certain lease or leases of mines about to be granted by the Chancellor of the cathedral church of Exeter.

"Whereas by the said last recited Act it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for any Ecclesiastical Corporation, aggregate or sole (except as therein mentioned, such exception not including the Chancellor of any cathedral church), from time to time, with the consent in that behalf thereby required, and subject to the provisions in the said Act contained, to grant or demise by lease, for any term not exceeding sixty years, any mines, minerals, quarries, or beds belonging to such Ecclesiastical Corporation:

"And whereas it is also by the same Act enacted, that each holder of any existing lease or leases, granted otherwise than under the provisions of the same Act, of any lands or houses, or of any mines, minerals, quarries, or beds, which, if not in lease, would be capable of being leased under the powers of the same Act, is thereby authorized to surrender such lease or leases, with a view to the granting any new lease or leases thereof, or of any part thereof, under the powers of the same Act, whether at the time of making such surrender, the period at which such existing lease or leases might be legally or customably renewable, should or should not have arrived; and in the case of any lease granted under the powers of the said Act, on the surrender of any existing lease or leases as aforesaid, an adequate deduction should be made from the rent, royalty, or other consideration to be reserved on the new lease, in proportion to the value of the term or interest which should be surrendered as aforesaid, in the lands or houses, mines, minerals, quarries, or beds, or any part thereof, respectively comprised in such new lease:

"And whereas by indenture of lease, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, the Reverend Joseph Holden Pott, Chancellor of the cathedral church

of Exeter, demised certain lands, hereditaments, and premises, in the parish of Newlyn, in the county of Cornwall, for the lives of three persons therein named, but the said lease contains no proviso, that it should be lawful for the lessor for the time being to enter upon the said lands and premises, or to dig and work mines therein, during the continuance of all the said three lives :

“ And whereas under and by virtue of the said first recited Act of Parliament, the said lands, hereditaments, and premises belonging to the said Chancellorship will, upon the vacancy of such Chancellorship, be vested absolutely in us :

“ And whereas all the lives named in the said indenture of lease are now in existence; and it hath been proposed by the parties beneficially interested therein, and agreed to by the said Chancellor, with our consent, that a lease or several leases should be granted to such parties of the mines, minerals, and quarries, under certain portions of the lands and premises comprised in such existing lease, upon certain terms which have been approved by us; and upon the further condition, that with a view to such new lease or leases being granted, the said lessees should make such surrender of their existing interests as shall be necessary, in consideration of their receiving one fourth part of the rent royalty or other consideration reserved under such new lease or leases, until two of the before-mentioned three lives shall have dropped, such consideration being in proportion to the interest so to be surrendered by them :

“ And whereas by the said secondly recited Act it is further enacted, that in case of any lease of mines or beds granted thereunder, such portion of the improved value accruing under such lease, as by the authority provided in the first recited Act, shall be determined, not being more than three fourth parts, nor less than one moiety of such improved value, shall forthwith, and from time to time as the same shall accrue, be paid to us :

“ And whereas the improved value to accrue under such new lease or leases as aforesaid will, according to the meaning of the said secondly recited Act, be the whole net amount of the reservation or reservations to be made in such new lease or leases, after making such deduction thereout as aforesaid, during the period aforesaid; inasmuch as the mines so intended to be demised have not been worked for the benefit of the said Chancellor :

“ Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that until any two of the lives aforesaid shall have dropped, one fourth part of the whole of the net reservation or reservations to be made payable under any new lease or leases so to be granted as aforesaid, whether consisting of rent royalty or otherwise, shall be by and under such lease or leases made payable, and shall be paid to the parties beneficially interested in and under the existing lease aforesaid; and that the remainder thereof, until such event shall have occurred, and thereafter the whole thereof, shall be made payable, and shall be paid in equal moieties between us and the said Joseph Holden Pott, during the

continuance of his incumbency in the said Chancellorship, and to us solely after the determination of such incumbency; and that we shall have all the like remedies of distress and other rights and remedies in respect of our claims upon the produce of such mines as aforesaid, as if we were lessors or grantors of the premises comprised in any such new lease or leases, independently of the rights and remedies of the said Chancellor in respect of his portion thereof, and without any priority or preference between us and the said Chancellor; and further, that we shall have the full benefit and advantage, either jointly with or separately from the said Chancellor, of all or any of the covenants, clauses, conditions, and agreements in any such new lease or leases to be contained on the lessees part, in like manner as if we had been such lessors or grantors as aforesaid; and as in such lease or leases shall be expressed, and that for effectuating such objects, every such new lease shall and may be framed in such manner, and contain all such clauses and provisions as we shall approve, and that we shall have full power accordingly, any rule of law, statute, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in conformity with the provisions of the said recited Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.”

And whereas notice of the said scheme has been duly given to the Chancellor of the cathedral church of Exeter, and no objection has been made thereto :

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Exeter.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled “An Act to make better provision for the spiritual care of populous parishes,” duly prepared and

laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

“ We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled “ An Act to “ make better provision for the spiritual care of “ populous parishes,” have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the district rectory of All Souls, in Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

“ Whereas it is by the said Act enacted, that if at any time it shall be made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that any part or parts of any parish or parishes, chapelry or chapelries, district or districts, of great extent, and containing a large population, and wherein, or in parts whereof, the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof, or any extra-parochial place or places, or any part or parts thereof, should be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, it shall be lawful, by the authority in the same Act provided (that is to say, by a scheme prepared by us, and an Order issued by your Majesty in Council, ratifying such scheme), with the consent of the bishop of the diocese, under his hand and seal, to set out by metes and bounds, and constitute a separate district accordingly, such district not then containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, and to fix and declare the name of such district; and it is by the same Act provided, that the draft of any scheme for constituting any such district shall be delivered or transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron or patrons of the church or chapel of any parish, chapelry, or district, out of which it is recommended that any such district, or any part thereof, should be taken, in order that such incumbent, patron or patrons, may have an opportunity of offering or making to us, or to such bishop, any observations or objections upon or to the constituting of such district; and that such scheme shall not be laid before your Majesty in Council until after the expiration of one calendar month next after such copy shall have been so delivered or transmitted, unless such incumbent and patron or patrons shall, in the meantime, consent to the same; and it is by the same Act also provided, that in every such scheme for constituting any such district, we shall recommend to your Majesty in Council, that the minister of such district, when duly licenced according to the same Act, shall be permanently endowed, under the provisions of the same Act, to an amount of not less than the annual value of one hundred pounds; and also, if such endowment be of less than the annual value of one hundred and fifty pounds, that the same shall be increased to such last-mentioned amount at the least, so soon as such district shall have become a new parish as hereinafter provided :

“ And whereas the said district rectory of All Souls is of great extent, and contains a large population, and the provision for public worship and for pastoral superintendence therein is insufficient for the spiritual wants of the inhabitants thereof; and it has been made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular part of such district rectory hereinafter mentioned and described, such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth :

“ Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Charles James Bishop of London, in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme, that all that part of the said district rectory of All Souls, in Saint Mary-le-bone, situate on the southern side of an imaginary line extending eastward, from the eastern end of Mortimer-street, in the said district rectory, across Wells-street, and along the middle of Charles-street, in the same district rectory, and on the eastern side of an imaginary line extending southward, from the eastern end of Mortimer-street aforesaid, along the backs of the houses and premises in Wells-street aforesaid, situate on the western side of such street, all which, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth in the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes accordingly; and that the same shall be named, “ The District of Saint Andrew, in Saint Mary-le-bone.”

“ And we further recommend and propose, that, in order that the minister for the time being of the district so recommended to be constituted may be permanently endowed, according to the provisions of the said Act, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to such minister, when duly licenced, according to the said Act, the sum of one hundred pounds; and upon any building within such district being duly licenced by the bishop of the diocese for the performance of divine service, according to the same Act, the further sum of thirty pounds, making in the whole the sum of one hundred and thirty pounds; and that so soon as any church or chapel within such district shall have been duly approved by us, and consecrated as the church or chapel of such district for the use and service of the minister and inhabitants thereof, and such district shall have thereupon become, according to the provisions of the same Act, a new parish for ecclesiastical purposes, there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to the perpetual curate for the time being of such new parish, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that the said sum of one hundred pounds, one hundred and thirty pounds, or one hundred and fifty pounds, as the case may be, shall be paid, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year; and that the first such payment, or a proportionate part thereof, shall be made on the first day of May or of November, as

the case may be, next after the day of the date of the licence of such minister or of such building, or of the consecration of such church or chapel as aforesaid; and that in case a vacancy in the ministry or perpetual curacy of such district or new parish shall happen on any other day than the first day of May or the first day of November, the amount payable shall be duly apportioned between and paid to the minister or the perpetual curate making the vacancy, or his personal representative or representatives, and the minister or the perpetual curate succeeding to such district or new parish.

