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Whitehall, October 26.

The following Address, signed by about Ten thousand Tynners of the several Stanneries in Cornwall, was presented to His Majesty by the Right Honorable the Earl of Bath, Lord Warden of the Stanneries, accompanied by the Lord Arundel of Trevishe, and several Gentlemen of that Country, which His Majesty did graciously accept of, and was pleased to declare the satisfaction he has in these repeated Testimonies of the duty and affection of that Loyal County.

WE Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Tynners of the several Stanneries within Your Majesties most Loyal County of Cornwall, being filled with Horror and Astonishment at the late Hellish Plot and

Conspiracy against the Life of Your Sacred Majesty and Dearest Brother James Duke of York, presume, with all Humility, to prostrate our selves at Your Royal Feet, in a humble protestation of our Abhorrence and utter Detestation of all Faction, Insolence, and Trayterous Confederacies and Associations whatsoever, against Your Majesties Royal Person, Dignity, Crown and Government. And do most devoutly offer up our most hearty and unfeigned Thanks to Almighty God for His Gracious Preservation of Your Majesty and Dearest Brother, and the seasonable Discovery of this Horrid Conspiracy, which, if not by His Gracious Providence detected and prevented, would undoubtedly have involved these Kingdoms in Blood and Confusion, subverted the best Religion and Government in the World, and reduced Your Majesties Loyal Subjects into as great, or if possible, greater Slavery than that into which they were lately betrayed, under the specious pretences of Religion and Liberty, and happily redeemed by Your Majesties Miraculous Resurrection: We are truly sensible of Your Princely Care and Royal Vertues, whereby our Laws have ever since had their due course, and we have enjoyed our Religion and Property inviolate, the Blessings of Peace and Plenty, and Security from Dangers at home and abroad; we think our selves therefore obliged in Duty and Conscience, to lay at Your Royal Feet our Lives and Fortunes, humbly and solemnly protesting, that (as our Religion, Duty, and Allegiance obliges) we will cheerfully Sacrifice all, in defence of Your Majesties Sacred Person, Your Heirs and Lawful Successors, and the Government now by Law established in Church and State.

There has been likewise presented to His Majesty a very Loyal Address from the Borough and Corporation of *Denbigh*, which His Majesty received very graciously.

The humble and unanimous Address of the Aldermen, Bayliffs, Capital Burgeffes, and Loyal Inhabitants of the Borough and Corporation of Denbigh.

Dread Sovereign,

WE humbly beg Your Majesties belief, that though we come so late to lay this our Address at Your Royal Feet, yet we have paid as early acknowledgements, and thanks, as any of Your Majesties Loyal Subjects, to the King of Kings, for Your Majesties and Your Illustrious Brothers Happy Deliverances from those Trayterous Wretches, that at one blow would have cut off the best of Kings, and overjur'd the best of Governments; Men (if Monsters may be so called) who having been themselves Actors (or the offspring of such) in the late Rebellion, do now by their repeated Treasons call aloud for Your Majesties Justice, and the execution of Your severest Laws, to prevent their future attempts of modelling old Governments into new Associations, that we and our Posterity may live under Your Majesties gracious Government and Your Royal Line, as long as the Sun and Moon endure.

Vienna, October 17. The last Letters from the Imperial Camp inform us, that they were laying a Bridge over the Danube, about half a Mile above Gran, which they intended to pass the 14. or 15 and to besiege that place, in case they are not hindered by the Season, and the want of Forage and Provisions. That they had advice that the Grand Visier was on his march with 30000 men to joyn the Body, he had appointed to cover Gran and Barkan, when he was informed of their Defeat, and that he returned thereupon with great Precipitation towards Joel-Weissbourg; and that Count Teckley had again sent two Deputies to the King of Poland, to desire him to interpose with the Emperor on his behalf, but that they had not been very well received, the King not believing their Matter sincere in the Professions he makes to him. The Count de Denhoffe Palatine of Pomerelle, and General of the Polish Artillery, having been killed in the Action on the seventh instant at Barkan, his Body, which was found after the Fight, and known, though the Turks had cut off the Head, was three days agoe brought hither.

Lintz, October 19. The Letters from the Imperial Camp of the 14th instant, tell us, That the day after the Victory at Barkan, the King of Poland had caused Te Deum to be sung, and the Artillery to be thrice discharged with Shot against Gran: And that on the 11th the Boats arrived for the making a Bridge, which they began the next day, to lay over the Danube, about a Mile above Gran, a small wharfe there lyes a small Island in that River, on which they were raising a small Fort to secure the said Bridge. The Emperor has resolved to remain here this Winter, the Barone Blumberg is going to Moscow to propose an Alliance between his Imperial Majesty, the King of Poland, and the Czars, against the Turks. And Count Burka, the Emperors Envoy Extraordinary to Denmark, and afterwards to Sweden, will be dispatched in few days. Yesterday arrived here from the Army, the two Princes of Hannover, who are returning home.

