## The London Gazette.

## Bubushed by Authority.

## From Chursday July 10. to Benday July 14. 1684.

Milan, June 28.

Wo thousand men are raising in this Country for the Service of the Republick of Genoua; and a Levy is making at the same time of 2000 Swiffers. We are told from Turin, that they have advice from Lyon that 8000 Foot and 2000 Horse were ordered for Catalonia, to reinforce the Army commanded by the Mareschal de

Genoua, June 26. On Sunday last the Senate received an answer to the Letter they had written to the King of Spain upon the present juncture of Affairs; And we are told that his Catholick Majesty does assure them that he will assist them with all his Forces, and that he hath fent orders to Cadiz and other Ports of Spain, to fit out a confiderable Squadron of Men of War. By a Felucca arrived here from the Coust of Catalonia, we have advice that the French Fleet commanded by Monficur du Quesne was in the Bay of Roses; and that the French Army was encamped near the Sea fide not far from that place which it's believed they intend The Senate have given out Commissito beliege. ons to raile men, and we are told they have refolved to encrease the number of their Galleys to 35, and to give the command of them to Don Ambrosio Imperiale. .

Venice, July 1. According to our last advices from Lessina, General Morosini was still there, the Soldiers he was to take on board not being ready to embark; but they would be in two or three The Sieur Cornaro and the Sieur Molino are in the mean time failed for the Levant with the Ships and Galleys under their command, fo that we may expect in a thert time to have an account of The Popes Gilleys and Tome action from them. Phose of Maltha are at Meffina, from whence they will not depart till the 15th of this month, to joyn We have adwith General Morofini at Corfu. vice from Dalmatia, that the Proveditor General Mocenigo was drawing his Troops together in order to attack Clin; and that in the mean time the Morlaques continue to spoil the Turkish Territo-The Prince of Parma ries with their Incursions. General of the Foot in the Service of this State is at Verona, having almost compleated the Levy of 3000 Foot, which he hath undertaken to raise for the Republick. The Duke of Manua is now here.

Lintz, July 9. Yesterday arrived here an Officer, who came Post from Hungary, being sent by the Duke of Lorrain to acquaint the Emperor that the Imperial Army having, after the defeat of the Turks near Vaccia, advanced with great diligence to Pest, and begun to bitter the place as well with their Cannon as Bombes, the Turks in great far and disorder retired with the best of their Goods to Buda, having set fire to a great many Houses, as like wife to the Bridge to hinder the Christians from following them; but continue in the mean time encamped at Zons, and these entring immediately extinguished the their number encreases. Our Letters from Mu-Fire, and without the loss of a min became Ma- nick tell us, that it is believed the Elector of Bava-

sters of a place, which had the Enemy had Courage to defend it, might have cost both time and men. And that the Duke of Larrain having given the necessary orders for the putting this important Post into a posture of defence, marched with the Army to pais the Danube over a Bridge of Boats near the Ille of St. Andrew, in order to befiege Buda. What was faid of Count Lefly's having burnt the Bridge of Effeck is not confirmed.

Francfort, Fuby 7. The Letters we had by the

last Poit from Vienna, Lintz, and several other places, give us an account of the defeat of 25000 Turks near Vaccia, of which 3000 were killed, and 7500 Janisaries taken Prisoners, with seven Pieces of Cannon: That the Visser of Buda and two or three Bassa's were among the slain. That the Imperialists in the heat of this Action attacked Vaccia, and made themselves Masters of it, the Imperialists of the State of t Turks yielding themselves Prisoners; and that the Duke of Lorrain, to pursue this success, was marching towards Pest, and had sent orders to Count Veschi to advance thicher with his little Fleet of Galleys and other Vessels, to burn the Bridge between Pest and Buda, thereby to cut off the communication between these Places. We are told that the Emperor has written to the Electors and Princes of the Empire, concerning the Truce with France, which his Imperial Majesty scems very much enclined to, that he may turn his whole Force against the Turks.

Ratibonne, July 10. The Electoral Colledge having long fince accepted the Truce proposed by the most Christian King, the Colledge of the Princes have now likewise accepted it, upon con-

dition it be General.

Hamburgh, July 11. Two Companies of the Elector of Brandenburgh's Troops, are, we are informed, entred into Domitz, according to what hath been agreed on between his Electoral Highness and the Princes of Lunenburg. from Gluck ferde that two Danish Men of War which have on board a more than ordinary number of Soldi rs, fail d from thence the last week for Heylighlant, with defign, as is believed, to land upon that Island. The King of Denmark continues at Itzeboe, whither the Magistrates of this City sent several Deputies to complement his Majesty upon The Letters from Poland his first arrival there. tell us, that their King was not yet gone from fawarow to the Army; and that the Marquis de Bethune arrived there the 13th of the last month from France.

Cologne, July 11. On Wednesday last an Expressarrived at Bonne, with Letters from the Emperor for the Elector of Cologne, and the next day he was dispatched back again with his Electoral Highness's answer. The Deputies which the City of Liege lent some days agone to the Elector of Cologne, are gone home again; and on Saturday last arrived here other Deputies from the said City in their way to Bonne, but we know not what their Commission is. His Electoral Highnesses Troops continue in the mean time encamped at Zons, and