“And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the said district rectory, or to the said district or new parish, or either of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, or of any other Act of Parliament.”

And whereas the draft of the said scheme has been transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron of the church of the district rectory, out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, and such incumbent and patron have consented to the said scheme:

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,” duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the ninth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following; that is to say:

“Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled “An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled “An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;” beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Ancroft, in the county and diocese of Durham, and the parish of Tweedmouth, in the same county and diocese, it appears to them to be expedient to unite and consolidate the contiguous parts of the said parishes of Ancroft and Tweedmouth into a separate and distinct district, to be assigned to the consecrated church or chapel called Saint Peter's Chapel, situate at Scremerston, in the said parish of Ancroft, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and to constitute such district a consolidated chapelry, under the provisions of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,” for the purpose of affording accommodation for attending divine service to the persons residing in the district, and for enabling the spiritual person serving such chapel to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the said district attached to such chapel, and for due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the moral habits of the persons residing therein; and that such district shall be named “The Consolidated Chapelry of Scremerston,” and should consist of the northernmost part of the parish of Ancroft, and the south easternmost part of the parish of Tweedmouth, and be bounded as follows, that is to say; on the west, by the road from Berwick to Etal; on the south, by the boundary of Ancroft township and Hoggdean Burn, Oxford-lane, and the township of Cheswick; on the east, by the German Ocean; and on the north, by Spittal township and Ord-moor-lane, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured brown and red:

“That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Durham has been obtained thereto, as required by the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, in testimony whereof the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

“Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consi-

eration, and to make such order in respect thereof as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed consolidation and assignment be accordingly made and carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act. *C. C. Greville.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the thirteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, when the last census was taken, the parish of Barrow-upon-Soar, in the county of Leicester, and diocese of Peterborough, contained a population of five thousand seven hundred and eighty-two persons, including the township of Woodhouse, which contained one thousand two hundred and eighty-one persons; the parish of Newtown Linford, in the same county and diocese, contained a population of four hundred and ninety-five persons; and the extra-parochial place of Ulvescroft, in the same county and diocese, contained a population of one hundred and forty-six persons; that in the said parish of Barrow-upon-Soar there are, besides the parish church, which affords accommodation to three hundred persons, four consecrated churches

or chapels, one of which, called Saint Paul Chapel, at Woodhouse-eaves, affords accommodation to four hundred and thirty-six persons, including four hundred free seats appropriated to the use of the poor; that in the said parish of Newtown Linford there is only the parish church, which affords accommodation to two hundred and twenty persons; and that in the said township or extra-parochial place of Ulvescroft there is no church or chapel; that the said chapel of Saint Paul, at Woodhouse-eaves, is distant about three miles from the parish church of Barrow-upon-Soar, about four miles from the parish church of Newtown Linford, and about one mile from the old church of Woodhouse, which are the places nearest to the said chapel for the celebration of divine service according to the rites of the United Church of England and Ireland; that the extremities of the said parishes of Barrow-upon-Soar and Newtown Linford, and the extra-parochial place of Ulvescroft, which lie contiguous to each other, and are delineated on the accompanying plan, contain an estimated population of about one thousand one hundred persons:

"Your Majesty's said Commissioners beg leave further to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances above mentioned, it appears to them to be expedient to unite and consolidate the said contiguous parts of the said parishes and the said township or extra-parochial place into a separate and distinct district, to be assigned to the said chapel of Saint Paul, at Woodhouse-eaves, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and to constitute such district a consolidated chapelry district, under the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," for the purpose of affording accommodation for attending divine service to the persons residing in the said district, and for enabling the spiritual person serving such chapel to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the said district attached to such chapel, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the moral habits of the persons residing therein; and that such district should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry District of Saint Paul, Woodhouse-eaves;" and that the boundaries thereof should be as follow:

"The boundary of the proposed consolidated district of Saint Paul, Woodhouse-eaves, commences at the junction of the Newtown-road with the Brand-road, at the south eastern corner of the map; it then proceeds, in a westwardly direction, along the centre of the Newtown-road, to the Mapplewell Langdale-road; thence, in a north westwardly direction, along the Mapplewell Langdale-road, to the Sheepshead and Newtown Road, the whole distance, from the commencement at the Brand-road to the Sheepshead and Newtown Road, being in the parish of Newtown Linford; the boundary then proceeds, in a northwardly di-

rection, along the Sheepshead and Newtown Road, in the liberty of Ulvescroft, until it meets the boundary of the township of Woodhouse and liberty of Ulvescroft, along that boundary, to the centre of the Woodhouse and Shaw-lane Road; then, in a westwardly direction along the said road, to the Sheepshead and Ulvescroft Road, passing, in a northwardly direction along the said road, to the line separating the liberty of Ulvescroft from the township of Woodhouse; afterwards, in a westwardly direction along the said line, crossing the Woodhouse and Shaw-lane Road, to the corner of the parish of Markfield, at an ancient spring, locally called Reedy Sike; from thence, in a north westerly direction along the line which separates the parish of Markfield and the township of Woodhouse, to the south west corner of Charley Old Inclosures, near Bess Baggerleys and the Loughborough-road and Bosworth-road; thence, in a north eastwardly direction by the said road, to the south west corner of the liberty of Beaumanor, near Charley-corner; and from thence, continuing by Charley Old Inclosures, to Charley-lane, where it meets the boundary of the parish of Sheepshead; the boundary then passes along the line separating the parish of Sheepshead from Beaumanor, to the western point of the parish of Loughborough, near the junction of the Loughborough Parks-road with the Loughborough and Bosworth Road; and thence, along the boundary between the liberty of Beaumanor, the township of Woodhouse, and parish of Loughborough, to the western corner of Beaumanor Old Inclosure, near Pocket-gate; from Pocket-gate the boundary of the district passes in a south eastwardly direction along the western side of Beaumanor Old Inclosures, to the centre of the Forest-lane, at Woodhouse-eaves, near the south west corner of Beaumanor Old Inclosure; and from thence, at the distance of three hundred yards from, and parallel with the street of Woodhouse-eaves and the Brand-road, to the eastern side of the Brand-lane, and afterwards along by the eastern side of the Brand-road to the junction of the Newtown and Brand Roads, where the boundary of the district commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon tinted pink, yellow, green, and blue:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Peterborough has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; and, in testimony of such his approbation, the said Lord Bishop hath signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's said Commissioners beg leave, therefore, to lay before your Majesty the above-stated circumstances, and humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed,

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into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed consolidation and assignment be accordingly made and carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act. *C. C. Greville.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Lenton, in the county of Nottingham and diocese of Lincoln, and the parish of Radford, in the same county and diocese, it appears to them to be expedient to unite and consolidate the contiguous parts of the said parishes of Lenton and Radford, and a separate and distinct district to be assigned to the chapel at Hyson-green, in the said parish of Lenton, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and to constitute such district a consolidated chapelry, under the provisions of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," for the purpose of affording accommodation for attending divine service to the persons residing in the district, and for enabling the spiri-

tual person serving such chapel to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the said district attached to such chapel, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the moral habits of the persons residing therein; and that such district should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Hyson-green," and should consist of those parts of the parishes of Lenton and Radford which lie on the north easternmost side of the road from Alfreton to Nottingham, and be bounded as follows, that is to say; the boundary to commence on the river Leen, at Bobbers-mill, and to proceed, in a north easterly direction along the eastern and southern bank of that river, to the point where the parish of Basford joins the parish of Radford; it then proceeds, in an easterly direction, along the boundary line which separates the said parish of Basford from the parishes of Radford and Lenton, as far as the road from Basford to Nottingham, down which road it proceeds, south easterly, as far as the boundary of the Forest of Nottingham; it then proceeds, in a south westerly direction, along the boundary line separating a detached portion of the parish of Radford and the parish of Lenton from Nottingham, and enters the road from Alfreton to Nottingham, opposite Out-gang-lane; it proceeds, in a north westerly direction along the middle of the road, to Alfreton, as far as the river Leen, along the eastern bank of which river it proceeds to Bobbers-mill, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and therein coloured green and yellow:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lincoln has been obtained thereto, as required by the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, in testimony whereof the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed consolidation and assignment be accordingly made and carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act. *C. C. Greville.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-

ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the fifteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Saint Julian, in the county of Salop and diocese of Lichfield, and the parish of Conover, in the same county and diocese, it appears to them to be expedient to unite and consolidate the contiguous parts of the said parishes of Saint Julian and Conover into a separate and distinct district, to be assigned to the consecrated church or chapel called Christ Church, at Bayston-hill, in the said parish of St. Julian, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and to constitute such district a consolidated chapelry, under the provisions of the sixth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," for the purpose of affording accommodation for attending divine service to the persons residing in the district, and for enabling the spiritual person serving such chapel to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the said district attached to such chapel, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the moral habits of the persons residing therein; and that such district should be named, "the Consolidated District of Christ Church, Bayston-hill;" and that the boundary should be as follows, that is to say; to commence at an angle in the hedge south east of the White-house; thence in a north west direction along the said hedge, crossing the road leading to Lyth-hill, and passing near to Grove's farm-house to the point at which the said hedge joins the Lythwood-hall estate, belonging to Thomas Parr, Esquire; thence following the fence bounding the south west and north sides of the said estate to

the point at which the same is met by the boundary of the respective parishes of Condober and Meole Brace; thence along the said boundary, passing by Blower's farm-house and Lythwood-hall Lodge, to the point at which the same is met by the parish of St. Julian, and called and known by the name of "John and Jacob's Well;" thence along the boundary line between the parishes of Saint Julian and Meole Brace, crossing the road leading to Lythwood-hall, the lane leading from Meole to Pulley-farm, near to the said farm-house, and the turnpike road leading from Shrewsbury to Dorrington and Condober, to the point at which the said boundary is met by the parish of Sutton; thence southward along the boundary of the parish of Sutton, to the point at which the same joins the parish of Condober; thence along the boundary of the parish of Condober to the point marked A on the map hereunto annexed; thence southward along a hedge or fence, including Sharp Stones-cottage to the point at which the same hedge joins a lane, marked on the map, leading from the Sharp Stones to Bayston-hill; thence westward along the said lane to the point marked B in the said map; thence along the boundary fence between the parishes of Saint Julian and Condober to the point marked C in the said map; thence along the old boundary fence of Bayston-hill Common to the point at which the same joins the road leading from Shrewsbury to Dorrington and Condober; thence along the said road to the toll-house (including the same); thence turning directly back along the said road to the point at which the same again joins the old boundary fence of Bayston-hill Common; thence along the said fence to the angle in the hedge where the boundary commenced, as the same is described in the said map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink and green:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield has been obtained thereto, as required by the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, in testimony whereof the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made and effected, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, and diocese of Ripon, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated church or chapel called Saint-Jude's Church, at Manningham, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "Saint Jude's District," and be bounded as follows:

"The boundary to commence at a point in the middle of Manningham-lane, opposite to Eldon-place, and to proceed from thence in a south-westerly direction along the middle of Eldon-place, as far as Lumb-lane, up which lane it proceeds northerly, as far as the back of Queen-street, along which it proceeds south westerly, and enters the Bradford and Keighley Old Turnpike-road; it then proceeds in a north westerly direction up the middle of the said road as far as Victoria-street, then to take a north easterly direction along the middle of Victoria-street, and

from the end thereof, in a straight line, in an easterly direction to Lumb-lane, up the middle of which lane it proceeds northerly as far as a line drawn in a north easterly direction along the backs of the houses in Belle-vue-place, where it enters Manningham-lane, and then proceeds in a south easterly direction down the middle of Manningham-lane, till it reaches the point opposite Eldon-place, where the boundary commenced, as shew in the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured green:

"That baptisms and churchings should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Vicar of the said parish for the time being:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Ripon has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made; and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of baptisms and churchings, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the fifth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Great Burstead, in the county of Essex, and diocese of London, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel at Billericay, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Billericay," and be bounded as follows, that is to say:

"The boundary to commence at the point where the high turnpike road from London to Billericay meets the parish of Mountnessing, and proceeds in a north easterly direction along the boundary, between the parishes of Great Burstead and Mountnessing, to the point where those parishes meet the parish of Buttsbury; whence it proceeds in a south easterly direction along the boundary of the parishes of Great Burstead and Buttsbury, as far as the road leading from Billericay to Ramsdon-heath; and then passes down along the same boundary, as far as a lane called Jackson's-lane; and thence, in a south easterly direction, along the middle of that lane, as far as a cottage belonging to Thomas Spitty, Esq. called Snail's-hall Cottage; whence it turns in a right angle towards the west, and proceeds in a westerly direction along a fence dividing certain closes belonging to John Ward, Esq. part of Green's farm, called Brick Kiln Mead, and Two Acre Field, and a certain other close called Six Acre Field; and by the side of a footpath there, leading from Ramsdon Crays to Billericay, to the north western corner of the said close, called Six Acre Field; and then towards the south, along the same, at the western side of the said last-mentioned close, to the north end of a certain close there of the said John Ward, called the Shoulder of Mutton Field; and then westward along the fence at the north end of the said Shoulder of Mutton Field, and then southwards along the western fence of the same field; and continues along the fence between certain closes also of the said John Ward, called Park-field and the Hilly-field, to the south eastern

angle of the said field, called Park-field, part of the property called Mill Hill; from which point, taking an angle towards the west, it proceeds along the fence between that close and a certain other close of the said John Ward, called Mile Stone-field, to the turnpike road leading from Billericay towards Rayleigh, and then continues in and along the centre of the said turnpike road, in a north westerly direction, to the foot of Mill Hill, and there turns towards the west to the fence forming the southern boundary of the garden and premises belonging to the Bell public-house, and along the fence between that property and the lands of Mrs. Sterry, widow; and afterwards between the close of the said Mrs. Sterry, called Bell-field, and those of Elizabeth Wood, widow, called, respectively, Bell-field and Old House-field, up to the lands of John Thornton, Esq.; and there turns towards the west along the fence between his lands, and those of the said Elizabeth Wood, to the north west angle of her Great Barn-field; and then between the closes of the said John Thornton, respectively called Great Mead and Long Crofts, to the highway leading from Billericay to Laindon, and across the said highway in a direct line; and thence on the north side of a cottage, called Stammers's Cottage, and along the fence between the closes of Samuel Bower, and of George Cross, Sarah Cross, and Deborah Cross, to the boundary line between the said parish of Great Burstead, and the parish of Laindon, and so towards the north west and west, along the same boundary line, to the end of Thrift Wood-lane, where it enters a green lane, leading from Tye-common to Laindon-common; and then turns towards the north along the said green lane to Tye-common; and then along the fence forming the eastern boundary of Tye-common, to the turnpike road from London to Billericay, at the point where the boundary hereinbefore described commences, as is more particularly shewn by the annexed plan, and therein tinted pink:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister thereof:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of London has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the plan thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof,

and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Coombe Keynes, in the county of Dorset, and diocese of Salisbury, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the chapel at Wool, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Wool," with boundaries as follows:

"The district is bounded on the west by the parish of Winfrith Newburgh, on the north by the parish of Toner's Piddle, on the north east by the

parish of Bere Regis, on the east by the parish of East Stoke, and on the south by the remaining part of the parish of Coombe Keynes, from which it is separated by proceeding in a southerly and north westerly direction, along the southerly and westerly enclosures of the piece of ground marked on the plan No. 331; and the westerly enclosures of Nos. 327, 326, 325, 324, 321; and the south westerly and westerly enclosures of No. 320; it then proceeds along the southerly enclosures of Nos. 157, 156, 155, and 154; and, crossing the lane from Coombe Heynes, enters the road leading from Winfrith Newburgh, along the southern side of which road it proceeds, till it enters the parish of Winfrith Newburgh on the west, as more particularly delineated in the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink :

“ That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister of the said chapel :

“ That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Salisbury has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument :

“ Your Majesty’s Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet.”

