

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday, September 16. to Thursday, September 19. 1667.

Falmouth, Sept. 10.

**T**He 8th Instant arrived here the *Peace of Rotterdam*, bound for *Bordeaux*, but is ordered to stay here till the Seas be free from danger, and the term expired for Cessation of Hostilities. The 9th came in the King *David* from *Ullashing*, bound also for *Bordeaux*, and an Hoy of 100 Tuns laden with Beer and Water for *De Ruysters* Fleet, but dares not at present venture beyond this place, where he expects farther news and Orders. This day arrived here the *Swallow* of this place, a Privateer Captain *Manning* Commander, from the Irish Coast, who informs us, that on Friday last there put into *Kinsale* 13 or 14 rich Merchants ships from *Zante*, under the Conduct of Sir *Robert Holmes*.

*Dublin*, Sept. 11. On Friday last came into this Port a French ship laden with Salt from *Nantes*, and one Spaniard with Wines and Iron from *Bilboa*. The same day the ship called *The Great Duke of York* went out from hence, but the weather proving bad, and the winds contrary, was on the Monday following forced in again, with the loss of her Rudder. On Monday arrived here the *Dartmouth* Frigate from *Bristol*, and a Merchants ship from *S. Maloes* laden with Spanish Wines.

From *Carigholt* we are informed, that the second Instant were seen at the Mouth of that River 25 sail of ships, but the wind being high at East, blew them off against Sea; Since which a vessel arriving from the *West Indies*, tells us they were a Fleet of Merchants from the *Streights* under the Conduct of Sir *Robert Holmes*, with a small Squadron of Men of War.

*Newcastle*, Sept. 13. On Wednesday and Thursday last all the laden Coilliers put to Sea with a favourable wind. About 100 sail of light ships lately put in here are busily loading, and if the weather continues, will suddenly follow them.

*Minchhead*, Sept. 14. A small Barque belonging to *Swansey* laden with Coals from *Wales*, and bound for this Harbor, has by the late ill weather been cast away to the Westward of this Port, having (it seems) first left her Main Mast, and was forced to run her self on shore, by which means the men with some difficulty saved themselves; we much fear lest another Vessel with the same lading, have also run the same fortune. Since the late Proclamation of Peace about a Dozen of our Barques have been Trading to *Ireland*, and most of them the last night returned without any damage received by the ill weather.

*Cadix*, Aug. 14. The Spanish General the Duke de *Vera-guas*, with his Squadron of 9 sail of Men of War, has been these 20 dayes cruising upon the Coasts of *Portugal*, and as many more are now fitted up and lye ready to go out to join with him, their design being principally to secure their *West-India* Fleet in its return, which is daily expected, and to have an eye upon the *Portugal* Fleet, which in few dayes may return homewards.

*Lisbonne*, Sept. 3. A Ship newly arrived from *Angola* informs us, that all things in that Country are in a quiet and peaceable posture; and although we had formerly some apprehensions for that place, by reason of a tumultuary proceeding against his Majesty's Governour, whom they ejected, and sent away for *Brasile*, yet all is now quiet, and the Governour settled in the hands of *Camara*, to our great satisfaction, it being a place of great importance to us, since from thence we are principally furnished and supplied with Negroes for the service of the *West Indies*.

Seven of our Men of War have been these six weeks plying upon the Coasts, but without any prize: They lately sent in two Privateers belonging to *Tangier*, who upon their Addresses made to the Officers of the Admiralty, were presently dismissed; one of them, called the *Lioness*, has been since cast away in the Road of *Peniche*, about seven leagues distant from this place, but the men saved, and most of them sent in a *Saysia* for *Tangier*.

The Secretary of State *Antonio Souza de Macedo*, having fallen into the Queens displeasure, is upon her complaints to his Majesty, forbid the Court, and ordered to retire to his Country house about a league from this place, whither he went in obedience upon the first Instant.

The Duke de *Cadaval* is returned to this Court, and well received by his Majesty.

*Vienna*, Sept. 3. The Princes of *Mechelenburg* have (amongst other things) acquainted his Imperial Majesty with some pretensions which they have to the County of *Oldenbourg*, but the Emperor will not yet determine any thing thereon before the return of the Count de *Koningmark*, who is suddenly expected from his Majesty of *Swedenland* with information of the Rights which that King pretends to for the same County.

