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Whitehall, July 27.

The following Address of the Artillery Company of London being this day presented to His Majesty, by His Royal Highness, their Captain General, His Majesty was pleased to receive it very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Captain General, President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Court of Assistants, &c. of the Artillery Company of the City of London, humbly beg leave to Assure your Majesty, That none of all your Subjects bear a greater Abhorrence and Detestation of the Wicked and Trayterous Conspiracy against your Most Sacred Person and Government, than we who have so long experienced the happiness we enjoy under so wise, so just, so gracious, and so merciful a Prince, that we esteem it our greatest Priviledge, as well as Duty, to defend it with the utmost hazard and expence of our Lives and Fortunes. And we return your Majesty our most humble and hearty thanks, that you are graciously pleased to entrust us with the use and exercise of Arms, which we shall always be ready with our best skill, to employ against all Republican, Fanatical and Enthusiastick Factions and Conspirators whatever, in defence of your Sacred Person, and this your Ancient and Glorious Monarchy, which we pray God to Protect and Continue for Ever.

Whitehall, July 29 The following Addresses having been presented to His Majesty, His Majesty was pleased to receive them very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Dread Sovereign,

We the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Sheriff and Common Council of this your Majesties ancient Corporation of Newcastle upon Tyne, in Common Council assembled this tenth day of July, 1683.

Most humbly Address to your Sacred Majesty, being filled with horror and astonishment in the discovery of this late Hellish Conspiracy of Bloody-birds, to attempt the death of your Sacred Person, and your Dearest Brother, James Duke of York; an act so Devilish, loud yells for the just detestation of all good Christians and Loyal Subjects.

And do render our most solemn thanks to Almighty God, for this so signal deliverance, in discovering and

defeating the restless wicked designs of unreasonable men. And we (as in duty and allegiance bound) (abhorring such principles and practices) do in all sincerity assure your Majesty, we will live and dye in defence and maintenance of your Sacred Person, Crown and Dignity, your Heirs and Successors, against all persons whatsoever.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace, the Grand Jury, and other the Gentlemen at the Assizes, held for your Majesties County of Hereford, July the 16th. 1683.

May it please your Majesty,

HAVING now found by experience what we long suspected would come to pass, That the Hypocritical Zeal for the Protestant Religion taken up by discontented ambitious men, of Fanatical, and Atheistical Principles, and the specious pretences for Liberty and Property, professed by the known Enemies to Monarchy men of a furious Republican Spirit, and many of them in the late accursed Rebellion, would at last break out into some desperate attempt against your Majesties most mild and merciful Government, in Church and State and having heard with Horrour, that the Execrable design was to have begun with a Villanous Parricide intended against your Majesties precious Life: and that of your dearest Brother the Duke of York; the wretched Conspirators well knowing, that thence they might easily have proceeded to the utter ruine of all things Sacred and Civil in the Nation; We think ourselves bound in duty to God and Man, to lay at your Majesties feet our hearty and joyful Congratulations for this so great and marvellous a deliverance of your Majesty and his Royal Highness; and in your safety for the preservation of our selves, and the whole Kingdom from imminent destruction. We cannot but praise and adore the Divine goodness, for the many miraculous protections of your Majesties Sacred Person; whereby the whole course of your life has been made Glorious; and especially for the singular, and extraordinary circumstances of your wonderful escape from this Hellish Conspiracy; That the fatal enterprise was at first prevented by a most signal and surprizing Providence: A terrible calamity by fire being made the fortunate occasion of your Majesties and your Royal Brothers avoyding a far greater danger, and also, that now we beheld the wicked Machinings so clearly discovered by the agreeing confessions of divers of the principal Complices in it, men otherwise of such obstinate Sets, and perversly Zealous parties, as never before gave any proof of remorse, for all their Seditious Tumults, Rebelious Associations, and Treasons against your Majesty and your Blessed Father. Injunct much that we, and all the World, must now acknowledge, that as none but the Devil and your Majesties Enemies could have devised so dire a Tragedy, so none but God, has defeated their bloody purpose