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September 1844*,

PRESENT,

The **QUEEN**’s Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty’s Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “ An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for

“ building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,” duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

“ Your Majesty’s Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “ An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled “ An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty’s reign, intituled “ An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty’s Commission for building new churches;” beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of South Damerham, in the county of Wilts, and diocese of Salisbury, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel at Martin, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “ An Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and that such district should be named, “ The Chapelry District of Martin,” and should consist of the tithings of East Martin, West Martin, and Tidpit; and is bounded on the north by the parishes of Bishopston, Broad Chalk, and Bowerchalk; on the west, by the extra-parochial place of West Woodyates Farm, and the parishes of Pentridge and Cranborne; on the south and south east, by the remaining part of the parish of South Damerham, from which it is divided by pursuing a northerly direction up the eastern inclosures of fields, Nos. 710, 709, 708, 707, 706, 705, 704, 703, 702, 701, 690, 689, 687, and 686; it then proceeds along the northern inclosures of fields, Nos. 686 and 685, in a westerly direction as far as Tidpit Common Doun, and following the eastern boundary thereof, as far as Allingford Field, and proceeding along the southern boundary thereof, and also of Nos. 565, 559, and 558; it then proceeds northerly and north westerly along the eastern side of field, No. 558, and the northern sides of fields, Nos. 557, 556, to the south eastern side of field, No. 550, up which side it proceeds to the road leading to Damerham; and on the east by the said road and extra-parochial place of Toydfarm, as more particularly delineated on the plan hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured green :

“ That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the

said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister of the said chapel:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Salisbury has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the plan thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, assented in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the ninth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of

your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Saint Peter Frome Selwood, in the county of Somerset and diocese of Bath and Wells, it appears to them to be expedient, that particular districts should be assigned to the consecrated churches or chapels of Christ Church and the Holy Trinity, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, respectively, "The Chapelry District of Christ Church," and "The Chapelry District of the Holy Trinity:"

"The chapelry district of Christ Church should be bounded as follows, that is to say; the boundary to commence at the point where the Nunney-lane runs into the open place called Badcox, or Seven Dials, and thence to proceed along the houses on the right or south side of Badcox, and, including them, till it reaches the point opposite the Ship Inn, where it crosses the road, and runs in a south easterly direction along the row of houses in Christ Church-street, on the north side of that street, sometimes called "Behind Town," and including those houses till it comes to the corner of Bath-street, where it crosses the road to the corner of the Lamb Inn, and runs along the wall of that inn, opposite the Wesleyan chapel, till it reaches Gorehedge, crossing the road at the upper corner of the Lamb Inn wall, it runs along the line of houses in Keyford-street, on the east side, and including them and running along the back of the cottages belonging to Penny and others, to the hedge at the bottom of the eastward rank of these cottages, where it joins the fence of the premises belonging to Christ Church parsonage, continuing down the northern boundary of the Glebe and the fence of Miss Cooke's houses, it turns round to the southward at the lower side of these premises, and, crossing Locks-lane, proceeds down the lane leading to Bellas-hole, as far as the stile on the left hand, over which it passes, and along the footpath to the point where that path joins the river which separates the parish of Frome from the parish of Rodden; thence running along the bank of the stream to Baggs-bridge, it arrives at the point where the parish of Frome joins that of Marston Bigot; thence it runs in a north westerly direction along the same parish boundary to the point which separates the parish of Frome from that of Nunney; it then proceeds along such boundary to the point where the road from Frome to Nunney crosses the boundary, and then pursues its course in a north east direction along the centre of the Nunney road to the point at Badcox, where the boundary commenced, as the same is more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured brown:

"That the chapelry district of the Holy Trinity should be bounded as follows, that is to say; the boundary to commence where the lane or road from Frome to Nunney crosses the boundary line of Frome and Nunney parishes, proceeds along the centre of that lane to a place where several roads meet, called Badcox or Seven Dials; then crossing the roads northerly, it passes down the centre of Long-row and Fountain-lane, including all the houses on the left, or north western side, till it reaches Milk-street, crossing this it passes through the open court, called the Conygar, to a building lately used as a chapel or meeting-house by the Irvingites, the right or south westerly wall of which it follows, and runs along a boundary wall adjoining the said side of the said late chapel, such wall being on the property of George Messiter, Esq., now in the possession of J. E. Daniel; this wall it follows till it comes to a point in the wall directly opposite the lane leading to Waterloo-place, down the centre of this lane the line runs till it reaches a tenement at the bottom, the property of Mr. E. Cockey, and proceeds along the right or south eastern wall of this tenement to the river; thence it follows the course of the western bank of the stream, till the said stream crosses the boundary of Frome and Orchardleigh parishes, then turning westward and south westward, it proceeds along the boundaries between Frome and the several contiguous parishes of Orchardleigh, Buckland, Elm, Whatley, and Nunney, till it reaches the point where the boundary commenced, as is more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapels respectively; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the present Vicar of the said parish, until the next avoidance of the vicarage, from and after which they should belong to and be received by the respective Ministers of the said chapels:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Salisbury (acting for and on behalf of the Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells, under letters patent, bearing date the twentieth day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-three) has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop of Salisbury has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the

recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act. *C. C. Greville.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the tenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, and diocese of Ripon, it appears to them to be expedient, that particular districts should be assigned to the consecrated chapels of St. John in the Wilderness, and St. James at Hebden-bridge, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, respectively, "The Chapelry District of St. John in the Wilderness," and the Chapelry District of Saint James, Hebden-bridge:"

"That the district of Saint John in the Wilderness should be bounded as follows, that is to say; the boundary to commence at Higher Clough

Foot, in Erringdon, and proceed in a westerly direction to the footpath leading to the stream flowing through Hollock-lee-Clough; it then proceeds northerly up the said path, and then westerly along Hollock-lee-Clough, to the old highway leading from Saint John's to Rakehead; then north westerly up that highway to the inclosed grounds forming the Reverend J. A. Rhodes estate, and following the south boundary of that estate in a north westerly direction to the road from Pinnacle to Rough-Head, and crossing the same proceeds along the fence dividing a farm belonging to Henry Appleyard, Esquire, from the estate of John Crossley, Esquire, to Beaumont Clough stream; then northerly down that stream to Beaumont Clough Cottage; then westerly along the road to Cronstonstall, and from thence by the edge of the common called Edge-End Moor, as far as Oaks Farm, and, including the farm-house, proceeds by the path leading to Burnt Acres Clough, and along the said Clough to the river Calder; then proceeding in a south westerly direction up that river, to the boundary of the township of Langfield, and proceeding up the east side of that boundary in a southerly direction, and round the corner of Sowerby, as far as the boundary of the township of Soyland; it then turns, in an easterly and north easterly direction, along the north side of that boundary, as far as the Quarries, and from thence over the common to Crowhill-end, and from thence, by a straight line in a northerly direction, over Blackwood Moor to Stake; and from thence in a westerly and south westerly direction, along the old Pack-Horse Road to the Higher Clough Foot, where the boundary commenced, as shewn in the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured yellow:

"That the district at Hebden-Bridge should be bounded as follows, that is to say; the boundary to commence at the old bridge over the river Hebden at Hebden-bridge, and proceed, in a northerly direction, along the road, to Cross Lanes; it then proceeds to the road leading from Lilly Hall to Bankfoot; thence along the top of Brock Holes Wood and Eaves Wood, to the north eastern boundary of the Reverend Mr. Rhodes estate, and proceeds along the fence separating that estate from the estate of Richard Sutcliffe, Esquire, as far as Colden Brook, and along the said brook to Hudson Mill, and from thence, including Hudson Mill, but not Hudson Mill toll-house, along Bow-lane to Calico-row, and crossing the old highway from Burnley to Halifax, turns down Marsh-lane, Dove Scout-lane (otherwise Stone Holes-lane), and along the bridle road leading to Underbank, as far as the bridle road which leads to Cowbridge; thence along that road to Jumble Holes-brook, and along the same to the river Calder, and following that river to Burnt Acres Clough; thence up that clough to the pathway to the Oaks Farm, and passing the farm-house on the north side, proceeds to the edge of Edge-End Common, and along the edge of the common to Cronstonstall, and by the cart road as far as Beaumont Clough Stream, then up the said stream to the fence

separating the estate of John Crossley, Esquire, from the farm belonging to H. Appleyard, Esquire, thence up the said fence and crossing the road from Pinnacle, proceeds along the fence on the south and easterly sides of the Reverend Mr. Rhodes's estate, to the point where the same meets the road leading from Wood Top to Old Chamber; and thence easterly along the said road as far as Hippensend-bridge, and enters the turnpike road from Halifax; it then turns westerly along that road by the nearest road to Mayroyd; it then turns northerly up a narrow lane and footpath, and near Dodnaze enters the road from Wadsworth Banks, along which road it proceeds westerly and northerly to the toll-house at Bessy-Hebden; thence south westerly along that river to the old bridge at Hebden-bridge, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured blue:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapels; and that the fees arising therefrom should be apportioned as follows, that is to say, as to the chapelry district of Saint John in the Wilderness, that the fees arising in that part of the district taken from the chapelry of Saint Peter Sowerby should be equally divided between the Minister of Saint John's chapel and the Vicar of the parish of Halifax for the time being; and that the fees arising within the remainder of the district should be equally divided between the Minister of Saint John's chapel and the incumbent of the ancient parochial chapelry of Heptonstall for the time being; and as to the chapelry district of Hebden bridge, that the fees should be equally divided between the Minister of Saint James Chapel and the incumbent of the said ancient parochial chapelry of Heptonstall for the time being:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Ripon has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and that the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of mar-

riages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of
September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Morton, in the county of Derby, and diocese of Litchfield, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel at Brackenfield, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "the Chapelry District of Brackenfield," with boundaries as follows :

"The district is to consist of the township of Brackenfield, and is bounded on the north by north east, by the townships of Stretton, in the parish of North Wingfield; on the west, by the parish of Ashover; on the south, by the township of Wessington, in the parish of Crich; and on

the east, by the parish of Shirland, as more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured yellow :

