

The London Gazette.

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Linz, May 30.

THE Pope's Nuncio having lately received 200 thousand Florins from Rome, the one half is ordered to be distributed among the Hungarians who do desert Count *Tackeley*, and the other half will be employed in providing a Field Hospital for the sick and wounded Soldiers. The Turks have not as yet been able to get any Provisions into *Newbeusel*; General *Mercy* is encamped with the Troops under his command near *Barkan*, and hath secured all the Passages of the River *Gran*. The Morlaques continue to commit great Depredations upon the Turks, and have taken several Forts which they had on the Frontiers of *Bosnia*. It is confirmed that the Affairs of the *Ottoman Empire* are in great disorder; and that near 200 Commissaries that were sent into the Provinces to gather the Contributions; and to halten the march of the Asiatick Troops, have been killed by the People.

Brussels, June 13. A Camp is marked out for the Dutch and Spanish Troops about a League from this Place; and we are told that the Prince of *Orange* who is now at *Vilvoord*, will march thither on Thursday next with his Forces. *Luxemburg* was surrendered on Wednesday last; It is said the Garrison that marched out consisted but of 500 Foot and 400 Horse; The Spanish Regiment which at the beginning of the Siege was 700 strong, is reduced to 160, the rest being killed or wounded. We have advice that the detachments that were sent from the King's Army to the Camp before *Luxemburg*; are come back and have rejoined the said Army which is commanded by the *Marschal de Schomberg*.

Hague, June 9. The Deputies of this State having had a Conference with the French Ambassador on the 6th Instant, and having desired him to put in writing the Answer he gave upon what they proposed to him, his Excellency accordingly gave in a Memorial, to this Effect. That the said Ambassador had told the Deputies that their Demands might be reduced to two Points: First, That the delay given in his Memorial of the 5th Instant was so short, that the States would not have time to deliberate upon it in their several Provinces; and much less with the Ministers of *Spain* and their Allies, To which he had answered, for what regards the Crown of *Spain*, that the Expedients that have been proposed, gave the Spaniards time enough to take a resolution upon the Offers made by his Most Christian Majesty; to wit, In case this State do now Sign the Treaty proposed, his Majesty promises to content himself with the Demands he made on the 29th of *April*; and will give the Spaniards a Month or six weeks reckoning from the date of the said Treaty, to ratifie the same, upon condition, if they do not, that the States shall withdraw their Troops from *Flanders*, and shall not during the present War give any assistance against his Majesty and his Allies; And his Majesty will oblige himself not to attack or take any place in the *Spanish Netherlands*, and even not to make War in the open Country, if the Spaniards do abstain from it; For what regards this State, the Ambassador answered, That *Luxemburg* not being surrendered on the first Instant by reason the Parley was broken off, the Term was pro-

longed for as many days as the place held out after that, that it is notorious they may in 20 or 22 days consult the several Provinces, and form a resolution in the States General, especially in an affair which they have had so long before them; That his Orders are precise to give but 12 days from the taking of *Luxemburg*, but if the Province of *Holland* and the other Provinces that are nearest shall within the said Term resolve to accept his Majesty's offers, and that ad you or two more shall be desired to expect the resolutions of the other Provinces, the Ambassador will require upon him to consent to it, and hopes his Majesty will approve of it. The second point proposed by the Deputies was, That they wished the Peace or Truce might be General; To which the Ambassador or had answered, That his Majesty to let them see how sincerely he desires the Peace, will give the Dyer at *Ratisbonne* a Month longer from the day on which the Treaty proposed shall be Signed here at the *Hague*, to accept the Truce upon the Conditions already offered them. The Spanish Envoy gave in a Memorial to the States General on the 7th Instant, where-in he does assure them, That the King his Master is resolved not to consent to the Conditions now proposed by *France*.

Hague, June 13. The States of *Holland* separated on Saturday last, and will re-assemble to morrow, when it's believed they will take a resolution upon the French Ambassador's last Memorial; and it's said the Prince of *Orange* is expected back from *Brabant* to assist in their Assembly. The City of *Amsterdam* have we are told, declared that in case their Papers be not forthwith restored to them, they will not contribute to the Extraordinary or ordinary Charge of the State.

Paris, June 14. On the first Instant the Prince de *Chimay*, Governor of *Luxemburg*, being pressed by the Garrison as well as the Burghers to desire a Parley, they not being in a condition to defend the place any longer, and the Besiegers being ready to make a general assault, caused the Chamade to be beat, and thereupon Hostages were given, but having desired eight days time to acquaint the Marquis de *Grana* with the condition they were in, and making other demands which the *Marschal de Crequi* would not agree to, the Parley was broken off, and in the Evening they began to fire again on both sides. The Second the besiegers perceived a White Flag, which was put up by the Burghers, but the Garrison continued firing during the whole night. The Third about 10 a Clock the Besieged ceased to fire, and half an hour after they beat the Chamade, and Hostages were given on both sides, and the Articles were agreed on and signed.

An Abstract of the Articles for the Surrender of *Luxemburg*.

The Governor and the whole Garrison to march out with their Goods and Baggage, and to be Conducted to *Stocken* on the *Meuse*.