A Courier lately arrived here from the *Swiss Cantons*, affirms that the King of *France's* Ambassador has made some offers to them, that in case they would quit the Alliances with *Spain* and the House of *Austria* for one year, and give him assurance of it by Oath, he would furnish them with a great sum of money; but the Cantons have waved the Proposition and have declared their affections to the Empire, on condition they may be paid for the Troops they raise, and that the Imperial Cities in *Alsatia* be well guarded and secured.

From *Transylvania* we are advertised that the Grand *Selgior* hath sent his Letters to *Abassi*, commanding him so to order his Affairs with the States of *Transylvania*, that those Countries may be speedily surrendered to *Selemmi*, together with the sum of 50000 Rixdollers in money for the Use-trade of them, but withal leaving him some hopes of continuing still in possession of the Principality.

The Envoy from *Tartary* has had his last Audience of his Imperial Majesty, who has given order to his Treasurer to lay out 10000 Rixdollers for a Present of Plate to be sent to the Cham of *Tartary*, and 600 Florins more also in Plate to be given to the Envoy before his dismissal from the Court.

*Venice*, Sept. 3. Letters from *Candia* by the way of *Otranto* tell us, that the Turks are not so liberal as formerly of their Canon shots, which the besieged suppose to be an argument of their want of powder; and that finding hitherto but little success after all the Guns they have shot against the Town, they are now expecting what issue their Mines will have; one of which made under the out-work called the half Moon of *Moccentigo*, they lately sprung, and entering at the breach took possession of it, with the death of fifty Souldiers that were placed there for its defence; upon which success, the Turks encouraged, sent 3000 men to make good the place, who continued Masters thereof for one day and an half, but then the *Marquis Velle*, unwilling it should be any longer possessed by them, since it might prove serviceable to them in attacking the next Fort, bravely issued out with a choice number of Souldiers, and at the same time gave fire to a Mine which he had formerly made under it, not discovered by the Turks, which blew up with such success, that a great number of the Enemy miserably perished in its ruins, and then falling in amongst the rest, after a sharp and bloody fight,



Light, which continued six hours, beat them off, and recovered the place, with the loss of 300 of his own men, and the slaughter of above 2000 Turks.

The next day the Grand Visier considering the great loss he had received of his best Soldiers, and the extraordinary valour of the Defendants, called a Council of his Principal Basha's, wherein they resolved to send a Trumpeter to the Captain General, desiring that Signior Giaverina might be sent out to treat with the Visier in order to some agreement; but that not being at first assented to, Colonel Vecchia was sent out in his stead, who was courteously received by the whole Army, but principally by the Visier, who treated him with an excellent Collation, telling him, that if his General or Governour wanted provisions, he would send him what his Camp could afford; but the Colonel assuring him that the Town was so plentifully supplied by the Fleet, that they wanted not any thing, he was safely sent back to the City, with much instance, that Giaverina might be sent out to treat, which was at last condescended to, the Turks showing extraordinary signs of joy at his appearance, welcoming him with all their Canon, and several Salves from their Musqueteers, the Cry through their Army being nothing but *Peace, Peace*.

By several prisoners brought into that City, they are assured, that the Turks Army consists not at present of above 25000 men, one half of their Army being already consumed by the Sword, and by diseases which have swept away great numbers of them, but they expect succours every day from *Africa*.

The Captain Basso, with some of the Turkish Gallies, was lately discovered riding before the Isle of Cerigo, where he had sent several of his men on shore: Upon which intelligence ten of our Gallies, with some other Auxiliaries that were cruising before *Canea*, went out to engage them, which gave so strong Allarm to him, that he presently put off again to Sea, but with such haste, that he left 200 of his men behind him, which were taken by our men, and chained to their Oars.

*Hamburg, Sept. 11.* The Conference of the Circle of Lower Saxony, has contrary to the Opinion of the World produced a new Alliance, which was there projected and concluded, comprehending the Princes of Brunswick and Lunenburg, the Electors of Saxony and Brandenburg, the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, as also the Kings of Sweden and Denmark, who 'tis said, have unanimously obliged themselves to conclude Neutrals, and not to engage themselves in the Dispute between the two Crowns, or to assist either party; but in case either of the two Kings shall desire their Arbitration, they are to proceed joyntly in the Affair. 'Tis also said His Highness the Elector of Cologne, although his Envoy was present at the Assembly, could not be persuaded to enter into this Alliance.

The Princes of Saxony have sent their Envoyes to the Court of his Highness the Elector of Mentz, with whom they have had divers Conferences in relation to the Affairs of the Netherlands, and are from thence intended for France. The *Steur Habbens* the Swedish Resident at *Frankfort*, is gone also to confer with the same Elector.