And

And because we find, with extreme indignation that the horrid Assassination of your Majesty and his Royal Highness (which we tremble to mention, but in thanks for its disapprobation) was first laid to have been executed in this very County, where Your Majesty has so many Loyal Hearts and Hands devoted to Your Service, and ready at Your Royal Commands; We esteem ourselves obliged in a more particular manner, to take this opportunity of renewing our unfeigned Resolutions and Protestations of unmoveable Duty and Obedience to Your Majesty and the Royal Family, according to the Legal Right of Succession. And cheerfully to present to Your Majesty's disposal, our Lives and Fortunes, for the defence and honour of Your most August Person, Crown, and Dignity. And for the reducing to due Obedience either by a strict Execution of Laws, or by just force of Arms, if need be, all those Your Majesty's Enemies; whom now we have great reason to believe, no other Humane means will ever be able to make inoffensive to Your Government; Since even so many repeated Acts of Your Majesty's unparalleled Grace and Mercy, have not been able to do it.

And therefore we do with Humility and Faithfulness offer unto Your Majesty, a Troop to be formed of the principle Gentlemen of our County, under Your Royal Commission, to be ready at all times to guard Your Majesty's most Sacred Person at Your Royal Palace of Whitehall, or elsewhere, whenever Your Majesty shall please so to command us.

We conclude, with our most solemn Vows and Prayers to Almighty God for the continuance of Your Majesty's Health, Prosperity, and Glory; wishing and hoping that all Your Loyal Subjects affections and ardour for Your most righteous Cause, will increase proportionably to the Plenty and Felicity we enjoy under Your happy Reign; And that all Your enemies Malice and Rage for the future, will have no other effect but what it has hitherto had, to depress and confound them the more, and to make You still Greater, and more Triumphant.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

Your Majesty's most Loyal Subjects of Your County of Dorset, the Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, and others Assembled at Shaftsbury, at the General Quarter Sessions, Humbly beg Leave a little to interrupt Your Sacred Majesty's great Thoughts and Cares which Your Majesty now (a weight more than ordinary) sustains, for the preservation of us, and all Your good Subjects, from the most imminent Ruine which the Unexampled Wickedness of the Ungrateful, Atheistical Seditionaries had prepared for us.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE are duly sensible that all Subjects ordinarily owe themselves and all they have to the Government, but upon this astonishing and wonderful Occasion, wherein God has been pleased to proceed in his course of working Miracles for Your Majesty, what Thanks we ought to pay to God, and Your Majesty, for this our so very great Deliverance and Redemption, we cannot express; But beg Your Majesty to believe, that our Joy for Your Majesty's and Royal Brother's Deliverance, exceeds even the Sense of our own restored Life.

The great God hath said, Kings are as Gods, but these True-Protestant-Atheists, who for these last Forty Years have said in their Hearts and Actions, and some of them with their Mouths, That there is no God; had resolved that once more a King should dye like Men, and fall like one of the People.

We therefore in all Humility thank God, and Your Majesty, most joyfully and dutifully owning our Lives, to the utmost of what we are or have,

Great SIR,
Your most Sacred Majesty's
ever Loyal Subjects.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of Your Majesty's most Loyal and most Obedient Subjects, the Justices of the Peace, and Grand Inquest, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Wilts, held at Warminster, on Tuesday the 10th. day of July, in the Thirty fifth Year of Your Majesty's Reign over England, &c.

Dread Sovereign,

WE cannot without Abhorrence and Amazement, reflect on the Ingratitude of those Men, who owing their Lives to Your Majesty's Clemency, should design to take away Yours, and thereby involve us in that Misery and Confusion they would be thought too much to dread from the Papists: So that they draw near to the Jesuits in their Hearts and Practices; how much soever in their Tongues they seem to Condemn them. Neither will Impudence itself, or what is more, these Men, hereafter dare to accuse the Church of England of Compliance with Popery, when the Fanaticque outgoes Ravilliac; and the Demyre painful Teacher dilates the worst of Popes with their whole Consistory. For these Men sacrifice whole Kingdoms to their Rage, and would expiate the Murder of Your Glorious Father, by offering up his Sons to his Injured Ghost. But Providence, as in other Instances, so in this last, most eminently discovers the Concern it hath for Your Royal Person and Family, which taught You as a Brand out of the Fire, and made the Conflagration of a Town, the happy Instrument of Your Majesty's deliverance. To that God we offer up our thanks for your Majesty's safety, and to Your Great Self, the humble Assurance, That with our Lives and Fortunes, we will defend Your Sacred Person and Royal Brother from the attempts of the worst of Men.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Grand Jury of the Liberty of Peterborough in the County of Northampton, at the General Quarter Sessions held in the City of Peterborough, on the 12th. day of July, 1683.

