

# The London Gazette.

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Leopol, October 14.

**T**He King of Poland was, according to our last advices, encamped within a mile of *Caminice*, and had sent a strong Detachment to attack that place with Bombs and Carcasses. We are assured that the Turks and Tartars do together make an Army of above 60000 Men.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, October 26.

The Duke of *Lorraine* having received advice, that the *Serassquier* Bassa being reinforced with several Bodies of Foot drawn out of *Alba Regalis* and the neighbouring Garrisons, was on his march towards our Camp with 14 Pieces of Cannon, a great Council of War was held, where it was debated whether we should go and meet the Enemy, or expect them within our Camp, which is fortified with good Lines and Retrenchments, and a deep Ditch, and farther secured by several Batteries, and the latter was resolved on; On the 23. Instant the Enemy came within sight of our Camp, upon which a Body of Horse was sent out, who had some Skirmishes with their fore-most Troops, but the *Serassquier* retired again without making any attempt upon our Camp. The 24th the Besieged made a great Sally and endeavoured to ruine one of our Batteries which did very much annoy them, but they were repulsed with considerable loss, and on our side Colonel *Krieg* who commanded in the Trenches, and two Captains and a Lieutenant of his Regiment were killed; The same day in the morning the Bassa of *Agria* having forced the Retrenchments we made on the side of *Pest*, and cut in Pieces the few Men that were in them, conveyed in Boats between 2 and 300 Janisaries with some Provisions into the Town; which they entered with Colors flying and with their usual shouts. The Enemy have of late cut off a great many of our Foragers, and to prevent the like for the future, our Cavalry are forbid to stir out but in strong Parties. Yesterday arrived six Boats with Provisions and Ammunition for the Army.

*Vienna*, October 29. Our Letters from the Camp before *Buda* of the 26th Instant inform us, that the *Serassquier* had appeared several times in sight of the Christian Army, but not daring to attack them, was retired again towards *Alba Regalis*; That on the 24th past the besieged made a great Sally on the side of the Bavarians of whom above 100 were killed; That the same day eight Boats filled with Men and Provisions got into the Town, which without this relief could not, it's said, have held out many days longer; That the ill Weather did extremely incommode the Christians; that the Quarter of the Bavarians lay most part of it under Water, and that their chief Mines were quite spoiled by the great Rains: Yesterday

parted from hence several Boats with Ammunition and Provisions for the Christian Camp, having on board two Companies of Foot of the Regiment of *Wirtemberg* to guard them. We have advice from *Upper Hungary*, that two Counties which have all along assisted Count *Teckelej*, have since the taking of the Castle of *Makovitz* by General *Schultz*, sent Deputies to him to implore the Emperor's Clemency, and to assure him of their Fidelity for the future; Two Regiments of Foot are marching from *Silezia* to joyn General *Schultz*.

*Vienna*, November 1. Yesterday arrived here an Express from the Camp before *Buda*, by whom we are informed that the besieged had made three great Sallies on the 24th, and 25th past, in which above 200 Christians had been killed, and several of their Works ruined; That the Bavarians had been forced to abandon their Mines they being almost filled with Water; and that the besieged had discovered the chief Mine of the Imperialists. That the *Serassquier* Bassa lay encamped within two miles of *Buda* his Army being reinforced to 40000 Men; and that having sent out a strong Party towards Old *Buda*, they had surprized several of the Imperial Foragers, had taken 500 Horses, and the whole Baggage of the Regiment of the Count *de Stirum*; That another Party of Turks had taken above 100 Hungarians, Men and Women, who were going with Provisions to the Imperial Camp; And that the *Serassquier* had likewise sent Detachments towards *Viograd* and *Gran* to fall upon the heavy Baggage of the Christian Army which the Elector of *Bavaria* and the Duke of *Lorraine* had thought fit to send thither, but that they had failed in their design, the said Baggage being safely arrived at *Gran*. We are told that Orders have been sent to General *Leslie* to march with the Troops under his command to joyn the Christian Army before *Buda*. The Regiment of Foot of *Nigrelli* which arrived here the 11th Instant from the Empire, parted again yesterday to joyn the Imperial Army.

*Vienna*, November 2. We are told that an Express is arrived from the Camp before *Buda*, with an account that they were going to raise the Siege.

