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*Office of the Vice-Chamberlain to the Queen, Queen's-
House, St. James's, March 28, 1832.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Queen's Drawing-Rooms are postponed till further notice.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d day of *February* 1832,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, on the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and six, a proclamation was issued by Major-General Sir David Baird, then administering the Government of the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, respecting the duties to be levied on grain to be imported into the said colony; and whereas, on the thirtieth day of May one thousand eight hundred and six, a Government advertisement was published within the said colony, by order of the said Sir David Baird, respecting the duties of import and export to be levied within the said colony; and whereas, on the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and six, His late Majesty King George the Third, with the advice of His Privy Council, was pleased to make a certain Order respecting goods imported into the said colony from any other part of His Majesty's dominions; and whereas, on the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and

seven, His said late Majesty, by the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order respecting duties on goods imported into the said colony, not being the produce of the United Kingdom; and whereas, on the eighteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and seven, the Earl of Caledon, the then Governor of the said colony, in pursuance of the last mentioned Order in Council, issued a certain proclamation respecting the duties payable within the said colony, on foreign goods imported therein; and whereas, on the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine, His said late Majesty, by the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order respecting the duties on goods imported into the said colony in foreign and in British vessels; and whereas, in pursuance of the said Order in Council, the said Earl of Caledon published within the said colony a proclamation for carrying the same into effect; and whereas, on the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and eleven, a certain Government advertisement was published within the said colony, by command of the said Earl of Caledon, respecting the trade to be carried on between the said colony and New South Wales, and the island of Ceylon; and whereas, on the ninth of October one thousand eight hundred and eleven, Lieutenant-General Sir John Francis Craik, then administering the Government of the said colony, published a proclamation respecting the mode in which the amount of duties of import and export should be estimated within the said colony; and whereas, on

the eighteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and eleven, the said Sir John Cradock published a certain proclamation respecting the duties of export on all goods, the produce of the said colony; and whereas, on the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and eleven, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His said late Majesty, did, by the advice of His said late Majesty's Privy Council, make an Order respecting the resort of foreign vessels to the said colony; and whereas, on the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred and twelve, the said Sir John Cradock published within the said colony a certain Government advertisement, containing a copy of a letter addressed by the Secretary of the United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies, to their agent at the Cape of Good Hope, respecting the trade between that colony and the islands of Mauritius and Bourbon; and whereas, on the eighth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the said Sir John Cradock, in pursuance of a certain Order made in the preceding year by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His said late Majesty, and by the advice of His said late Majesty's Privy Council, did publish a certain proclamation respecting the duties on British goods imported into the said colony; and whereas, on the thirteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the said Sir John Cradock published a proclamation respecting the manner in which the import duties, payable on British goods imported into the said colony, were to be estimated; and whereas, on the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, Lieutenant-General Lord Charles Henry Somerset, the then Governor of the said colony, published a certain proclamation respecting the warehousing of goods imported into the said colony from the eastward; and whereas, on the twenty-first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset published a certain Government advertisement, respecting the exportation of East India goods from the said colony; and whereas, on the twenty-fourth day of September one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His said late Majesty, and with the advice of His said late Majesty's Privy Council, made an Order respecting the resort of foreign ships to the said colony, and respecting the exportation from the same of goods legally imported therein; and whereas, on the

twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset published a certain Government advertisement respecting the exportation of corn from the said colony; and whereas, on the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset published a certain Government advertisement respecting the trade between the British West Indies and the Cape of Good Hope; and whereas, on the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty, His late Majesty King George the Fourth, with the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order respecting the importation and exportation of goods at the colony of the Cape of Good Hope in the vessels of certain foreign nations; and whereas, on the fourteenth of November one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, with the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order respecting the duties to be levied on British goods imported into the said colony; and whereas, on the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset issued a proclamation respecting the warehousing and re-exportation of goods imported into the said colony from foreign countries; and whereas, on the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset issued a certain other proclamation respecting the duties to be thenceforth payable on all spirituous liquors imported into the said colony; and whereas, on the thirteenth day of November one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, the said Lord Charles Henry Somerset published a certain other proclamation respecting the duties to be thenceforth payable on spirituous liquors imported into the said colony, and respecting the re-exportation of the same; and whereas, on the nineteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, His late Majesty King George the Fourth, by the advice of His Privy Council, made a certain Order respecting the exportation from the colony of the Cape of Good Hope of goods imported into that colony from the eastward; and whereas, on the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, by the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order for continuing in force, until a further provision should be made in that behalf, all the laws which on the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five had been in force at the said colony of the

Cape of Good Hope for the regulation of the external trade thereof; and whereas on the sixteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, by the advice of his Privy Council, did make a certain Order, whereby it was declared what foreign powers had fulfilled the conditions prescribed by the statutes in that case made and provided, for the admission of the ships belonging to such foreign powers to trade with His Majesty's possessions abroad, upon the terms and subject to the restrictions in those statutes contained; and whereas, on the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, a certain ordinance was made by Major-General Bourke, the then Lieutenant-Governor of the said colony, in council, respecting the duties on the exportation of wines from the said colony; and whereas, on the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, a certain other ordinance was made by the said Major-General Bourke, in council, for regulating the importation and exportation of grain and flour; and whereas, on the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty, His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, by the advice of His Privy Council, made an Order respecting the resort of Austrian vessels to the British possessions abroad; and whereas, on the 5th day of November one thousand eight hundred and thirty, His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, made a certain Order respecting the resort of vessels belonging to the United States of America to the British possessions abroad; and whereas, by an Act passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted "that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders in Council to be issued from time to time, to give such directions and make such regulations touching the trade and commerce to and from any British possessions on or near the continent of Europe, or within the Mediterranean Sea, or in Africa, or within the limits of the East India Company's Charter, excepting the possessions of the said Company, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary;" and whereas, in order to the consolidation of the laws relating to the external trade of the said colony, and the rendering such laws more simple and effective, it is expedient that the various orders in council,

local ordinances, proclamations, Government advertisements, and all laws and enactments whatsoever (not made by His Majesty with the advice and consent of Parliament) for regulating the external trade of the said colony should be rescinded and repealed; His Majesty doth, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers so vested in him as aforesaid, by the said recited Act of Parliament, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, order, and it is hereby ordered, that all and every the Orders in Council before recited, in so far as such Orders, or any of them, relate to the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope, but no further, or otherwise, and all and every the before recited ordinances, proclamations, and Government advertisements, so made as aforesaid, by the successive Governors or Officers administering the government of the said colony, and all and every the laws and ordinances, orders and proclamations, Government advertisements, or legislative acts, of what nature or kind soever (not being Acts of Parliament), which, at the time of the promulgation of this present Order within the said colony, shall be in force therein for the regulation of the duties of customs payable upon the importation or exportation of goods, wares, and merchandize at the said colony, or for determining the rate of such duties, or for ascertaining what goods may be legally imported into, or exported from, the same: or respecting the tonnage or the national character of the ships or vessels in which any such importation or exportation may be made, or respecting the warehousing of goods imported into the said colony for re-exportation, shall be, and the same, and each and every of them, are and is hereby revoked, rescinded, and repealed; provided, nevertheless, and it is further ordered, that this present Order hath not, and shall not be deemed or be taken to have, the effect of reviving any law, ordinance, order in council, proclamation, or other enactment which may have been revoked, rescinded, or repealed, either in whole or in part, by any of the laws, ordinances, orders in council, proclamations, Government advertisements, and enactments which are or is revoked, rescinded, or repealed as aforesaid by this present Order; provided also, and it is further ordered, that nothing in this present Order contained shall prevent or interfere with the recovery of any duties which, at or immediately before the time of the promulgation hereof, may be owing by any person or persons to His Majesty, or of any fee of office which, at or immediately before that time, may be owing to

any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other officer, within the said colony, or of any fine, penalty, or forfeiture which, at or immediately before that time, may have been actually incurred, or of any debt which may then be due and owing by any person or persons, but that all such duties, fees of office, fines, penalties, forfeitures, and debts shall, from and after the promulgation of this present Order within the said colony, be recovered and recoverable, and shall remain due and exigible, in such and the same manner, and to such and the same extent in all respects, as if this present Order had not been made :

And it is further ordered, that the Governor, or the Officer for the time being administering the government of the said colony shall, and he is hereby required to promulgate this present Order, within one calendar month next after the receipt thereof by him, and this Order shall take effect within the said colony, and have the force of law there, upon, from, and after the date of such promulgation thereof as aforesaid, and not before :

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Viscount Goderich, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d day of *February* 1832,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, made in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders in Council, to be issued from time to time, to give such directions, and make such regulations, touching the trade and commerce to and from any British possessions on or near the continent of Europe, or within the Mediterranean Sea, or in Africa, or within the limits of the East India Company's Charter, excepting the possessions of the said Company, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary, and that if any goods shall be imported or exported in any manner contrary to any such Order of His Majesty in Council, the same shall be forfeited, together with the ship importing or exporting the same ;" and whereas His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, doth deem it expedient and salutary to make the several regulations hereinafter contained, touching the trade and commerce to and from His Majesty's colony of the Cape of Good Hope, His Majesty doth, therefore, with the advice of His Privy Council, and in pursuance and exercise of the powers so vested in him as aforesaid by the said recited Act of Parliament, order, and it is hereby ordered, that upon all goods, wares, and merchandize, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of any of His Majesty's possessions abroad, other than the possessions of the East India Company, imported into the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, for consumption, there shall be levied a duty at the rate of three pounds for every hundred pounds of the value thereof ; and that upon all goods, wares and merchandize, the growth, produce, or manufacture of any foreign state, or of the possessions of the East India Company, imported into the said colony, for consumption, there shall be levied a duty at and after the rate of ten pounds for every hundred pounds of the value thereof ; provided, nevertheless, and it is further ordered, that no such duty as aforesaid shall be levied upon any barrels or casks imported into the said colony, to be there sold or employed as wine barrels or as wine casks, or upon any hoops, staves, or headings imported into the said colony, to be there sold or employed for or in the making of any such wine barrels or wine casks, but that all such wine barrels, wine casks, hoops, staves, and headings, shall be importable, for the purposes aforesaid, into the said colony free of all duties whatsoever ; and whereas by the said recited Act, after reciting "that by the law of navigation, foreign ships are permitted to import into any of the British possessions abroad, from the countries to which they belong, goods the produce of those countries, and to export goods from such possessions, to be carried to any foreign country whatever ; and that it is expedient that such permission should be subject to certain conditions, it is enacted, that the privileges thereby granted to foreign ships shall be limited to the ships of those countries which, having colonial possessions, shall grant the like privileges of trading with those possessions to

" British ships, or which, not having colonial pos-
 " sessions, shall place the commerce and navigation
 " of this country and of its possessions abroad upon
 " the footing of the most favoured nation, unless
 " His Majesty, by His Order in Council, shall in any
 " case deem it expedient to grant the whole or any of
 " such privileges to the ships of any foreign country,
 " although the conditions aforesaid shall not in all
 " respects be fulfilled by such foreign country ;" and
 " whereas by an Act, passed in the seventh and
 " eighth years of the reign of His late Majesty King
 " George the Fourth, intituled " An Act to amend
 " the laws relating to the customs," after reciting so
 " much as is last hereinbefore recited of the Act so
 " passed as aforesaid in the sixth year of the reign of
 " His said late Majesty, and further reciting, " that
 " unless some period be limited for the fulfilment
 " by foreign countries of the conditions mentioned
 " and referred to in the said recited Act, the trade
 " and navigation of the United Kingdom, and of the
 " British possessions abroad, cannot be regulated by
 " fixed and certain rules, but will continue sub-
 " ject to changes dependent upon the laws from
 " time to time made in such foreign countries, it is
 " enacted that no foreign country shall thereafter
 " be deemed to have fulfilled the conditions so pre-
 " scribed as aforesaid, in and by the said Act, so
 " passed in the sixth year of His said late Majesty's
 " reign, as to be entitled to the privileges therein
 " mentioned, unless such foreign country had in all
 " respects fulfilled those conditions within twelve
 " months next after the passing of the said Act,
 " that is to say, on or before the fifth day of July
 " one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six ; and
 " for the better ascertaining what particular foreign
 " countries are permitted by law to exercise and
 " enjoy the said privileges, it is thereby further
 " enacted, that no foreign country shall thereafter
 " be deemed to have fulfilled the before mentioned
 " conditions, or to be entitled to the privileges afore-
 " said, unless and until His Majesty shall by some
 " Order or Orders to be by him made, by the advice
 " of His Privy Council, have declared that such
 " foreign country hath so fulfilled the said condi-
 " tions, and is entitled to the said privileges ; and
 " it is thereby further declared and enacted, that
 " nothing therein contained extends, or shall be con-
 " strued to extend, to make void or annul any Order
 " or Orders in Council theretofore issued under the
 " authority or in pursuance of the said recited Act,
 " or to take away or abridge the powers vested in

" His Majesty in and by the said Act, or any of
 " those powers, any thing therein contained to the
 " contrary in any wise notwithstanding ;" and
 " whereas His Majesty, by and with the advice of
 " His Privy Council, doth deem it expedient to grant
 " to the ships of all foreign countries in amity with
 " His Majesty, the privileges aforesaid, so far as
 " respects the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope,
 " His Majesty doth therefore, by the advice aforesaid,
 " declare and grant that it shall and may be lawful for
 " all foreign ships belonging to countries in amity with
 " His Majesty, to import into the colony of the Cape
 " of Good Hope from the countries to which they
 " respectively belong, goods the produce of those
 " respective countries, and to export goods from the
 " said colony of the Cape of Good Hope to be carried
 " to any foreign country whatever ; and whereas by
 " the said Act, so passed as aforesaid in the sixth
 " year of the reign of His late Majesty King George
 " the Fourth, various enactments are contained in the
 " words following : that is to say,

And be it further enacted, that no goods shall be
 imported into, nor shall any goods, except the pro-
 duce of the fisheries in British ships, be exported
 from, any of the British possessions in America by
 sea, from or to any place other than the United
 Kingdom, or some other of such possessions, except
 into or from the several ports in such possessions,
 called " Free Ports," enumerated or described in
 the table therein contained.

Provided always, that if His Majesty shall deem
 it expedient to extend the provisions of this Act to
 any port or ports not enumerated in the said table,
 it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in
 Council, to extend the provisions of this Act to such
 port or ports ; and from and after the day men-
 tioned in such Order in Council, all the privileges
 and advantages of this Act, and all the provisions,
 penalties, and forfeitures therein contained, shall
 extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to
 any such port or ports respectively, as fully as if the
 same had been inserted and enumerated in the said
 table at the time of passing this Act : provided also,
 that nothing herein-before contained shall extend to
 prohibit the exportation of the produce of the fish-
 eries from any ports or places in any of the said
 possessions in British ships, nor to prohibit the
 importation or exportation of goods, into or from any
 ports or places in Newfoundland or Labrador, in
 British ships.