May it please Your Majesty,

AS we Your Dutiful and Loyal Subjects (with no little Astonishment) have received an Account of a most Bloody Conspiracy contrived against Your Royal Person, Crown, and Dignity, and also against Your dearest Brother, James Duke of York; So we cannot but with all the passion (that Loyal Hearts are capable of) signify and profess our utter Detestation and Abhorrence of the same, together with all Traiterous Designs and Seditious Associations what soever.

And for as much as we are highly sensible of the dutiful Allegiance we owe to Your Sacred Majesty, Your Heirs and Successors, and also very apprehensive of the manifold Blessings we enjoy under Your Wife and Gracious Government; So we crave leave to assure Your Majesty, That with the hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, we shall readily and cheerfully endeavour to promote Your Majesty's Service, as well for the defence of Your Majesty's Sacred Person, and the Established Government both in Church and State, as for the Discovering (and as much as in us lieth) the bringing to Justice Your and their Enemies.

And since the watchful Providence of Almighty God, by a timely Discovery, hath prevented that Inundation of Misery and Destruction that would have overwhelmed both Church and State; We do in the first place with grateful Hearts adore His Mercy and Goodness for that Deliverance; And also implore the Divine Clemency that hath hitherto Miraculously preserved You, still to protect and defend You from all Your Enemies, and to abate their Pride, avenge their Malice, and confound their Devices, and to grant You for many and many years, a peaceable and prosperous Reign over us.

We His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Liberty of Peterborough, do return our hearty thanks to the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury for their Loyal and Seasonable Address, and do heartily concur with them in this Address, and do recommend it to the Citizens and Inhabitants of Peterborough.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Warwick.

May it please your Maſteſty;

Since the implacable Eneemies of your Maſteſties Sacred Perſon and Government do ſhew themſelves indefatigable in their endeavours, to deſtroy and ſubvert both the one and the other, notwithstanding your Maſteſties unparallel'd lenity and condeſcenſion towards them. We your Maſteſties moſt Obedient and Loyal Subjects, do take our ſelves oblig'd to be as indefatigable in our endeavours to defend and ſupport the ſame. And whereas it is now manifeſt to all the World, that the Nonconformiſts and Diſſenters from the Church of England, though maskt under ſeveral diſguiſes, are thoſe grand Eneemies of the Royal Family, and this beſt of Governments, by fomenting Republican and Antimonarchical principles in their Conventicles, thoſe fruitful Seminaries of all Sedition and Rebellion; and by drawing the ſame forth into Act, by their Trayterous Aſſociations (all which is now made out to their eternal ſhame and confuſion by undeniable proofs) we do infinitely admire and magnifie that extraordinary Providence, which hath ſo miraculoſly delivered the perſons of your Maſteſty and his Royal Highneſs from thoſe their Trayterous and Diabolical Conſpiracies. And we do give your Maſteſty the reiterated aſſurance, that to the utmoſt of our Abilities, and as far as our Lives and Fortunes will extend, we will defend and protect your Maſteſty and Succeſſors, from ſuch and all other your Maſteſty's Eneemies whatſoever. And if we may be thought, in the ſtation wherein your Maſteſty hath been graciously pleaſed to place us, to be leſs capacitated to perform what we have now promiſed, we ſhall be ready with all humility and ſubmiſſion to lay all our Franchiſes and Priviledges at your Maſteſties Feet, to be diſpoſed of according to your Maſteſties great Wiſdom and Prudence. And we do heartily pray that great God who hath ſo ſignalized himſelf in your Preſervation, to preſerve the Government alſo of theſe Nations in the Royal Line and an uninterrupted Succeſſion till Government in this World ſhall ceaſe and be no more.

