

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 27, to Sunday December 1. 1684.

Whitehall, November 20.

His Majesty has been pleased to cause a Proclamation to be published, Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Playing-Cards, and for Seizing such as are or shall be Imported.

CHARLES R.

WHEREAS by the Laws and Statutes of this our Realm, all Foreign Playing-Cards (amongst divers other Foreign Manufactures) are Prohibited to be Imported, under Penalty of Forfeiture;

Yet notwithstanding, as We are given to understand by the Humble Petition of the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Company of Card-makers of London, divers of Our Subjects and others, are so hardy, to bring into this Kingdom great quantities of Foreign Playing-Cards, and publicly to expose the same to Sale, in contempt of Us and Our Laws, and to the great Impoverishment of the Poor Artificers of the said Company, and other Our Subjects employed in making the said Manufacture; We taking the same into Our serious Consideration, and being desirous in this particular, as We always hitherto have been, in the whole course of Our Government, to encourage Manufactures within this Our Kingdom, whereby Our Subjects are maintained in good Estate, and Trade increased, are Graciously pleased, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, by this Our Royal Proclamation, to Command and Direct, That all Laws now in force, Prohibiting the Importation of any Foreign Playing-Cards, be duely put in Execution by all Our Officers and other Persons concerned: And that all Foreign Playing Cards already Imported, be forthwith Searched for, Seized and Condemned, and all such as make Resistance therein, proceeded against according to the utmost rigour of Law: Hereby strictly Commanding and Requiring all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Constables, and other Officers whatsoever, to be from time to time Aiding and Assisting in all things requisite for and touching the due observation and execution of the said Laws, and of this Our Royal Proclamation, at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the Seventh day of November 1684. In the Six and thirtieth Year of Our Reign.

Jamaica, September 1. We have advice from Panama that about 100 Men, coming into the South-Sea, sunk their own Vessel, and being assisted with some of the Indians, marched up to the Mines, but being driven back, they possessed themselves of three Brigantins and took to Sea again, and rob'd some Vessels and Towns on the S^e Coast; of which the President of Panama having notice, he fitted out three Periago's with 300 Men, who came up with the Pyrates, fought them and put them to flight, in which Encounter the Spaniards lost 15 Men and had wounded 21; And the Pyrates lost about 40 Men; The rest went to a small Town where they were well received, and had encouragement to come again when they should have occasion: Having made some short stay there the Pyrates went upon some other Expedition for Purchase, and afterwards returned to the said Town to rejoice

with their new Acquaintance, who in the night of their absence had made provision to receive them in another manner than they expected, for they fell upon the Pyrates and cut them all off except one, who was sent Prisoner to Panama.

Madrid, November 9. The 6th Instant being the Kings Birth-day (when his Majesty entered into his 24th Year) all the Nobility and Foreign Ministers were at Court to make their Compliments to his Majesty. The Letters from Cadix of the 19th past tell us the Bonaventure, Sappir and Peal Frigats arrived there the 23, and that two days after they Sailed again towards the Coast of Silly. That some Ships of the Spanish Armada were fitting to go and meet the New Spain Fleet which is now expected. And that several French Merchant Ships were come into that and other Ports of Spain, but that the Governors would not admit them to trade because the Truce between this Crown and France has not yet been published in this Kingdom. Great Consulcations are held daily here about settling the West-India-Company, but so many difficulties arise in it, that the design will hardly take effect.

Vienna, November 19. Yesterday arrived here the Elector of Bavaria from Hungary; and the Duke of Lorraine is expected in few days. The Imperial and Bavarian Troops are marching to their Winter-Quarters, and the head Quarter is appointed at Newsol. The Count de Thaur parted from hence two days ago to receive the Troops which the Elector of Cologne, and other Princes of the Empire will put into the Emperors Service. From Croatia we have an account that General Leslie hath likewise put his Troops into their Winter Quarters.

