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Stockholm, December 29.

HE Polish Envoy is still here, having been very well received at this Court; as to his demand of Succors, he has been answered in general rerms, and affored of this Kings readiness to contribute what lies in him to the happy Success of the War the Crown of Poland is now engaged in. The faid Envoy goes from hence to Denmark; He is making Preparations for his journey; And has been prelented by the King to the value of 2000 Crowns. His Majesty intends to take a Progress Northwards; which it's faid he will b gin the 15th of the next Month, he will visit the most considerable Places, and see the Copper Mines, but his chief design is to take a review of his Troops in those parts

Genous, Fanuary z. The last week Don Emanuel Coloma, the Spanish Resident, had an Audience of the Senate, to whom he communicated the refe lution the King his Master hath thought fit to take, of declaring War against the Crown of France. The Master of a small Vessel arrived here from the Coast of Barbary, reports that two Algerine Men of War were returned home with a French and a Spanish Prize; That they have sill eight Men of War abroad, and that those people continue resolute not to make a Peace with the French. From Thoulon we have advice, that a Squadron of Men of War is fitting out there against Spring, and that it will be commanded by Monseur du Quesne, being designed, as is faid, against the Algerifes. They write from Turin, that 1000 French Soldiers were arrived at Ca-

Jal to reinforce that Garison.

Venice, fanuary 8. On Wednesslay last parted from hence the Procurator Landi, being fent by this Schate to the Pope, to Negotiate some affairs of importance. The Prince of Saxony, Nephew to the Elector of that name, arrived here the last week; and the Duke of Mantua is expected the next, to partake of the divertisements of the Carnaval. Our Letters from Rome tell us, that the Pope had received the news of the King of Spains having declared War against France, with some trouble, his great design and endeavour being to compose the differences between these Crowns, as well as between the Empire and his Most Christian Majesty, that so there may be nothing to divert a vigorous profecution of the War against the Turks. These Letters farther tellus, that the Pope does very zealoufly labour to maintain a perfict Union and good Correspondence between the Emperor and the King of Poland; and that he has lattly written to them to exhort them to make the use they ought of the great Successes it has h pleased God to give unto their Arms, for the benefit of themselves and the com-mon Interests of Christendom. From Dalmatia

to be very troublesome to the Turks by their I :curlions, from whence they return for the must part with confiderable Booty Our Letters from Turkey only speak in general of the great Preparations that are misking there against Spring. The Grand Signior was returned to Adrianople, but the Visier continued on the Fro ties of Edurgury, being unwilling to trust himself at Court.

On Thursday last arri-Dantzicke, Fanuary ved here an Express with L trees to the Mag. strates. of this Ciry, which gave them an account, That the King of Poland arrived the at. of the la ' month at Cracow, with the Nobility that have attended him this last Campagne, and sev ral Regimerts of Hulfars, having left the rest of his Forces to Winter in the Opper Bungary. That the King had declared his resolution to hold a Dyer about the middle of the next Month, in order to the taking the necessary reiclutions for a vigorous profecution of the War. And that his Majefly had granted the Condi ions demanded by the Cottacks, to oblige them to ferre him in this Conjurcture, with the greater fidelity and affection, and that the rest of the Cossacks may be induced by their example, to feek the Protectif, h of the Crown of Poland. From Leopol and other places on that fide they write, that the Turks at Caminiec are in great fear of a Siege, not b ing provided for ir, and the late Successes of the Poles and the Costacks having very much added to the Consternation they were in before, We have not any account of what has been done in the Conferences between the Polish and Moscovite Commissioners for f tling the Limits between the two Crowns, but no doubt is made of the good Success of them, and that matters will be adjusted with murual fatl. faction. That which people with greater curioz fity enquire after, is the proposed All ance between the Emperor, Poland and Moscowy, in the Negotiation whereof some advices assure us, great progress is already made, while others give us real in to believe the Court of Moscowy is not enclined to a War at this time.

Postdam, fanuary 2. The Sicut de Groot, who is here in the quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Hamouer hath had I veral Co f rences with the Ministers of our Elector: It is believed that the chief Subject of his Negotiation is the Marriage of the Electoral Prince with the Prince's of Hanouer, which many look upon as good as con-cluded. The Count de Lamberg the Imperial Micluded. nister is suddenly expected at this Court! In the mean time our Elector has, as we are informed; written a Letter to the Emperor, wherein he re-presents to his Imperial Majesty, the reasons that do induce his Electoral Highness to be of opinion, that nothing is more to be defited for the fafety and prefervation of the Empire, than the Establishment of a firm Peace with the Grown of France, and that the conditions propoled by his most Chriwe have an account that the Morlaques continue! Rian Majefly ought to be accepted. And we are