In Teſtimony whereof we have hereunto unanimouſly aſſix'd our Common Seal this Fourteenth day of July in the Thirty fifth Year of Your Maſteſties Reign.

To the Kings moſt Excellent Maſteſty.

WE your Maſteſties moſt Loyal and Obedient Subjects, the Bailiſſs, Aldermen and Freemen, with the reſt of the Inhabitants of Your Maſteſties antient Borough and Corporation of Eaſt-Retford in Your County of Nottingham, cannot expreſs what horror and amazement, the lately diſcovered damnable Conſpiracy againſt Your Maſteſties own and Illuſtrious Brother's Lives, ſtruck in us, which had not the All-Seeing Eye of Providence prevented, might not only have extirpated Monarchy (the beſt of Governments) but brought inevitable ruine and deſtruction on all Your Maſteſties Kingdoms, involving them and their Poſterity in a Deluge of Blood and Miſery. We therefore in all ſincerity of heart return our unſeigned Thanks to Almighty God for Your Maſteſties and Royal Brothers moſt miraculoſus Deliverance from the Impious and Trayterous Deſigns that ſome wicked, reſtleſs, and malicious Men had contriv'd againſt Your Sacred Throne and Government. And do in all humility aſſure Your Maſteſty, that we will uſe the utmoſt of our Care and Diligence for the further Diſcovering and bringing to condign puniſhment all the Conſpirators & horrid Agents in this moſt Execrable Contrivance, and will be always ready to expoſe our Lives and Fortunes for the defence of Your Maſteſties moſt Sacred Perſon, Your Heirs and Lawful Succeſſors, and Government as now in Church and State Eſtabliſhed.

Breſlaw, July 16. We have advice from Ratisbonne, That the Turks have actually beſieged Vienna, and did ſo cloſely purſue the Imperialiſts, that it was not without much difficulty that they got into the Suburbs: That General Schultze is encamp'd upon the Banks of the Danube, with a great Body of Horſe, and that a great part of the Artillery which was in the Army, is ſent to Vienna.

From the Imperial Camp near Vienna, July 17. The Turks having for three days actually beſieged Vienna, did yeſterday paſs the Thabor, and with a

Body of 1000 Horſe and Foot attack out advanc'd Guards, but were repulſed with ſome loſs, our Men being ſeconded by others which at the ſame time made a ſally out of the Town.

From the Imperial Camp, July 18. The Turks continue to ſhoot great numbers of Bombs and Fire-Works into Vienna, and have for three days ſo cloſely guarded all the Paſſages, that none can go out, or return into it. In the mean time Count Starenberg defends it with great courage, and has, as we are inform'd, cauſed three Burghers to be Hanged, for diſcourſing of ſurrendering it unto the Turks. The Tartars have burn'd the Bridge at Crembſter. Our Cavalry is encamp'd on the other ſide of the Danube, and is on its march towards Cremb, where a great Body of the Enemy is encamp'd, and have lately burn'd the Caſtle of Petronella.

Stroppan, July 18. The Army under the Command of Count Teckley, conſiſting of 60000 men; hath made an Incurſion into Moldavia, where, after having burnt the Cities of Settin and Brodt, and, after a ſhort reſiſtance, made themſelves maſters of Trenſchin, they advanced as far as Meſeritz, ſeven miles from this place, which is under great apprehenſions of being very ſuddenly beſieged by them.

Lintz, July 24. The Turks have made three Attacks upon the Suburbs of Vienna, and after a vigorous Reſiſtance of the Inhabitants, having made themſelves Maſters of Talbor and Leopoldſtadt, were again driven from thence with great loſs. The Grand Vizir having ſent to Count Starenberg, to demand a Truce for ſome hours, in order to bury the Bodies of the Turks which had been ſlain before Vienna, and did much annoy his Camp, and being reſuſed the ſame, he is removed with his Army further from Vienna. The Beſieged have diſmounted the three Batteries which the Turks erected againſt the place; and it's ſaid, that in the laſt Action the Turks loſt twelve Perſons of the cheſteſt Quality, and amongſt them a Baſſa. The Emperor has Conſtituted the Count de Capliers to be Preſident of the Council of War which is appointed to remain at Vienna during the Siege.

