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Whitehall, December 12.

THE following Address has been presented to His Majesty, who received it very Graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty;

The humble Address of the Gentlemen of the Grand-Jury Sworn at the Assizes held at Derby, in and for Your Majesty's County of Derby, the 30th day of July in the xxxvth. year of Your Majesty's most happy Reign. And of the High Sheriff, and divers others of the Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and Inhabitants of Your Majesty's said County, as their hearty Concurrence with an humble Address of the Grand-Jury and Justices of Peace, at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace held at Bakewell the 10th day of the same Month of July, in and for the said County, and lately presented to Your most Sacred Majesty.

Most Dread and Gracious Sovereign,

W E Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects the Representatives of Your Majesties County of Derby, serving upon the Grand Inquest at the Assizes held there the 30th day of July, in the xxxv. year of Your Majesties most happy Reign (which we most earnestly pray may be prolonged in Peace and Tranquillity) having seen a Copy of an Address signed by the Grand Jury of this County with the Concurrence of Your Majesties Justices of the Peace there present at the last Sessions held at Bakewell the 10th day of July Instant, which was presented to Your Sacred Majesty (many) of us not then having opportunity to joy therein, but having the same Loyal inclinations, do with them (as in Duty bound) render our unfeigned thanks to the Preserver of Princes, for the great deliverance which He in His wonderful Providence has vouchsafed to Your Majesty and his Royal Highness, Your only Brother, from the Traiterous and Bloody Conspiracies of Yours and the Nations malicious Enemies; And we shall ever pray to the Almighty Protector of Princes, that He will still in mercy be pleased to defend Your Majesty and Royal Family, that no villanous Plots, or the Results of Atheistical Clubs or Associations may ever disturb the Peace of Your Majesties Reign, or the Succession of the Imperial Crown of Your Majesties Realms in the Right Line: And do assure Your Majesty that the discovery of all Plotters and Associates, shall be our daily care and utmost endeavour, and that whenever we are called by Your Majesty, we shall be ready to sacrifice our Lives and all that is dear unto us in Your Majesty's service.

Signed by Nine thousand One hundred Seventy five.

Lisbon, November 23. The last week arrived here the *Centurion* Frigate, commanded by Captain *Wrenn* from *Tangier*, having brought from thence the Portuguese that were Inhabitants there. Captain *Wrenn* took a Sally-man of War upon this Coast, wherein he found 43 Moores, an English Renegado, and four Christian Slaves, which he brought in with him. The Queen of Portugal is very ill.

Naples, November 23. On Saturday last Sailed from hence the Spanish Fleet, commanded by the Count d'Aquilar for Cadiz, having taken on board here 300 Italian Foot. The Gallies of *Genova*, commanded by the Duke de Turris, as well as those of Spain and this Kingdom are to Winter here. Our Viceroy the Marquis de Liche continues to employ his utmost care and endeavours for the Sup-

pressing the Bandi 1, who are become very numerous and Insolent.

Genova, Nov. 28. We have advice that the French have taken and carried to *Thoulon* a Spanish Bark in which the Prince of Montefarchio was going for Spain. This week 60 Spanish Soldiers, which were brought in a Genoese Vessel from Valencia in Spain, landed at Final. From Milan they write, that the Count de Melgar their Governor was recruited from visiting the most important Garisons of that State.

