The London Gazette.

Bubliffed by Authority.

From Churiday, September 19. to Monday, September 23. 1667.

Falmouth, Sept. 15.

He agth Inflant came in here a Genouese of 200 tuns laden with lead, homewards bound, and the 14th arrived a French Vessel of 50 tuns, with sait from the Isle of Oleron, which he intends to fell here.

Newcastle, Sept. 17. Several small Vessels are daily comming in, and going from this place; here are at present about 100 sail, most of them great ships, which will in a short time be

ready to put to Ses well laden with Costs.

Tarmouth, Sept. 18. On Sunday lift a Fleet of 60 or 70 laden Colliers past by this place to the Southwards. The light Colliers are frequently passing also to the Northwards. The sweep-stakes, Forrester and little Spyc are now tiding in this Road.

Harwich, Sept. 19. The laden Fleet of Colliers that put in here to fecure themselves against the il weather, Rill continue upon the same account, exp. Alog only a fair wind to con-

Vey them to the Thames.

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Venice, Sept. 9. Although our expectations are great, even to impatiency for News from Candia, yet all the Letters we have hitherto received, have been to long in travail by the way of Otranto, or by the ordinary wey of Rome, that they ferve only to confirm what has been formerly written from the fame place ; Only by a Tartan fent from Candia to Spalato for a supply of Powder, March and other secessaries, we are informed, That the Turks have not of late made any attaque upon Candia, but continue ftill their Works under ground, placeing all their confidence in their Mines, which the B:fieged labour with as much care and diligence to fruftrate by their Counter-Mines, and that our light Gallies have fupplied the Town with a confiderable number of Pioneers, which are employed in fearch after a Mine which they suspect the Turks bave made under one of their Our-Trenches, and that our Gallies have been fo vigilant hitherto, that they have kept off all supplies intended to the B:fiegers, and have taken a Gil iot with 100, Tarks putting into Canea, but our Geleefles with a Squadron of our light Gallies were lying before Candia.

Seignior Morofini the Caprain of the Galeasses, has by a Caich dispatched hisher from Spalato, informed us of his safe arrival there, where he met with the General of Dalmatia, who received him with extraordinary kindness and civility, suraishing him with a Convoy of the armed Vessels that were there riding, with whom he was setting sall with a fair wind for

Zante

From the same place we are informed, that the Country of Dalmatia is at present quiet without disturbance, only some see incursions have been interchangeably made upon the confines: but that the Morlaicks were very diligently attending the least motion of the Turks, especially during this session of the Vistage, it being the time which the Turks usually have taken to make a spail upon the Frontiers.

Here is lately arrived from Dalmatia, the Gally Contarina to attend his Excellency Printi, and transport him foro that Province, where he is to succeed his Excellency Cornare in the

General thip

A Convoy is with all expedition fitting up here, and will in few dates be in readinels to put to Sea, confishing of many Ships and Galliots, with men, provisions, and emmunition for Candia.

The pew lavention of wooden Guns, made by Gio. Carlo

Gentiteschi, a Genouese, has been experimented with so much satisfaction, and is sound to be so much of use and benefit to the Publique, that he has now a Pension assigned him for his encouragement of 60 Dacuts a moneth, during his life, and to be paid 20 years after his death to whemsever he shall dispose of it.

There are now in the Arfanal two very large Men of War on the Stocks upon the Publique account, and feveral others upon the expences of private persons, many hands are at work upon them, and in some sew moneths they will be fixed up for

fervice.

Seignior Grimani is designed Ordinary Ambissador from this Republique to Kome, and about the end of this moments may be ready to pass thither, to releive Seignior Querini, who is imployed there under the seme Character.

The Agent from his Imperial Majefty in this City fell

stely ill and dled, after a very fhort time of ficknete.

Venice, September 16. This day arrived here two Expreffes, bringing news, That the Venetians in Candia had blown up feveral Mines, and defereyed 12000, others fay 16000 Turks.

Hague, Sept. 25. We are here hastining forwards our Embashy for England, the Heer Meerman intended from Holland, and the Heer Boreel from Zealand, but none is yet named from Friesland; feveral other Embashis are also intended, particularly to the Emperor and King of Swedeland, but as to the nomination of pations for those employments, the Provinces have not yet come to a resolution. 'Tismuch discoursed and feated left the differences between the two Growns may involve the Neighbourhood into some Troubles, but 'ds hoped the Mediation of the Pope and Neighbouring Princes may have such prosperous success, as to prevent any farther disturbancer, by a timely Accommodation. Our East Iadia Fleet not yet arriving, gives as some apprehensions for it, though some reports there are, that some ships were discovered about Fairbill, which were guest to be a part of that Fleet. One of our Men of War is now ready in the Maes to attend our Ambashadors into England.

The Treaty concluded at the Hague, July 28. N. S. be-

Provinces, cor fifteth principally of thefe Articles.

1. That a perpetual peace and first Alliance be feeled between them, all differences and controversites ended, and the ancient Treaties contracted between both Nations, particularly those of 1640. 1645, and 1656, of Elbing, to continue in full force.

2. Both parties to declare sgainft any Treaty whatfoevers' that shall be found contracy to those three mentioned.

3. That only one Article in the Treaty of Elbing, called (Elucidationum Helfingora) be by this present Treaty made voi?.

4. That they have on each fide free Navigation and Commerce, with a prohibition of Counterband goods, which is to be the fubject of a particular Treaty to be fuddenly made.

5. All Controverfies and Diputes about the Fort Cabe Corfo in Guiny, and the Ship Christine, to end on these con-

dittons,

1. The King of Swedeland to rencunce all actions and pretentions with the Dutch East-India Company, upon the account of that Fore or Ship, and the States and East-India Company to disclaim all pretentions against the Swedish African Company.

2, The King and the African Company to give up to the States and the East-I dia Company all tight to that and all

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