And be it further enacted, that nothing contained
 in this Act, or any other Act passed in the present
 session of Parliament, shall extend to repeal or in
 any way alter or affect an Act passed in the fourth
 year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled
 " An Act to authorise His Majesty, under certain
 " circumstances, to regulate the duties and draw-
 " backs on goods imported or exported in foreign
 " vessels, and to exempt certain foreign vessels from
 " pilotage ;" nor to repeal or in any way alter or

And that an Act passed in the fifth year of the reign of His present Majesty, among other things, to amend the last mentioned Act, and that all trade and intercourse between the British possessions and all foreign countries shall be subject to the powers granted to His Majesty by those Acts.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, that until the expiration of ten years, to be computed from the twenty fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, every foreign ship which previous to that day had been engaged in trade between any of the British possessions in America, and other places in America, shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a ship of the country or place to which she had then belonged, if still belonging thereto; any thing in the law of navigation to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, that the several sorts of goods enumerated or described in the table following, denominated "A table of prohibitions and restrictions," are hereby prohibited to be imported or brought, either by sea or by inland carriage or navigation, into the British possessions in America or into the island of Mauritius, or shall be so imported or brought, only under the restrictions mentioned in such table, according as the several sorts of such goods are set forth therein; that is to say,

A Table of Prohibitions and Restrictions.

Gunpowder,	} except into Newfoundland.
Arms,	
Amunitions or utensils of war,	
Beef, fresh or salted,	
Pork,	} Prohibited to be imported, except from the United Kingdom, or from some other British possession.

Tea,	} Prohibited to be imported, except from the United Kingdom, or from some other British possession in America, unless by the East India Company, or with their licence.

Fish, dried or salted,	} Prohibited to be imported, except from the United Kingdom, or from some other British possession, or unless taken by British ships fitted out from the United Kingdom, or from some British possession, and brought in from the fishery, and except herrings from the Isle of Man, taken and cured by the inhabitants thereof.
Train oil, blubber, fins, or skins, the produce of creatures living in the sea,	

Base or counterfeit coin,	} Prohibited to be imported.
Books, such as are prohibited to be imported into the United Kingdom,	

And if any goods shall be imported or brought into any of the British possessions in America, or into the island of Mauritius, contrary to any of the prohibitions or restrictions mentioned in such table in respect of such goods, the same shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that all coffee, cocoa nuts, sugar, melasses, and rum (although the same

may be of the British plantations) imported into any of the British possessions in America, into which the like goods of foreign production can be legally imported, shall upon subsequent importation from thence into any of the British possessions in America, into which such goods, being of foreign production, cannot be legally imported, or into the island of Mauritius, or into the United Kingdom, be deemed to be of foreign production, and shall be liable, on such importation respectively, to the same duties or the same forfeitures, as articles of the like description, being of foreign production, would be liable to, unless the same shall have been warehoused under the provisions of this Act, and exported from the warehouse direct to such other British possession, or to the island of Mauritius, or to the United Kingdom, as the case may be.

And be it further enacted, that all sums of money granted or imposed by this Act, either as duties, penalties, or forfeitures, in the British possessions in America, shall be deemed and are hereby declared to be sterling money of Great Britain, and shall be collected, recovered, and paid to the amount of the value which such nominal sums bear in Great Britain; and that such monies may be received and taken according to the proportion and value of five shillings and six-pence the ounce in silver; and that all duties shall be paid and received in every part of the British possessions in America, according to British weights and measures in use at the time of passing of this Act, and that in all cases where such duties are imposed according to any specific quantify, or any specific value, the same shall be deemed to apply in the same proportion to any greater or less quantity or value; and that all such duties shall be under the management of the Commissioners of the Customs.

And be it further enacted, that the master of every ship arriving in any of the British possessions in America, or the island of Mauritius, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, whether laden or in ballast, shall come directly, and before bulk be broken, to the Custom-house for the port or district where he arrives, and there make a report upon oath in writing to the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, of the arrival and voyage of such ship, stating her name, country, and tonnage, and if British the port of registry, the name and country of the master, the country of the owners, the number of the crew, and how many are of the country of such ship, and whether she be laden or in ballast, and if laden, the marks, numbers, and contents of every package and parcel of goods on board, and where the same was laden, and where and to whom consigned, and where any and what goods, if any, had been unladen during the voyage, as far as any of such particulars can be known to him; and the master shall further answer upon oath all such questions concerning the ship, and the cargo and the crew and the voyage, as shall be demanded of him by such officer; and if any goods be unladen from any ship before such report be made, or if the master fail to make such report, or make an untrue report, or do not truly answer the questions demanded of him, he shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds; and if any goods be not reported, such goods shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that the master of every ship bound from any British possession in America, or the island of Mauritius, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, shall, before any goods be laden therein, deliver to the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, an entry outwards under his hand of the destination of such ship, stating her name, country, and tonnage, and if British the port of registry, the name and country of the master, the country of the owners, the number of the crew, and how many are of the country of such ship; and if any goods be laden on board any ship before such entry be made, the master of such ship shall forfeit the sum of fifty pounds; and before such ship depart, the master shall bring and deliver to the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, a content in writing under his hand of the goods laden, and the names of the respective shippers and consignees of the goods, with the marks and numbers of the packages or parcels of the same, and shall make oath to the truth of such content as far as any of such particulars can be known to him; and the master of every ship bound from any British possession in America, or from the island of Mauritius, or from the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, (whether in ballast or laden,) shall before departure come before the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, and answer upon oath all such questions concerning the ship and the cargo, if any, and the crew and the voyage, as shall be demanded of him by such officer; and thereupon the Collector and Controller, or other proper officer, if such ship be laden, shall make out and give to the master a certificate of the clearance of such ship for her intended voyage, containing an account of the total quantities of the several sorts of goods laden therein, or a certificate of her clearance in ballast, as the case may be; and if the ship shall depart without such clearance, or if the master shall deliver a false content, or shall not truly answer the questions demanded of him, he shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds.

And be it further enacted, that no goods shall be laden, or water-borne to be laden on board any ship, or unladen from any ship in any of the British possessions in America, or the island of Mauritius, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, until due entry shall have been made of such goods, and warrant granted for the lading or unlading of the same; and that no goods shall be so laden or water-borne, or so unladen, except at some place at which an officer of the customs is appointed to attend the lading and unlading of goods, or at some place for which a sufferance shall be granted by the Collector and Controller for the lading and unlading of such goods; and that no goods shall be so laden or unladen except in the presence or with the permission in writing of the proper officer: provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs to make and appoint such other regulations for the carrying coastwise of any goods, or for the removing of any goods for shipment, as to them shall appear expedient; and that all goods laden, water-borne, or unladen, contrary to the regulations of this Act, or contrary to any regulations so made and appointed, shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that the person enter-

ing any such goods shall deliver to the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, a bill of the entry thereof, fairly written in words at length, containing the name of the exporter or importer, and of the ship, and of the master, and of the place to or from which bound, and of the place within the port where the goods are to be laden or unladen, and the particulars of the quality and quantity of the goods, and the packages containing the same, and the marks and numbers on the packages, and such person shall at the same time pay down all duties due upon the goods, and the Collector and Controller, or other proper officer, shall thereupon grant their warrant for the lading or unlading of such goods.

And be it further enacted, that if the importer of any goods shall declare upon oath before the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, that he cannot, for want of full information, make perfect entry thereof, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to receive an entry by bill of sight for the packages or parcels of such goods, by the best description which can be given, and to grant a warrant thereupon, in order that the same may be landed and secured to the satisfaction of the officer of the customs, and at the expence of the importer, and may be seen and examined by such importer, in the presence of the proper officers; and within three days after the goods shall have been so landed, the importer shall make a perfect entry thereof, and pay down all duties due thereon; and in default of such entry, such goods shall be taken to the King's warehouse, and if the importer shall not, within one month after such landing, make perfect entry of such goods, and pay the duties due thereon, together with charges of removal and warehouse rent, such goods shall be sold for the payment thereof, and the overplus, if any, shall be paid to the proprietor of the goods.

And be it further enacted, that in all cases where the duties imposed by this Act upon the importation of articles into His Majesty's possessions in America, or the island of Mauritius, are charged, not according to the weight, tale, gauge, or measure, but according to the value thereof, such value shall be ascertained by the declaration of the importer of such articles, or his known agent, in manner and form following; that is to say,

"I, *A. B.* do hereby declare, that the articles mentioned in the entry, and contained in the packages [*here specifying the several packages, and describing the several marks and numbers, as the case may be*] are of the value of
 Witness my hand the day of *A. B.*
 "The above declaration, signed the day
 "of in the presence of *C. D.* Collector,
 "[or other principal officer.]"

Which declaration shall be written on the bill of entry of such articles, and shall be subscribed with the hand of the importer thereof, or his known agent, in the presence of the Collector or other principal officer of the customs at the port of importation; provided that if upon view and examination of such articles by the proper officer of the customs, it shall appear to him that the said articles are not valued according to the true price or value thereof, and according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, then and in such case the importer, or his known

agent, shall be required to declare on oath before the Collector or Controller what is the invoice price of such articles, and that he verily believes such invoice price is the current value of the articles at the place from whence the said articles were imported; and such invoice price, with the addition of ten pounds per centum thereon, shall be deemed to be the value of the articles, in lieu of the value so declared by the importer or his known agent, and upon which the duties imposed by this Act shall be charged and paid: provided also, that if it shall appear to the Collector and Controller, or other proper officer, that such articles have been invoiced below the real and true value thereof, at the place from whence the same were imported, or if the invoice price is not known, the articles shall in such case be examined by two competent persons, to be nominated and appointed by the Governor or Commander-in-Chief of the colony, plantation, or island, into which the said articles are imported, and such person shall declare on oath before the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, what is the true and real value of such articles in such colony, plantation, or island, and the value so declared on the oaths of such persons shall be deemed to be the true and real value of such articles, and upon which the duties imposed by this Act shall be charged and paid.

And be it further enacted, that if the importer of such articles shall refuse to pay the duties hereby imposed thereon, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or other chief officer of the customs where such articles shall be imported, and he is hereby respectively required to take and secure the same, with the casks or other package thereof, and to cause the same to be publicly sold within the space of twenty days at the most after such refusal made, and at such time and place as such officer shall, by four or more days public notice, appoint for that purpose, which articles shall be sold to the best bidder; and the money arising from the sale thereof shall be applied in the first place in payment of the said duties, together with the charges that shall have been occasioned by the said sale, and the overplus, if any, shall be paid to such importer or proprietor, or any other person authorised to receive the same.

And be it further enacted, that every importer of any goods shall, within twenty days after the arrival of the importing ship, make due entry inwards of such goods, and land the same; and in default of such entry and landing, it shall be lawful for the officers of the customs to convey such goods to the King's warehouse; and if the duties due upon such goods be not paid within three months after such twenty days shall have expired, together with all charges of removal and warehouse rent, the same shall be sold, and the produce thereof shall be applied first to the payment of freight and charges, next of duties, and the overplus, if any, shall be paid to the proprietor of the goods.

And be it further enacted, that no goods shall be imported into any British possession as being imported from the United Kingdom, or from any other British possession (if any advantage attach to such distinction), unless such goods appear upon the caskets or other proper documents for the same to have been duly cleared outwards at the port of exportation in the United Kingdom, or in such other

British possession, nor unless the ground upon which such advantage be claimed be stated in such casket or document.

And be it further enacted, that no entry, nor any warrant for the landing of any goods, or for the taking of any goods out of any warehouse, shall be deemed valid, unless the particulars of the goods and packages in such entry shall correspond with the particulars of the goods and packages purporting to be the same in the report of the ship, or in the certificate or other document, where any is required, by which the importation or entry of such goods is authorised, nor unless the goods shall have been properly described in such entry by the denominations, and with the characters and circumstances, according to which such goods are charged with duty, or may be imported; and any goods taken or delivered out of any ship or out of any warehouse by virtue of any entry or warrant not corresponding or agreeing in all such respects, or not properly describing the same, shall be deemed to be goods landed or taken without due entry thereof, and shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that before any sugar, coffee, cocoa nuts, spirits, or mahogany shall be shipped for exportation in any British possession in America, or in the island of Mauritius, as being the produce of such possession or of such island, the proprietor of the estate on which such goods were produced, or his known agent, shall make and sign an affidavit in writing before the Collector or Controller at the port of exportation, or before one of His Majesty's justices of the peace, or other officer duly authorised to administer such oath, residing in or near the place where such estate is situated, declaring that such goods are the produce of such estate; and such affidavit shall set forth the name of the estate, and the description and quantity of the goods, and the packages containing the same, with the marks and numbers thereon, and the name of the person to whose charge at the place of shipment they are to be sent; and if any justice of the peace, or other officer aforesaid, shall subscribe his name to any writing, purporting to be such affidavit, unless the person purporting to make such affidavit shall actually appear before him, and be sworn to the truth of the same, such justice of the peace, or officer aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for any such offence the sum of fifty pounds; and the person entering and shipping such goods, shall deliver such affidavit to the Collector or Controller, or other proper officer, and shall make oath before him that the goods which are to be shipped by virtue of such entry are the same as are mentioned in such affidavit, and the master of the ship in which such goods shall be laden shall, before clearance, make oath before the Collector or Controller, that the goods shipped by virtue of such entry are the same as are mentioned and intended in such affidavit, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and thereupon the Collector and Controller, or other proper officer, shall sign and give to the master a certificate of production, stating that proof has been made, in manner required by law, that such goods (describing the same), are the produce of such British possession, or of such island, and setting forth in such certificate the name of the exporter, and of the exporting ship, and of the master thereof, and the destination of the

goods; and if any sugar, coffee, cocoa nuts, or spirits be imported into any British possession in America, or into the island of Mauritius, as being the produce of some other such possession, or of such island, without such certificate of production, the same shall be forfeited; and if any mahogany be so imported, the same shall be deemed to be of foreign production.

And be it further enacted, that before any sugar, coffee, cocoa nuts, spirits, or mahogany, shall be shipped for exportation in any British possession in America, as being the produce of some other such possession, or of the island of Mauritius, or shall be so shipped in the said island as being the produce of some British possession in America, the person exporting the same shall in the entry outwards state the place of the production, and refer to the entry inwards and landing of such goods, and shall make oath before the Collector or Controller to the identity of the same; and thereupon, if such goods shall have been duly imported with a certificate of production, within twelve months prior to the shipping for exportation, the Collector and Controller shall sign and give to the master a certificate of production founded upon and referring to the certificate of production under which such goods had been so imported, and containing the like particulars, together with the date of such importation.

And whereas it is expedient to constitute and appoint some of the free ports in America to be free warehousing ports, for all goods which may be legally imported into the said ports respectively; and it is also expedient to empower His Majesty to constitute and appoint from time to time any other ports in any of the said British possessions in America to be in like manner free warehousing ports for such goods as may be legally imported into such ports respectively; and it is therefore necessary to make regulations for the appointing of proper warehouses at such ports, and for the lodging and securing of goods therein; be it therefore enacted, that the several ports hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, Kingston in the island of Jamaica, Halifax in Nova Scotia, Quebec in Canada, St. John's in New Brunswick, and Bridge Town in the island of Barbadoes, shall be free warehousing ports for the purposes of this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the several Collectors and Controllers of the said ports respectively, by notice in writing under their hand, to appoint from time to time such warehouses, at such ports respectively as shall be approved of by them, for the free warehousing and securing of goods therein, for the purposes of this Act, and also in such notice to declare what sorts of goods may be so warehoused, and also, by like notice, to revoke or alter any such appointment or declaration: provided always, that every such notice shall be transmitted to the Governor of the place, and shall be published in such manner as he shall direct.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the importer of any such goods into the said ports, to warehouse the same in the warehouses so appointed, without payment of any duty on the first entry thereof, subject, nevertheless, to the rules, regulations, restrictions, and conditions hereinafter contained.

