

of a Lostrider, and Count Scotti, an Italian. The 14th the Imperialists posted themselves before Buda, and the same day posted themselves of a Tower about two Paces from the Lower Town. ^{THE 15TH The Duke of Lorain received 6000 Turks had posted themselves on the Hills of Buda, who upon the Christians advancing towards them retired under the Cannons of the Town, but taking the advantage of the Ground which was such as made our March towards them very difficult, they attacked our Tregies, and at the same time the Besieged made a great shout; the shock was rude and unexpected, and the Christians were at first in some disorder, but Squadrions of the Regiment of Tass fell upon the Turks with so much bravery that they quite broke them, and made them retire in great confusion. These Squadrions were composed by the Count de Bouillon and assisted very much by the Cannon and small Shot of}

the place; the Count de Lohenstein was slightly Wounded with an Arrow in the Head, and the Baron de Friburg received two Wounds with a Lance. But the Duke of Holstein had still his Horse killed under him, whereupon the Ingratitude repented their Politie, and beat the Enemy into the Town with great loss; in this Action fell the Brother of the Prince de Holsteinberg, the young Count of Schleiberg Captain in the Regiment of Graue Major Cæsarowitz Governor of Grau, and his son, and Do. Miquege, reece. The 19th the Duke of Lorraine made an assault to

cess, & the 19th in the Duke of Lorraine's attack, an assault to be made upon the Lower Town, which was defended by 1500 Janissaries, but they made no great resistance above 7000 of them were taken prisoners, and the following day, the Duke of Lorraine in his encampment, Count de Tilly was slightly wounded. The 21st, the Duke of Lorraine being wearied in the neighborhood of the Turks, resolved to

fight them, and marched to the entrance of the Night with 1700 Horse and Foot, and at break of Day with 2000 Men of the Enemies Camp; this Host put the Army into阵式, The two Wings were composed each of 10 Squadrons of Cruicifers and 10 of Dragoons, and the Foot stood in the middle with Bodies between the Intervals of the Horses, so as in that way to be better able to defend themselves.

and in the middle were posted two Regts; and near the right wing stood Hungarians. The French were composed of very difficult Cavalry, they had placed in the middle of the Army, our Foot, and under and on 6000 Horse in the bottom, which was towards our right; upon the approach of the Imperial Army, they made several movements, when an hour before the French in their Right, but they

Scavering to take the Christians in their Gang, but they were predated by the vigilance and conduct of the Duke of Lorraine. They likewise made use of a Stratagem which was to drive off Carcass upon our left Wing to disorder it, but it had not the effect they promised themselves, being detrac'de about 3000. Dragoons being sent to meet them, easily turned them aside; infact, as the enemy did nothing considerable.

the Christians fell upon them on all sides, and the Turks, giving way, the Poles followed them very close to the foot of the Hill, where they rallied, and beat back the Poles to our Squadron; and here the Christians thought the Poles would stand back again, lest than they were to gain the Hill, where the horses were and part of the Enemies Horses were still posted;

but the Imperialists having broke the Troops they charged, they in their flight overthrew those that should have supported them, and at the same time the Hungarians were detached to attack them in the flank; The Janissaries were all cut in pieces, their Horses fled in the greatest confusion, and the Poles and Hungarians and some German Regiments

and the Poles and Hungarians and some German Regiments pursued them several miles. About 4000 of them were killed on the place. We have taken all their Baggage, 9000 Sabres, 4 or 500 Knives, a great many Wagons, and 8 Pieces of Cannon, of which they made no manner of use. We have taken few good Horses, they being too valuable for us.

Prussia, August 15. The Maréchal de Schomberg, who was encamped at Château near Charleroy,

berg, who was encamped at *Chasteler* near *Charleroy*, marched this day towards *Dinant* and *Bovines*; and the rest of the French Forces within these Territories will likely march to morrow, having withdrawn all their Safeguards: And we are told that all

all their safeguards: And we are told that all these Troops are ordered to march toward the Rhine. The Prince de Vendome returned last night from Louvaine, the disorders there being appeased and several of the Mutiniers seized and

peared at a review of the *Musique* rejected and committed to Prison. They write from *Dusseldorf* that the Duke of *Fuliers* had by an express, the news that *Budu* was surrendered on discretion, but the Marquis de *Graux* having no account of it,

Marseilles, July 31. This morning arrived here the French Levant Convoy, consisting of Seven Ships of this Place, from Smyrna; and three from Corfu. The French Fleets Sardinian arrested.

