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Warsaw, January 14.

THere are Letters from the Sicur Kunkny General of the Cossacks, giving an account of a great Victory he hath obtained against the Turks and Tartars. The particulars are thus related, The Enemy were above 40000 strong, commanded by two Tartar Generals, and Halsey Bey a Turkish Officer, who had under his Orders a Body of Spahes and some Companies of Janisaries; They had made a great march, with design to fall upon the Poles and Cossacks in Podolia, and to relieve Caminiec; whereof the General of the Cossacks, having received advice, he drew immediately together an Army of 30000 men, and marching with them with great diligence, attacked the Enemy the 4th of the last month near Tilgrosin, and defeated them with so great a Slaughter, that 30000 of them were slain upon the place and in the pursuit. The Generals of the Tartars, who endeavoured to rally their Troops were killed, together with the Kaymasan or Governor of Bialogrod, and 10 Myrzas (which are the Great Men and Principal Officers among the Tartars.) Halsey Bey offered 100 thousand Crowns to save his Life, but the Cossacks, into whose hands he fell, quarrelling about dividing the Money, they killed him in the heat of their dispute. After this Victory the Cossacks entered into the Country of the Tartars of Budziak, putting Men, Women and Children to the Sword; and it's said that they slew above 100 thousand. They released many thousand Christians which the Tartars had made Slaves during the last Campagne, and having finished their ravage, took Bialogrod and Katin, and put Garisons into those places. There are other Letters which say, that the Walachians to the number of 30000, have sworn Fidelity to the King and Crown of Poland, and have likewise engaged themselves by Oath, in a defensive and offensive League with the Cossacks against the Turks and Tartars: And that the Moldavians are entered into the same Confederation, and have put themselves under the Protection of the King of Poland, who has restored the Hospodar or Prince of Moldavia, that was some years since deposed by the Turks.

Madrid, January 6. The Flota from New Spain, which arrived at Cadiz the 14th of the last Month, consisted of eight Sail, the Admiral, Vice-Admiral, and six Merchant Ships: These Ships have brought home a Million and half of Pieces of Eight for the King, and about 3 Millions for particular persons, with good store of Cochenil and Indigo; the rest that staid behind to dispose of their Goods, are expected at Cadiz this or the next Month. For news, They bring none that we hear of, unless it be that the Governor of Vera Cruz, which place was plundered by the Pyrates about April last, had by order of the Viceroy of Mexico, been tried and condemned to have his Head cut off. His Catholick Majesty hath given out Commissions for the raising in this Kingdom three Regiments of Foot to consist each of 1000 men. From Alicante we have ad-

vice that the Spanish Armada sailed from thence the 10th of the last Month for Cadiz, but was forced back again on the 20th by contrary winds.

Madrid, January 20. The Spanish Armada having put twice to Sea from Alicante, and been as often forced back again by contrary winds, they sailed the third time, and were got as far as Cape de Gat, when they met with a very violent storm, which dispersed and very much shattered them: The Admiral and one ship more returned to Alicante on the 4th Instant, and we have an account that seven or eight more are put into Carthagena and Denia, but of the rest we have no news. We have advice that a French Man of War of 44 Guns hath been lately lost near the Island Iviza, but that the men all saved themselves. From Lisbonne we have an account, that the Queen of Portugall died the 17th of the last month. The Letters from Cadiz of the 9th Instant inform us, that the English Fleet under the Command of the Lord Dartmouth, was still in Tangier Road. They speak here of sending a very considerable supply of Money to the Marquis de Grana.

P. J. We have advice that the Ships of the Spanish Armada that were missing, are put into Majorca, except the Vice-Admiral, which it's feared is lost.

Lintz, January 18. The 15th Instant arrived here the Prince Lubomirski from Hungary, and having the same day an Audience of the Emperor, he acquainted his Imperial Majesty that he had received Letters by an Express from the Court of Poland, which gave him an account, That the General of the Cossacks having received advice that the Turks and Tartars had drawn together a body of 40000 men, with design to fall into Poland, he had immediately assembled what Forces he could, and advancing towards the Enemy, attacked them with so much bravery, that he quickly broke their Body and dispersed them, and being joyned by a Body of Poles, they pursued the Enemy as many ways as they fled, and made so great a slaughter of them, that the Earth was covered for several miles together with the slain, which are said to have been at least 30000. That the Cossacks encouraged with this great Victory, had made Incurfions as far as the Black Sea, ravaging the Country of the Tartars of Budziak and Orzanow, and sparing neither Sex nor Age; and that they had put Garisons into Bialogrod and Katin, the first being situate on the Black Sea, and the other at some distance from it on the Njester.