And be it further enacted, that all goods so ware-

housed shall be stowed in such parts or divisions of the warehouse, and in such manner as the Collector and Controller shall direct; and that the warehouse shall be locked and secured in such manner, and shall be opened and visited only at such time, and in the presence of such officers, and under such rules and regulations as the Collector and Controller shall direct; and that all such goods shall, after being landed upon importation, be carried to the warehouse, or shall, after being taken out of the warehouse for exportation, be carried to be shipped, under such rules and regulations as the Collector and Controller shall direct.

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry of any goods to be warehoused, the importer of such goods, instead of paying down the duties due thereon, shall give bond with two sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the Collector or Controller, in treble the duties payable on such goods, with condition for the safe depositing of such goods in the warehouse mentioned in such entry, and for the payment of all duties due upon such goods, or for the exportation thereof, according to the first account taken of such goods upon the landing of the same; and with further condition, that no part thereof shall be taken out of such warehouse until cleared from thence upon due entry and payment of duty, or upon due entry for exportation; and with further condition, that the whole of such goods shall be so cleared from such warehouse; and the duties, upon any deficiency of the quantity according to such first account, shall be paid within two years from the date of the first entry thereof; and if after such bond shall have been given, the goods, or any part thereof, shall be sold or disposed of, so that the original bond shall be no longer interested in, or have controul over the same, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to admit fresh security to be given by the bond of the new proprietor, or other person having controul over such goods, with his sufficient sureties, and to cancel the bond given by the original bond of such goods, or to exonerate him to the extent of the fresh security so given.

And be it further enacted, that if any goods which have been entered to be warehoused shall not be duly carried and deposited in the warehouse, or shall afterwards be taken out of the warehouse without due entry and clearance, or having been entered and cleared for exportation from the warehouse, shall not be duly carried and shipped, or shall afterwards be reloaded, except with permission of the proper officer of the customs, such goods shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry and landing of any goods to be warehoused, the proper officer of the customs shall take a particular account of the same, and shall mark the contents on each package, and shall enter the same in a book to be kept for that purpose; and no goods which have been so warehoused shall be taken or delivered from the warehouse, except upon due entry, and under care of the proper officers for exportation, or upon due entry and payment of duty for home use; and whenever the whole of the goods warehoused under any entry shall be cleared from the warehouse, or whenever further time shall be granted for any such goods to remain warehoused, an account shall be made out of the quantity upon which the duties have

been paid, and of the quantity exported, and of the quantity (to be then ascertained) of the goods still remaining in the warehouse, as the case may be, deducting from the whole the quantity contained in any whole packages (if any) which may have been abandoned, for the duties; and if upon such account there shall in either case appear to be any deficiency of the original quantity, the duty payable upon the amount of such deficiency shall then be paid.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller, under such regulations as they shall see fit, to permit moderate samples to be taken of any goods so warehoused without entry, and without payment of duty, except as the same shall eventually become payable, as on a deficiency of the original quantity.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller, under such regulations as they shall see fit, to permit the proprietor, or other person having controul over any goods so warehoused, to sort, separate, and pack and repack any such goods, and to make such lawful alterations therein, or arrangements and assortments thereof, as may be necessary for the preservation of such goods, or in order to the sale, shipment, or legal disposal of the same; and also to permit any parts of such goods so separated to be destroyed, but without prejudice to the claim for duty upon the whole original quantity of such goods: provided always, that it shall be lawful for any person to abandon any whole packages to the officers of the customs for the duties, without being liable to any duty upon the same.

And be it further enacted, that all goods which have been so warehoused shall be duly cleared, either for exportation or for home consumption, within two years from the day of the first entry thereof; and if any such goods be not so cleared it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to cause the same to be sold, and the produce shall be applied, first to the payment of the duties, next of warehouse rent and other charges, and the overplus (if any) shall be paid to the proprietor: provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Collector and Controller to grant further time for any such goods to remain warehoused, if they shall see fit so to do.

And be it further enacted, that upon the entry outwards of any goods to be exported from the warehouse the person entering the same shall give security by bond, in treble the duties of importation on the quantity of such goods, with two sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Collector or Controller, that the same shall be landed at the place for which they be entered outwards, or be otherwise accounted for to the satisfaction of the Collector and Controller.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty in Council from time to time to appoint any port in His Majesty's possessions in America, to be a free warehousing port for the purposes of this Act; and every such port so appointed by His Majesty shall be a free warehousing port under this Act as if appointed by the same, in as full and ample a manner, in all respects, as any of the ports herein-before mentioned are free warehousing ports appointed by this Act.

And whereas it is expedient that all duties and

regulations, relating to importation and exportation into and from His Majesty's islands in the West Indies, should be extended to the island of Mauritius; be it therefore enacted, that all goods, wares, and merchandize, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the island of Mauritius, and all goods, wares, and merchandize which shall have been imported into the said island of Mauritius, and which shall be imported into any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or into any possessions of of His Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall be liable, upon such importation into the United Kingdom, or into any such possessions respectively, to the payment of the same duties, and shall be subject to the same regulations as the like goods, wares, and merchandize, being of the growth, produce, or manufacture of His Majesty's islands in the West Indies, and imported into the said United Kingdom, or into any such possessions respectively, would on such importation be liable to the payment of or would be subject unto; and that upon the exportation of any goods, wares, or merchandize from the United Kingdom to the island of Mauritius, such goods, wares, or merchandize shall be liable to the same duties, and shall be entitled to the like drawbacks respectively, as would or ought by law to be charged or allowed upon the like goods, exported from the United Kingdom to any of His Majesty's islands in the West Indies; and that all goods, wares, and merchandize which shall be imported into or exported from the said island of Mauritius, from or to any place whatever, other than the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall, upon such importation or exportation respectively, be liable to the payment of the same duties, and shall be subject to the same regulations, so far as any such regulations can or may be applied, as the like goods, wares, and merchandize would be liable to the payment of, or would be subject to, upon importation or exportation into or from any of His Majesty's islands in the West Indies; and that all ships and vessels whatever, which shall arrive at or depart from the said island of Mauritius, shall be liable to the payment of the same duties, and shall be subject to the same regulations, as such ships or vessels would be liable to the payment of, or would be subject to, if arriving at or departing from any of His Majesty's islands in the West Indies.

And be it further enacted, that all laws, bye laws, usages, or customs at this time, or which hereafter shall be in practice, or endeavoured or pretended to be in force or practice, in any of the British possessions in America, which are in anywise repugnant to this Act, or to any Act of Parliament made, or hereafter to be made, in the United Kingdom, so far as such Act shall relate to and mention the said possessions, are and shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the officers of customs to go on board any ship in any port in any British possession in America, and to rummage and search all parts of such ship for prohibited and uncustomed goods, and also to go on board any ship hovering within one league of any of the coasts thereof, and in either case freely to stay on board such ship so long as she shall remain in such port, or within such distance; and if any such

ship be bound elsewhere, and shall continue so hovering for the space of twenty-four hours after the master shall have been required to depart, it shall be lawful for the officer of the customs to bring such ship into port, and to search and examine her cargo, and to examine the master upon oath touching the cargo and voyage, and if there be any goods on board prohibited to be imported into such possession, such ship and her cargo shall be forfeited; and if the master shall not truly answer the questions which shall be demanded of him in such examination, he shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds.

And be it further enacted, that all vessels, boats, and carriages, and all cattle made use of in the removal of any goods liable to forfeiture under this Act, shall be forfeited, and every person who shall assist or be otherwise concerned in the unshipping, landing or removal, or in the harbouring of such goods, or into whose hands or possession the same shall knowingly come, shall forfeit the treble value thereof, or the penalty of one hundred pounds, at the election of the officers of the customs; and the averment in any information or libel to be exhibited for the recovery of such penalty, that the officer proceeding has elected to sue for the sum mentioned in the information, shall be deemed sufficient proof of such election, without any other or further evidence of such fact.

And be it further enacted, that all goods, and all ships, vessels, and boats, and all carriages, and all cattle liable to forfeiture under this Act, shall and may be seized and secured by any officer of the customs or navy, or by any person employed for that purpose, by or with the concurrence of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs; and every person who shall in any way hinder, oppose, molest, or obstruct any officer of the customs or navy, or any person so employed as aforesaid, in the exercise of his office, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of two hundred pounds.

And be it further enacted, that under authority of a writ of assistance granted by the superior or supreme court of justice, or court of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction in the place (who are hereby authorised and required to grant such writ of assistance, upon application made to them for that purpose by the principal officers of His Majesty's customs), it shall be lawful for any officer of the customs, taking with him a peace officer, to enter any building or other place in the daytime, and to search for and seize and secure any goods liable to forfeiture under this Act; and in case of necessity, to break open any doors and any chests or other packages for that purpose; and such writ of assistance, when issued, shall be deemed to be in force during the whole of the reign in which the same shall have been granted, and for twelve months from the conclusion of such reign.

And be it further enacted, that if any person shall by force or violence assault, resist, oppose, molest, hinder, or obstruct any officer of the customs or navy, or other person employed as aforesaid, in the exercise of his office, or any person acting in his aid or assistance, such person, being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall be proceeded

against as such, and punished at the discretion of the court before whom such person shall be tried.

And be it further enacted, that all things which shall be seized as being liable to forfeiture under this Act, shall be taken forthwith and delivered into the custody of the Collector and Controller of the Customs at the Custom-house next to the place where the same were seized, who shall secure the same by such means and in such manner as shall be provided and directed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs.

And be it further enacted, that all things which shall have been condemned as forfeited under this Act shall, under the direction of the Collector and Controller or other principal officer of the customs at the port where such seizures shall have been secured, be sold by public auction to the best bidder; provided, always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs to direct in what manner the produce of such sale shall be applied, or in lieu of such sale, to direct that any of such things shall be destroyed or shall be reserved for the public service.

And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures which may have been heretofore or may be hereafter incurred, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in any court of record or of vice-admiralty, having jurisdiction in the colony or plantation where the cause of prosecution arises, and in cases where there shall happen to be no such courts, then in any court of record or of vice-admiralty having jurisdiction in some British colony or plantation near to that where the cause of prosecution arises; provided that in cases where a seizure is made in any other colony than that where the forfeiture accrues, such seizure may be prosecuted in any court of record or of vice-admiralty having jurisdiction either in the colony or plantation where the forfeiture accrues, or in the colony or plantation where the seizure is made, at the election of the seizer or prosecutor; and in cases where there shall happen to be no such courts in either of the last-mentioned colonies or plantations, then in the court of record or of vice-admiralty having jurisdiction in some British colony or plantation near to that where the forfeiture accrues, or to that where the seizure is made, at the election of the seizer or prosecutor.

And be it further enacted, that if any goods or any ship or vessel shall be seized as forfeited under this Act, or any Act hereafter to be made, and detained in any of the British possessions in America, it shall be lawful for the judge or judges of any court having jurisdiction to try and determine such seizures, with the consent of the Collector and Controller of the Customs, to order the delivery thereof on security by bond, with two sufficient sureties, to be first approved by such Collector and Controller, to answer double the value of the same in case of condemnation; and such bond shall be taken to the use of His Majesty in the name of the Collector of the Customs in whose custody the goods or the ship or vessel may be lodged, and such bond shall be delivered and kept in the joint custody of such Collector and his Controller, and in case the goods or the ship or vessel shall be condemned, the value thereof shall be paid into the hands of such Collector, who shall

thereupon, with the consent or privity of his Controller, cancel such bond.

And be it further enacted, that no suit shall be commenced for the recovery of any penalty or forfeiture under this Act, except in the name of some superior officer of the customs or navy, or other person employed as herein-before mentioned, or of His Majesty's Advocate or Attorney-General for the place where such suit shall be commenced; and if a question shall arise whether any person is an officer of the customs or navy, or such other person as aforesaid, *vidæ voce* evidence may be given of such fact, and shall be deemed legal and sufficient evidence.

And be it further enacted, that if any goods shall be seized for non-payment of duties, or any other cause of forfeiture, and any dispute shall arise, whether the duties have been paid for the same, or the same have been lawfully imported, or lawfully laden or exported, the proof thereof shall lie on the owner or claimer of such goods, and not on the officer who shall seize and stop the same.

And be it further enacted, that no claim to any thing seized under this Act, and returned into any of His Majesty's courts for adjudication, shall be admitted, unless such claim be entered in the name of the owner, with his residence and occupation, nor unless oath to the property in such thing be made by the owner, or by his attorney or agent by whom such claim shall be entered, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and every person making a false oath thereto shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to the pains and penalties to which persons are liable for a misdemeanor.

And be it further enacted, that no person shall be admitted to enter a claim to any thing seized in pursuance of this Act, and prosecuted in any of the British possessions in America, until sufficient security shall have been given, in the court where such seizure is prosecuted, in a penalty not exceeding sixty pounds, to answer and pay the costs occasioned by such claim; and in default of giving such security, such things shall be adjudged to be forfeited, and shall be condemned.

And be it further enacted, that no writ shall be sued out against, nor a copy of any process served upon any officer of the customs or navy, or other person as aforesaid, for any thing done in the exercise of his office, until one calendar month after notice in writing shall have been delivered to him, or left at his usual place of abode, by the attorney or agent to the party who intends to sue out such writ or process; in which notice shall be clearly and explicitly contained the cause of the action, the name and place of abode of the person who is to bring such action, and the name and place of abode of the attorney or agent; and no evidence of the cause of such action shall be produced, except of such as shall be contained in such notice, and no verdict shall be given for the plaintiff, unless he shall prove on the trial that such notice was given; and in default of such proof, the defendant shall receive in such action a verdict and costs.

And be it further enacted, that every such action shall be brought within three calendar months after the cause thereof, and shall be laid and tried in the

place or district where the facts were committed, and the defendant may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuited, or shall discontinue the action, or if upon a verdict or demurrer, judgment shall be given against the plaintiff, the defendant shall receive treble costs, and have such remedy for the same as any defendant can have in other cases where costs are given by law.

And be it further enacted, that in case any information or suit shall be brought to trial on account of any seizure made under this Act, and a verdict shall be found for the claimant thereof, and the judge or court before whom the cause shall have been tried, shall certify on the record that there was probable cause of seizure, the claimant shall not be entitled to any costs of suit, nor shall the person who made such seizure be liable to any action, indictment, or other suit or prosecution, on account of such seizure; and if any action, indictment, or other suit or prosecution shall be brought to trial against any person on account of such seizure, wherein a verdict shall be given against the defendant, the plaintiff, besides the thing seized, or the value thereof, shall not be entitled to more than two-pence damages, nor to any costs of suit, nor shall the defendant in such prosecution be fined more than one shilling.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for such officer, within one calendar month after such notice, to tender amends to the party complaining, or his agent, and to plead such tender in bar to any action, together with other pleas; and if the jury shall find the amends sufficient, they shall give a verdict for the defendant; and in such case, or in case the plaintiff shall become nonsuited, or shall discontinue his action, or judgment shall be given for the defendant upon demurrer, then such defendant shall be entitled to the like costs as he would have been entitled to in case he had pleaded the general issue only: provided always, that it shall be lawful for such defendant, by leave of the court where such action shall be brought, at any time before issue joined, to pay money into court as in other actions.

And be it further enacted, that in any such action, if the judge, or court before whom such action shall be tried, shall certify upon the record that the defendant or defendants in such action acted upon probable cause, then the plaintiff in such action shall not be entitled to more than two-pence damages, nor to any costs of suit.