The Infantry to march out by the Breach of the Castle, and the Cavalry, the Artillery and Bagage at what Gate the Governor shall please, with Arms, Drums beating, Trumpets sounding, Colors flying, &c. with two pieces of Brass Cannon (besides which the *Marschal de Crequi* gave the Governor two others) and a Mortar-piece with their Carriages and Ammunition for six discharges.

To have 300 Wagons and more if they need them, for their Baggage, Goods, &c. which shall not be visited.

The Garrison to march but two Leagues a day.

The Prisoners to be restored on both sides without Ransome. Care to be had of the Sick and Wounded that are forced to remain in the Town.

The Burghers to enjoy all their Privileges and Franchises as before the Siege.

The Military Officers shall not be Arrested the day of marching out for Debt, but shall give Security and Promises to pay the same.

The Besiegers shall not come nearer the Town than their Works, before the day of Surrender.

Several Articles concerning the States and particular Privileges of the Country.

The Garrison shall march out on Wednesday the 7th Instant by 12 a Clock at farthest, and at eight in the Morning shall deliver up a Gate to the Besiegers, who shall place there a Guard of 100 men, and the Besieged for their security may place another Guard near them; That three Holiages shall be given on each side, and that these Articles shall be Signed by the Marechal de Crequi and the Prince de Chimay.

According to this Capitulation the Garrison marched out the 7th Instant in the Morning about 1500 strong, the Governor at the Head of them.

A List of the Officers Killed and Wounded during the Siege of Luxemburg.

The Marquis d'Humieres, Colonel of Foot, killed; The Count de Tornerre, Colonel of the Regiment of Orleans wounded; The Marquis de la Vallette, Brigadier of Horse wounded; The Marquis de Montpefart and the Marquis de Bourmont d'Anglure, killed; The Duke de Choiseul, the Vidame of Laon, and Mr. Howard were wounded, and are since dead; The Chevalier de Megrigny, and the Sieur de la Caillemore were killed; Of the Regiment of Champagne 6 Captains killed, 2 Lieutenants killed and 9 Lieutenants wounded. Of the Regiment of Picardie 1 Captain killed and 4 wounded, one Lieutenant killed and 5 wounded, 1 under Lieutenant killed. Of the Regiment of Anjou 5 Captains and 1 Lieutenant wounded. Of the Regiment de la Ferre, the Major and 1 Captain killed, and 6 Lieutenants killed and 4 wounded. Of the Regiment de Navarre, the Major and 14 Captains wounded, 2 Lieutenants killed and 4 wounded. Of the Regiment Royal, 4 Captains and 4 Lieutenants, and 1 under Lieutenant wounded. Of the Regiment d'Enguien, 1 Captain and 2 Lieutenants wounded and 1 Lieutenant killed. Of the Regiment of Piedmont 11 Captains wounded. Of the Regiment d'Auvergne 3 Captains and 4 Lieutenants wounded and 1 Lieutenant killed. Of the Regiment Lyonnais 1 Captain killed and 9 Lieutenants wounded. Of the Regiment of Conti the Major and 1 Captain killed, 5 Captains and 7 Lieutenants wounded. Of the Regiment of Normandy 2 Capt and 4 Lieutenants wounded and 1 Lieutenant killed. Of the Regiment of the Crown 2 Capt. and 4 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Conde 4 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment de la Chastre 2 Capt. and 4 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Turenne 2 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Soissons 2 Capt. and 1 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Bourbon 1 Capt. killed and 1 wounded, and 4 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Rovergne 3 Capt. 4 Lieut. wounded and 1 Lieut. killed. Of the Regiment of Burgundy 3 Capt. and 7 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Vermandois 3 Capt. and 4 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Lanquedocque 1 Captain and 8 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Hamilton 1 Capt. and 1 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of Fusiliers 1 Capt. killed and 3 wounded, and 3 Lieut. wounded. Of the Regiment of the Marine 1 Capt. killed. Two Commissaries of the Artillery killed and 3 wounded, 4 Aydes des Camps wounded. Two Ingeniers killed and 1 wounded: There were between 4 and 500 Soldiers killed and 700 wounded. The Besieged lost above 800 men.

Paris, June 11. An Ordonnance hath been published here since our last, by which the King commands his Ships of War to attack and seize the Ships belonging to the Republick of Genoua or their Subjects, which they shall meet with at Sea; and the Ships and Goods of the Genoueses that are at present in the Ports of this Kingdom are likewise ordered to be seized. The French it's said have lost 3000 men and a great many Officers in the Assault they made upon *Gironne*; They had entred the Town, but were beaten out again: And the Marechal de Belfonds was retired with the Army. We have advice that the French Fleet is gone to the Coast of *Catalonia*. This day *Te Deum* was sung here for the taking of *Luxemburg*.

Deil, June 6. The 4th Instant a French Ketch of about 60 Tuns, bound to the Eastward, was lost upon the *Godwin Sand*; but the Men were saved.