Lintz, January 25. The Prince de Lubomirski has since his arrival assisted at several Councils of War that have been held here, to direct the Preparations for the next Campagne. The Emperor's General Pardon hath been published in Hungary; And the Baron d'Abele will part from hence in few days for Presbourg, whither it's said the Duke of Lorraine will follow presently after. Count Ferkley continues obstinate in his Rebellion, and we have advice that he hath put several Hungarian Gentlemen to death, who intended to abandon him, and endeavoured to persuade several others to do the like. The Basha of Buda has drawn what Forces

he can together in order to relieve *Newbeusel*; And on the other side General *Rabata* is putting himself into a posture to hinder it.

Hague, February 3. The States of Holland have at last by plurality of Votes consented to the new Levy, the City of Amsterdam, and some other Towns opposing it. This Levy, according to the Project formed by the Council of State in September last, is to be of 16000 men, viz. 4500 Horse, 1500 Dragoons, and 10000 Foot. The Consent of the States of Holland in this matter hath been brought into the Assembly of the States General, who have thereupon written to the other Provinces to desire them in like manner to send in their consents to this Levy. Prince Waldeck and the Ministers of the Allies that are here, have frequent Conferences, as well with the Prince of Orange, as among themselves. The Deputies of this State have been likewise in Conference with the Count d'Avaux the French Ambassador, who we are told, has thereupon dispatched an Express to Paris. The Heer Van Benningen, late Ambassador from this State in England, is chosen first Burgher-Magister of Amsterdam for the ensuing year.

Hague, February 8. The Provinces of Gelderland, Over-Yssel, and Utrecht, have likewise consented to the new Levy; But Zealand, Friezeland, and Groningen, are not yet come to a resolution in this matter. From Dantzicke we have an account of a great Victory which the Cossacks have lately gained against the Tartars; That Moldavia and Wallachia have put themselves under the Protection of the Crown of Poland; And that the Castellans of Cracow pursuant to the orders he had received from the King, was on his march to attack, or at least to block up Caminie. Our Letters from Italy inform us, that the League between the Pope, the Emperor, and the Republick of Venice, was concluded; and that that Senate had resolved to have a very great Fleet of Men of War and Gallies at Sea this next Summer. We have nothing of moment from Flanders, the Weather has been excessive cold there as well as here, to that degree, that not only the greatest Rivers are frozen, but the Sea is covered with Ice for many Leagues from the Shore.

Paris, January 29. The 27th Instant the Marquis Ferrero, Ambassador from Savoy, had an Audience of the King, in which he demanded Madamoiselle (Daughter to the Duke of Orleans) in Marriage for the Duke of Savoy his Master, his Majesty received him very kindly, and told him that this Proposition was very pleasing to him. Great preparations are making at Thoulon and Marseilles to put a very considerable Fleet of Men of War and Gallies to Sea in the Spring, which we are told will be commanded by the Duke de Vionne and Monsieur du Quesne. A French Man of War called the Faulcon, carrying about 40 Guns, hath been lately cast away near Iviza, but the men all saved. The Spaniards have fallen into the Lower Navarre on the side of Fontarabia, and have made a great ravage in that Country.

Paris, February 12. The 31. of the last Month the Earl of *Ayrin*, Son of Duke *Hamilton*, Gentleman of the Bedchamber to His Majesty of Great Britain, and His Envoy Extraordinary, and Colonel *Finch*, Envoy from his Royal Highness, had their Audience of the Most Christian King, to whom they made His Majesty's and his Royal Highness's Compliments upon the Birth of the Duke of *Anjou*; after which they had likewise their Audiences of the Dauphin, the Dauphiness, &c. being conducted thereunto with the usual Ceremonies by Monsieur de *Boncuil*, Introdutor of Ambassadors. From *Lisbon* we have an account, that the Queen of *Portugal* died the 27th of the last Month at *Palbavam*. Some days ago arrived here an Envoy from *Algiers*, who it's said comes to demand a Peace. We are told that the Marschal de *Crequi* having received orders to return before *Duxembourg*, had in pursuance of them begun his march, but that the rigor of the season was such that he could not continue it, but was forced to put his Troops again into their quarters. A great many Troops march towards *Catalogne* and *Navarre*, and it's said they are to be commanded by the Marschal de *Schomberg* and the Marschal de *Belfonds*. The King's journey to *Compeigne* is, as we are told, put off till the 6th of the next Month. We have an account, that the Doge of *Venice* is dead; And that the Commissioners of that Republick signed the 19th of the last Month the League against the Turks.