And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures recovered in any of the British possessions in America under this Act, shall be divided, paid, and applied as follows; that is to say, after deducting the charges of prosecution from the produce thereof, one-third part of the net produce shall be paid into the hands of the Collector of His Majesty's Customs at the port or place where such penalties or forfeitures shall be recovered for the use of His Majesty; one-third part to the Governor or Commander in Chief of the said colony or plantation, and the other third part to the person who shall seize, inform, and sue for the same; excepting such seizures as shall be made at sea by the commanders or officers of His Majesty's ships-of-war, duly authorised to make

seizures, one moiety of which seizures and of the penalties and forfeitures recovered thereon, first deducting the charges of prosecution from the gross produce thereof, shall be paid as aforesaid to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs, to and for the use of His Majesty, and the other moiety to him or them who shall seize, inform, and sue for the same, any law, custom, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding; subject, nevertheless, to such distribution of the produce of the seizures so made at sea, as well with regard to the moiety herein-before granted to His Majesty, as with regard to the other moiety given to the seizer or prosecutor, as His Majesty shall think fit to order and direct by any Order or Orders of Council, or by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be made for that purpose.

And be it further enacted, that all actions or suits for the recovery of any of the penalties or forfeitures imposed by this Act may be commenced or prosecuted at any time within three years after the offence committed, by reason whereof such penalty or forfeiture shall be incurred; any law, usage, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, that no appeal shall be prosecuted from any decree or sentence of any of His Majesty's courts in America, touching any penalty or forfeiture imposed by this Act, unless the inhibition shall be applied for and decreed within twelve months from the time when such decree or sentence was pronounced.

And be it further enacted, that all persons authorized to make seizures under an Act, passed in the fifth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the abolition of the Slave-trade," shall, in making and prosecuting any such seizures, have the benefit of all the provisions granted to persons authorized to make seizures under this Act.

And be it further enacted, that all penalties and forfeitures created by the said Act, passed in the fifth year of His present Majesty, whether pecuniary or specific, shall (except in cases specially provided for by the said Act), go and belong to such persons as are authorized by that Act to make seizures, in such shares, and shall and may be sued for and prosecuted, tried, recovered, distributed, and applied in such and the like manner, and by the same ways and means, and subject to the same rules and directions, as any penalties and forfeitures incurred in Great Britain and in the British possessions in America respectively now go and belong to, and may be sued, prosecuted, tried, recovered, and distributed respectively in Great Britain, or in the said possessions, under and by virtue of this Act.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for the East India Company to trade in and export from any place within the limits of their charter, any goods for the purpose of being carried to some of His Majesty's possessions in America, and so to carry and to import the same into any of such possessions; and also to carry return cargoes from such possessions to any place within the limits of their charter, or to the United Kingdom; and that it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's subjects, with the licence in writing granted by or under the authority of the said company, to lade in and export from any

of the dominions of the Emperor of China any goods, and to lade in and export from any place within the limits of the said company's charter any tea, for the purpose of being carried to some of His Majesty's possessions in America, and also so to carry and to import the same into any of such possessions.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for any person, being the shipper of any sugar, the produce of some British possession within the limits of the East India Company's charter, to be exported from any place in such possession, to go before the Collector or Controller, or other chief officer of the customs at such place, or if there be no such officer of the customs, to go before the principal officer of such place, or the judge or commercial resident of the district, and make and sign an affidavit before him, that such sugar was really and bona fide the produce of such British possession, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and such officer, judge, or resident is hereby authorized and required to administer such affidavit, and to grant a certificate thereof, setting forth in such certificate the name of the ship in which the sugar is to be exported, and the destination of the same.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawful for any person who is about to export from any of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, to the United Kingdom, or to any of the British possessions in America, any goods of the growth or produce of any of those islands, or any goods manufactured from materials which were the growth or produce thereof, or of the United Kingdom, to go before any magistrate of the island from which the goods are to be exported, and make and sign before him an affidavit that such goods, describing the same, are of such growth or produce, or of such manufacture, and such magistrate shall administer and sign such affidavit; and thereupon the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief of the island from which the goods are to be exported shall, upon the delivery to him of such affidavit, grant a certificate under his hand of the proof contained in such affidavit, stating the ship in which, and the port to which, in the United Kingdom, or in any such possession, the goods are to be exported; and such certificate shall be the proper document to be produced at such ports respectively, in proof that the goods mentioned therein are of the growth, produce, or manufacture of such islands respectively.

And be it further enacted, that it shall not be lawful to import into any of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, any tea nor any tobacco, except from the United Kingdom; and if any tea or any tobacco shall be brought into any of the said islands from any other place than from the United Kingdom, or not having been duly entered and cleared in the United Kingdom to be exported to such island, the same shall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, that no brandy, Geneva, or other spirits, except rum of the British plantations, shall be imported into or exported from the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or either of them, or removed from any one to any other of the said islands, or coastwise from any one part to any

other part of either of the said islands, or shall be shipped in order to be so removed or carried, or shall be waterborne, for the purpose of being so shipped in any ship, vessel, or boat of less burthen than one hundred tons, nor in any cask or package of less size or content than forty gallons; nor any tobacco or snuff, in any ship, vessel, or boat of less burthen than one hundred tons; nor in any cask or package containing less than four hundred and fifty pounds weight (save and except any such spirits or loose tobacco as shall be for the use of the seamen belonging to and on board any such ship, vessel, or boat, not exceeding two gallons of the former, and five pounds weight of the latter, for each seaman; and also except such manufactured tobacco or snuff as shall have been duly exported as merchandize from Great Britain or Ireland), nor shall any wine be imported into or exported from the said islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, or either of them, or carried from any one of the said islands to any other thereof, or coastwise, from any one part to any other part of the said islands, or be shipped, or waterborne for the purpose of being shipped in any ship, vessel, or boat of less burthen than sixty tons, or in any cask containing less than twenty gallons, or any package containing less than three dozen reputed quart bottles, or six dozen reputed pint bottles, on pain of forfeiture of all such foreign brandy, Geneva, or other spirits, tobacco, snuff, or wine respectively, together with the casks or packages containing the same; and also every such ship, vessel, or boat, together with all the guns, furniture, and ammunition, tackle, and apparel thereof.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to subject to forfeiture or seizure, under any of the provisions of this Act, any boat not exceeding the burthen of ten tons, for having on board at any one time any foreign spirits of the quantity of ten gallons or under, in casks or packages of less size or content than forty gallons; or any tobacco, snuff, or tea, not exceeding fifty pounds weight of each, for the supply of the said island of Sark, such boat having a licence from the proper officer of customs at either of the islands of Guernsey or Jersey, and for the purpose of being employed in carrying commodities for the supply of the said island of Sark, which licence such officer of customs is hereby required to grant, without taking any fee or reward for the same: provided always, that every such boat having on board at any one time any greater quantity of spirits than ten gallons, or any greater quantity of tobacco or snuff than fifty pounds weight of each of the said articles, unless such greater quantity of spirits, tobacco, or snuff, shall be in casks or packages of the size, content, or weight herein-before required, or having on board at any one time any greater quantity of tea than fifty pounds weight, shall be forfeited.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to prevent the importation into, or exportation from, the said islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, or either of them, of any wine in bottles shipped in cases or casks only, each containing at least three dozen reputed quart bottles, or six dozen reputed pint bottles; provided always,

that before any such wine in bottles shall be shipped for exportation to or for Great Britain or Ireland, the master or other person having the charge or command of the ship, vessel, or boat in or on board of which such wine shall be so intended to be exported, together with one other sufficient surety, shall give bond, in the penalty of forty shillings per gallon, that the wine so shipped shall (the danger of the seas and enemies excepted) be duly entered and landed at the port or place in Great Britain or Ireland to or for which the same shall be declared at the time of giving such bond (which bond and declaration the proper officer of His Majesty's customs is hereby authorised and empowered to take); and such officer is required to furnish the master, or other person having the charge or command of the ship, vessel, or boat in which any such wine may be, with a certificate specifying the number of such packages as aforesaid, and the quantity of wine contained in each, the date of the bond, and the name of the port or place to or for which the same shall be so declared; and such bond, so given as aforesaid, shall not be delivered up or cancelled until a certificate, under the hand of the proper officer of the customs in Great Britain or Ireland, of the due landing of the wine mentioned therein, shall be produced to, and left with, the officer taking the said bond, within three months after the date of such bond.

And be it further enacted, that every person who shall be found or discovered to have been on board any vessel or boat liable to forfeiture under any Act relating to the revenue of customs, for being found within one league of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, having on board or in any manner attached or affixed thereto, or having had on board, or in any manner attached or affixed thereto, or conveying, or having conveyed, in any manner, such goods or other things as subject such vessel or boat to forfeiture, or who shall be found or discovered to have been on board any vessel or boat from which any part of the cargo shall have been thrown overboard during chace, or staved or destroyed, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds.

And be it further enacted, that it shall not be lawful for any person to re-export, from any of His Majesty's possessions abroad to any foreign place, any coals the produce of the United Kingdom; and that no such coals shall be shipped at any of such possessions, to be exported to any British place, until the exporter or the master of the exporting vessel shall have given bond, with one sufficient surety in double the value of the coals, that such coals shall not be landed at any foreign place.

And whereas it is expedient, that all those parts of the said recited Act of the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, which are herein-before particularly recited and set forth should be extended and applied to the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope; His Majesty doth, therefore, with the advice of His Privy Council, and in further pursuance and exercise of the powers so vested in him as aforesaid by the said last recited Act

of Parliament, order, and it is hereby ordered, that all and every the enactments, provisions, and declarations in the said Act, so passed in the sixth year of the reign of His said late Majesty as aforesaid, so far as the same are herein-before recited, shall be and they are hereby extended to and declared to be in force within the said colony of the Cape of Good Hope, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as the same are by force and virtue of the said Act extended to and declared to be in force within the British possessions in America.

Provided, nevertheless, and it is further ordered, that within the meaning and for the purposes of the said Act, the several ports of Cape-town, Simon's-town, and Port Elizabeth, shall be, and be deemed to be, free ports; and the said ports of Cape-town and Simon's-town shall be, and be deemed to be, free warehousing ports; and from and after the day on which this present Order shall be promulgated within the said colony, all the provisions, penalties, and forfeitures in the said Act contained, respecting the free ports and the free warehousing ports therein mentioned, shall extend, and be deemed and construed to extend, to the said ports of Cape-town, Simon's-town, and Port Elizabeth, as free ports, and to the said ports of Cape-town and Simon's-town as free warehousing ports, as fully and effectually as if the same were respectively inserted and enumerated in the table of free ports and of free warehousing ports in the said Act contained:

And provided also, and it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any person, who shall have duly made entry at either of the said ports of Cape-town and Simon's-town, of any goods to be there lodged in the warehouse, and who shall in all other respects have complied with the law respecting the warehousing of such goods, to tranship the same, within the limits of such port, into any vessel, without the actual landing thereof on shore, if such person shall in all respects comply with and observe such regulations as may be made for effecting any such transhipment by the Lords Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury; which regulations shall by the said Lords Commissioners be signified to the Chief Officer of His Majesty's Customs at each of the said respective ports, through the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs:

And whereas by the said Act, so passed as aforesaid in the sixth year of the reign of His said late Majesty King George the Fourth, it is further enacted, "that if any of the goods therein mentioned shall be

"imported into any of the British possessions in America, through the United Kingdom (having been warehoused therein, and exported from the warehouse, or the duties thereon, if then paid, having been drawn back), one tenth part of the duties by the said Act imposed shall be remitted in respect of such goods; and if any of the goods therein mentioned shall be imported through the United Kingdom, not from the warehouse, but after all duties of importation for home use thereon shall have been paid thereon, in the said United Kingdom, and not drawn back, such goods shall be free of all duties by the said Act imposed;" it is hereby further ordered, that a similar abatement or remission, as the case may be, shall be made, in respect of the duties imposed by this present Order, in respect of all goods imported into the said colony:

And it is further ordered; that the Governor, or the Officer for the time being administering the Government, of the said colony shall, and is hereby required, to promulgate this present Order within one calendar month next after the receipt thereof by him; and this Order shall take effect within the said colony; and have the force of law there, upon, from, and after the date of such promulgation thereof as aforesaid, and not before:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Viscount Goderich, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain. C. C. Greville.

At the Council-Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 28th day of *March*, 1832,

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the second year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for the prevention, as far as may be possible, of the disease, called the cholera, or spasmodic, or Indian cholera, in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the Lords and others of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or any two or more of them (of whom the Lord President of the Council, or one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, shall always be one), by any Order or Orders to be by them from time to time made, to establish, and again, from time to time, by any such Order or Orders, to revoke, renew, alter, or vary all such rules and regulations, or to substi-

tute any such new rules and regulations, as to them may appear necessary or expedient, for the prevention, as far as may be possible, of the spreading of the said disease, called the cholera, or spasmodic, or Indian cholera, in England or Wales, or any part thereof, or for the relief of any persons suffering under, or likely to be affected by, the said disease :

And whereas it is further enacted by the said Act, that all and every the expences which may be reasonably or properly incurred, in carrying into effect any Order of the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, made as aforesaid, shall, under and by virtue of an order in writing of one justice of the peace, dwelling in or near the parish or division (and which said order any such justice is thereby empowered and directed to make), commanding the churchwardens, overseers, or guardians of the poor, for the time being, to pay a certain sufficient sum of money for such purpose, be defrayed out of the rates for the relief of the poor of the parish, township, or extra parochial places, out of the poors' rate of the parish nearest adjoining :

And whereas the said disease hath extended to different parts of Great Britain, and the parish of Christchurch, in the county of Surrey, is at the present time affected with the said disease :

And whereas by an Order made on the sixth day of the present month of March, by the Lords and others of His Majesty's Privy Council (of whom the Lord President of the Council was one), it was amongst other things ordered and directed that every Board of Health constituted by an Order of the Lords of the Privy Council, should and might apply to the select or parish vestry of the parish or place, for authority and powers to carry into effect the purposes of the Act before recited, and the measures of precaution in the said Order described, and to provide a certain sufficient sum of money for the discharge of the necessary expences thereof, of which the amount should be declared and fixed by the said vestry :

And whereas it hath been shewn to the satisfaction of their Lordships, that application for such powers and provisions as aforesaid, together with an estimate of all the necessary expences, amounting in the whole to the sum of two hundred pounds, seventeen shillings, and six pence, hath been made by the Board of Health of the parish of Christchurch, in the county of Surrey, to the vestry of the said parish, and such vestry hath declined to give any authority or directions to the Board of Health, or to provide for the expences of carrying into effect the purposes of the Act before recited, and of the Order of their Lordships founded thereon :

It is therefore ordered by the Lords and others of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council (of whom the Lord President of the Council is one), in pursuance of the powers vested in them by the before recited Act, that so much of the Order of the sixth day of March, as requires the amount of the sum to be defrayed in discharge of the necessary expences, to be fixed and declared by such vestry as aforesaid, be, and it is hereby, revoked and altered, in so far as respects the parish of Christchurch, and the said sum of two hundred pounds, seventeen shillings, and six pence ; and that the said Board

of Health for the parish of Christchurch, in the county of Surrey, shall and may, and they are hereby authorised and empowered to, make application, by their chairman or secretary, to some justice of the peace living in or near the parish or division, to make an order, in writing, upon the parish officers, guardians of the poor, or district churchwardens of the said parish of Christchurch, commanding them to pay the sum of two hundred pounds, seventeen shillings, and six pence, for the purposes aforesaid, out of the rates levied, or next hereafter to be levied, for the relief of the poor of such parish ; which order such justice of the peace is hereby required and enjoined to make, in pursuance and exercise of the power vested in him by the before recited Act ; and the said parish officers, guardians of the poor, or district churchwardens, are hereby ordered and commanded to pay such sum of money in obedience to the order of such justice, in the manner therein directed, or they will incur the penalties and punishments consequent upon disobedience to such before recited Act, and to the present Order :

And the Lords and others of the Privy Council (of whom the Lord President of the Council is one) do hereby declare, that for all acts, deeds, matters, and things properly done by any such Board of Health, justice of the peace, overseers, churchwardens, district churchwardens, guardians of the poor, and others of His Majesty's subjects, in execution and furtherance of the present Order of the Lords and others in Council, or of any order so to be made by any such justice as aforesaid, this Order shall be their full and sufficient warrant.