Paſſaw, July 25. Their Imperial Maſteſties continue ſtill here. The Sieur Ruckelsberg is arriv'd here in Poſt from the Duke of Lorrain, the Vanguard of whoſe Army is only four hours diſtant from the Turks. The Boors of the Upper Auſtria are poſted on the Banks of the River Enz, to hinder the Tartars from paſſing it. We have advice that the Turks, after having paſſed the River at Weiſſgerberg, and made themſelves maſters of one part of the Suburbs of Vienna, called Leopoldſtadt, had been again forc'd from thence. The Inhabitants in the mean time make a very vigorous reſiſtance, and have made divers Sallies with very good ſucceſs, wherein they have killed great numbers of the Turks, eſpecially on the ſide of the Carinthia Gate. It is ſaid, that General Duwaldt, in his late Rencontre with the Tartars, hath releaſed 300 Women, and a great many Boors. We have advice from Hungary, that the Vanguard of the Poles, having had a brisk diſpute with the Rebels who oppos'd their paſſage into the Upper Hungary, had defeated them, and poſſeſſed themſelves of the Cities of Eſperiez, Caſſaw, and others which they had taken: But of this we muſt expect the confirmation, by our next Letters from thoſe parts.

Ratisbonne

Ratisbonne July 26. We have Advice by a Courier from *Vienna*, That the Turks have made five attacks upon the Suburbs of *Vienna*, but without doing any considerable Execution; That the Turks have in a late Sally lost near 8000 Men; That the Imperialists had regained the *Isle of Tabor*, and a part of the Suburbs, of which the Turks had some time before made themselves Masters. In the meantime the Duke of *Lorraine* is posted with 15000 Men on the other side of the *Danube*, in expectation of the Forces of the Empire, viz. 13000 from the Elector and Circle of *Bavaria*, 9000 from the Elector of *Saxony*, and 12000 from the Elector of *Brandenburg*.

Franckfort, July 25. The Letters from *Passaw* say, That Count *Zerin*, whose Father was some years ago headed at *Vienna*, for abetting the present Rebellion in *Hungary* had revolted from the Emperor, and having joyned himself with 5000 *Tatars*, had designed the seizing of the Emperors Treasurie, upon the removal of it from *Vienna*; had been defeated by General *Dunwaldt*, and himself taken Prisoner, and brought unto the Emperor. The Prince of *Waldeck* uses all possible diligence to bring the Troops of the Circles of *Swabia* and *Franconia* into the Field, which General *Degenfeldt* is to command in chief. We have Letters of the 18th instant from *Vienna*, That 12000 Foot were sent into the place, which had retreated execution upon the Enemy, who attacked it with great vigour.

Berlin, July 28. The Elector of *Brandenburg* has resolved upon the representations made unto him by the Imperial Minister the Count *de Lamberg* of the formidable Progress the Turks have made in the Emperors Hereditary Countreys, to send a Body of 12000 men to his assistance; and accordingly the Prince of *Anhalt* will in a few days part hence for *Lintz*, to adjust all matters relating therunto: And it is said that the Electors second Son, has desired leave to serve the Emperor on this occasion.

Paris, August 4. On Monday the Court removed from *St. Cloud* to *Fontainebleau*. His Majesty has given Orders for the building of six Ships, and as many Gallies, and notwithstanding the late death of the Queen, assisted at the Council which was held on Saturday last at *St. Cloud*. The freshest Letters we have from Monsieur *du Quesne*, are of the 17th inst. The Conditions he insists upon from the Government of *Algiers*, are, That they do make him satisfaction in Money, as well for the Prisons they have taken upon his Majesty's Subjects, as for reimbursing unto him the Charges he has been obliged to make by reason of the present War, and that they likewise yield unto him a Port upon the Coast of *Africa*. On Monday next the Body of the late Queen is to be removed to *St. Denis* where it is to remain 40 days exposed in State, before its solemn Entombment.