The Letters from *Germany* tell us, that the Imperialists had defeated the Convoy which the Bassa of *Buda* was sending to *Newbeusel*, and that the loss of the Turks was very great.

Westminster, February 8. Yesterday a Tryal was had at the Kings Bench-Bar, upon an Information exhibited the last Term against Mr. *Laurence Braddon* and Mr. *Eugb Speke*; setting forth, That whereas the late Earl of *Essex* was committed to the Tower of London, for High-Treason in Conspiring the Death of the King, and the Subversion of the Government; and thereupon on the 13th of July last cut his own Throat, and was by Inquisition taken before the Coroner of the Liberty of the Tower, found *Felo de se*, The said *Braddon* and *Speke* to defame the Government, did conspire together by writing and otherwise, to spread a false and scandalous Report, That the said Earl was murdered by some persons about him; And endeavoured to Suborn Witnesses to testify the same. And upon a full examination of the Evidence on both sides, it did appear a most malicious, and scandalous contrivance and practice in the said *Braddon* and *Speke* to asperse the Government. And moreover it was clearly proved that the said Earl of *Essex* did cut his own Throat with a Razor in a Cloiet where two men could not turn round together. The Tryal having lasted till three a Clock in the afternoon, the Court rose, leaving the Jury to give in a Private Verdict to one of the Judges. And this morning the said Jury delivered their Verdict to the Court, which was, That the said *Braddon* was Guilty of the whole matter charged in the Information; and that *Speke* was Guilty of all the matter in the said Information; except the Subornation.

Whereas the Right Honourable the Lord Chief Justice and the rest of the Judges of the Court of Kings-Bench, have appointed Sir Samuel Altry and Mr. Livelay, to Mediate between the poor Prisoners in the Kings-Bench Prison, and their Creditors, to the intent that the Money which hath been Charitably given, may be applied so far as the same will extend, for the Release of the said Poor Prisoners, and some competent Satisfaction of their Creditors. This is to give Notice, That the said Sir Samuel Altry and Mr. Livelay, every day after the end of the Term, from Ten of the Clock to Eleven in the Forenoon, and from Four of the Clock to Five in the Afternoon, will be at the Kings-Bench Office in the Inner Temple, where the said Poor Prisoners by their Friends, and the said Creditors in Person, or by their Attorneys, are desired to attend. And it is hereby notified, that an Account will be hereafter published of such Moneys as hath or shall be given to this Charitable purpose, and of the disposal thereof.

Advertisements.

Declarations and Pleadings, Commenced and Entered upon Record, in the Court of Kings-Bench at Westminster, from the Twelfth, to the Four and Twentieth Year of the Reign of His Most Sacred Majesty King Charles the Second, in several Cases of great Importance, containing Variety of Learning, being drawn by the most Eminent Pleaders of this Age. Collected from the Manuscripts of J. Read, late of the Middle Temple, Gent. To which is added Choice Precedents of the same Court, to this present time. By R. A. Gent. Printed for G. Downes at the Three Flower de Lyfs's, and J. Wickins, at the White Hart in Fleet-street.

Preparations to a Holy Life: Or Devotions for Families and private Persons, with Directions suited to most Particular Cases. Also Meditations, Prayers, and Rules, for the more Pious observing the Holy time of Lent. By the Author of the Weeks Preparation to the Sacrament. Printed for Samuel Keble at the Turks-head in Fleet-street over against Fetter lane end.

Any Person to whose hands any Writings or Deeds are come that concern the Inheritance or Title of certain Lands lying in Twade in the County of Kent, of about 40 l. per annum value, late the Lands of William Sidley of Diggeswell in the County of Hartford Esq. and about five years last past were held in Joynure by his Widow; is desired to bring the said Writings to Mr. Roger Meredith, at his Lodgings in Gresham College, or to give directions where the said Deeds may be had, and they shall be by him gratified to their content.