C. C. Greville.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

The Right Honourable Henry Mannors Lord Waterpark to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Sir William Boothby, Bart. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Sir Roger Griesley, Bart. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Sir Charles Colville, Knt. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Sir Francis Sacheverell Darwin, Knt. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Richard Thomas Bateman, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Alleyne Sacheverell Bateman, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 John Balguy, jun. Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 John Beaumont, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 Thomas Bent, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 John Boden, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 John Broadhurst, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 William John Bagshawe, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.
 John Henry Barker, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.

John Robert Browne Cave, Esq. to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 24th March 1832.

Charles Clarke, Esq. to be ditto. Dated 24th March 1832.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Anglesey.

Royal Anglesey Militia.

William Barton Panton, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice H. Jones, promoted. Dated 24th February 1832.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, City, and County of the City, of York.

2d Regiment of West York Militia.

Charles John Brandling, Esq. to be Major, vice Priestley, resigned. Dated 24th March 1832.

Yorkshire Hussar Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet John Hodgson to be Lieutenant, vice Crosse, resigned. Dated 20th March 1832.

Cornet Digby Cayley to be ditto, vice Fairfax, promoted. Dated 20th March 1832.

Cornet Richard Silver Gascoigne to be ditto, vice T. O. Gascoigne, promoted. Dated 20th March 1832.

George Anne, Gent. to be Cornet, vice Hodgson, promoted. Dated 20th March 1832.

Richard Thomas Lee, Gent. to be ditto, vice Cayley, promoted. Dated 20th March 1832.

KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

March 27, 1832.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual General Court of the Governors and Proprietors of this Institution will be held at the College, on Wednesday the 11th of April next. His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Visitor, will take the chair at one o'clock precisely.

By order of the Council,

H. Smith, Secretary.

Office of Ordnance, February 29, 1832.

THE Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give notice, that sealed tenders will be received at their Office, in Pall-Mall, and at the Ordnance Storekeeper's Office, at Gravesend, on or before Tuesday the 17th day of April next, from persons desirous of purchasing

Pieces of the freehold land, most eligibly situated at Milton next Gravesend, in the county of Kent, close to the town of Gravesend, and opening upon the Great Dover-road;

allotted for sale by order of the Master-General and Board of Ordnance

Six of the lots contain each about 1 R. 33 P. presenting a frontage of 100 feet on the Dover-road.

The seventh lot has a frontage of 240 feet, and contains about 2 R. 26 P.

No. 18923.

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The land will be sold under certain conditions and restrictions, in regard to the erection of buildings and boundary walls, the particulars of which may be known on application at the Ordnance-Office, Pall-Mall, and at the Ordnance Storekeeper's-Office, Gravesend, or to Mr Crafter, Clerk of Works there, who will shew the land, marked out for sale, to persons making application

By order of the Board,

R. Byham, Secretary.

CONTRACT FOR OAK TIMBER, THICK-STUFF, AND PLANK.

Navy-Office, March 20, 1832.

THE Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy do hereby give notice, that on Wednesday the 18th of April next, at one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying

8000 Loads of English Rough Oak Timber;
800 Loads of English Oak Thickstuff, of 5, 6, and 10 Inches; and
200 Loads of English Oak Plank, of 3 Inches thick.

To be delivered at prices, including all carriage and other expences, by or before the 31st of December next, in the following proportions, at His Majesty's Dock-yards hereunder mentioned:

Woolwich.

Timber, 1300 Loads; Thickstuff, 250 Loads; Plank, 100 Loads.

Chatham.

Timber, 2700 Loads; Thickstuff, 50 Loads.

Portsmouth.

Timber, 1000 Loads.

Plymouth.

Thickstuff, 200 Loads.

Pembroke.

Timber, 3000 Loads; Thickstuff, 300 Loads; Plank, 100 Loads.

Tenders may be made for the supply of any one or more of the Yards, or for the whole of them.

A form of the tender may, on application by letter or otherwise, be had at this Office, shewing the contents and dimensions of the articles and all other necessary particulars.

No tender will be received after one o'clock on the day of treaty, nor any noticed unless the party, or an agent for him, attends.

Every tender must be accompanied by a letter addressed to the Navy Board, and signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £1 per head for the due performance of the contract for timber, and £2 per load for thickstuff and plank.

G. Smith.

CONTRACT FOR COALS FOR MALTA.

Navy-Office, March 26, 1832.

THE Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy do hereby give notice, that on Wednesday the 11th of April next, at one

o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering,

At Malta (and to be there properly screened by a half inch screen), about 500 Tons of

Forde Waterlow, large splint,
Wemyss, large splint,
Wylam,
Rubly Heaton Main,
Elgin, or
Inverkeithing Coals.

A form of the tender may be seen at this Office.

No tender will be received after one o'clock on the day of treaty, nor any noticed unless the party, or an agent for him, attends. G. Smith.

Office for Taxes, Somerset-House,
April 3, 1832.

PURSUANT to Acts, passed in the forty-second and fifty-third years of His late Majesty's reign, notice is hereby given, that the price of the Three per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, sold at the Bank of England this day, was £83 and under £84 per Centum.

By order of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes,
E. Bates, Secretary.

Queen Anne's Bounty to the Clergy.

Queen Anne's Bounty-Office, Great Dean's-Yard, Westminster, March 28, 1832.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the interest due at Lady-Day from the Royal Bounty, and also the dividends due at the same time from the Parliamentary Grants' Fund, will be payable by the Treasurer, Christopher Hodgson, Esq. at the Treasurer's Office, in Great Dean's-yard, Westminster (to which Office the entrance is through an iron gateway, immediately beyond the Bounty-Office), every day, between the hours of ten and two o'clock, from the 11th of April until Midsummer next, holidays excepted.

The Clergy are requested to make early application for the interest and dividends, and to be very particular that their receipts for Royal Bounty and Parliamentary Grants' monies be written upon separate and appropriate stamps, and that they be presented at the Office for payment, either by a friend or through the medium of a banker. Receipts sent by the post, or presented in any other way than above directed, cannot be attended to.

Chris. Hodgson, Treasurer to the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty.

London Assurance-House, Birchin-Lane,
Cornhill, March 28, 1832.

THE Court of Directors of the Corporation of the London Assurance hereby give notice, that the dividend warrants for the half year ending at Lady-Day last will be ready to be delivered and paid to the Proprietors, in both charters, on Tuesday the 10th April next, and will continue to be delivered and paid every day, from eleven till three o'clock, Saturdays and holidays excepted.

John Laurence, Secretary.

To the Proprietors of East India Stock.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

THE election of six Directors of the East India Company being appointed for Wednesday the 11th April next, the favour of your vote and interest is requested for the following Gentlemen, viz.

William Astell, Esq.	John Masterman, Esq.
Russell Ellice, Esq.	Charles Elton Prescott,
Campbell Marjoribanks,	Esq.
Esq.	George Smith, Esq.

which will much oblige,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

your most humble servants,

Robert Campbell.
John Goldsborough Ravenshaw.
Josias Du Pre Alexander.
Henry Alexander.
John Baillie.
James Rivett Carnac.
William Stanley Clarke.
Neil Benjamin Edmonstone.
Robert Cutlar Fergusson.
John Forbes.
Hugh Lindsay.
John Loch.
James Law Lushington.
George Lyall.
Charles Mills.
John Morris
John Petty Muspratt.
George Raikes.
Henry Shank.
James Stuart.
John Thornhill.
Henry St. George Tucker.
William Wigram.
William Young.

East India-House, the 28th March 1832.

To the Proprietors of East India Stock.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

HAVING the honour of being recommended to you by the Directors of the East India Company, as Candidates for the Direction, to be chosen this year, we take the liberty of requesting the favour of your vote on the day of election, Wednesday the 11th April next.

We are, Ladies and Gentlemen,
your most obedient and most humble servants,

William Astell.
Russell Ellice.
Campbell Marjoribanks.
John Masterman.
Charles Elton Prescott.
George Smith.

East India-House, the 28th March 1832.

Lead-Office, March 29, 1832.

THE Court of Assistants of the Corporation of the Governor and Company for smelting down Lead with Pit Coal and Sea Coal do hereby give notice, that the warrants for a half year's dividend due at Lady-Day, will be ready to be delivered at the Company's House, in Martin's-lane,

Cannon-street, on Friday the 13th April next, and every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday following, between the hours of ten and three

C. M. Thomas, Secretary

London, March 29, 1832

NOTICE is hereby given, that an account of the seizors' moiety of the hull and cargo of the Spanish schooner *Primeira*, also of the bounty-money granted for certain natives of Africa on board the said schooner at the time of seizure, by the *Black Joke*, tender to His Majesty's ship *Dryad*, on the 22d February 1831, will be delivered into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, on the 13th day of April next, agreeably to Act of Parliament.

For Matthew King, Agent, F. M. Ommanney and Son.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, John Jackson and Samuel Jones, both of the City of Chester, Linen-Drapers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated the 29th day of March 1832.

John Jackson.
Samuel Jones.

THE Partnership heretofore subsisting between Elnor Brennan and Elizabeth Donnison, under the firm of Brennan and Donnison, Tea-Dealers and Grocers, of West Derby, in the County of Lancaster, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and all debts due and owing to or by the said Partnership will hereafter be received and paid by the said Elizabeth Donnison.—Witness our hands this 31st December 1831.

Elnor Brennan.
Elizabeth Donnison.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership lately subsisting and carried on by and between us, Richard Dixon, Benjamin Dixon, and Robert Walker Dixon, of Wickham-Mills, in the Parish of Wickham-Bishops, in the County of Essex, Millers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as respects the said Richard Dixon, who retires from the concern.—Witness our hands this 26th day of March 1832.

Richard Dixon.
Benjamin Dixon.
Robert Walker Dixon.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us, Henry Stevens, of Newington Causeway, in the County of Surrey, and Thomas William Elam, of Old Shoreham, in the County of Sussex, heretofore carrying on trade as Drapers, under the firm of Stevens, at Newington-Causeway aforesaid, was on the 25th day of March instant dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts owing to the said Partnership are to be received by the said Henry Stevens; and all persons to whom the said Partnership stands indebted are requested to send in their respective accounts to the said Henry Stevens, in order that the same may be examined and paid: As witness our hands this 28th day of March 1832.

Henry Stevens.
Thos. Wm. Elam.

WE, the undersigned, James Thomas Egan, of the Black Bull, in the Parish of Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, and Edward Newing Sackett, George-Row, in the Parish of Bermondsey, in the aforesaid County, having this day agreed to dissolve the Partnership hitherto existing between us, and carrying on the trade or business of Shipwrights, under the firm of Egan and Sackett, at Firnies-Ways, in the Parish of Rotherhithe, in the County aforesaid; we, therefore, do hereby agree and consent that all Copartnership in any and every transaction shall cease from and after the 24th of March 1832; and that the debts due to and by the said estate shall be received and paid by the said James Thomas Egan: As witness our hands this 28th day of March 1832.

Jas. Thomas Egan.
Edward Newing Sackett.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Henry Francis and Alexander Urquhart, of Monument-Yard, London, Attorneys and Solicitors, expired and was determined on the 24th day of March 1832.

Hy. Francis.
Alex. Urquhart.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, William Thomas and John Brougham, as Cobalt Blue-Refiners, Colour-Makers, and Dealers, at Bur-lem, in the County of Stafford, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 20th day of March instant; and that all debts due and owing to or from the said Partnership are to be received and paid by the said William Thomas. Given under our hands the 29th day of March 1832.

William Thomas.
John Brougham.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, Walter Swift, jun. and Joseph Brettell, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, as Manufacturers of Fancy Steel Toys, under the firm of Swift and Brettell, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—The trade will in future be carried on by the said Joseph Brettell, who will receive and pay all debts due to and by the above-mentioned firm.—Witness our hands this 24th day of March 1832.

Walter Swift, jun.
Joseph Brettell.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Murch, of the Town and County of Southampton, Wine-Merchant; and Elizabeth Wakeford, of Honiton, in the County of Devon, Widow, as Wine-Merchants and Dealers in Porter, at Southampton aforesaid, under the firm of Thomas Murch and Co. was dissolved on the 3d day of March instant by mutual consent.—Dated this 21st day of March 1832.

Thos. Murch.
Elizth. Wakeford.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between Catherine Lowe (formerly Catherine Fairclough), and Ann Wittcombe, of Hardshaw, within Windle, in the County of Lancaster, as Confectioners, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due to the said Partnership must be paid to John Lowe, of Hardshaw aforesaid, Iron-Founder, who will discharge all such as have been incurred thereby up to the 2d day of January last.—Dated the 25th day of February 1832.

Catherine Lowe.
Ann Wittcombe.
John Lowe.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, John Skynner Baily the elder and John Skynner Baily the younger, carrying on business as Grocers, Tallow Chandlers, Wine and Spirit-Merchants, and Common-Brewers, in Boston, in the County of Lincoln, under the firm of Baily and Son, was dissolved on the 1st day of January last by mutual consent; and that the businesses have since been, and will in future be, carried on by the said John Skynner Baily the younger on his own account, by whom all accounts due to and owing by the said dissolved firm will be received and paid: As witness our hands this 23d day of March 1832.

John Skynner Baily.
John Skynner Baily, jun.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Marriott, James Marriott, and Charles Atkinson, as Merchants, File-Manufacturers, and Cutlers, in Sheffield, trading in the firm of Marriott, Son, and Company, or otherwise, was determined by effluxion of time and dissolved on the 10th of March instant; and that the same business and trades are continued by the undersigned James Marriott and Charles Atkinson, who will receive and pay all debts owing to and from the Partnership, the said George Marriott retiring from business.—Witness our hands this 27th day of March 1832.

Geo. Marriott.
Jas. Marriott.
Charles Atkinson.

THIS is to give notice, the Partnership between Sarah Ann Bullock and Mary Rowley, Dress-Makers, 22, Half-Moon-Street, Piccadilly, dissolved Partnership by mutual consent this day, March 31st 1832; all debts owing to be received and paid by Mary Rowley.

Mary Rowley.
Sarah Ann Bullock.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, William Heywood, of Huddersfield, in the County of York, and George Johnson, of Stalybridge, in the Counties Palatine of Lancaster and Chester, as Masons, at Stalybridge aforesaid, was this day dissolved by mutual consent: As witness our hands this 24th day of March 1832.

William Heywood.
George Johnson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us Charles and Francis Spence, Grocers and Drapers, Lockwood, in the County of York, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and farther that the said business will be carried on by Charles Spence; and that all debts due to and owing by the late Copartnership will be received and paid by the above Charles Spence: Witness our hands this 29th day of second month 1832.