Ratisbonne, October 25. All our Letters, as well from Hungary as Vienna, confirm the account we had of the Victory obtained by the Christians at Barkan. They tell us that 6000 Turks were killed upon the place, among which were the new Bassa of Buda, and two other Bassas, esteemed the best Officers in the Ottoman Army, that a great many were drowned, and betwixt 11 and 120 taken Prisoners, the Bassas of Silestria and Bossina being of that number; and that the Spoil was great, all the Enemies Baggage, twenty Pieces of Cannon, and above 4000 Horses having been taken by the Christians, who on their part lost not 300 men, whereof 200 were Poles. The Letters add, that the Christian Army was passing the Danube, in order to besiege Gran.

Cologne, Octob. 28. All the Letters from the Christian Army in Hungary assure us, that the loss which the Turks sustained on the 9th at Barkan, is greater than was at first believed; They had there 11000 Horse, and 1200 Janissaries, whereof 5000 were slain, and among them the Bassa of Buda, and two other Bassas, many were drowned, and two Bassas with many Officers, and others, taken Prisoners. The Letters add, that 2500 men, which the Elector of Brandenburg sends to the assistance of the King of Poland, were arrived in his Camp; and that the Bavarian Foot was come to Combray, the Horse being to return and Winter in the Empire.

Brussels, October 29. The Italian Regiment of Cantelmo is arrived at Aeth, where we are told there is now a very good Garrison. Of the Spanish Cavalry that were encamped in the Counterscarp of this place, 120 Regiments are gone to Charleroy and Namur, and the rest are drawn into the Town. The General Officers of the Dutch Troops encamped at Mumbach, are at present here to confer with his Excellency about their Quarters. It is said the Horse and Dragoons will be sent home again, and that the Foot will be put into this place, Vilvord, Malines and Lwain. The Marquis de Grana has sent Monsieur Del Val who lately returned hither.

hithor from France to the Hague, to give the States and the Prince of Orange an account how he left Affairs at Paris. We were yesterday informed by Letters from Lille, that the Marechal d'Humieres was going to decamp from Leslignes, when he received new orders from Court; that thereupon a Council of War was held; and that the Young Princes who were returning to Paris, are all come back to the Army, which makes us believe some sudden Action is intended. The Letters from Germany confirm the Particulars we gave you in our last, of the Victory at Barkau, but do not speak with any certainty, either of the Siege of Gran or Canisla.

Brussels, November 2. We have an account from Mons, that on Friday last 15 or 16 Squadrons of French Horse appearing within Cannon Shot of that place, the Governor caused several Pieces of Cannon to be discharged at them; and sent out a Party of Horse and Dragoons, who skirmish'd with them, and some were killed and wounded on both sides; but in the mean time the French raised their Contributions in the adjacent Villages, and pillaged those that refused. The Marechal de Humieres decamp'd on Sunday last very early in the Morning from *Leslignes*, and march'd towards *Leuze* and *Renay*: He sent out a great Detachment towards *Audenarde*, and another towards *Courtray*; which last place it's believed will be attacked: This is certain, that great Preparations are made at *Tournay* for a Siege, and that all the Carriages on that side of the Country, have been summoned thither. Upon this news the Prince de *Vaudemont* parted from hence yesterday Morning by break of day with 400 Spanish Horse, and having joyned the Dutch Horse and Dragoons at *Humbeck*, continued his march towards *Flanders*; and our Maistre de Camp General, is likewise abroad with the Troops he has drawn out of *Ghent*, to observe the motions of the French. We have Letters from the Imperial Camp in *Hungary* of the 18th instant, which tell us, that they had not yet undertaken the Siege of *Gran*, the Garrison whereof has been lately considerably reinforced: That they as well as the Poles were still encamped on this side the *Danube*, not far from *Barkan*; that 3000 Horse had passed the River, and advanced to the Suburb of *Gran*, and set fire to it; that the Turks made a Sally out of the Town, and skirmish'd with the Christians, but were beaten home again, and several of them taken Prisoners. And that they had advice that the Grand Visier being reinforced with a considerable Body of fresh Troops, was encamped between *Buda* and *Stoel-Weissembourg*.

Hague, October 30. The Sieur *Roucke* Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, parted from hence two days ago for *Berlin*, where, if not at *Potsdam*, there will be very suddenly an Entertainment between their Electoral Highnesses of *Brandenburgh* and *Saxony*. The Master of a Vessel which arriv'd the 28th instant at *Amsterdam* from the Eastward, reports, he met the Fleet of this State, consisting of twenty Sail, off *Sehagen*, and that they took their course towards *Gottenburg*. Our Letters from *Vienna* tell us, that there being a great Scarcity of Forage in *Hungary*, 20 or 22000 Horse would be sent towards the *Rhine* to winter there.

