

on any licensed boat, or who shall refuse to tell his christian or surname, or the number of the boat to any person or persons who shall demand the same on paying any fare or price, or who shall use any scurrilous or abusive language to any passenger or person, shall for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding twenty dollars.

"XLVII. And be it further enacted, that if any person, who shall have employed any such licensed boat, shall neglect or refuse to pay the fare demanded of him, it shall be lawful for the police magistrate of the Port of Spain Police District, or the stipendiary justice of the peace of any of the districts of rural police, on complaint made before him, to cause such person to be summoned before him at some reasonable time to be named in the summons, to shew cause why he should not pay the fare demanded of him; and if it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the said police magistrate of the Port of Spain police district, or the stipendiary justice of the peace of any of the districts of rural police, that the fare so demanded is the proper and established fare, and that the same ought to have been paid by such person, he shall order such person to pay the same to the said boatman, together with such sum, not exceeding four dollars, as he shall think ought reasonably to be paid to such boatman for his loss of time in attending at such proceedings; and in case such person shall not forthwith pay to the said boatman such fare, together with such sum of money for his loss of time as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said police magistrate of the Port of Spain Police District, or the stipendiary justice of the peace of any of the districts of rural police, to commit such defaulter to the Royal Gaol, there to be kept in custody for one week, unless such fare and sum of money be sooner paid.

"XLVIII. And be it further enacted, that all licensed boats, when the boatmen thereof are actually in attendance, or plying at the King's Wharf, shall be made fast to the wharf or jetty in such place as shall be pointed out by the Harbour-Master; and no such boat shall be allowed to be made fast to the said wharf or jetty unless the boatmen belonging to her are actually in attendance and plying; and if any such boat is found so made fast to the said wharf or jetty when the boatmen belonging thereto are not in attendance or plying, such boat may be seized and detained by the Harbour-Master, or any person acting under his orders or by his direction, and made fast in any other place that the Harbour-Master may direct, and detained until the expenses of the removal are paid.

"XLIX. And be it further enacted, that any boatman who shall refuse or wilfully neglect to obey any lawful command of the Harbour-Master, respecting the placing or removing of his boat, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding four dollars.

"L. And be it further enacted, that the Harbour-Master shall cause a printed copy of all the Rules and Regulations herein contained, or which may be from time to time in force respecting boats and boatmen, and also a Table of the Established Fares of such boats and boatmen, to be hung up in his office in some conspicuous place, and shall also fur-

nish a copy thereof to any such licensed boatman who shall apply for the same.

"LI. And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures under this Ordinance, unless where it is hereby otherwise provided, shall, if the amount of such penalty or forfeiture does not exceed the sum or value of twenty-five dollars, be recovered in a summary manner before the police magistrate for the Port of Spain Police District, or any other stipendiary justice of the peace; and if the amount of such penalty or forfeiture shall exceed twenty-five dollars, and not exceed one hundred dollars, then the same shall and may be recovered in a summary manner before any two justices of the peace, one of whom shall be either the police magistrate of the Port of Spain police district, or a stipendiary justice of the peace; and if the amount shall exceed one hundred dollars, then the same shall and may be recovered by any person who may inform and sue for the same, before any Court of Record in the said Island; one half of which last mentioned penalty shall be for the benefit of the informer, and the other half paid into the Colonial Treasury for the use of the colony.

"LII. And be it further enacted, that the Harbour-Master, for the time being, shall have and exercise the authority of a justice of the peace and magistrate within the limits of the harbour of Port of Spain, and in all such parts of the Gulph of Paria, and other waters surrounding this Island, and all such arms of the sea, estuaries, harbours, and creeks, as are within this jurisdiction; and that such Harbour-Master shall have and exercise the authorities of such justice of the peace for this colony, within the meaning of a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the merchant seamen of the United Kingdom, and for forming and maintaining a register of all the men engaged in the service," and shall be a magistrate and justice of the peace within the meaning of a certain ordinance, intituled "An Ordinance for regulating the form and manner of proceeding in criminal cases within the said Island," and also a certain other ordinance, intituled "An Ordinance for the rendering magistrates more safe in the execution of their duty," and also a certain Ordinance, intituled "An Ordinance for regulating the mode of proceeding in cases of offences punishable on summary conviction;" provided always, that such Harbour-Master shall not have authority to hear and determine any offence punishable on summary conviction, either by himself, or jointly with any other magistrate or justice of the peace.

"LIII. And be it further enacted, that in case of any sudden and violent death occurring on board any ship, vessel, or boat, or in any other place within this jurisdiction, the Harbour-Master shall hold an inquest on the body of the deceased in the same manner, and shall have the same powers of summoning medical practitioners and witnesses; and all such medical practitioners shall be entitled to the same remuneration, and subject to the same penalties in case of non-attendance, as is provided in the case of inquisitions appointed to be held in the case of persons slain, or suddenly dead, within the districts of