Piemont, December 1. We have already given you account of the taking of *Zyckin*, a place of importance to the Christians for that it will serve very much to secure their Winters-quarters, wherof we have since received the following particulars. The King of Poland after he had taken his leave of the Duke of Lorraine, understanding the Turks had a considerable Garison in *Zyckin*, which might very much disturb the communication between his Troops and the Imperialists; called a Council of War, and proposed to them whether they should endeavor to possess themselves of that place or not; most of the Council were against it, for that the Troops through the great duties they had been upon, were become unfit for present service; however the King resolved not to leave the place in his Enemies hands, and sent the Prince his Son and the Palatine of *Lublin*, on the 8th of November, with a small body of Horse to observe the situation of it, and upon their return gave orders for the putting what he had resolved in execution. The Turks on their side were in a posture of defence, and being informed that the King had ordered the Cossacks to attack their Suburbs on the 10th, they set fire to them the night before, which the Cossacks perceiving immediately fell upon the Enemy, and possessed themselves of one of their Gates and broke down the Palisadoes, which secured the Town. The Turks defended themselves with great Resolution, and after a sharp Dispute, forced the Cossacks again to retire, but they being assisted with some fresh Troops, renewed their attack; and obliged the Turks to quit the Town, and to shelter themselves in the Castle, the Action ceasing with the coming id of the day; The King, not to lose time, commanded an Assault to be immediately made upon the Castle, which the Turks understanding, and thinking themselves unable to defend it, they hung out a White Flag, and the Commander in Chief, with two others, came out, and prayed the King to permit them to march to *Buda*, which his Majesty granted, and accordingly they marched out, being 800 Foot and 500 Horse, and were conducted on their way to *Buda*; In the place was found 20 Pieces of Cannon, besides several small Field-pieces and Mortars, and a great quantity of Powder, with good store of Provisions;

Lintz, December 7. The Emperor received the last week 200000 Crowns from the Pope, which will be employed for the raising the recruits. The Duke of Lorraine has daily conferences with his Imperial Majesty and his chief Ministers concerning the prepara,

preparations for the next Campagne, and we are told that so soon as these matters are settled his Highness will return to Hungary where Count *Staremberg* is to have the chief command in the next time. They write from thence that the King of Poland, who has with the Emperor's consent granted the Hungarians some few places for Winter-quarters, intended to part from *Esperies* on the 12th of this month on his return to *Cracow*, where it's still said his Majesty intends to hold a Dyet. This day parted from hence, the Count de *Berke*, the Emperor's Envoy Extraordinary to the Kings of Denmark and Sweden. The Ambassadors which his Imperial Majesty is sending to *Moscow*, will begin their journey in few days. The Emperor having presently after the raising the siege of *Vienna* made Count *Staremberg* Marechal de Camp General, his Majesty has since given like Commissions to Count *Leslie*, Count *Caprara*, Count *Caplieres*, and the Duke of *Saxe-Lawenburg*; the first is appointed to command the Emperor's Troops in *Croatia*; the second the Imperial Horse in Hungary; Count *Caplieres*, who is Vice-President of the Council of War, is by reason of his great age to remain at Court; and the Duke of *Saxe-Lawenburg* is at present at his Estate in the Lower Saxony.

Frankfort, December 10. The Elector of *Bavaria* arrived at *Municken* the 23. of the last month, making a publick Entry into that City. We are assured that his Electoral Highness has resolved to encrease his Forces to 20000 men, and that he has already given out Commissions for the making of new Levies. The Count de *Serini*, whom his Electoral Highness has made choice of to command his Forces, was expected at *Municken* in few days. From *Lintz* they write, that most of the Officers had received the moneys allowed them by the Emperor for the making their Recruits, but do not tell us with any certainty what new Regiments are to be raised. And that the Emperor was much dissatisfied that the Vice-Roy of *Croatia* had separated the Troops which blocked up *Caniſka*, and put them into their Winter-quarters.

Dantzicke, December 5. We have Letters from *Lemberg* in Poland of the 19th of the last month, which inform us that the Sieur *Krakowski* had with the Troops under his Command, besieged *Jaszwicke*, which the Turks defended very well; and that the Bassa of *Caminiea* had made an attempt to raise the Siege, having with part of his Garrison and 2000 Tartars fallen upon the Poles, but was repulsed and put to flight, many of the Turks and Tartars being killed and taken Prisoners. The King of Poland was expected at *Cracow* in his return from Hungary, part of his Baggage being already arrived there.