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister of the said chapel :

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect to the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of
September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of

Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Norton in the Moors, in the county of Stafford, and diocese of Lichfield, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated church or chapel called Saint Anne's Chapel, at Brown Edge, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Brown Edge," and be bounded as follows, that is to say; on the east, by the parishes of Leek and Horton; on the north, by the Lion's Paw-brook, the river Trent, and the parish of Biddulph; on the west, by the said river Trent, as far as where it is met at Norton-green by the brook or runnel called the Sitch-brook or Sitch-runnel, and then following the said brook or runnel in a north easterly direction as far as the fence which separates the close, numbered 1623, in the tithe commutation map of the parish, from the two closes numbered 1626 and 1625, in the said map, when it turns southerly along the said fence to the turnpike road to Leek, along which road it proceeds north easterly as far as the line of fence which separates Mr. Joseph Evans' stable-meadow from Mr. John Boon's stable-meadow, along which fence it proceeds southerly to the fence separating the land belonging to Mr. Hugh Carps from that of Mr. C. B. Adderley, along which fence it proceeds to the fence separating Mr. Carps' property from that of Mr. A. Hale's and Mr. W. Crossley, and enters Ball-lane, down which lane it proceeds as far as the fence on the west side of Kiln Croft, and Wheat Patch, and the garden at Long Butts, and proceeds to the canal; then south easterly along the Caldon-canal as far as the parish of Stoke, along the boundaries of which parish it proceeds north easterly as far as the parish of Leek, where it meets the eastern boundary of the said district, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured round with pink:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister thereof:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act,

passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Speen, in the county of Berks, and

diocese of Oxford, it appears to them to be expedient, that particular districts should be assigned to the consecrated chapels of Saint John at Stockcross, and Saint Mary at Speenhamland, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, "The Chapelry District of Stockcross," and "The Chapelry District of Speenhamland," with boundaries as follow :

"The chapelry district of Stockcross is to consist of the westernmost part of the parish of Speen, and is bounded on the north by the parish of Boxford, on the west by the parish of Welford, on the south by the parishes of Hampstead Marshall and Emborn, and on the east by the remaining part of the parish of Speen, from which it is divided by proceeding from the point marked A on the map, on the river Kennet, at the southward extremity of a fence, dividing a meadow on the east, (belonging to George White, from a meadow on the west, belonging to James Godding; and proceeding northwards up that fence to Snake-hall, and entering the road from Snake-hall, proceeds along the middle of the same in a north easterly direction, till it enters the road from London to Bath; and then along the middle of that road, in an easterly direction, to the point marked B in the map, where the road to Stockcross enters the same; it then proceeds up the middle of the road to Stockcross in a northwesterly direction, to the point marked in the map C, where four roads meet at a brick kiln and house, belonging to J. Matthews, and continuing up the said road, passes Woodspen Farm on the west and north west, and enters the road leading from Newbury to Lambourn, at the point marked D in the map, along the middle of which road it proceeds north westerly until it enters the parish of Boxford, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and is thereon coloured pink :

"The chapelry district of Speenhamland is to consist of the easternmost part of the parish of Speen, and is bounded on the north by the parish of Shaw cum Donnington, on the east by the parish of Thatcham, on the south by the parish of Newbury, and on the west by the remaining part of the parish of Speen, from which it is separated by proceeding from the point marked E in the map, where a footpath crosses a branch of the river Kennet, by a footbridge, into North Croft Meadow, and entering a private road belonging to Charles Slocock, Esq. proceeds in a northerly direction up the middle thereof, till it meets the road from Bath to London, and crossing that road, proceeds in a north easterly direction, in a straight line, to the point marked F on the map, where the road from Donnington to Speen leaves the road from Newbury to Oxford, and along the middle of the latter road, in a northerly direction, till it enters

the parish of Shaw cum Donnington, where the boundary commenced, as shewn by the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured blue :

"That marriages, churchings, baptisms, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapels; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the respective Ministers of the said chapels :

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Oxford has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of

the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford and diocese of Lichfield, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel of Saint John, at Trent Vale, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Trent Vale," and should consist of the whole of the township of Clayton, and a part of the township of Penkull, both in the said parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, with boundaries as follow (that is to say); on the west by the township of Seabridge; on the north by the township of Clayton Griffith, as far as Newcastle Brook, then crossing Newcastle Brook, it is bounded by the Spittels Meadow, in the township of Penkull, and parish of Stoke-upon-Trent, as far as to the Newcastle Canal, then crossing the said canal, it is bounded, from the canal bridge to the Newcastle and Stone turnpike road, by an occupation road; then turning south-eastwardly, the district is bounded by middle of the said turnpike road, for about the distance of two hundred and sixty-four yards, to a point opposite to the place where a public footway, leading from Penkull, enters that turnpike road, then crossing the turnpike road, the district is from thence bounded by the said footway, to the junction thereof with the highway, called Penkull Hollow, leading from Knapper's toll-gate to Penkull; then leaving that highway, and turning south-eastwardly, the district is bounded on the north-east, from such highway to another highway, leading from Stoke Lodge to Penkull, by another footpath, which extends between such two highways, turning southwardly at the point of junction with the secondly mentioned highway, along the middle of which it proceeds southerly, for a distance of about three hundred and seventy-six yards, to a point opposite to the west corner of the Highwell's Croft, belonging to Mrs. Elizabeth Bree; the boundary then crosses the said highway and proceeds from thence to the turnpike-road which leads from Trent Vale to Stoke-upon-Trent, being bounded on its northern and eastern sides, for the whole distance, by the said Highwell's Croft, and by another close belonging to the said Mrs. Bree, formerly in two two parts, and then called Upper and Lower Fields, then crossing the last-mentioned road, and also crossing the adjacent New-

castle Canal and towing-path; the boundary proceeds from thence in a right line and in a south-eastern direction, for a distance of about seventy yards, to the lane which leads from Oak Hill-bridge to Boothern; then crossing such lane, and turning north-eastwardly, the district is bounded, for the distance of about seventy-seven yards, by the said lane to a point where a watercourse from such lane, enters a meadow belonging to Sir Thomas Fletcher Fenton Boughey, Bart., from whence it proceeds along such watercourse, in a south-easterly direction to its junction with the river Trent, along which river it proceeds, in a south-westerly direction, to the junction of Newcastle-brook with that river; from such junction the boundary proceeds north-westwardly, for about two hundred and thirty-one yards up the Newcastle-brook, to the point at which such brook first adjoins the parish of Trentham; there crossing the brook, the district is bounded by the parish of Trentham, until it meets the township of Seabridge, where the boundary commenced, as is more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister thereof:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 3d of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed

in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Walthamstow, in the county of Essex, in the diocese of London, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to each of the consecrated chapels of Saint John, Saint Peter, and Saint James, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, respectively, "The Chapelry District of St. John, Walthamstow;" "The Chapelry District of Saint Peter, Walthamstow;" and "The Chapelry District of Saint James, Walthamstow," with boundaries as follow :

"The chapelry district of St. John, Walthamstow, is bounded on the west, by the parish of Tottenham; on the north, by the said parish of Tottenham and the parish of Chingford, and including a detached portion bounded on the west by the parish of Edmonton, and on all other sides by the parish of Chingford; on the east, by proceeding, in a southerly direction, down the middle of Chingford-lane, to Hale-end, then turning, in a southerly direction, to Hale-end-lane, along the middle of which lane it proceeds as far as Haggard-lane, and crossing the same to the distance of one hundred yards from the middle of Haggard-lane on the south, by pursuing a westerly direction, a line drawn at one hundred yards from the middle of Haggard-lane and Clay-street, or the south

sides thereof, as far as the footpath on the eastern side of the field marked on the map No. 524; it then turns northwards into Clay-street, and proceeds westerly along the middle of Clay-street and Tottenham-Mill-lane, as far as Hillier's Ferry, as shewn by the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured yellow :

"The chapelry district of Saint Peter, Walthamstow, is bounded on the west by a line, running in a southerly direction, down the middle of Chingford-lane to Hale-end, and thence into Hale-end-lane, and crossing Haggard-lane, follows the line of fences opposite the south end of Hale-end-lane, crossing Buck-walk to the termination thereof in the parish of Low Layton, on the south by the said parish of Low Layton; on the south east by the parish of Wanstead; on the east and north east by the parish of Woodford; and on the north west by the parish of Chingford, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured purple :

