The London Gazette.

Bublified by Authority.

From Thursday February 21. to Monday February 25. 1683.

Genoua, February &.

UR Letters from Rome tell us, that the Senator Lando, Envoy from the Republick of Venice, had had feve ral Audiences of the Pope on the Subject of the League which is now treating with that State against the

Turks. The last week died the Cardinal Archbishop of Bologne, by whose death there are 21 places vacant in the Colledge of Cardinals.

Penice, February 12. On Sunday arrived here the Duke of Mantua, who, we are told, intends to pals fom: time in this City. On Saturday the Imperial and Spanish Ambasiadors residing here, had Audience of the Senate, the first having the day before received an Express from Lines. By a Bank arrived from Ragufa, we have the Confi mation of the Grand Viners having been Arangled at Belgrade, and the Master of the said Bark adds, It was reported that the Grand Signior, upon the News he had of the great Successes of the Costacks, and the Revolt of the Moldavians and Walachians, was gone in great haste from Adrianople, not thinking him'elf Secure there. The Morlaques continue their Depredations upon the Torks, and their number encreases daily. In Albania the People are faid to have likewife taken Arms; and we have advice from feveral Parts of Turkey, that there are not only great Discontents among the People, but likewife among the Soldiers, and appearances of great Com-

Stockholme, Fanuary 16. The King of Sweden parted from hence the 4th instant, and is now at the Copper Mines; His Majesties chiefdesign in this Journey, is to take a review of his Troops quartered in those Parts, and to appoint the manner of their Subsistence. The Ryx Droft Count de la Garde lyes so very ill, that his recovery is almelt despaired of. Baron Horne is arrived here from Bremen, to give the King an account of the posture of Astairs on that fide, The Seafon is here

very rigorous,

Cracow, February 3. We had a report here the last Week, that the Cossacks had been angaged with a Body of Turk and lartars, which was by much too flrong for them, and had been forced to retire with the loss of between a and 3000 men; but fince we have received a particular account of that Action, which thereby appears to have been quite otherwife, and that the Coffacks have a fecond time obtained avery great Victory over the Turks and Tartars commanded by the new Holpodar Dukes, who was going to take Possession of the Government of Walachia, which the Grand Signior had conferred upon him, having depoted the Holpodar, Petrozensko presently after the raising the Siege of Fienna upon the Complaints made against him by the Grand Visier. This Body of Turks and Tarthre, having advice that the Collacks plundered and defroyed the Country of Baffarabia, passed the Danube not far from the place where it divides it felf into several Branches which fall into the Black I to be sung, and the Cannon to be discharged tound Sea, and fell upon them; the Cossacks were sur- this place.

prized, but putting themselves into the best poflure they could, they received the Enemy very On the other side the Turks and Tartars preffed hard upon them, and the Colfacks Horse not being able to maintain their ground, retreated with their General Kuniki; the Foot seeing themselves thus abandoned, became desperate, and resolving to dye or Conquer, they not only defended themselves, but had their turn to attack the Enemy, who feeing their obstinacy, began to give ground, which they did with so much Courage and Bravery, that they obtained a very great Victory, above 15000 of the Enemy being slain, and the Hospodar Dukar taken Prisoner. After the Fight, the Cossacks being very much diffacisfied with Kunnki for having forsaken them, those an Eminent Officer among them, whose name is Mobila to be their General; which, it's not doubted but the King of Poland will approve of, not ro give them any occasion of dista-tisfaction, while they render his Majesty such fignal Services as they now do. The Conte-quence of this Victory high been the re-establish-ment of Petrozensko in Walachia, and Diemeniski in Moldavia, and the fixing thereby those Countries In a dependence upon this Crown. Our Letters from Moscowy give us great reason to believe that the Czars will enter into the Waragainst the Turks. The News of the Grand Visiers being strangled at Belgrade, is confirmed; and ic's faid the Caimacan, is declared his Successor.

The noth inflant arrived Lintz, February 12. here an Extraordinary Courier from Cracow, with an account of a fecond Victory obtained by the Colfacks against the Turks and Tartars. The Particulars are thefe. The new Palatine or Hospodar of Walachia Duker, marching with 30000 men to diplace Petrozensko whom the King of Poland had reestablish'd in that Government, and having an account that the Cossacks were in so careless a posture that they might be fallen upon with great advantage, he advanced with all the diligence he could towards Kuniski General of the Cossacks having got knowledge of his defign, would have re-treated with the whole Army, which he faid was treated with the whole Army, which he faid was tired out and not able to refift fo great a Force as the Enemy then had, but the major part opposed However Kunuki retired with 4000 of his best men, the rest, swearing to gether that they would either conquet or dye, polled themselves as advantageoufly as they could, and expedied the Enemy, whom they received with so much Vigor and Resolution, that they soon retreated, and the Cossaks thereupon attacking them with greater fury, they fled, the Hospodar Dukas, his Son, and the Basia who commanded the Turks, being made Prisoners, two
Pieces of Cannon taken and 17000 (some say 2000) of the Turks and Tarrars flain upon the place; the Coffacks after the Fight, fent to acquaint Kuhiki with the Victory they had obtained, and delived him to joyn them again, but he refuling, they im-mediately choic one Mobila to be their General. This news hath been received here with a great feal of joy; and the Emperor hath appointed Te Deus

Zintz,