Kings-Linn, June 2. The Duke of *Norfolk*, our Lord Lieutenant, having appointed a general Muster of the Militia of the County of *Norfolk*, and of the City and County of *Norwich*; His Grace arrived at *Norwich* on *Whitsun-Monday*, having been received several Miles out of Town by the Magistrates of that City, and a numerous company of Gentry, and attended by some of the Trained Bands from *St. Stephens Gate* to his Grace's House. The next day his Grace took

a view of the City Regiment, and on Wednesday and Thursday of the *Blew, Purple, and White Regiments* of Foot, and the Regiment of Horse of the County of *Norfolk*, on *Blisse-Hill*, and was there Nobly Entertained by the respective Colonels in their Tents; And from thence his Grace Marched these four Regiments through the City to the Town Close, and afterwards gave the Officers and the rest of the Gentlemen that accompanied his Grace, a very Noble and Splendid Entertainment in the *New-Hall*. On Friday and Saturday following, his Grace saw the four Companies at *Tarmouth*, being Entertained at the Bayliff's house; And on Thursday last the Yellow Regiment of the said County, which was drawn up at *Gaywood-Green*, where the Colonel gave his Grace a very handsome Entertainment in his Tents; Our two Companies being at the same time in Arms within this Town where his Grace keeping the Festival of the happy Birth and Restauration of our Gracious Sovereign, was very Nobly Entertained with all the Gentry at the Mayors house, at the Charge of the Corporation. The whole in every place having been performed with great Order and Demonstrations of Loyalty and Affection to His Majesty and His Government.

Advertisements.

THE HAMPSHIRE Feast is appointed to be on the 24th Instant at Drapers-Hall. And all Gentlemen may be supplied with Tickets (at or before the 19th of June) at Captain Symonds within Ludgate, Mr. Christopher Hysley Bookseller in Little Britain, Mr. Richard Dowle over against the Church in Shore-Ditch, Mr. Thomas Holt on St. Margarets-Hill in Southwark, Mr. John Ansell at the Cross-Keys Tavern Covent Garden, Mr. John Blake at the Crown and Scypher in St. James's-Market, Mr. William Mezes at the Bull-Head in Bartholomew-Lane, and at the Royal Coffee House at Charing Cross.

The Memoirs of the Duke of Rochefoucault, containing the material Transactions of State since the death of Louis the XIII. King of France. The Wars of Paris and Guienne &c. With the Memoirs of Monsieur de la Chastre, Translated into English, and sold by James Partridge at the Post-House between Charing Cross and Whitehall.

A New Map of Canaan, seven Foot long and six deep, containing a particular Description of the whole Land with all the Countries bordering upon it, as Moab, Ammon, Egypt, &c. The Encampings of the Israelites in the Wilderness; with the Names of every Country, City, Town, Mountain, River, Lake, Wilderness and Plain, &c. mentioned in Scripture, with many References to Josephus and other Authors. The several Names in different Ages to one and the same place, are applied to it. Price Coloured and Rold 30 s. Sold by Robert Green at the Rose and Crown in Budge-Row, and by William Berry at the Globe near Charing Cross.

Several Gentlemen that were heretofore Scholars at the Biggin School in Hitchin in the County of Hertford, having agreed to have a Yearly Feast among themselves, have appointed the first meeting to be on Tuesday the 24th of this Instant, and all such Gentlemen as (having been Scholars there) are willing to joyne with them in this friendly design, may have Tickets for the said Feast at Mr. Daniel Braces Coffee-house in Bread-street, Mr. Edward Goldings Stationer at the Rose and Rainbow in Aldersgate-street, and Mr. John Viles at the Temple Tavern in Fleet-street.

The Huntington-shire Feast will be kept at Goldsmiths-Hall, on the 19th of this Instant June. Tickets may be had at the places following, viz. At Mr. Thomas Drines, Stationer at the corner of Chancery-Lane Fleet-street; at Mr. Morficks, in Wellminster-Hall, at Mr. Joseph Hindmarsh, Bookseller, at the Black Bull near the Royal Exchange Cornhill.

The Herefordshire Annual Feast will be kept at Merchant Taylors-Hall the 26. of this Instant June, and all Gentlemen may be supplied with Tickets at Mr. Will. Knots at the Stationers-Arms in the Pall Mall, Mr. Charles Harpers over against St. Dunstons Church in Fleet-street Bookseller, Mr. James Dippers at the Three Cups Tavern in Holbourn, Mr. Paul Caryes at the Fetters Tavern in Cheapside, Mr. John Clarkes at the Boul and Tun Inn in Fleet-street, and at Mr. John Parpoints at the Magpie Tavern near Aldgate.

NBar Great Turnstile in Holbourn over against the Sword and Buckler Inn will be sold all sorts of Household Goods, as Tapitry, and other Hangings, Silk, Cambler and Wrought Beds, Linnen, Pictures, &c. to be sold on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday next, and the week following.

Lost on the 29th past in the Evening out of Grevill Street in Brook Buildings in Holbourn, a little young white Shock Bitch newly crimed, but shorne too forwards, her Eyes and left Ear black, with a round black Spot on the same side of the Buttock, her Tail cut but not short. Whoever brings her to Mr. Humphrey Storrton in Acock Street in Shoemakers Row in Black-Fryers, shall have ten Shilling for their pains.