"The chapelry district of Saint James, Walthamstow, is bounded on the west by the parishes of Hackney and Tottenham, as far as Hillier's Ferry; on the north by a line running, in a southerly and easterly direction, from Hillier's Ferry along the middle of Tottenham-Mill-lane and Clay-street, to the first public footpath on the south-side of Clay-street (beyond Dutch-place); on the east by a line running along the said footpath, in a southerly direction, into Grove-place, and along the middle thereof into Marsh-street; it then turns eastwardly along the middle of Marsh-street, as far as Willow-walk; it then turns southward, and proceeds down the Willow-walk, and continues along the line of fences from that walk to Marsh-house-common, and along the eastern boundary thereof to the parish of Low Layton; on the south by the parish of Low Layton, from the south eastern side of Marsh-house-common, to the river Lea on the west, together with that part of the slip from the river Lea, and running in an easterly direction as far as the footpath between the pieces of ground numbered 1224 and 1223, and bounded by the parish of Low Layton on the north and south, as shewn by the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink :

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapels; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Ministers of the said chapels :

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of London has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this instrument :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignments be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Walton on the Hill, in the county of Lancaster, and diocese of Chester, it appears to them to be expedient, that particular districts should be assigned to the consecrated chapels of Saint James at Toxteth-park, and Saint Mary at Kirkdale, in the said parish of Walton on the Hill, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches

"in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, respectively, "The Chapelry District of Saint Mary, Kirkdale," and "The Chapelry District of Saint James, Toxteth-park:"

"That the chapelry district of Saint Mary, Kirkdale, should consist of that part of the township of Kirkdale which lies on the east side of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, and which is bounded on the north and east by the limits of the parliamentary borough of Liverpool, on the south by the parish of Liverpool, and on the west by the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink:

"That the chapelry district of Saint James, Toxteth-park, should be bounded on the north by the parish of Liverpool, on the east by a line proceeding in a southerly direction down the middle of Berkley-street to Upper Hill-street, on the south by a line proceeding in a westerly direction along the middle of Upper Hill-street and Hill-street, as far as the river Mersey, and on the west by the river Mersey, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured green:

"That baptisms and churchings should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel of Saint Mary, Kirkdale; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Vicar of the said parish of Walton on the Hill for the time being:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel of Saint James, Toxteth-park; and that the fees arising therefrom should, in pursuance of the provisions contained in an Act, passed in the fourteenth year of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for establishing a new church or chapel at Toxteth-park, in the parish of Walton, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster," be divided in equal portions between the Vicar of the parish of Walton on the Hill and the Minister of Saint James's, Toxteth-park, for the time being:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Chester has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument :

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignments be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect

of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3^d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation, bearing date the twenty-ninth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Saint Cuthbert Wells, in the county of Somerset, and diocese of Bath and Wells, it appears to them to be expedient, that particular districts should be assigned to the consecrated churches or chapels at Horrington, Coxley, and Easton, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should be named, respectively, "The Chapelry District of Horrington," "The Chapelry District of Coxley," and "The Chapelry District of Easton;" that the chapelry district of Horrington should be bounded as follows, that is to say; on the east, by the parishes of Emborrow, Benigar, and Ashwick; on the south, by the parish of Dinder; and on the west

and north, by the remaining part of the parish of Saint Cuthbert Wells, from which it is separated by proceeding from the parish of Dinder, in a westerly direction from Lyat-gate, along King's Castle-lane, following the boundary of East Horrington tything, by the west end of King's Castle-wood, Great Snooks, and Crow's-nest, to Pop-ham's-water, at the junction of the Bath and Frome roads; and proceeding up the middle of the Bath-road to the Coombe, and up the Coombe in a northerly direction, through the wood to the meads, and through West-wood, into the Bristol-road, along the middle of which road it proceeds, in a north east direction, as far as the parish of Emborrow, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured green:

"That the chapelry district of Coxley should be bounded as follows, that is to say; on the south, by the parishes of Pilton and North Wootton; on the west, by the parish of Meare; and on the north, partly by the parish of Wookey; and partly on the north and on the east, by the remaining part of the parish of Saint Cuthbert Wells, from which it is separated by proceeding from the parish of Wookey, from Rowden's-plat, in an easterly direction, on the south side of lands numbered 1751, 1753, 1756, 1757, and 1758, in the tithe commutation apportionment, to William Weare's house, and up Melsburg-lane, into the road at Week, leading from Coxley to Burcot, and as far as Charles Dowling's cottage; thence, down a narrow lane, to Coxley-mill, and across Week-close, to the Back-river, by Wagwell-field, to the Horse and Jockey public-house, passing over the bridge, and turning to the left, up Shelthorn-lane, into part of the hamlet of Coxley, including the houses on both sides of the lane, and the old manor-house belonging to the Sherston family; thence, to the dwelling-house of Daniel Dowling, and down the lane to Pylle-moor, to Lanckerly Rhine-bridge, and into the Long Drove, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured red:

"That the chapelry district of Easton should be bounded as follows, that is to say; on the south east, south, and south west, by Wookey parish, including the detached part called Carter's-mead; on the north west and north, by the parishes of Westbury and Priddy; and on the east, by the remaining part of the parish of Saint Cuthbert Wells, from which it is separated, by proceeding from the parish of Priddy, at Boveyway-corner, in a southerly direction, down East Water-drove, to the direction post, at the Minories, where the boundary commenced, as shewn on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured blue:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapels; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the respective Ministers thereof:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Salisbury (acting for and on behalf of the Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells, under letters patent, bearing date the twentieth day of December one thousand eight

hundred and forty-three) has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop of Salisbury has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take these premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendation of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act. *C. C. Greville.*

At the Court at Windsor, the 3d day of September 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches have, in pursuance of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, or representation in writing, bearing date the fifth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Witley, in the county of Surrey and diocese of Winchester, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel, called Saint John's Chapel, at Milford, in

the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named; "The Chapelry District of Saint John, Milford," with boundaries as follow:

"The chapelry district of Milford is to consist of the northernmost part of the parish of Whitley, and is bounded on the east, and partly on the north, by the parish of Godalming; on the north and north west, by the parish of Pepperharrow; on the south west, by the parish of Thursley; and on the south, by the remaining part of the parish of Whitley, from which it is separated, by proceeding from the said parish of Thursley in a south easterly and northerly direction across Whitley-common, where certain bound stones are placed, to the point where they meet the north western inclosure, marked No. 124 on the map; it then proceeds in an easterly direction along the northern boundaries of the enclosures, marked 124, 138, 456, to the western enclosures of 142 and 143, up which it proceeds northerly, and then turns eastwardly, along the northern boundaries of 143, 145, 154, 155, to 433; it then turns northerly along the west, and easterly along the north sides of the said enclosure 433; and proceeds along the north sides of Nos. 432, 431, 430, and 428; and from thence easterly, to the parish of Godalming, as shewn on the map; and thereon coloured pink:

"That marriages, baptisms, churchings; and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister of the said chapel:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Winchester has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 3d day of *September* 1844,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council, bearing date the fourth day of December one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, reciting, among other things, an Act, passed in the sixth year of His late Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to provide for the regulation of municipal corporations in England and Wales;" and further reciting, that Nathaniel Richard Clarke, Esq. and Richard Wildman, Esq. the barristers appointed, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, to revise the burgess and councillors' list of the city of Lincoln in the then present year (the said city of Lincoln being one of the boroughs included in Schedule A.), did, within sixty days after the passing of the said Act, in due manner, determine and set out the extent, limits, and boundary lines of the wards of the said borough, according to the provisions of the said Act, and what portion of the said borough should be included therein respectively; and the said barristers, after the division of such borough into such number of wards as is directed by the said Act, and within the said period of sixty days, did in due manner apportion, among the several wards of such borough, the number of councillors mentioned in conjunction with the name of such borough in the said schedule; and the said barristers had duly transmitted a copy of the particulars of the number of councillors so assigned to the several wards of the said borough to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in the words following, that was to say:

" City of Lincoln.