Raisbonne, Novemb. 20. The last Letters from Vienna told us, that most of the Electors and other Princes of the Empire having resolved to assist the Emperor against the Turks, his Imperial Majesty hath appointed the Count de Thaur, Lieutenant-Governor of Vienna, to go and receive these Troops into his service. That the Emperors Hereditary Countries are to maintain 12000 Men during the War, and that very strict Orders have been given to the Officers to recruit their Troops against the month of March. They write from Hungary that the Troops were marching to their Winter-quarters; And that 2 or 300 men that were quartered in the Isle of St. Andrew, had fallen into the hands of the Turks; and that the Enemy had likewise taken some Wagons which could not follow the Army.

Hamburg, November 28. The Letters from Leopold of the 8th Instant say, that the King of Poland arrived the day before at Zloczew, from whence he intended to go to Jaraslaw, where the Queen was; and that the King had declared his resolution of calling a Dyet, but had not yet fixed the place of their meeting.

Brussels, November 28. The States of the several Provinces have sent very strict Orders to all the Villages to pay their Contributions, that so satisfaction may be given therein to the French before the expiration of the 8 Months allowed by them. They write from King that the Elector of Cologne their Prince had caused a general Armistice

desire to be published the 24th Instant with execution of Twelve Persons, who are fled. And that the Emperors Commissary had agreed with his Electoral Highness concerning his Troops that are to be put into the Emperors Service, who are to have a Months pay advanced to them.

Hague, December 1. The Commissioners of the Court of Justice, who since our last were sent back to *Dort*, returned yesterday, and at the same time arrived here a Deputation from the said City; The first made this Morning a report in the Assembly of the States of this Province of what they had done in pursuance of their Commission, and the opposition they had met with in it. On the other side the Deputies of that Town endeavour to justify the proceedings of their Principals, and to make appear that the matters now in question are not subject to the cognizance of the said Court of Justice. The Prince of *Nassau* Stadtholder of *Friseland* arrived here the 28th past, and the next Day was present with the Prince of *Orange* in the Council of State. The *Sieur Norfe* Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Cologne*, Bishop of *Munster*, was yesterday in conference with the Deputies of this State, concerning the passage of their Troops through each others Territories. The Baron *Van Adelstein* Envoy Extraordinary from the Landgrave of *Hesse Cassel* had on Monday last his first Audience of the States General.

Paris, December 2. The Dauphin hath been indisposed, having had some light Fiss of an Ague, but is at present very well again. The 20 past the Popes Nuncio had another Audience of the King concerning the Affairs of *Genova*, and the next day he dispatched an express to *Rome*, to give the Pope an account of the success the Offices he hath employed on behalf of the Republick, have hitherto had. The 24th the Count de *Perseigne* Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of *Savoy* had his first Audience of the King, being conducted thenceunto by the *Sieur de Boncuil* Introducer of Ambassadors. The 27th the Mandarins of *Siam* were at *Versailles*, they alighted at the Apartment of the *Sieur de Croissy* Secretary of State, whom they complemented after their manner; and were afterwards conducted to the Gallery where they saw the King.

Edinburg, Novemb. 20. Some days since a most Villainous and traitorous Paper was affixed in the night upon the Crosses of several Towns, and the doors of some Churches in the Country, by a few desperate Rebels, who therein declare War against the King (under the name of *Charles Stuart*) and their Resolution to kill and destroy all those that serve or adhere to His Majesty; And in pursuance hereof they came the last night, being 36 Footmen and 16 Horsemen, to a little Country Inn, called *Swine-Abbey*, about 13 miles from this place on the Western Road, and cruelly murdered two Gentlemen of His Majesty's Horse-Guards in their Bed, cutting and mangling their Bodies in a barbarous manner, and carrying away several pieces of their Flesh; After which the Villains fled, and in great haste dispersed themselves; but all possible care is taken by the Privy Council to discover and seize them, in order to their being brought to condign punishment.

Westminster, November 26. The last week *Dalby* and *Nicholson*, two of *Oates's* Men, were convicted the first at the *Nisi Prius* for the County of *Middlesex*, and the other at the *Nisi Prius* held for *City of London* at the *Guild-Hall* for speaking most scandalous and seditious words against His Majesty and the Government.