Baninople. The French Fleet is suddenly expected from the Coast of Catalonia. The Majorkins have surprised in the Road of *Malta* a Bark of this place. We have advice from *Alicante* that the English Pri-gates have lately taken two Sally Men of War.

Paris, August 13. This week arrived here an

Express, dispatched by the Count de Crecy, the King's Plenipotentiary at *Ratisbonne*; by whom we understand that there still remain several difficulties in the matter of the truce. The Pope's Nuncio had the 8th instant an Audience of the King upon the Affairs of the present Conjurature. The French Troops march towards the *Rhin*.

Plymouth, August 1. On Wednesday last an
Offend Privateer brought into this Port a French
Ship belonging to St. Malo, laden with Pitch and Tar,
having 20 Guns and 30 men; The Privateer hath
30 Guns.

Portsmouth, August 3. Thursday in the afternoon came to an Anchor at Spithead His Majesty's Ship the Greyhound, Captain Macdonnel Commander, bound for the Streights.

Bury-Well in Flintshire, July 23. This day his Grace the Duke of Beaufort, attended by most of the Gentry of this and the adjacent Counties, and the Troop of this County, passed through our Town, after he had been viewing the Militia of our County, which

had been viewing the Miracles of our Country; which his Grace was extremely well satisfied with; Sir Roger Mynsh brought his Grace and all the Gentry and Attendants, to his House at Moshn, where there was a very Great and Noble Entertainment prepared for his Grace, who intended to stay there the next day.

Onoway, in *Carhamontshire*, July 26. Last night arrived here his Grace the Duke of Beaufort, accompanied with the Lord Bushfield and a great number of Gentlemen; our Militia Horse and Foot were drawn up at the Water side to receive his Grace, the Foot made a Guard, and the Horse followed him into the Town, and were both drawn up this Morning in a Marsh on his way to *Beaumaris*, where his Grace took time to view them, and went afterwards on towards Anglesey.

Beaufort to Anglesey July 28, 1701 Saturday
last came hither his Grace the Duke of Beaufort,
attended by a great number of Gentry, the Militia
Horse and Foot were drawn up at the Water side,
to receive his Grace, who gave several Volleys of
Shot at his Grace's landing on our Island & his Grace
was soon ushered to my Lord Bulkeley's house, where
his Grace and the whole Company were very nobly
entertained; this Morning his Grace quitted
Llanfair towards Merionethshire.

Apparatus.

The Idylliums of Theodorus with Rapin's Dis-
course of Pastoral, done into English by Mr. Greech.
Printed for Anthony Stephen, Bookseller near the Thea-
ter in Oxford, and are to be sold in London by Abel Swale
at the Unicorn at the West end of St. Pauls.

A Plate to be run for at Quantoxoe Meadow near Aylesbury in Bucks, the day before the last Thursday in August, which will be worth near 40*l.* The weight 12 Ounces, every Horse, Mare, or Gelding that runs for the Plate must be three years old, and have his Name entered at the George Inn in Aylesbury between the hours of 3 and 5 in the Afternoon on Thursday before the last Thursday in August; otherwise shall not be permitted to run: Nor no Horse, &c., that will not be sold for 3*l.* Guinea's before Starting, or that has run for any other Plate, or for any sum of Money above 20*l.* The winning Horse, &c., to be sold for the second for 25 Guinea's. And there will be another Plate of 10*l.* value the last Thursday in August. The weight 1*l.* Stone.

On the 25th part the Iron Bars in the Window of the Chancel of the Parish Church of Crocombe near Taunton in Somersetshire were wrenched out, and a Coffer in the said Church was broken open from whence was stolen one large Silver Flagon, being the Gift of Dr. Kelleher, as appears by the superscription; and also one large Silver Chalice double Gilt, both the value of 39 or 40 £. Whoever gives notice of the said Plate to Mr. James Creech a Corn-Chandler without Aldgate, London, or to Mr. Richard Hales in Wells, or to Mr. John Hartshill Rector of Crocombe aforesaid, shall have two Quineas reward. If they are offered to Sale, it's desired the person may be secured.

S Fayed or Itolen the beginning of this instant August; from
Sir Richard Atherton of Bewsey, a black Horse with a
Bridle and Saddle, out of the Demain, he hath a Bob Tail,
three white feet; and a blazé down the Forehead, about 16
hands high. Whosoever gives notice of the Horse to the afore-
said Sir Richard Atherton at Bewsey in Lancashire, or Mr.
Edward Warington at the Blue Bore in Holme n^r to Peter
Naylor at the Post-Office in Warrington, shall have ~~swe~~
Guinea's reward.