" We, Nathaniel Richard Clarke and Richard Wildman, being the barristers appointed, by virtue of the Statute of the fifth and sixth of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to provide for the regulation of the municipal corporations of England and Wales;" to revise the lists of citizens of the city of Lincoln, do, by virtue of such appointment, hereby divide the said city into two wards, to be called the Minster Ward and Bridge Ward, respectively, and do hereby determine and set out the extent, limits, and boundary line of the said wards, and the portions of the said city to be included therein, respectively, as follows, that is to say:

" The Minster Ward shall comprise and consist of the parishes and places undermentioned, that is to say, Saint John, Newport; Saint Nicholas; Saint Paul; Saint Mary Magdalen; Saint Margaret, with the Palace-precinct; Saint Peter, in Eastgate; Saint Michael; and Saint Martin: and the said ward to be called the Bridge Ward shall consist of the parishes and places undermentioned, that is to say, Saint Peter, at Arches; Saint Swithin; the Liberty of the Monks; Saint Benedict; Saint Mary

le Wigford; Saint Mark; Saint Peter, at Gowts; and Saint Botolph; and we do hereby apportion nine councillors to each of the said wards:"

And further reciting, that the division and assignment so made by the said barristers appeared to be, in certain particulars, liable to objection; therefore His Majesty, by advice of His Privy Council, did thereby disapprove of such determination of the said barristers, and of the number of councillors so assigned to each ward of the said city; but, nevertheless, His Majesty, by the advice aforesaid, did order, that the particulars of the division and assignment so made by the said barristers should be published in the London Gazette, in order that such force and validity might be given thereto as is authorized and directed by the said Act:

And whereas it was deemed expedient to remove the objection which existed to the said division and assignment so made by the said barristers, who were thereupon directed to determine and set out afresh the extent, limits, and boundary lines of the said wards, into which it is provided, by the said Act, that certain boroughs should be divided, and especially as to the said city of Lincoln:

And whereas the said Nathaniel Richard Clarke and Richard Wildman, the said barristers appointed in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, have determined and set out afresh the extent, limits, and boundary lines of the several wards into which it is expedient that the said city of Lincoln should be divided, and the town councillors thereof, and the said barristers have duly transmitted a report of the particulars of the number of councillors so reassigned to the several wards, in the words following:

" We, Nathaniel Richard Clarke and Richard Wildman, being the barristers appointed by virtue of the Statute of the fifth and sixth of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to provide for the regulation of the municipal corporations in England and Wales," to revise the list of citizens of the city of Lincoln, having, by virtue of such appointment, divided the said city into two wards, and such division not having been approved of by His said late Majesty, and we having been duly required further to consider and inquire into the circumstances, do, upon such further inquiry and consideration, humbly report to Her Majesty the Queen, that it will be expedient to divide, and we do, therefore, hereby divide the said city into three wards, to be called the Upper Ward, the Middle Ward, and the Lower Ward, respectively; and do hereby determine and set out the extent, limits, and boundary lines of the said wards, and the portions of the said city to be included therein, respectively, as follows, that is to say:

" The Upper Ward to consist of the parishes of Saint Paul; Saint Mary Magdalene; and Saint Margaret, with the Palace-precinct, in the Bail and Close; and Saint John, in Newport; Saint Nicholas, in Newport; Saint Peter, in Eastgate; and Saint Michael:

"And the Middle Ward to consist of the parishes of Saint Martin, Saint Swithin, and the Liberty of the Monks:

"And the Lower Ward to consist of the parishes of Saint Peter, at Arches; Saint Benedict; Saint Mary le Wigford; Saint Mark; Saint Peter, at Gowts; and Saint Botolph:

"And we do hereby apportion six councillors to each of the said wards:

"And we recommend the under-mentioned councillors to be assigned to the under-mentioned wards, respectively, that is to say, John East, Joseph George Doughty, Thomas Newton, Charles Ward, Henry Williams, and Robert Swan, to the Upper Ward; John Sharpe, William Parry, Robert Dawber, Michael Penistan, William Marshall, Edward William Rudgard Rudgard, to the Middle Ward; and Thomas Michael Keyworth, Richard Sutton Harvey, Richard Whitton, John Key, George Calder, and Anselm Odling, to the Lower Ward:

"As witness our hands, this thirty-first day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-four,

(Signed) "N. R. Clarke.
"Richard Wildman."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by the advice of Her Privy Council, doth hereby approve of the proposed alteration and re-division of the said wards, and of the number of councillors reassigned to each, respectively, as set forth and recommended in the above report of the said barristers, and doth order the same to be published in the London Gazette accordingly. C. C. Greville.

Church Commissioners' Office,
September 11, 1844.

THE following is a copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council, assigning a chapelry district, under the 16th section of the 59th George 3, cap. 134, to the chapel of Saint Luke, at Wear, in the parish of Topsham, in the county of Devon:

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 23d of May 1844, present, the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "that in every case in which the Commissioners appointed for carrying into execution the purposes of the said Act shall be of opinion that it will be expedient to divide any parish into two or more distinct and separate parishes, for all ecclesiastical purposes whatever, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the consent of the

bishop of the diocese in which such parish is locally situated, signified under his hand and seal, to apply to the patron or patrons of the church of such parish for his consent to make such division, and for such patron or patrons to signify his or their consent thereto under his hand and seal; and the said Commissioners shall, upon the consent of the said patron or patrons so signified, represent the whole matter to His Majesty in Council, and shall state in such representation the bounds by which it is proposed, with such consent as aforesaid, to divide such parish, together with the relative and respective proportions of glebe land, tithes, moduses, or other endowments which will by such division arise and accrue, and remain and be, within each of such respective divisions, and also the relative proportions of the estimated amount of the value or produce of fees, oblations, offerings, or other ecclesiastical dues or profits which may arise and accrue within each of such respective divisions; and if, thereupon, His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in law for the purpose of effecting such division; provided always, that no such division of any parish into distinct parishes shall completely take effect until after the death, resignation, or other avoidance of the existing incumbent of the parish to be divided;" and it is by the 21st section of the said Act further enacted, "that in any case in which the said Commissioners shall be of opinion that it is not expedient to divide any populous parish, or extra parochial place, into such complete, separate, and distinct parishes as aforesaid, but that it is expedient to divide the same into such ecclesiastical districts as they, with the consent of the bishop, signified under his hand and seal, may deem necessary for the purpose of affording accommodation for the attending divine service, according to the rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, to persons residing therein, in the churches and parochial chapels already built, or in additional churches or chapels to be built therein, and as may appear to such Commissioners to be convenient for the enabling the spiritual person or persons who may serve such churches or chapels to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the districts attached to such respective churches and chapels, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the religious and moral habits of the persons residing therein, the said Commissioners shall represent such opinion to His Majesty in Council, and shall state in such representation the bounds by which such districts are proposed to be described; and if, thereupon, His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in law for the purpose of effecting such division:"

And whereas by an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,"

It is," amongst other things, enacted, "that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, in the same manner and with the like consents as are required in case of division into ecclesiastical districts under the said recited Act, or this Act, to assign a particular district to any chapel of ease or parochial chapel already existing, or to any chapel built, or which may hereafter be built or acquired under the powers of the said Act, or this Act; and such district shall be under the immediate care of the curate appointed to serve such chapel, but subject, nevertheless, to the superintendence and controul of the incumbent of the parish church; and all such curates shall be nominated by the incumbent of the parish to the bishop for his licence, except where the right of nomination shall already be legally vested in any other person or persons, and in every such case by the person or persons possessing such right of nomination, subject to all the laws in force relating to stipendiary curates, except as to the assigning of salaries to such curates; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the consent of the bishop of the diocese, to determine whether any and what part or proportion of the fees or dues for marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials shall be assigned to any such curate; and whether banns of marriage shall be published, and marriages or baptisms, churchings or burials, shall be solemnized or performed in any such chapel or not; and in any case in which marriages shall be allowed in any such chapel, the Commissioners shall cause the boundaries of the district assigned to such chapel to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, and in the office of the Registry of the diocese, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such chapelry shall become a benefice by reason of any augmentation of the maintenance of the curate, by any grant or bounty under the provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws, for augmenting small livings, any thing in such Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws, to the contrary notwithstanding."

And whereas by another Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and by another Act, made and passed in the first and second years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled 'An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;'" and also by another Act, made and passed in the second and third years of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled 'An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;'" further provisions are made for carrying such divisions into effect:

And whereas the said Commissioners have made a representation to Her Majesty in Council, bearing date the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, viz.

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches;" beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of Topsham, in the county of Devon and diocese of Exeter, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated chapel of Saint Luke, at Wear, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Wear", and consist of the northernmost part of the parish of Topsham, with boundaries as follow:

"The district is bounded on the south and south west by the parish of Exminster, on the north west and north by the parish of Heavitree, and on the east by the remaining part of the parish of Topsham, from which it is divided by proceeding in a southerly direction down the middle of Riding-lane, from the parish of Heavitree till such lane enters the Topsham-road; it then proceeds in a south easterly direction along the middle of that road to a stone at the corner of Glasshouse-lane; it then proceeds in a direct line in a southerly direction from such stone to another stone fixed on the bank of the river Exe, as is more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured pink:

"That marriages, churchings, baptisms, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister of the said chapel:

"That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Exeter has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, beg leave to lay before your Majesty the before-mentioned circumstances, and humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, churchings, baptisms, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Acts.