Hague, Novemb. 2. The States of *Holland* are again Adjourn'd till Thursday next, and in the time the Deputies are gone home; when they meet again it's believed they will come to a final Resolution in the matter of the new Levy. The Prince of *Orange* is gone to the *Veluwe* to Hunt, but will be back against Thursday. It's said our Fleet is arriv'd at *Gottenburg*,

Paris, October 30. We have advice that the Chevalier de Breuille is arriv'd at *Brest*, with the Squadron of Men of War under his Command from the South. The Marechal de Crequi is gone to his Government of *Lorraine*. The Sieur Heintius Envoy Extraordinary from the States General of the United Provinces, had two days since, his Audiences of leave of the King, the Dauphin, &c. being conducted thereunto by Monsieur de Boneil Introducer of Ambassadors.

Westminster, Octob. 27. This day Aron Smith, who was some time since convicted, upon an Information, for contriving and delivering most scandalous and libellous Instructions in Writing, to Stephen Colledge, to be used at his Trial at Oxford; and for speaking very scandalous and ledition Words in the Court at the said Trial, and fled for the same; being lately apprehended, was brought to the Kings-Bench-Bar to receive the Judgment of the Court, upon his said conviction; which was, That he pay a Fine of 500 pounds, and stand in the Pillory before Westminister-Hall gate, and before the Royal Exchange in London; That he find Sureties for the Good-behavior for a Year; and that he remain in Prison till this be done.

HIS Majesty has been graciously pleas'd, upon the surrender of the Charter of Northampton, not only to Regrant them their former Liberties, Priviledges, Lands, Tenements, Goods and Chattels, but likewise as a particular Instance of his Royal Favour, to Grant them a Market for all sorts of Cattel, to be held the first Thursday of every month throughout the year, and the said first Market is to be held and begun on the first Thursday in January next. The Loyal Society who did keep their meeting at the Sign of the White Horse in Fullers Kents, have thought fit to remove from thence to the Kings Arms Tavern over against St. Clements Church in the Strand, of which the Members of the said Societ., who were absent on the 26th instant, when this Resolution was taken, are desired to take notice.

Advertisements.

Emblemata Amatoria, - Emblems of Love in Four Languages, curiously Engraven on Copper Plates: Sold by R. Bentley in Covent-Garden, and S. Tidmarsh at the Kings head in Cornhill.

These are to give Notice to all Lovers of Musick, concerning the new Musical Compositions called SONATA's, lately published by Mr. Henry Purcell, that (the Subscribers being satisfied) they are now to be sold at these following places, viz. at Mr. John Playford's and Mr. John Carr's Shops in the Temple, and at Mr. Henry Rogers Bookseller in Westminister-Hall.

The late Horrid Fanatical Conspiracy, Lively represented in a Pack of Cards, curiously Engraven on Copper-Plates, is now published: And are Sold by Dan. Browne at the black Swan and Bible without Temple bar; Arthur Jones at the Flying-Horse in Fleet-street, and Walter Davies in Amen-Corner, Price 1 s a Pack.

Notice is hereby given, that the Annual Eaton Schollars Feast will be kept at Stationers-Hall near Ludgate, on Thursday the 22th of November next, for which Tickets may be had at Mr. Mans's the Royal Coffee-house at Charing-Cross, the Rainbow Coffee house near Temple-bar, Sam's Coffee-house in Ludgate street, and at Jonathan's Coffee-house in Exchange-Alley near Cornhill.

The Trustees for the Creditors of Benjamin Hinton have thought fit, for that some of the Creditors are in the Country, and the Habitations of others are yet unknown, to enlarge the time for the signing the Instrument of Agreement between the said Mr. Hinton and his Creditors (which is lodged with Mr. Edward Ambrose Attorney in the Stock-market) till the 20th of November next.

On the 24th instant from Cleveland Stables, a large white French Spaniel, with Liver-colour Ears, a little red spot on his Fore-head, and a large one on his right side, and another on his Tail; whoever gives notice of him to the Porter of Arlington House, shall have a Guinea reward.

Stolen or strayed the 15th of this instant October, out of the Grounds of Sir Henry Bedingfield of Oxburgh in Norfolk, ten Scotch Store-Bullocks, branded in the right Horn with H. B four were all black, two were black, and white faced; one black and flecked on the back bone, two were brown, and one brind'd: Whoever gives notice of the Person or Persons that has sold the said Bullocks, or where they are, to Mr. John Cafe at the Crown Inn in Swafham in Norfolk, or to Mr. Edward Greenbery at the Kings-Arms in Smithfield, they shall be well rewarded, and charges borne.