The London Gazette.

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From Thurst ap October 2 to Wenday October 6. 1684.

Constantinopie, Fuly 18.

He News which gives at present the greatest disquiet to the Ministers of the Port, is that which comes from Hungary: We have an account that the Imperialist have taken Pest; and were marching to besiege Buda.

The Bey who commanded in Pest nad positive crders upon the approach of the Christians, to retire with the Garison, the cannon and Provifigns to Buda, and to break down the Bridge fo foon as he had pailed it; And we are told that accordingly he abandoned the place, leaving only 6 or 7 Pieces of Cannon behind him, and thole nailed up; That he had broken down greatest part of the Bridge, and had let fire to the place; but that the Christians had entred it time enough to preferve most of the Houses. As for Buda, they say. It is abundantly provided with Ammunition and Victuals; That there are in it 8000 Janisaries, all antient Troops, and commanded by very good Officers, so that we hope here that place will make a very good defence, and employ the Imperial Army all this Summer. Several new raifed 11 oops have been tent to the Serasquier of Hungary, with Orders, if Buds be preffed, to attempt the relief of it, but withal, not to hazard a Battle, if he can well avoid it, for that the ill success thereof will not only lose Buda, but endanger the other places which the Turks policis in Hungary. In the mean time repeated Orders have been fent by the Grand Signior to all the Governors of Provinces to raise all the Men they possibly can; And the Iimariots (who hold certain Lands, and in confideration thereof are to affilf the Grand Signior in his Wars) are commanded each of them to furnish nine foot Soldiers and four Horsemen, belides those they have already raised. The Venetian Elect commanded by General Molino hath drawn great Contributions from the Isles in the Archipelago, and according to the last News we had, was in the Road of Naxos. From Moscovy we have advice that the Ambailadors which the Emperor font this ther to invite the Czars to enter into the League against the Grand Signior, have not succeeded in their Negotiation; the Moscovit sommanding seven ral Conditions of the Poles, which they would not agree to. This week eight Colors taken from the Coffacks, were brought hither, some whereof had wrought in them the Arms of Poland

Genoua, September 23. The French Gallies are detained by the bad weather at Villa Franca; and the Men of War at Vada. Here are arrived 300 Spanish Horse; and the Odvernor of Milan is come with 10000 Foot to a small place n.ar Nova about 30 Miles from hence. This week arrived in this Port the Endeavor from Marseilles; and with the first fair Wind will sait the Four Brothers for Alicant; The Expedition, and the Rose and Crown for the Levant; and the William and David for the Morea.

From General Schultz bis Camp at Zeben within two Leagues of Elp rics in Upper-Hungary, Septemb r 10. 1684.

General Schultz having received alvice that

Count Teckeley had put 150 Men and two Pi. ces of Cannon into Zeben, he decamped from Turka with the Troops under his command, and came before that place the 8th Instant, and Summoned it; but the Commander made no other aniwer than by discharging his Cannon against us; a Battery was th reupon raised and several Bombs thrown into the place, which set fire to divers Houses, and caused a great consternation among the Inhabitants; and a detachement of Foot and Dragoons was appointed to make an Affault, which the befieged did not expect, but Surrendred upon discretion, and the fame Evening we posselsed our selves of the Gates; and made the whole Garifon prisoners except some sew who getting over the Wall made their escape; Among the Prisoners were the Com-mander Sigismond Preschenay, and the Famous Brigadier Adam Rais. All the Hungarians, who were about 120, were delivered by order of General Schultz to the Count de Bargozzi, who caused them to be all cut in pieces upon the place, in revenge of Count Teckeley's having caused several of the Garison of the Castle of Cziczuar, which was furrendred upon Articles, to be empaled. is faid we shall march to morrow to attack Esperies. Count Teckeley had a defign upon the Caffles of Leuisch and Scepuse, but upon the news of our advancing this way, he is retired in great haste towards Cassous. A great many Hungarians, who have deserted Count Teckeley, do daily joyn us; so that our Forces are considerably encreased.

Francfort, Sept. 29. We have an account from Breflaw, that the first Instant died there Count Fokk Gajper d'Ambringens, Great Master of the Teutonick Order, and in that Quality Prince of the Empire, and Governor of Siksia; He was chosen Great Master in a general Chapter held at Mariendal in the Year 1664; and in 1679. Prince Anthony Louis of Neuburg (Son to the present Duke of Neuburg) was chosen his Coadjutor; who will be now Great Master of the Teutonick Order. Our last Letters from the Camp before Buda informed us, that the Bavarians had made a third Attack on the side of the Danube; and carried it on with very good success; That the Serasquier being posted near Alba Regalis the Imperial Horse could not Forage with the liberty they did before; and that it was said the Duke of Lorrain would march with greatest part of the Army, and attack him in his Camp.

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Ratisbonne, Ollober 5. The last Letters from Vienna of the 28th past inform us; That the day before a Courier arrived there with Letters from the Duke of Lorrain of the 24th giving an account; That on the 22. The Serasquier Bassa advanced with 15000 Men towards the Imperial Camp, hoping to put the Christians into dilorder; and to get some succors into the Town; that the Duke of Lorrain having advice of it, marched immediately with the lest Wing to meet him, (leaving his Camp very well barricadoed with the Wagons of the Army) and repulsed the Turks, who retired about two Miles having lost a great many Soldiers and Officers. During this action the besieged made a tally with a great number of Men, and cut in pieces about 300 Imperialists, among whom was

Count