C. C. Greville.

*Church Commissioners' Office,
September 11, 1844.*

THE following is a copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council, assigning a chapelry district, under the 16th section of the 59th George 3, cap. 134, to Saint James's Chapel, at Hill-top, in the parish of West Bromwich, in the county of Stafford:

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 19th of June 1844, present, the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "that in every case in which the Commissioners appointed for carrying into execution the purposes of the said Act shall be of opinion that it will be expedient to divide any parish into two or more distinct and separate parishes, for all ecclesiastical purposes whatever, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, with the consent of the bishop of the diocese in which such parish is locally situated, signified under his hand and seal, to apply to the patron or patrons of the church of such parish for his consent to make such division, and for such patron or patrons to signify his or their consent thereto under his hand and seal; and the said Commissioners shall, upon the consent of the said patron or patrons so signified, represent the whole matter to His Majesty in Council, and shall state in such representation the bounds by which it is proposed, with such consent as aforesaid, to divide such parish, together with the relative and respective proportions of glebe land, tithes, moduses, or other endowments which will by such division arise and accrue, and remain and be, within each of such respective divisions,

and also the relative proportions of the estimated amount of the value or produce of fees, oblations, offerings, or other ecclesiastical dues or profits which may arise and accrue within each of such respective divisions; and if, thereupon, His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in law for the purpose of effecting such division; provided always, that no such division of any parish into distinct parishes shall completely take effect until after the death, resignation, or other avoidance of the existing incumbent of the parish to be divided;" and it is by the twenty-first section of the said Act further enacted, "that in any case in which the said Commissioners shall be of opinion that it is not expedient to divide any populous parish, or extra parochial place, into such complete, separate, and distinct parishes as aforesaid, but that it is expedient to divide the same into such ecclesiastical districts as they, with the consent of the bishop, signified under his hand and seal, may deem necessary for the purpose of affording accommodation for the attending divine service, according to the rites of the United Church of England and Ireland, to persons residing therein, in the churches and parochial chapels already built, or in additional churches or chapels to be built therein, and as may appear to such Commissioners to be convenient for the enabling the spiritual person or persons who may serve such churches or chapels to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the districts attached to such respective churches and chapels, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the religious and moral habits of the persons residing therein, the said Commissioners shall represent such opinion to His Majesty in Council, and shall state in such representation the bounds by which such districts are proposed to be described; and if, thereupon, His Majesty in Council shall think fit to direct such division to be made, such Order of His Majesty in Council shall be valid and good in law for the purpose of effecting such division:"

And whereas by an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, in the same manner, and with the like consents as are required in case of division into ecclesiastical districts under the said recited Act, or this Act, to assign a particular district to any chapel of ease or parochial chapel already existing, or to any chapel built, or which may hereafter be built or acquired under the powers of the said Act, or this Act; and such district shall be under the immediate care of the curate appointed to serve such chapel, but subject, nevertheless, to the superintendence and controul of the incumbent of the parish church; and all such curates shall be nominated by the incumbent of the parish to the bishop for his licence, except

where the right of nomination shall already be legally vested in any other person or persons, and in every such case by the person or persons possessing such right of nomination, subject to all the laws in force relating to stipendiary curates, except as to the assigning of salaries to such curates; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the consent of the bishop of the diocese, to determine whether any and what part or proportion of the fees or dues for marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials shall be assigned to any such curate, and whether banns of marriage shall be published, and marriages or baptisms, churchings or burials, shall be solemnized or performed in any such chapel or not; and in any case in which marriages shall be allowed in any such chapel, the Commissioners shall cause the boundaries of the district assigned to such chapel to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, and in the office of the Registry of the diocese, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such chapelry shall become a benefice by reason of any augmentation of the maintenance of the curate, by any grant or bounty under the provision of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws, for augmenting small livings, any thing in such Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws, to the contrary notwithstanding:—

And whereas by another Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled “An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and by another Act, made and passed in the first and second years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled “An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled ‘An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;’” and also by another Act, made and passed in the second and third years of His said late Majesty, intituled “An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled ‘An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;’” further provisions are made for carrying such divisions into effect:

And whereas the said Commissioners have made a representation to Her Majesty in Council, bearing date the fourteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, in the words following, viz.

“Your Majesty’s Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” continued by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled “An Act to amend the Acts for building,

and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty’s reign, intituled “An Act to prolong, for ten years, Her Majesty’s Commission for building new churches;” beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty, that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending the parish of West Bromwich, in the county of Stafford and diocese of Lichfield, it appears to them to be expedient, that a particular district should be assigned to the consecrated church or chapel called Saint James’s Chapel, at Hill-top, in the said parish, under the provisions of the sixteenth section of an Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled “An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;” and that such district should be named, “The Chapelry District of Saint James, Hill-top,” with boundaries as follow, that is to say:

“The boundary to commence at Wednesbury-bridge, and pass in an easterly direction, on the north side of Ball’s-hill, along the course of the river Tame, which separates the parishes of Wednesbury and West Bromwich, to the Herringsford in Ridding-lane (a carriage road leading from the town of Wednesbury towards West Bromwich-hall), along Ridding-lane to Hatley-heath, then taking the road on the west side of the said heath and proceeding south westerly across Wittons-lane, and across Coles-lane, to the bridge over the arm of the Birmingham-canal (which runs out of the Ridgacre branch to Crook-hay and Ball’s-hill); thence taking the right hand side of the said arm of the canal in a southerly direction to its junction with the Ridgacre branch, and from this intersection westward to the bridge, at Black-lake, in the turnpike road leading from Birmingham to Wolverhampton, along the said turnpike road, towards Birmingham, to the end of Swan-lane; and thence down the said lane in a westerly direction to the Swan Inn, where it joins the Birmingham and Dudley turnpike road, from the Swan Inn, along the Dudley road, to Great-bridge; thence in a northerly and easterly direction, along the course of the river Tame, to Wednesbury-bridge, where the boundary commenced, as more particularly delineated on the map hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured green:

“That marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized and performed in the said chapel; and that the fees arising therefrom should be received by and belong to the Minister thereof:

“That the consent of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield has been obtained thereto, as required by the above-mentioned section of the said Act, passed in the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third; in testimony whereof, the said Lord Bishop has signed and sealed this present instrument:

"Your Majesty's Commissioners, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your royal wisdom shall seem meet."

Her Majesty, having taken the said representation, together with the map thereunto annexed, into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the proposed assignment be accordingly made, and the recommendations of the said Commissioners, in respect of the solemnization of marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, and the fees arising therefrom, be carried into effect, agreeably to the provisions of the said Acts.

C. C. Greville.

CONTRACTS for SALT BEEF and PORK.

Department of the Comptroller for Victualling and Transport Services, Somerset-Place, August 6, 1844.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that, on Thursday the 26th of September next, at one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for the supply of a quantity of

SALT MEAT.

Of the Cure of the United Kingdom, equal to 3000 Navy Tierces of Beef, and 11,000 Navy Tierces of Pork,

in separate tenders, all to be cured in the ensuing season; their Lordships reserving to themselves the power, when the tenders are opened, of contracting either for the whole, or for such part thereof only as they may deem fit, or of not contracting for any part.

One half of the beef, and five-sixths of the pork, to be delivered in tierces, and the remainder in barrels, into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores

at Deptford, Portsmouth, Plymouth, and Haulbowline, in such proportions as shall hereafter be directed, and within the following periods:

Beef, two thirds on or before the 31st March 1845; and one third on or before the 31st May 1845.

Pork, one third on or before the 31st March 1845; and two thirds on or before the 31st May 1845;

and to be paid for by bills payable at sight, but not during the first period of delivery, for any quantities beyond those specified.

The conditions of the contract may be seen at this Office, or by applying to the Agent for the Victualling at Cork, or to the Collectors of Her Majesty's Customs at Limerick, Belfast, Waterford, and Newry, or to the Secretary of the Postmaster-General at Dublin, or to the resident Agent for Transports at Leith.

No tender for a less quantity than shall be equal to 300 tierces of beef, or to 300 tierces of pork, will be admitted; but all tenders for such small quantities will be accepted, if at a lower price than that for which larger quantities are offered.

No tender will be received after one o'clock on the day of treaty, nor any noticed unless the party attends, or some person on his behalf, duly authorized in writing; and it is to be expressly understood, that the tenders must contain a separate price for the beef, and a separate price for the pork; and that every tender must also specify the prices both in figures and words at length, or the tenders will be rejected.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left hand corner of the envelope the words, "Tender for Salt Meat," and "Comptroller for Victualling," and must also be delivered at Somerset-place, and be accompanied by a letter, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in a sum equal to £25 per cent. on the amount of the contract, for the due performance of the same.

Printed and Published at the Office, in Cannon-row, Parliament-street, by FRANCIS WATTS, of No. 40, Vincent-square, Westminster.

Saturday, September 14, 1844.

Price Two Shillings and Eight Pence.