*Ratisbonne*, November 6. The Letters from *Vienna*, just now arrived, give an account, that the Generals of the Christian Army before *Buda* had in a great Council of War held the 29th past resolved to raise the Siege; That accordingly Orders had been given for the sending away the Cannon, and that the Army would rise the next day; The *Serassquier* Bassa lay within two miles of *Buda*, and would, it was feared, fall upon the Christians in their retreat.

*Cologne*, November 3. They write from *Ratisbonne* of the 26th past, that the matter about appointing Commissioners for the regulating the Limits between the Empire and the Crown of *France* in pursuance of the late Treaty of Truce was not yet concluded, for that the Electoral Colledge

Edge insisted to have the Depotation from the Empire joyed to the Emperors Commissioners, which was opposed by the Princes, who were for leaving this affair wholly to his Imperial Majesty.

*Hamburg, November 3.* We are told from Zell, that the two Officers which the Duke of Lunenburg sent to Vienna to treat about their putting part of their Troops into the Emperors Service, were come back, with this Answer; That his Imperial Majesty could not at present provide Winter-quarters for the said Troops, but that they should immediately enter into his Pay, and that he would give a Regiment of 2000 Men to the Prince Augustus, second Son to the Duke of Hanover, who is now at the Siege of Buda. There are Letters from Leopold of the 20th of the last Month, which say, that the King of Poland after having spent several days in the Neighborhood of Caminiec, decamped the 13th, and marching towards the Niesler, had passed that River on the 16th between Godeckz and Czirowitz; That the Garilon of Caminiec, assisted with a Body of Tartars who swam over the Niesler, had fallen upon the Rear of the Polish Army in their march, but had been repulsed, the Turks and Tartars having lost several of their chief Officers and a great many Soldiers, who were killed or taken Prisoners by the Poles; but the Advices from those Parts have been of late so uncertain, that it's necessary we expect a confirmation of this.

*Brussels, November 10.* Our Letters from Vienna of the 29th past tell us, they had an account by an Express arrived from the Camp before Buda, that the Besieged had on the 24th received a relief of Men and Provisions, which the Bassa of Agria, having first forced the Retrenchments the Christians had made on the side of Pest, sent into the Town in Boats, which passed the River several times; That the Serasquier's Army was reinforced to 40000 Men, and lay very near the Town; That the Mines of the Bavarians were spoiled by the Rains, and that the principal Mines of the Imperialists, having been long ready, had been discovered by the Enemy, who had taken the Powder out of them; So that it is believed the Christians will be forced to raise the Siege.

*Brussels, November 14.* The Marquis de Grana had signed Orders for a Months pay to the Troops in their Countries, but the last Ordinary from Spain notwithstanding the Supply that was expected, the said Orders are stopped. Most of the Cavalry are dismounted, their Horses being sold by his Excellency's order, because of the difficulty to provide Forage for them. Our Letters from Vienna of the second Instant tell us, that it had been resolved to raise the Siege of Buda, and that the great care was to bring off the Army and the Artillery.

*Hague, November 14.* The States of Holland and West Frizeland re-assembled the 8th Instant; And the next day they Adjourned again till the 10th of this Month. A general Collection hath been made at Amsterdam for the Redemption of the Dutch Slaves at Tunis and Tripoli. The 12th Instant a Vessel of about 100 Tuns bound for London from Norway, was cast away off of Scovelingue, but the Men were saved; the Count d'Avaux who happened to be there, having given a sum of Money to some Fishermen to go off and help them, the Weather being very bad. We have Letters from Vienna of the second, and from Ratisbonne of the 6th Instant, which say, that the Siege of Buda is raised.

*London, November 6.* This Day a Tryal was had at the Guild-Hall before my Lord Chief Justice Jeffreys, upon an Action brought by Sir

William Pritchard, formerly Lord Mayor of this City, against Mr. Papillon and Mr. Dubois (the latter of which is lately Dead) for maliciously causing him to be Arrested, and falsely imprisoned during his Mayoralty; Which being very plainly proved, and it farther appearing upon a full examination of the Witnesses on both sides to have been a very evil design and malicious practice, contrived with several of the Traitors that are lately fled from Justice, as well against His Majesties Government and the Magistracy of this City, as against the said Sir William Pritchard; The Jury brought in their Verdict for Sir William, and gave him 10000 l. damages.