Hague, December 17. Upon the News of the War being declared at *Madrid* against France, the States of *Holland* were assembled on Tuesday last till eight a Clock at night, and have been since every day assembled, but have not yet taken a final Resolution concerning the new Levy, which is the great matter before them. We are told that the Elector of *Cologne's* Minister has by a Memorial acquainted the States General that the Bishop of *Strasbourg* was gone for France upon no other design, than to endeavour to obtain a Neutrality for the Country of *Liege*, and other his Electoral Highnesses Territories. The Heer *Van Hairen*, whom the States General have made choice of to go in quality of their Ambassador Extraordinary to Sweden, will in few days receive his dispatches, and it's believed he will presently after begin his Journey. They write from *Berlin* that the Elector of *Brandenburg* raises men, intending, as they say, to have a good Army in the Field the next Summer.

Marseilles, December 10. Yesterday arrived here a small Vessel from *Newfoundland*, the Master whereof reports, that touching at *Alicant*, he found a French and Spanish Man of War engaged in that Bay, and that the latter, after about half an hours fight, blew up, few or none of the men escaping, but by what accident, or any other particulars, he cannot inform us. The French Merchants Resident in Spain, do begin to retire with their Estates, finding a War is going to break out. Here has been a report these five or six days, that Monsieur de *Lery* had taken the White Horse of *Algiers*, but it needs a Confirmation. The sixth instant arrived here the Swan Frigate, Captain *Habson* Commander, from *Tangier*, and this Morning Sailed again for *Genoa* and *Leghorne*.

Paris, December 18. The Spanish Ambassador at this Court being called home, has desired his Audiences of leave; and his most Christian Majesty's Ambassador in Spain is likewise on his return hither. We have an account that the Estates and Effects which the Subjects of this Crown have within the Spanish Dominions are seized by order of his Catholic Majesty. The Sieur de *la Croix* is arrived at *Toulon* with the Ratifications of the Peace which Monsieur du *Queine* lately concluded with the Government of *Tunis*. The Duke de *la Feuillade* lies very ill, in so much that his recovery is despaired of; it's said the Duke of *Villeroy* will succeed him in the command of Colonel of the French Guards. The Pope's Nuncio here having received orders from Rome to cause the Jubilé lately granted by the Pope to be published in this Kingdom; he hath accordingly sent the same to all the Bishops of France, except the Archbishop of *Toulouse*, who is lookt upon at Rome as Excommunicated. Several young Noblemen and other Persons of Quality, are gone to join the Kings Troops, which it's said are marching towards *Luxemburg*.

Paris, Decemb. 19. Last night the Dauphiness was, to the great joy of this Court, Brought to-Bed of a young Prince, who is called Duke d'Anjou.

Deale, December 12. This day came into the Downs about 22 Sail of Dutch Merchant Ships with their Convoy, outward bound.

Deale, December 13. Yesterday arrived in the Downs from the Westward, His Majesties Ship the *Diamond*, Captain *Jones* Commander.

SIR ROBERT VYNER having made some Additions to the Proposals he formerly made. Those who are concerned with him, are desired to call for them at the Vine in Lombard-street.

Advertisements.

The Second Volume of *Plutarch's Lives*, Translated from the Greek by several hands: Printed for Jacob Tonson at the Judges Head in Chancery-lane near Fleet-street.

These are to give Notice, That His Majesty hath been Graciously pleased by His late Charter to the City of Coventry, to grant to the said City three Horse-Markets to be kept there every Year; The first of them to be kept the three first Fridays after Twelfth-day; The second to be kept the three first Fridays after Easter; And the third to be kept the three first Fridays after Michaelmas; And also to alter the Fair which was formerly kept there the Sixteenth day of August yearly, to the 22. of March yearly.

Three Heats will be run for a Plate of the value of Forty pounds, on Clifford Moore nigh Weatherby, on Thursday in Easter-week, by any Ston'd Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Ten Stone weight.

Taken or conveyed the 13th Instant from Cliffords Inn in Fleet-street, a middle size Mastiff-Dog Black, all his Feet white, close crop Ears, a white streak up his Forehead, white about the Neck except the right side, white Breast and Belly, bob Tail; Whoever gives notice of him so that he may be had again to the Porter of Cliffords Inn in Fleet-street, shall have Twenty shillings reward.