Charles Spence.
Francis Spence.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Baynton and Charles Baynton, carrying on the business of Millsters and Brewers, at the Parish of Bedminster, in the County of Somerset, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All debts due to and from the said Copartnership are to be received and paid by the said Thomas Baynton, by whom the trade will in future be carried on.—Dated this 28th day of March 1832.

Thomas Baynton.
Charles Baynton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Poyntz Charles Byne and James Eliot, Gentlemen, Attorneys at Law, South Molton, and elsewhere, in the County of Devon; under the firm of Byne and Eliot, was this day dissolved by mutual consent: As witness our hands this 26th day of March 1832.

Poyntz C. Byne.
James Eliot.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Brooke and John Cooper, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Dealers in Coals and Cokes, trading under the firm of T Brooke and Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 29th day of March 1832.

Thomas Brooke.
John Cooper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, as Cotton-Spinners and Manufacturers, at Burnley, in the County of Lancaster, was this day dissolved by mutual consent as far as regards the undersigned John Sellers the younger; all debts due to or from the said late Partnership concern will be received and paid by the undersigned John Sellers the elder and James Sellers, by whom the business will in future be carried on.—Dated this 31st day of March 1832.

John Sellers, sen.
John Sellers, jun.
James Sellers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Webb, Charles Edward Bernard the younger, James Wallace Richard Hall, and John Holman Evans, trading in the City and County of Bristol, as Wine and Spirit-Merchants, under the firm of Thomas Webb and Company, was dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 31st day of December now last past.—Dated this 12th day of March 1832.

Thomas Webb.
C. E. Bernard, jun.
James Wallace Rd. Hall.
J. Holman Evans.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us as Muslin and Gingham-Manufacturers, at Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, under the firm of Minshull and Race, was dissolved and determined upon and from the 24th day of March instant.—Witness our hands this 30th day of March 1832.

Saml. Minshull.
Jno. T. Race.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, John Stockman, of Portsmouth, in the County of Southampton, and George Stockman, of Portsea, in the said County, as Linen and Woollen-Drapers, Mercers, and Haberdashers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Witness our hands this 31st day of March 1832.

John Stockman.
George Stockman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between Thomas and Henry Paul, of Fakenham, in the County of Norfolk, Wine, Spirit and Porter-Merchants, trading under the firm of Thomas and Henry Paul, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Witness the hands of the parties this 21st day of March 1832.

Thos. Paul.
Henry Paul.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership trade which was carried on at Manchester, by the late John Barton, Richard Watson Barton, and Joseph Armstrong, in the name of Joseph Armstrong, wholly terminated and was dissolved by the said John Barton's death, on the 11th day of November last; all debts owing by or to the concern will be paid and received by the said Joseph Armstrong, who continues the trade on his own separate account.

Richd. W. Barton.
J. W. Barton.
Henry Barton,
Executors of the will of the above named John Barton.
Richd. W. Barton.
Jos. Armstrong.

ALL persons having any claim against the estate of James Scott late of Portsea, in the County of Southampton, Draper and Sale-man, deceased, are requested to forward the particulars thereof to, and all persons indebted to the said estate are likewise requested immediately to pay the amounts thereof to, the undersigned William Hobbs, of Portsea, or John Milne, of Portsmouth, the Executors of the deceased.—Dated the 26th day of March 1832.

WM. HOBBS.
JOHN MILNE.

IF any child of Sarah Ekins, late of Princes-Street, Shore-ditch, Middlesex, Widow (who died in February 1793); or of Charles Waldegrave, late of Lambeth, Surrey (who died in January 1798); will apply to Mr. T. J. Wagner, Solicitor, 6, New-Inn, Strand, he or she will hear of something to his or her advantage.—The said Sarah Ekins and Charles Waldegrave were the niece and nephew of John Baker, formerly of Lewisham, Kent, Esq. who died in 1786.

TO be pre-emptorily resold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Rutherford v. Denton, with the approbation of John Edmund Dowdeswell, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at the Public Sale-Room of the said Court, situate in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, on Monday the 7th day of May 1832; at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, in five distinct lots;

1. A brick built dwelling-house, situate in Christmas-Street, Gillingham, in the County of Kent, now in the occupation of Mr. John Rutherford.
2. Also a brick built dwelling-house and garden.
3. A capital barn, stable, farm-yard, garden, and meadow, and several pieces of pasture land, called respectively the Star Elm Meadows and the Slips, situate in the Parish of Hoo, in the said County of Kent.

Printed particulars whereof may be had (gratis) at the said Master's Office, in Southampton-Buildings aforesaid; of Messrs. Edye and Jefferson, Solicitors, 14, Clement's-Inn; of Mr. Derby, Solicitor, 11, Harcourt-Buildings, Temple;

of Mr. Finch, Solicitor, 53, Lothbury, London; of Mr. Acworth, Solicitor, Rochester; and of Mr. Stephens, Solicitor, Chatham.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause *Whetton v. Cradock*, with the approbation of Francis Cross, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, by Mr. Benjamin Payne, of Leicester, Auctioneer, at the Bull's Head and Anchor Hotel, in Loughborough, in the County of Leicester, on Thursday the 26th of April 1832, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, in one lot;

A freehold estate, situate in Loughborough Parks, in the County of Leicester, consisting of a messuage or tenement, and of several freehold closes, pieces, or parcels of old inclosed land or ground.

Printed particulars may be had (gratis) at the said Master's Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London; of Messrs. Holme, Frampton, and Loftus, Solicitors, New-Inn, London; of Mr. Williamson, Solicitor, Gray's-Inn-Square, London; of Mr. Thomas Tebbutt, Solicitor, Old Broad-Street, London; of Messrs. Clowes, Orme, and Wedlake, Solicitors, King's-Bench-Walk, London; of Mr. Finnis, Solicitor, Hart-Street, Bloomsbury, London; of Mr. Wilson, Solicitor, King's-Bench-Walk, London; of Mr. Bond, Solicitor, Leicester; of Messrs. Cradock, Solicitors, Loughborough; of Messrs. Tomlinson, Solicitors, Cliffe-Ville, Newcastle-under-Line; of Mr. Benjamin Payne, of Leicester, the Auctioneer; and at the place of sale.

MELTON MOWBRAY.

TO be sold by auction, pursuant to a Decree of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, in a cause *Langham versus Durance and others*, and with the approbation of Richard Richards, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, in the month of May 1832, at the George Inn, Melton Mowbray, in the County of Leicester, at a time to be hereafter advertised, subject to the conditions to be then produced;

All that freehold close of pasture land, situate at Melton Mowbray aforesaid, and late in the occupation of ——— Rettinger, together with the rope-walk and building adjoining the said close, now in the occupation of ——— Braisby, the whole containing 3A. 3R. 13P. and, from its contiguity to the said Town, is in a most excellent situation for building purposes.

Further particulars may be had (gratis) at the said Master's Chamber, No. 2, Mitre-Court Buildings, Inner Temple, London; Mr. T. B. Cox, Solicitor, No. 24, Poultry; Messrs. Chilton and Son, Solicitors, Chancery-Lane; Messrs. Rosser and Son, Solicitors, Gray's-Inn-Place, London; Mr. Thomas Clarke, Solicitor, and Messrs. Burton and Clark, Auctioneers, Melton Mowbray.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause of *Keene versus Chalner*, the Creditors of Joyce Farraine, Spinster (who resided many years in a private lunatic asylum, in the City of Norwich, where she died on the 29th of April 1824), are forthwith to come in and prove their debts before Henry Martin, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause *Lees v. Sanderson*, the Creditors of Ephraim Sanderson, late of Aberford, in the County of York, Gentleman, deceased (who died in the month of August 1822), are, by their Solicitors, forthwith to come in and prove their debts before John Edmund Dowdeswell, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Office, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause *Latimer against Gregg*, the Creditors of John Gregg, Student of Christ Church College, Oxford (who died in the month of June 1812), are by their Solicitors, forthwith to come in and prove their debts before James Trower, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause of *Francis against Triggs*, the Creditors of Richard Jones, late of Mare-Street, Hackney, in the

County of Middlesex, Cow-Keeper (who died in the month of January 1824), are, on or before the 9th day of May 1832, to come in and prove their debts before Sir Giffin Wilson, one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will peremptorily be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause of *Daniel against Goldson*, the Creditors of John Stanhawe Watts Daniel, late of Dillington, in the County of Norfolk, Esq. (who died in the year 1829), are forthwith to come in and prove their debts before Sir Giffin Wilson, one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said Order.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause *Jackson v. Rawstorne*, the Creditors of Mary Maria Birch, formerly of Lancaster, in the County of Lancaster, Spinster (who died in or about the month of February 1813), are, on or before the 30th day of April 1832, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their debts before George Boone Roupell, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold by auction on Wednesday the 11th day of April instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at the Custom-House Inn, in Plymouth, in the County of Devon (pursuant to an order made by his Honour the Vice Chancellor, on the 28th day of December 1831, upon a petition preferred in the matter of James Harris, of Plymouth aforesaid, Painter and Glazier and Oil and Colour-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, a Bankrupt), subject to such conditions as will be then and there produced;

The fee simple and inheritance of all that messuage, consisting of a shop in front, lately occupied as a Chemist's, but now used as a Painter and Glazier's, and of Glazier's shops and back premises thereto adjoining, with the rooms and other accommodations to the same premises belonging, situate and being No. 23, on the south-side of the Parade, in Plymouth, aforesaid, and now in the occupation of the said James Harris.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Pridham, or to Mr. Squire, Solicitors, Plymouth.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Christopher Hammond Wearing and William Greenwood, of Saint Paul's-Church-Yard, in the City of London, Merchants, Dealers and Chapmen, and Copartners, are requested to meet the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupts, on Tuesday the 24th day of April instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees accepting an offer received from a person, whose name will be stated at the said meeting, differing from two several offers before made by him, of a composition for a debt due by the said person to the said Bankrupts' estate, or to the said Assignees otherwise compounding the said debt; and on other special affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Patrick Tregent, of Postlip, in the County of Gloucester, Paper-Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, are requested to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's estate and effects, on the 24th day of April instant, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the White Hart Inn, in the Borough of Evesham, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing and prosecuting or defending any suit or suits at law, or in equity, against the person and persons respectively to be then and there named, for the recovery from, or discovery by them of, or relating to certain parts of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt, or for any of those purposes; and also for the recovery of a sum of money from one of the landlords of the said Bankrupt, reclaimed by the said landlord over and above the amount of rent in arrear, and the costs for which by law the said Assignees are advised he was entitled to distrain; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees disposing of the said Bankrupt's real and leasehold estates, by public auction or private contract, or partly by both those means as the said

Assignees may think most advisable; and also for taking such measures as they may think proper for ascertaining the nature and quantity of the said Bankrupt's estate, if any, in the Island of Cuba, and for the sale and disposition thereof by both or either of the ways aforesaid; and also to assent to or dissent from the Assignee paying the weekly wages, or any part thereof, claimed by the workmen or labourers of the said Bankrupt, accrued due previous to the date of the said Commission; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees compounding with any debtor to the Bankrupt's estate, and to take any reasonable part of the debt in the discharge of the whole, or to give time, or take security for payment of such debt, or to submit any dispute between the said Assignees and any person concerning any matter relating to the said Bankrupt's estate and effects to the determination of arbitrators to be chosen by the Assignees and the party with whom the said Assignees shall have any dispute; and to assent to or dissent from other special matters at such meeting to be named.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Commission of Bankrupt, under the Great Seal of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the 7th day of October 1831, awarded and issued forth against Thomas Henry Webster, of Forebridge, in the County of Stafford, Builder, Dealer and Chapman, are requested to meet the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt, on Tuesday the 24th of April instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Crown Inn, in Stone, in the said County, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees paying the full amount of certain debts due and owing from the said Thomas Henry Webster, to divers servants, labourers, workmen and others for their wages and hire, service, work, labour, and business done and performed, and money paid and expended by them respectively to or for the said Thomas Henry Webster, or for the benefit of his estate, previous to his becoming Bankrupt; or otherwise compromising or settling the accounts, claims, and demands in respect of such wages, hire, service, work and labour and business done and performed, and money paid and expended, and every or any of them; or to the compounding, submitting to arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any matter or thing relating thereto; and on other special affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Bennet, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Corn-Dealer, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt, on Friday the 27th day of April instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon precisely, at the New Royal Hotel, in New-Street, in Birmingham aforesaid, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee allowing and confirming or otherwise referring to arbitration, upon such terms and conditions as he shall deem advisable a certain claim made by an individual in respect of a certain debt alleged to be due and owing to him from the said Bankrupt's estate, the particulars of such claim, and the name of the said individual to be submitted to the meeting; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee commencing, prosecuting or defending any action or actions at law, or suit or suits in equity, either for the recovery, getting in, or for the defence or protection of the said Bankrupt's estate and effects, or any part thereof; and generally to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee agreeing to, or otherwise submitting to arbitration any matter or thing relating thereto, or to any part thereof; and upon other special affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Arthur Cuthbert Marsh, of Great Scotland-Yard, in the County of Middlesex, Navy-Agent, Scrivener, and Banker, formerly trading with William Marsh, of the same place, under the firm of William Marsh and Son, and lately on his own account, at the same place, are requested to meet the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt, on the 27th day of April instant, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Arthur Cuthbert Marsh retaining for his own use a sum of £388, or thereabouts, the title to which was perfected subsequent to the Bankruptcy.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Fiat in Bankruptcy awarded and issued forth against Joseph Osborne the younger, of the Parish of All Saints, Colchester, in the County of Essex, Common Carrier, Dealer in Coals,

