

chapel built, or which might thereafter be built, or required under the powers of the said former Act, or the said Act now in recital; and such district shall be under the immediate care of the Curate appointed to serve such chapel, but subject, nevertheless, to the superintendence and controul of the incumbent of the parish church; and all such Curates shall be nominated by the incumbent of the parish to the Bishop for his licence, except where the right of nomination shall already be legally vested in any other person or persons, and in every such case by the person or persons possessing such right of nomination, subject to all the laws in force relating to Stipendiary Curates, except as to the assigning of salaries to such Curates; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the consent of the Bishop of the diocese, to determine whether any and what part or proportion of the fees or dues for marriages, baptisms, churchings; and burials shall be assigned to any such Curate; and whether banns of marriage shall be published, and marriages or baptisms, churchings or burials, shall be solemnized or performed in any such chapel or not; and in any case in which marriages shall be allowed in any such chapel, the Commissioners shall cause the boundaries of the district assigned to such chapel to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, and in the office of the Registry of the diocese, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such chapelry shall become a benefice by reason of any augmentation of the maintenance of the Curate, by any grant or bounty under the provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws for augmenting small livings, any thing in such Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws to the contrary notwithstanding; and whereas by another Act, passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and by another Act, made and passed in the 1st and 2d year of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the 7th and 8th years of His late Majesty, intituled 'An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,'" and also by another Act, made and passed in the 2d and 3d year of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the 59th year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled 'An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,'" further provisions are made for carrying such divisions into effect:

And whereas the said Commissioners have made a representation to Her Majesty in Council in the words following, viz.

*"To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.*

"Your Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, appointed by virtue of an Act, passed in the 58th year of the reign of His Majesty King

George the Third, intituled "An Act for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and continued by an Act, passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and further continued by an Act, passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prolong for ten years Her Majesty's Commission for building new churches", beg leave humbly to represent to your Majesty; that, when the last census was taken, the parish of Trowbridge, in the county of Wilts, and diocese of Salisbury, contained a population of 10,803 persons:

"That, besides the parish church, which affords accommodation for 976 persons, there are two chapels in the said parish, one of them called Staverton Chapel, and the other (built by your Majesty's said Commissions) called Trinity Chapel, the former of which affords accommodation for 198 persons, including 108 free seats appropriated to the use of the poor; and the latter to 1033 persons, including 528 free seats appropriated to the use of the poor; that the said chapels have been consecrated, and divine service is regularly performed therein.

"Your Majesty's said Commissioners beg leave further to represent to your Majesty that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending this parish, it appears to them that the said parish should be divided into two ecclesiastical districts, under the 21st section of the said Act, passed in the 58th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, and that one of such districts should be assigned to the said chapel called Trinity Chapel, for the purpose of affording accommodation for attending divine service to the persons residing in the said district, and for enabling the spiritual person serving the said chapel to perform all ecclesiastical duties within the district attached to the said chapel, and for the due ecclesiastical superintendence of such district, and the preservation and improvement of the moral habits of the persons residing therein; and that such district should be named the Trinity District; and also that a particular district should be assigned to the said chapel, called Staverton Chapel, under the provisions of the 16th section of an Act, passed in the 59th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such district should be named the Staverton District;

That the said Trinity District should comprise the whole of the two several tythings of Studley and Little Trowle within the said parish. The tything of Studley is bounded partly on the north, and on the east, by other parts of the parish of Trowbridge, and separated therefrom on the whole of the said boundary line on the said parts by the River Biss from the point on the north at the junction of Trowle-brook with the said river at Trowle bridge; and from thence unto the point on the south-east