Mr. William Russell living at the Sign of the Four Coffins in Fleet-Street, having been employed by the Right Honourable the Earl of Carlisle, to fetch over the Body of Frederick Howard Esq; who was slain in the Siege of Luxemburg, he performed the same to his Lordships great satisfaction, having taken up the said Body after it had been Buried 3 Months, and so well preserved it, that he brought it over in a Coffin he had purposely prepared, to his House in Fleet-Street, where it lay in State, and was Buried the 11th of the last Month in Westminster-Abby.

#### Advertisements.

ON Tuesday last, was committed a Robbery on the Exeter Coach at Bagshot-Heath, by five Highway-men, where besides Money, were Stolen a large gray Gelding about 15 hands high, cloudy headed, somewhat fleabitten, and a bob Tail; a Silver Watch with a double Motion, made by Benjamin Bell of London, a Silver Snuff Box wrought in Squares on one end, a Coat of Armes being a Falcon volant between 3 Mulletts with distinction of a half Moon, the Crest a Demy-Bear muzzled, the other end Engraven with a Wreath and in it a Character with all the Letters of the owners Name, viz. Richard Pendarves a Silver headed Stick with the aforesaid Armes and Crest but almost worn out, a Silver Hilted Sword Inter gilt with Gold and the upper end of the Blade Gilt about two Fingers down, with the Goldsmiths Mark on it. Two pair of Gold Buckles for Sleeves danted and wave, two Gold Mourning Rings, one Enameld in Flowers Inscribed, William Pendarves Ar. obiit 17 Decemb. 1684. the other plain Inter bed R. S. obiit Marchii 83. and one other small Gold Ring with a Poesy. With several parcels of Laced Linnen, as Cravats, Bands, Ruffles, &c. Whoever can give notice of all or some of them, to Richard Pendarves, at his House in Hattoy-Garden, or to Mr Fizer a Saddler next the Inner Temple Gate, shall be well rewarded.

The Debtors of Mr. James Goldham Bodice Seller, are desired to take notice that Mr. John Feather is solely empowered by the Commissioners of Bankrupt to gather in the Debts and Estate of the said Goldham, who is to be spoken with at Mr. John Nichols Bodice seller at the Falcon on London Bridge.

The Oxfordshire-Feast will be held at Merchant Taylors-Hall, on the 20th of this Instant November. Tickets may be had at Mr. Charles Bowmans at the Dog Tavern in Drury-Lane, Mr. Daniel Mayes a Fishmonger within Temple-Bar. At the Jamaica Coffee-House in Cornhill, at Mr. Clinches at the sign of the Crown and Dolphin in St. James Market, at Mr. Clarks at the Sign of the Swan on Fishstreet-Hill, at Mr. Banklers at the Star in George Yard in Lombard-Street, at Mr. Pridies in Horley-down Schoolmaster, at Mr. Marlows at the Crown and Scepter in Crutched-Fryars.

These are to give notice, That the Annual Westshire Feast will be held on Munday the first of December next, at Merchant Taylors Hall in Threadneedle-Street, Tickets may be had at the Royal Coffee-House at Charing-Cross, at Mr. Rutlands at the Fountain Tavern in High-Holborn, at the Rainbow Coffee-House at Temple Bar; at Childs Coffee-House at the West end of St. Pauls, at Garraways Coffee-House near the Exchange, at Woods Coffee-House, in St. Olaves Street in Southwark, at Mr. Fox Bookseller in Westminster-Hall.

A Gentleman was Robbed at Chester the 4th Instant, in the Night, of 45 l. in Money, and a Scarf with a Gold Fringe on it, by John Eaken a lusty fresh colored man, about 26 years of Age, being in a gray colored Suit under a red Coat; Whoever shall secure him that he may be brought to Justice, shall upon notice given to Mr. Dodd Postmaster at Chester, have 5 Guineas's reward.

Lost near Faringdon on the 14th of October last, a Lanner Hawk with but Eleven Feathers in the Traine with a pair of Silver Varvels, Engraven on them Sir Robert Pye of Faringdon in Berkshire; Whoever gives notice of the said Lanner so that it may be had again, either to Sir Robert Pye at Faringdon aforesaid, or at his House in the Little Ambrey in Westminster, shall have a Guinea reward.