Corn, and Hay, Dealer and Chapman, are requested to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's estate and effects, on Tuesday the 24th day of April instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing or prosecuting any action or actions at law, or suit or suits in equity, or taking such other steps as may be thought advisable against certain persons, to be named at the said meeting, for the recovery of certain goods, chattels, and effects of the said Bankrupt, lately taken in execution by certain persons, to be named at the said meeting, or for the recovery of damages in lieu thereof; and to the said Assignees compounding, submitting to arbitration, or otherwise agreeing to any other matter or thing relating to the said Bankrupt's estate and effects; or to their giving time for the payment of any debt or debts due to the said Bankrupt's estate; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees paying or allowing certain costs, charges, and expences incurred previously to the Docket being struck against the said Bankrupt for the general benefit of his Creditors; and generally to authorise and empower the said Assignees to adopt all such measures as to them may seem fit and proper for the settlement and protection of the said Bankrupt's estate; and on other special affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Fiat in Bankruptcy, dated the 16th day of March last, awarded and issued forth against William Evans, of King-Street, in the County of the Borough of Carmarthen, Draper, Dealer and Chapman, are requested to meet the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt, on Wednesday the 25th day of April instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees selling and disposing of the stock in trade, household furniture, and effects lately belonging to the said Bankrupt, by public auction or private contract, and together or in parcels, as they may deem expedient, and giving such time, and taking such security for the payment of the price thereof as they may think proper; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending any action or actions at law, or suit or suits in equity, or other proceedings, for the recovery of or in relation to any of the said Bankrupt's estate and effects as to them shall seem expedient; and to the compounding, submitting to arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any accounts, debts, matters, or things in relation thereto; and on other special affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their debts under a Fiat in Bankruptcy awarded and issued forth against Thomas Thomas, of Southampton-Row, Bloomsbury, and of High Holborn, in the County of Middlesex, Wine-Merchant, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, are requested to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's estate and effects, on Thursday the 12th day of April instant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees selling and disposing, by public sale or private contract, or by appraisement or valuation, of all the household goods, furniture, fixtures, implements, and other utensils of trade, wines, spirits, and other effects of or belonging to the said Bankrupt's estate, to such person or persons, and upon such terms as the said Assignees may think fit; and to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees concurring with the Mortgagee or Mortgagees of the said Bankrupt's houses and premises, in the sale and disposal of the leases thereof, and of the residue of the said Bankrupt's interest therein, in such way, and upon such terms, as may appear to the said Assignees to be advantageous to the said Bankrupt's estate, and to their entering into and executing all such contracts, deeds, and instruments as may be necessary for giving effect to any such sale or assignment for the disposal thereof; and also to the said Assignees paying any arrears of rent and taxes due on the said Bankrupt's houses and premises, and any arrear of excise duty chargeable on the said Bankrupt's stock, and for which a distress may be levied on the said premises, and to their reimbursing themselves from the said Bankrupt's estate; and also to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees bringing any action or actions, suit or suits, for the recovery of any part of the said Bankrupt's estate; and generally to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing or prosecuting, or defending any action or actions, suit or suits, either at law or in equity, for the recovery or protection of all or any part of the said Bankrupt's estate

and effects; or to the compounding, submitting to arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any matter or thing relating thereto; and on other special affairs.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date on or about the 17th day of November 1831, was awarded and issued forth against William Mayell, of High-Street, in the City of Exeter, Jeweller and Silversmith; this is to give notice, that the said Commission is, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, superseded.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date on or about the 10th day of January 1832, was awarded and issued forth against Henry Dean, of Nelson Street, Greenwich, in the County of Kent, Tonnacconist; this is to give notice, that the said Commission is, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, superseded.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date on or about the 10th day of January 1832, was awarded and issued forth against Nathaniel Thomas, of Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, Upholsterer, Dealer and Chapman; this is to give notice, that the said Commission is, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, superseded.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Robert Bunting, of Saint John-Street, Clerkenwell in the County of Middlesex, Lapidary, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to Charles Frederick Williams, Esq. a Commissioner of His Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, on the 13th day of April instant, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, and on the 15th day of May next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioner may appoint, but give notice to Mr. Spyer, Solicitor, Broad-Street-Buildings, or to Mr. G. J. Graham, Official Assignee, No. 3, Cophall-Buildings, London.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Henry Toon, of the Cornwall-Road, Waterloo-Road, in the County of Surrey, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to John Herman Merivale, Esq. a Commissioner of His Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, on the 6th day of April instant, and on the 15th of May next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely on each day, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. George Green, of No. 10½, King's-Arms-Yard, Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and to give notice to Mr. Willoughby, Solicitor, Clifford's-Inn.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Robert Ellis, of Cirencester, in the County of Gloucester, Mercer and Draper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to John Herman Merivale, Esq. a Commissioner of His Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, on the 13th day of April instant, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, and on the 15th day of May next, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt,

or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. George Green, 10½, King's Arms-Yard, London, Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and to give notice to Messrs. Tilleard and Miller, Solicitors. Old Jewry.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against James Aubrey, of Hatton-Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Money Scrivener and Board and Lodging House-Keeper, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to Joshua Evans, Esq. a Commissioner of His Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, on the 11th day of April instant, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, and on the 15th of May next, at Ten in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to Mr. James Thomas Cookuey, 32, Bedford-Row.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Richard Thornton, of Horsham, in the County of Sussex, Common-Brewer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to Edward Holroyd, Esq. a Commissioner of His Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, on the 19th of April instant, and on the 15th day of May next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely on each of the said days, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Edward, No. 8, Old Jewry, London, the Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and to give notice to Mr. Edward Bousfield, Solicitor, 12, Chatham-Place; or Mr. Lamb, Solicitor, Horsham.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Samuel Horsfall, of Sowerby-Bridge, in the Parish of Halifax, in the County of York, Dyer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Fiat named, or the major part of them, on the 18th day of April instant, and on the 15th of May next, at Ten in the Forenoon on each day, at the Office of Mr. W. F. Holroyde, Solicitor, Halifax aforesaid, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to Messrs. Jaques, Battye, and Edwards, 35, Coleman-Street, London, or to Mr. W. F. Holroyde, Solicitor, Halifax.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against James Mercer, of Thrapston, in the County of Northampton, Innkeeper or Innholder, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Fiat named, or the major part of them, on the 14th day of April instant, and on the 15th day of May next, at Eleven in the Forenoon on each day, at the White Hart Inn, in Thrapston, in the said County, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or

that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to Mr. Robert Bradford Sanders, Solicitor, No. 20, Hart-Street, Bloomsbury-Square, London, or to Mr. John Archbold, Solicitor, Thrapston.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Joseph Badcock, of Shrivenham, in the County of Berks, Linen-Draper, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Fiat named, or the major part of them, on the 19th of April instant, and on the 15th of May next, at Two in the Afternoon on each day, at the Bush Tavern, in Corn-Street, in the City of Bristol, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects: when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to Messrs. Bush and Prieux, Solicitors, Saint John-Street, Bristol, or to Messrs. Holme, Frampton, and Loftus, Solicitors, New-Inn, London.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against James Beard, of Marple-Bridge, within Ludworth, in the County of Derby, Corn-Dealer, Innkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Fiat named, or the major part of them, on the 21st and 24th days of April instant, and on the 15th day of May next, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said days, at the York Hotel, situate in Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but to give notice to Messrs. Milne, Parry, Milne, and Morris, Solicitors, Temple, London, or to Mr. Wood, Solicitor, Bullock Smithy, near Stockport.

WHEREAS a Fiat in Bankruptcy is awarded and issued forth against Joseph Wathen, of the Parish of Rodborough, in the County of Gloucester, Clothier, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Fiat named, or the major part of them, on the 25th of April instant, and on the 15th day of May next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each day, at the Golden Cross Inn, Cainscross, near Stroud, in the said County of Gloucester, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects: when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give notice to Mr. Joseph Blower, No. 51, Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, London, or to Messrs. Croome and Son, Solicitors, Stroud, Gloucestershire.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against John Kennett Harris, of High-Street, in the Parish of Saint Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Grocer and Tea-Dealer, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 13th day of April instant, at half past Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to receive the Proof of Debt of Paul Millard and Thomas Martin, under the said Commission.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Edward Bevan and Michael Yates, of the City of Bristol, Merchants and Copartners, Dealers and Chapmen, intend to meet on the 13th day of April instant, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Commercial Rooms, in

the said City of Bristol, in order to receive Proof of Debt of Messrs. Samuel and Thomas Richard Guppy under the said Commission.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Arthur Chichester Allen, of Ironmonger-Lane, in the City of London, Merchant, Linen-Factor, Dealer and Chapman, dated the 1st day of December 1810, will sit on the 27th day of April instant, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the estate and effects of said Bankrupt, in the room and stead of the late Assignee, who is now dead (pursuant to the Lord Chancellor's general Order), to act with the Official Assignee, appointed by the said Commissioner; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and with those who have already proved their debts, vote in such choice accordingly.

THE Commissioners in a Renewed Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date at Westminster, the 8th day of May 1798, awarded and issued forth against Gregory Nickin Hickman, John Lindopp, and John Dawson, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Merchants, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, intend to meet on the 13th day of April instant, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Law Library, in Waterloo-Street, in Birmingham aforesaid, when and where the Creditors of the said Bankrupts, who have already proved their debts under the Original and Renewed Commissions, are to attend, in order to choose one or more Assignee or Assignees of the said Bankrupts' estate and effects, in the room of one of the Assignees, who hath lately become Bankrupt.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt bearing date the 10th day of July 1823, awarded and issued forth against Richard Cossitt, of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, and Robert Lee, of the same Town, lately carrying on business at the Parish of Sculcoates, in the County of York, as Merchants, Dealers, Chapmen and Copartners, Renewed by a Fiat in Bankruptcy, bearing date the 18th day of March last, intend to meet on the 25th day of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the George Inn, in the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, in order to proceed to the choice of a new Assignee or Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupts in the place and stead of Henry Ross, the present Assignee (pursuant to an order of his Honour the Vice-Chancellor, dated the 30th day of December last; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and with those who have already proved their debts, vote in such choice accordingly.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Frederick Willmott, of Old Windsor, in the County of Berks, Carpenter, Undertaker, Builder, and Coal-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 10th day of April instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London (by adjournment from the 2d day of April instant), in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his Certificate.

ROBERT GEORGE CEIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Fiat in Bankruptcy awarded and issued forth against James Pestell, formerly of Radwell, in the County of Hertford, but now of Stotfold, in the County of Bedford, Miller, Dealer in Oil Cake, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 9th day of April instant (and not on the 6th instant), at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London (by adjournment from the 16th day of March last), in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination;

and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against George Littlewood and Thomas Green, both of Green Harbour-Court, Old Bailey, in the City of London, Printers, Dealers and Chapman, will sit on the 11th day of April instant, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London (by adjournment from the 20th day of March last), in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupts; when and where they are required to surrender themselves and make a full discovery and disclosure of their estate and effects, and finish their examination; and the Creditors who have not already proved their debts are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of their certificate.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joshua Robinson, of Park-Place, Paddington, in the County of Middlesex, Builder, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 13th of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London (by adjournment from the 3d instant), to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Butt, of Sheerness, in the County of Kent, Linen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 7th day of April instant, at half past Two in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Cottle, late of Salisbury-Street, Bermondsey, in the County of Surrey, Dealer in Marine Stores (but now a prisoner in the King's Bench Prison), will sit on the 14th day of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination, and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of December 1831, awarded and issued forth against Matthew Dixon, of Hessele, in the County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Corn-Dealer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 24th of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Kingston Hotel, in the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull; when the said Bankrupt will be at liberty to surrender himself under the said Commission (pursuant to an order made by the Court of Review in Bankruptcy, on the petition of the said Bankrupt), and make a full and true discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, and finish his examination thereunder; and the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, who shall be present at such meeting, are (pursuant to the said order) to be at liberty to interrogate and examine the said Bankrupt, touching the dis-

closure and discovery of his estate and effects, as they shall think fit; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have proved their debts, are to assent to or dissent from the allowance of the certificate of the said Bankrupt.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 12th day of January 1828, awarded and issued forth against Robert Davy Deniford, of Chipping Norton, in the County of Oxford, Draper, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 8th day of December 1831, awarded and issued forth against William Henfrey, of the Town of Northampton, in the County of Northampton, Wine and Spirit-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 24th day of April instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 16th day of December 1831, awarded and issued forth against Charles Elworthy Martin, of New-Street, Dorset-Square, in the Parish of Saint Mary-le-Bone, in the County of Middlesex, Linen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 24th day of April instant, at half past Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 8th of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against Thomas Woodruffe, of Ramsey, in the County of Essex, Dealer in Cattle, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 24th of April instant, at Ten in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 5th day of May 1827, awarded and issued forth against Arthur Cuthbert Marsh, of Great Scotland-Yard, Navy-Agent, Scrivener, and Banker (formerly trading with William Marsh, of the same place, under the firm of William Marsh and Son, and lately on his own account, at the same place), will sit on the 2d of May next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the separate Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 12th day of May 1829, awarded and issued forth against William John Cooling, late

Master of the Ship or Vessel called the Admiral Cockburn, but now of Bidborough Street, Judd-Street, in the County of Middlesex; Master Mariner, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 18th of November 1830, awarded and issued forth against Michael Andrew, of Crown-Court, Threadneedle-Street, in the City of London, Insurance-Broker, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 23d day of May 1829, awarded and issued forth against John Chorley, of Little Bell-Alley, near Coleman-Street, in the City of London, Woollen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 29th day of August 1831, awarded and issued forth against James Hodgson, of No. 27, Nicholas-Lane, in the City of London, and of No. 6, South-Place, Kennington, in the County of Surrey, Insurance Broker and Agent, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 27th day of April instant, at half past Two in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against William Batmans, of Hardinstone, in the County of Northampton, Grazier, Beast and Sheep-Salesman, will sit on the 27th day of April instant, at half past Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of September 1828, awarded and issued forth against Colin Robertson, Duncan Davidson Milligan, and Robert Milligan Dalzell, all late of Fenchurch-Street, in the City of London, and now of Lime-Street-Square, in the said City, Merchants, Dealers, Chapman, and Partners, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at Twelve at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupts, under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and

passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 5th day of December 1831, awarded and issued forth against James Boardman Holdstock, of Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, Commission-Agent, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 25th day of April instant, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Albion Hotel, in Manchester, in the said County of Lancaster, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts."

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 12th day of January 1829, awarded and issued forth against Robert Davy Deniford, of Chipping Norton, in the County of Oxford, Draper, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at half past Ten in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 8th day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against Thomas Woodruffe, of Ramsey, in the County of Essex, Dealer in Cattle, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 24th day of April instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 8th day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against Henry Graves and William Smith Gooding, late of the Strand, in the County of Middlesex, Tailors, will sit on the 26th of April instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a First and Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 18th of November 1827, awarded and issued forth against Michael Andrew, of Crown-Court, Threadneedle-Street, in the City of London, Insurance-Broker, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th of April instant, at half past One in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 23d day of May 1829, awarded and issued forth against John Chorley, of Little Bell-Alley, near Coleman-Street, in the City of London, Woollen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at half past Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already

proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 7th day of July 1829, awarded and issued forth against Robert Suggate Prettyman, of 266, Regent-Circus, Oxford-Street, in the County of Middlesex. Linen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at half past Twelve of the Clock at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN HERMAN MERIVALE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners of Bankrupts authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 12th day of May 1829, awarded and issued forth against William John Cooling, late Master of the Ship or Vessel, called the Admiral Cockburn, but now of Bidborough-Street, Judd-Street, in the County of Middlesex, Master Mariner, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at half past Two o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Further Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

EDWARD HOLROYD, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 2d day of December 1807, awarded and issued forth against Thomas Moffatt and John Brown, of Goswell Street, in the Parish of St. Luke, Old-Street, in the County of Middlesex, Blue-Manufacturers, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, will sit on the 1st day of May next, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Final Dividend of the separate estate and effects of Thomas Moffatt, one of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 5th day of May 1827, awarded and issued forth against Arthur Cuthbert Marsh, of Great Scotland-Yard, Navy-Agent, Scrivener and Banker (formerly trading with William Marsh, of the same place, under the firm of William Marsh and Son, and lately on his own account at the same place), will sit on the 2d of May next, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Further Dividend of the separate estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 11th day of January 1826, awarded and issued forth against Andrew Ryder, of Budge-Row, in the City of London, Warehouseman, will sit on the 25th of April instant, at Two in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Renewed Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 8th day of

June 1830, awarded and issued against Henry Higginson, of Ebury-Square, in the County of Middlesex, Merchant, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at One in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against William Battans, of Hardingstone, in the County of Northampton, Grazier, Beast and Sheep-Salesman, will sit on the 27th of April instant, at Twelve at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against John Edward Eyles, of Sun-Street, Canterbury, in the County of Kent, Hatter, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 26th day of April instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of September 1828, awarded and issued forth against Colin Robertson, Duncan Davidson Milligan, and Robert Milligan Dalzell, all late of Fenchurch-Street, in the City of London, and now of Lime-Street-Square, in the said City of London, Merchants, Dealers, Chapmen, and Partners, will sit on the 26th of April instant, at Twelve at Noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