The Elector of Brandenburg is said also to be gone from *Berlin* to confer with the Elector of Saxony at the Cloyster of *Lunne*, having before his departure given Audience to the Envoy from *Muscovy*, which consisted for the greatest part in Compliments.

Letters of the 17th inst from *Warsaw* inform us, that the *Sieur Radziwisky*, their Ambassador in the Ottoman Court, informs them, that he still finds a civil entertainment in that Court, where they are in great expectation of the return of the person sent into Poland, and that the War of Peace with the Turks, depends upon the King of Poland's resolution as to his Alliance with *Muscovy*; the Grand Seignior having declared that he cannot have Peace with Poland, unless they quit their friendship with *Muscovy*, with whom he has open hostility.

From *Rensselaersburg* they write, that the Colliques are resolved to put themselves under the Turks Protection and

Standard; and that the Polish Army is highly discontented for want of pay, that the Cities in Poland are ordered by his Majesty to contribute for their satisfaction, but are in such a necessitous condition, and so much ruined by the late War, that they are thought unable to correspond with his Majesty's desires in that particular.

*Antwerp, Sept. 22.* The French still continue their troublesome Neighbourhood, and are daily making Inquiries up to the very Gates of *Brussels*, which Town is filled with multitudes of people with their goods, that are fled thither for refuge. The great rains that have lately fallen, continue us in the belief, that they will not make any farther attempt upon us this year. They are fighting *Alost*, having already blown up two of the Gates, and 'tis believed, have ere this quitted that place. It is much discoursed that a Peace will be endeavoured this Winter, and that the Princes of the Empire and their Deputies have in their Assembly agreed to press the French King to appoint some place for a Conference, which if denied, they shall be forced to concern themselves in the defence of these Countries.

*Paris, Sept. 24.* Yesterday the hundred Swisses belonging to his Majesty, brought into the Church de *Notre Dame* 8 Standards, which were taken from the Spaniards upon the defeat of Count *Marfin*.

The King has been lately pleased to offer to Monsieur *Van Beuninghen* a Present of his own Picture in a box richly set with Diamonds, to the value of 10000 Crowns, which the Envoy refused to accept, excusing himself upon an Order made by the States of *Holland*, forbidding their Ministers to receive any Presents whatsoever from any Princes, upon pain of being declared incapable for the future of any charge in the Republick.

From *Arvigne* they tell us, that the two Regiments which were there in Garrison, had received Orders to march into *Catalonia*, where his Majesty intends to keep up a small body of an Army, the Command whereof ('tis said) shall be given to Monsieur his Brother.

The Pope has lately sent his Brief to the four French Bishops that were looked upon as the Protectors of the *Jansenists*, viz. the Bishop of *Beauvais*, *Angiers*, *Pamiers*, and *Alot*, commanding them within the space of an year to revoke the Mandate given out by them in their Diocesses, not to sign the Formular without certain restriction.

From *Naples* we are advised, that the Viceroy has caused four French men to be hanged there, for not quitting the Kingdom in the time limited by his Proclamation, and is so severe in the execution of that order against wearing the French habit, that several of the principal persons of that City have been forced to retire to their houses in the Country, rather than to change their fashion, or cut their hair.

*West-Cover, Sept. 16.* The last night arrived here from the River of *Gambia* in Africa, the *John* of London, laden with Logwood, Wax Elephants Teeth and other rich Commodities, upon the account of the Royal Company having not met with any ships or disasters, or touched at any Port by the way. They tell us that the Dutch ship attempted the Factory of *Scirled* in the Isle of *Masso*, where at their first appearance, they did some injury, but were by the Forces there beaten off with considerable loss. They also inform us, that the Negroes in the Island of *Gambia*, sometime before their coming thence, rebelled against their Masters, and possessed themselves of a great part of the Island, but were beaten into obedience with the loss of about 30 of the English, and 40 of the Negroes.

*Harwich, Sept. 17.* Yesterday in the morning appeared about an hundred or six score laden Colliers standing for the River of *Thames*, but the afternoon proving Cloudy, and threatening a storm, about 80 of them full laden came to an Anchor in our Waters, where they now ride expecting fair weather.

*Whitehall, Sept. 18.* This day the Charter lately Granted to the Canary Company, was by the said Company given up into the hands of the Lord Keeper, the Enrolment thereof Vacated, and the said Company now Dissolved.