Westminster, November 28. Mr. *Butler* of *Northamptonshire* having been convicted upon an Information for Presenting and Reading to the Knights of that Shire (at the last Election of Parliament Men) a Seditious Paper, being an Address to them from some Factious Persons, was this day brought to the Kings Bench Bar to receive the Judgment of the Court; which was, that he should pay a Fine of 500 Marks, should find Sureties for his good behavior during his Life, and be Committed until the same be performed.

The Sheriffs for
Cornwall Sir *Richard Edgecombe* Kt.
Suffolk Sir *Robert Davers* Kt.

His Majesty hath been Graciously pleased to Grant unto the Borough of *Everham* in the County of *Worcester* by their New Charter, a Fair to be held upon Candlemas Day Yearly for all Manner of Goods, Cattle, Wares, and Merchandizes.

The Son of *John Staley* Goldsmith, deceased, has made a Proposal, wherein he offers to cause an Estate of his Fathers of 25000 l. to be discovered, and to relinquish the former Articles, upon condition all the Creditors will release him and his Wife of all Money received by them out of the said Estate, and assign him a Bond of 700 l. and Interest, and a House and some Goods, and that he may have the overplus of the Estate when the principal is paid: so consider whereof the Creditors are desired to meet at the *Rose Tavern* without *Temple-Bar*, the 8 h of *December* next.

Advertisements.

↳ The Statutes at Large in Paragraphs and Sections or Numbers, from MAGNA CHARTA until this time, (Carefully Examined by the Rolls of Parliament; With the Titles of such Statutes as are Expired, Repealed, Altered, or out of Use,) Together with the Heads of Poulton's or Kaital's Abridgements in the Margin, and the Addition of above a Thousand New References from other Books of Law: And a New TABLE. By *Joseph Keeble* of *Grays-Inn Esq;* Printed by His Majesty's Printers, and the Assigns of *Richard Atkins* and *Edward Atkins* Esquires.

↳ A Vindication of the Rights of Ecclesiastical Authority: being an Answer to the first Part of the Protestant Reconciler. By *William Sherlock*, D.D. Master of the Temple. Printed for *Abel Swalle*, at the Unicorn at the West-end of *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

Henry Hodgkion alias Jones a Yorkshire man about 40 years of age, of middle stature, black-lank Hair, a blackish Beard with a thin hooked Nose, wearing a large Cloth Coat over a sad coloured Serge Suit, and a blue speckled Walcoat, did lately make his escape from the Goal of *Aylsbury* in the County of *Bucks*, to whose Custody he was committed for gathering up Money and Breits with forged Deputations. Whoever can give notice of the said Hodgkion (so as that he be apprehended) to the Goaler at *Aylsbury*, or to the *Rainbow Coffee-House* near the *Temple-Gate*, shall have Five pounds reward besides his Charges.

Stolen out of the House of Mr. *Henry Browne* in *Hatton-Garden* the 27th of *November* last, by *Charles Middleton* his Foot-man, a new Olive Coloured Cloth Coat, with a Murrey coloured striped Silk pair of Breeches, a Diamond Ring, with seven small Stones in it, a silver Hilted Wrought Sword, a large gilt Medal having his late Majesty's Picture on the one side and His present Majesty's on the other side, about 14 l. in Money, and several other things; He is about 17 years of age, fresh coloured, brown Hair, a Green Livery laced with a Silver Lace, a black Beaver Hatt, a *Drab*-berry Cloth Coat over it faced with *Shag* very long. Whoever shall apprehend the said Person, and give notice thereof to his said Master, shall have three Guineas reward.

Lost between *Lincolnes-Inn* and *Fleet-Street* the 24th Instant two Deeds, the one dated in *April* 1660, and the other dated in *June* 1662, both touching an Estate in *Staffordshire*, and tied up in a brown Paper. Whoever gives notice so as that the said Deeds be restored to *Mr. William Wright* a Confectioner at the *Three Sugar-Loaves* in *Fleet-Street* over against *Fetter Lane*, shall have two Guineas reward.

Stolen or straid the 25th of *November* out of *Thomas Cop* his stable near *Dukes Street* by *Lincolns Inn Fields*, a white Stone Horse near *Fourteen Hands* high all his paces his Mane new Horn, bob tail. Whoever gives Notice of the said Horse to the said *Thomas Cop*, shall have a *Guinea* Reward.