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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1833.

Office of the Vice Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-House, St. James's, January 14, 1833.

TOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen will hold Drawing-Rooms, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days:

Thursday, March

Thursday, April

Thursday, May

Being for the celebration of the King's Birth-Tuesday, May

Thursday, June

St. James's-Palace, February 22, 1833.

HIS day the Archbishop of Canterbury and Bishops, with the Prolocutor and Members of the Lower House of Convocation of the Clergy of the province of Canterbury, waited upon His Majesty to present the following Address; which was received by His Majesty upon the Throne:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty. Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majestv's dutiful servants, the Archbishop, Bi-hops, and Clergy of the province of Canterbury, in Convocation assembled, most humbly desire permission to express to your Majesty our sentiments or loyal and respectful attachment to your Majesty's Torone and Person.

Since last we had the honour of addressing your Majesty, the disposition to violence which, in some parts of the island, had shown itself in tumults and outrages of a highly criminal character, has given way to better feelings; and the cessation of these alarming enormities affords reason to hope that, the part of the higher orders, which are prescribed

through the blessing of Divine Providence on the paternal cares of your Majesty, progressive relief may be obtained from the evils which still continue to act with injurious influence on the peace and morals of the community.

But, Sir, we cannot dissemble that, whether from the peculiar complexion of the times, or from some fault in our social economy, the country does not reap all the advantages which might be expected from the purity of our national religion, and the zeal and ability of its Members.

Among the various causes which disappoint the hopes of the Pastor, and counteract the effect of his example and precepts, we venture to specify the intemperate use of intoxicating liquors, the assiduous distribution of immoral and impious writings, and the neglect and profanation of the Lord's day. The distresses of the poor are thus greatly increased, their passions inflamed, and their feelings embittered; while the day, set apart by the Commandment for the public worship of God and instruction in his holy word, affords more unlimited scope for the indulgence of vicious pleasures and the propagation of wicked principles.

In making these representations to your Majesty, we are actuated, not so much by the desire of vindicating ourselves from unmerited censure, as by a sense of our duty to your Majesty, as the supreme Governor, under Christ, of our Church. We do not imagine that, for cvils so great and extensive, an immediate cure can be found in mere legal provisions, since laws will have little effect, if they are not in accordance with the prevailing sentiments of the community. Yet, we humbly conceive, that much might be done for the protection of the ignorant from error and vice, and for the encouragement of piety and virtue, by discreet legislation, advisedly directed to the improvement of the public morals, more especially if seconded by that reverence for religion and regard to propriety of conduct, on