ROBERT GEORGE CECIL FANE, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 29th day of August 1831, awarded and issued forth against James Hodgson, of No. 37, Nicholas Lane, in the City of London, and of No. 6, South-Place, Kennington, in the County of Surrey, Insurance Broker and Agent, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 27th of April instant, at half past Two in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 13th day of June 1816, awarded and issued forth against Henry Downer, of Fleet-Street, in the City of London, Ironmonger, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 25th day of April instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, to make a Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq. one of His Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act under a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 24th day of November 1831, awarded and issued forth against Edwin Pegg, of Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Linen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, transferred to the said Court, will sit on the 30th day of April instant, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-Street, in the City of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 4th day of December 1829, awarded and issued forth against William Dennison, of Toxteth-Park, near Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster, Merchant, Ship-Owner, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 19th of April instant, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Clarendon-Rooms, situate in South John-Street, in Liverpool, in the County of Lancaster aforesaid. (by adjournment from the 22d day of March last), in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 18th day of December 1824, awarded and issued forth against Edward Rishton, late of Preston, in the County of Lancaster, Money-Scrivener, Law-Stationer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 27th of April instant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Office of Messrs. Shuttleworth and Hopkins, Solicitors, in Preston aforesaid, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and the said Commissioners also intend to meet on the same day, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, and at the same place, in order to make a First and Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 20th day of November 1830, awarded and issued forth against John Watkinson, of Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, Calico-Printer, Warehouseman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 26th day of April instant, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the King's Arms Inn, in King-Street, in Manchester aforesaid, in order to make a Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.—And the said Commissioners also intend to meet on the same day, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the same place, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;"

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 30th day of July 1829, awarded and issued forth against John Marshall, of Watling-Street, in the City of London, Silk-Manufacturer, Warehouseman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 27th of April instant, at Nine in the Forenoon, at the York Hotel, in Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.—And the said Commissioners also intend to meet on the same day, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and at the same place, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of

the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;"

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing date the 22d day of September 1831, awarded and issued forth against William Dean, late of the Abbey-Mills, in or near the City of Durham, Worsted-Spinner, and Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 1st of May next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at the Waterloo Hotel, in or near the said City of Durham, in order to further Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission, pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and the said Commissioners also intend to meet on the same day, at the same hour, and at the same place, in order to make a Final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

WHEREAS the Commissioner acting in the prosecution of a Fiat in Bankruptcy awarded and issued forth against William Ivory, of Saint Mary at Hill, in the City of London, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, hath certified to the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and to the Court of Review in Bankruptcy, that the said William Ivory hath in all things conformed himself according to the directions of the Acts of Parliament made and now in force concerning Bankrupts; this is to give notice, that, by virtue of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and also of an Act, passed in the first and second years of the reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to establish a Court in Bankruptcy," the Certificate of the said William Ivory will be allowed and confirmed by the Court of Review, established by the said last-mentioned Act, unless cause be shewn to the said Court to the contrary on or before the 24th day of April instant.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Oldham, of Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, and of Garrison, near New Mills, in the County of Derby, Calico-Printer, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Thomas Oldham hath in all things conformed himself according to the directions of the Act of Parliament made and now in force concerning Bankrupts; this is to give notice, that, by virtue of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 24th day of April instant.

WHEREAS the Commissioner acting in the prosecution of a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Lemuel Wellman Wright, of Wenlock Basin, near Hoxton, in the Parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, and of the London-Road, in the County of Surrey, Engineer, Dealer and Chapman, hath certified to the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and to the Court of Review in Bankruptcy, that the said Lemuel Wellman Wright hath in all things conformed himself according to the directions of the Acts of Parliament made and now in force concerning Bankrupts; this is to give notice, that, by virtue of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intitled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and also of an Act, passed in the first and second years of the reign of His present Majesty, intitled "An Act to establish a Court in Bankruptcy," the Certificate of the said Lemuel Wellman Wright will be allowed by the Court of Review, established by the said last-mentioned Act, unless cause be shewn to the said Court to the contrary on or before the 24th day of April instant.

WHEREAS the Commissioners acting in the prosecution of a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Ballard, late of Brighton, otherwise Brighton, in the County of Sussex, Tobaccoist, hath certi-

fied to the Right Hon. Henry Lord Brougham and Vaux, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and to the Court of Review in Bankruptcy, that the said James Ballard hath in all things conformed himself according to the directions of the Acts of Parliament made and now in force concerning Bankrupts; this is to give notice, that, by virtue of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and also of an Act, passed in the first and second years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to establish a Court in Bankruptcy" the Certificate of the said James Ballard will be allowed and confirmed by the Court of Review, established by the said last-mentioned Act, unless cause be shewn to the said Court to the contrary on or before the 24th day of April instant.

WHEREAS the Commissioner acting in the prosecution of a Commission in Bankruptcy awarded and issued forth against Thomas Metcalfe Moses, late of Stockton upon Tees, in the County of Durham, Joiner, Cabinet-Maker, and Upholsterer, Straw-Hat-Manufacturer, Milliner, and Dress-Maker, hath certified to the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and to the Court of Review in Bankruptcy, that the said Thomas Metcalfe Moses hath in all things conformed himself according to the directions of the Acts of Parliament made and now in force concerning Bankrupts; this is to give notice, that, by virtue of an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to Bankrupts;" and also of an Act, passed in the first and second years of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to establish a Court in Bankruptcy," the Certificate of the said Thomas Metcalfe Moses will be allowed and confirmed by the Court of Review, established by the said last-mentioned Act, unless cause be shewn to the said Court to the contrary on or before the 24th day of April instant.

INTIMATION.

Edinburgh, March 29, 1832.

THE Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills this day sequestrated the whole estate and effects of Loundes Roylance Gow, Cloth-Merchant, in Falkirk, in the County of Stirling, and appointed his Creditors to meet in the house of Mr. David Brown, keeper of the Red Lion Inn, Falkirk, on Monday the 9th April next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, to name an Interim Factor; and again to meet, at the same place and hour, on Tuesday the 24th April next, to elect a Trustee.—Of all which notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

Notice to the Creditors of William Stewart Watson, Picture-Dealer, Portrait-Painter, and Life Insurance-Broker, in Edinburgh.

Edinburgh, March 30, 1832.

THE Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, upon the application of the said William Stewart Watson, with the requisite concurrence, this day sequestrated the estates and effects, heritable and moveable, of the said William Stewart Watson, and appointed his Creditors to meet within the Rainbow Coffee-House, Edinburgh, on Friday the 6th day of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the purpose of choosing an Interim Factor; and to meet again, at the same place and hour, on Friday the 20th day of April next, for the purpose of electing a Trustee or Trustees in succession on the said sequestrated estates.

Notice to the Creditors on the Sequestrated Estates of John Crawford and Company, of Port Glasgow, J. T. Crawford and Company, of Lisbon, and of Crawford and Company, of Newfoundland.

Edinburgh, March 29, 1832.

JAMES BROWN, Merchant, in Glasgow, having been appointed Trustee in succession to the deceased William Bennet, upon the said estates, but the meeting of Creditors at which the said James Brown was elected Trustee in succession, not having named the caution to be granted by him, intimation is hereby given, that a meeting of the said Creditors will be held within the Black Bull Inn, Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 18th day of April next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of fixing the caution to be found by the said James Brown preparatory to his confirmation as Trustee upon the said estates.

Notice to the Creditors of Morris, Kirkwood, and Co. Merchants and Warehousemen, Glasgow, and Hugh Morris and William Kirkwood, as Individuals.

March 30, 1832.

THE Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills this day sequestrated the whole estate and effects of the said Morris, Kirkwood, and Company, and Hugh Morris and William Kirkwood, as Individuals; and appointed their Creditors to meet within the Black Bull Inn, Glasgow, on Friday the 6th day of April next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, to elect an Interim Factor; and again, at the same place and hour, on Friday the 20th day of April next, to elect a Trustee.

Notice to the Creditors of Roxburgh and Company, Merchants in Glasgow, as a Company, and of Adam Roxburgh, Merchant there, Sole Partner of said Company, and as an Individual.

Glasgow, March 29, 1832.

EDWARD RAILTON, Agent, in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Roxburgh and Company, and Adam Roxburgh, hereby intimates, that the accounts of his intronmissions having been audited by the Commissioners, he has prepared a scheme of ranking, and a state of the Bankrupt funds, which will lie in his Counting-House, 20, Branswick-Place, Glasgow, for one month from the 1st April next, for the inspection of the Creditors, and on the 2d May proximo, a third dividend will be paid to the Creditors whose claims have been proved and sustained in terms of the Statute; and at the same time, an equalizing dividend will be paid to the Creditors whose claims were not lodged in sufficient time for the first and second dividends. Further, the Trustee requests a general meeting of the Creditors in his Counting-House, upon the said 2d May proximo, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, for the purpose of instructing him as to the disposal of the debts still outstanding, and of the assets belonging to the sequestrated estate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 9th day of April 1832, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at Stafford, in the County of Stafford, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 11th day of April 1832, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at Shrewsbury, in the County of Salop, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 13th day of April 1832, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 16th day of April 1832, at the hour of Twelve at Noon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at the City of Coventry, in the County of the same City, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 17th day of April 1832, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at Warwick, in the County of Warwick, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. His Majesty's Chief Commissioner, or one other of His Majesty's Commissioners for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, will, on the 19th day of April 1832, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon precisely, attend at the Court-House, at Aylesbury, in the County of Buckingham, and hold a Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, pursuant to the Statute.

THE Creditors of Richard Buckley, late of Manchester, in the County of Lancaster, Dyer, an Insolvent Debtor, who was discharged from the Gaol of the Castle of Lancaster, in the said County, are requested to meet at the Office of Mr. Cardwell, No. 21, Ridge-Field, in Manchester aforesaid, on Monday the 30th day of April instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon of the same day precisely (and not on Saturday next, as heretofore advertised in Last Tuesday's Gazette), for the purpose of choosing an Assignee or Assignees of the said Insolvent's estate and effects.

THE Creditors of John Dearden, formerly of Moorside, near Oldham, in the County of Lancaster, Cotton-Spinner, then of Three Lane-Ends, Gladwick-Lane, near Oldham aforesaid, Publican (also carrying on business in Partnership with John Greenwood, at Fowl-Beech, near Oldham aforesaid, as Cotton-Waste-Dealers); and late of Roads-Bank, near Oldham aforesaid, Publican only, an Insolvent Debtor, who was lately discharged from the Gaol of the Castle of Lancaster, in the said County, are requested to meet at the House of Mr. William Broadbent, known by the sign of the Swan Inn, in Oldham aforesaid, on the 16th day of April instant, at Six of the Clock in the Evening of the same day precisely, for the purpose of choosing an Assignee or Assignees of the said Insolvent's estate and effects.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of Alexander Clarke, late of West Pennard, near Glastonbury, in the County of Somerset, Jobber and Dealer in Pigs, an Insolvent Debtor, who was discharged from the Fleet Prison, on the 13th day of September 1831, will be held at the Office of Messrs. Reeves and James, Solicitors, in Glastonbury, in the County of Somerset, on Thursday the 19th day of April instant, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, for the purpose of agreeing to the manner in which the real estate of the said Insolvent shall be sold, and to appoint the time and place for such sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of Charles Foster, late of Danson-Lane, in the Parish of Sutton, in Hoiderness, in the County of York, Grocer, an Insolvent Debtor, who was lately discharged from His Majesty's Gaol of the Town and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull; under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and consolidate the laws for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England," will be held on Wednesday the 11th day of April instant, at Twelve at Noon precisely, at the Office of Mr. J. C. Richardson, in Junction-Place, in the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull aforesaid, to approve and direct in what manner, and at what place or places, the real estate of the said Insolvent shall be sold by public auction.

THE Creditors of George Catling, of the City of Chichester, in the County of Sussex, Hair-Dresser and Perfumer, an Insolvent Debtor, and lately discharged out of the Gaol of the said City, are requested to meet the Assignee of the said Insolvent's estate and effects, on Saturday the 21st day of April instant, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon precisely, at the

Office of Messrs. Wilmot and Sherwood in the said City of Chichester, Solicitors, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee commencing and prosecuting an action at law against a certain person, to be named at the said meeting, for the recovery of the value of certain goods, chattels, and effects, late the property of the said Insolvent, and sold by auction by the said certain person, within three months previously to the commencement of the said Insolvent's imprisonment, and the proceeds whereof have been illegally or improperly applied by the said certain person.

Insolvency.

THE Creditors of Edward Gifford, otherwise Edward Giffard, lat. of No. 38, William-Street, Hampstead-Road, and of No. 4, Brassett-Place, Northend, Fulham, both in the County of Middlesex, Architect and Surveyor, an Insolvent Debtor, lately discharged, under the Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England, from the King's-Bench Prison, are requested to meet the Assignee of the said Insolvent's estate, on Friday the 27th day of April instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the Office of the Assignee, situate No. 20, Great Marlborough-Street, in the County aforesaid, in order to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee commencing, prosecuting, or defending any action or actions at law, or suit or suits in equity, for the recovery of, or to effect the disposition of, all or any part of the said Insolvent's estate and effects; and to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee making composition with any debtors or accountants to the said Insolvent, where the same shall appear necessary, and taking such reasonable part of any such debts as can upon such composition be gotten, in full discharge of such debts and accounts; and submitting to arbitration any difference or dispute between such Assignee and any person or persons, for or on account, or by reason, of any matter, cause, or thing relating to the estate and effects of the said Insolvent; and on other special affairs.

Insolvent Debtor.—Dividend.

WHEREAS the Assignees of the estate and effects of Thomas Chambers, late of Clapham-Rise, in the County of Surrey, out of business, an Insolvent Debtor, lately a prisoner in the King's-Bench Prison, have caused their account of the said estate and effects, duly sworn to, to be filed in the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; the Creditors of the said Insolvent are requested to meet the Assignees at the Office of Messrs. Dolman, No. 14, Clifford's-Inn, Fleet-Street, on the 8th day of May next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, when and where the Assignees will declare the amount of the balance in their hands, and proceed to make a Dividend with the same amongst the Creditors whose debts are admitted in the schedule sworn to by the Insolvent, in proportion to the amount thereof, subject to such correction of the rights to receive dividends as may be made according to the Statute.—If any person has a demand which is stated in the schedule, but is disputed therein, either in whole or in part; or if the said Insolvent, the said Assignees, or any Creditor object to any debts mentioned therein, such claims and objections must be brought forward at the said meeting, in order that proceedings may be had for the examination and decision of the same, according to the Statute.

WHEREAS the Assignee of the estate and effects of James Knight, of Castle Cary, in the County of Somerset, Surgeon, Apothecary, and Accoucheur, an Insolvent Debtor, lately a prisoner in the King's-Bench Prison, has caused an account of the said estate and effects, duly sworn to, to be filed in the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; the Creditors of the said Insolvent are requested to meet the Assignee at the House of Thomas Alford, called or known by the name or sign of the Angel Inn, in Sherborne, in the County of Dorset, on the 5th of May next, at Eleven in the Forenoon precisely, when and where the Assignee will declare the amount of the balance in his hands, and proceed to make a Dividend with the same amongst the Creditors whose debts are admitted in the schedule sworn to by the Insolvent, in proportion to the amount thereof, subject to such correction of the rights to receive dividends as may be made according to the Statute.—If any person has a demand which is stated in the schedule, but is disputed therein, either in whole or in part; or if the said Insolvent, the said Assignee, or any Creditor, objects to any debt mentioned therein, such claims and objections must be brought forward at the said meeting, in order that proceedings may be had for the examination and decision of the same according to the Statute.

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