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Naples, December 7.

N the 20th of the last month the Spanish Fleet under the command of the Marguis d'Aquilar, fai'ed from hence for Cadiz The Gallies of Spain, and those of Ge-noua, commanded by the Duke of Turfs, are now in this Port, and are to Wister Here. We are told our Viceroy has received orders from Madrid to raile feveral new Regiments in this Kingdom, and that Commissions will be very fuddenly given out for that purpole.

Venice, December 18. The Pope, as well as the Emperor and the King of Poland, do very much preis this State to enter into the War against the Turks, and many are of opinion that the Republick will embrace this opportunity, than which they can have none more favourable, to recover the Island of Candia: Certain it is, that they have refolved to have a confiderable Fleet at Sea the next year, and that the preparations which are made for that purpole, are very much hallned. From Dalmetia we have advice that the Morlaques have poffeffed themselves of a very confiderable post called Chein not far from Sebenico, and that they have defeated a party of Turks which were marching thither. Our Letters from Rome of the 11th Infant tell us, that the Pope employed his whole care for the affifting the Emperor in the War he is now engaged in against the Turks, and that he seemed very defirous of a Peace between his Moft Chri-Rian Majelly, the Empire, and Spain, that to they might bend their whole Force against the common Enemy of Christendom. We have advice that the Great Mafter of Malta is making great preparations against Spring.

Vienna, December 19. Our Governor has pub-listed a Placaet, by which the Inhabitants of this City are required to furnish themselves with provisions for a year and a day, and are forbid on a very fevere penalty to depart the place without leave. The orders which were given for the clearing the ground within 600 paces of the Counterscarpe of the ruines of Houses destroyed during the late Siege, and of all other rubbilh, are but flowly executed, partly by reafon of the weather, and partly for want of Laborers, most of the Tarkish Slaves that were employed in that work being dead, there remaining of the great number we had, not above 60. On Monday last was per-formed a folemn Service in St. Stephens Church for all those that have died in the War against the Turks, at which affifted our Governor, the Magi-firates, and many Officers of the Army. The hopes we had that Caschaw would have received an the Grand Visier had kept hämfelf in Credic with the Grand Signior by the falle representations he Imperial Garifon, are quite taken away by the laft had made to him of the actions of the laft Cam-

Turks and Hungarians are entred the place, and that Count Teckelepianel those of his party have likewife put a Garilda into Esperies and fomo other places, We are informed that the Emperor has refolved to call a Dyce at Presbourg, and that the Baron d'Abele is to bl his Chief Commissioner.

Lintz December 20, Prequent Councils of War are Held here, to optime th: Preparations for the next Campagne, to which the Cardinal Bonvila. the Polpes Nuncio at mik Cour , gives great vigor by the Affurances he often reprates to the Emperor and his Minifleps, that the Pope will affift them with conflant Supplies of Money. We are told that the faid Nuncio docs, by the Popes order, exhort his Imperial. Majelia to cliablish a firm Peace between the Bropire and the Grown of France, that to there may be nothing to distort him from employing his whole force as well as that of Germany against the Tutks. The Emperor has re-ceived a Letter from the King of Poland, woitten the roth inftant in his Camp near Leachs, giving his Imperial Majefly an account that his Troops could hot take the Quarters alligned them in the upper Hungary, for that Calchaw, Esperies, and one or two places more have been prevailed upon by the Turks and Hungarian Rebels to receive Garifonsfrom them. We have Letters from Belgrade of the 18th of Novembel, which contradict the news we had of the Grand Viliers being firangled, But tell us, that his Enemics as well in the Army as in the Seraglio were very powerful; that the Jani-faries were difcontented; and that there was a great Bonffernation among all forts of People. That the Grand Signior had paffed Philopopoli in his way to Adriandple, and that it was faid he would not flay there but confinue his Journey to Confian-simple. The Baron Freytage, whom the Emperor is fending his Ambaffador to the King of Boland, will now in few days begin his Journey. The 16th inflant the Venetian Ambaliador had a private Audience of the Emperor, and it's reported here with much confidence, that that Republick will

come into the War against the Turks. Rativbound, December 23. They write from Lintz that an Express was arrived thete with Letters from the King of Poland, wherein he acquaints the Emperor that Count Teckeley had put 2500 men into Caschaw, 900 into Esperies, and 600 into Leutschau, being half Turks and half Hungarians, and had thereby hindred him from taking the Winterquarters he intended for his Troops on this fide the River Tibife. That he was on his return to Cracow; and that he will be in the Field again Letters from Hungary, which affure us that 2500 pagne, defguiling the los the Turks have fulfain d, and