Whitehall, July 28. His Majesty having by His Letters Patent, dated 24. June 1680, Authorized Sir *Henry St. George* Knight, Clarenceux King of Arms, by himself or his Deputies, to visit his Province, and to Register the Pedigrees and Arms of all the Nobility and Gentry therein, according to Ancient Usage: The said Clarenceux hath therupon Constituted *Henry Detbick* Esq; *Richmond* Herard, and *Gregory King* Rouge dragon, Officers of Arms,

his Deputies for visiting the Counties of *Leicester*, *Warwick*, *Worcester* *Gloucester*, *Monmouth*, *Hereford*, and City of *Bristol*, who in order thereunto, have appointed their places of Session in manner following.

Aug 3. at <i>Leicester</i> ,	22. <i>Glocester</i> ,	7. <i>Monmouth</i> ,
6. <i>Covenry</i> .	24. <i>Cheltenham</i> ,	10. <i>Mitchel-Dean</i>
7. <i>Warwick</i> ,	25. <i>Cirencester</i> ,	11. <i>Rosse</i> ,
9. <i>Bromsgrove</i> ,	27. <i>Minching-</i>	13. <i>Hereford</i> ,
10. <i>Drinstwich</i> ,	hampton.	5. <i>Webley</i> ,
11. <i>Beaudley</i> ,	28. <i>Wotton</i> ,	17. <i>Kingtons</i>
13. <i>Worcester</i> ,	29. <i>Nodbury</i> ,	18. <i>Wigmore</i> ,
15. <i>Upton</i> ,	30. <i>Bristol</i> ,	19. <i>Lemster</i> ,
16. <i>Perthore</i> ,	Sept. 3. <i>Chipping-</i>	20. <i>Brumyard</i> ,
17. <i>Evesham</i> ,	4. <i>Newport</i> ,	21. <i>Liubury</i> ,
18. <i>Shipton</i> ,	5. <i>Uske</i> ,	24. <i>Stow</i> , (Com-
20. <i>Campden</i> ,	6. <i>Abergueeny</i> ,	Glouc.)
21. <i>Feukesbury</i> ,		

Whitehall, July 28. His Majesty having been pleased, upon Instance made unto Him in the Name of the King of *Denmark*, to Consent, That his Brother Prince *George* should come hither to make his Addresses to the Lady *Ann*, His Majesties Niece, in order to Marriage, the same was accordingly Celebrated this Evening at *St. James's* by the Bishop of *London*, in the Presence of their Majesties, their Royal Highnesses, and the chiefest of the Nobility. And since their Majesties and their Royal Highnesses, as likewise the Prince and Princess, have upon this occasion received the Complements and Congratulations of the foreign Ministers residing in this Court.

Advertisements.

The Tryals of the late Lord *Ruffel*, Captain *Walcot*, *John Roule*, *William Hone*, and Captain *Blague*, for Conspiring the Death of the King, &c. are now in the Press, and will be published by Order in a few days, by *Richard Royston*, *Ben. Tooke*, and *Charles Mearne*.

Whereas the Post to *Poole*, went formerly by way of *Blandford*, it now goes off from *Salisbury*, by way of *Pordengbridge*, *Chriltschurch*, *Wimborne*, and so to *Poole*, by which all the Country thereabouts may be accommodated.

These are to give Notice to all Persons that are Creditors to Mr. *John Staly*, Deceased, that have proved their Debts, and have a Note thereof from the Commissioners, and not received their first Dividend according to a Deed of Distribution; Let them repair to the Assignees at Mr. *Edward Strod's* Houle in *Chancery Lane* right against *Lincolns-Inn*, they may receive the same, who will attend there a fortnight longer for the payment thereof.

Taken away from a Gentleman's Groom upon *Oxford Road*, near *Beconsfield* the 25th of this Month, by five Highway men, two Mares, and a Crimson Velvet Saddle with Gold and Silver Twist; one of the Mares is Milk-white, strong and well fitted, about 14 hands high, full aged; The other a brown Bay with a star and Snip, seven years old: Whoever shall give notice of either of the said Mares, to Mr. *Webb* at Bonds Stables in *Fetter-Lane*, or to Mr. *Lane* at the White-Heart in *Henly* in *Oxfordshire*, shall have two Guineas Reward. Taken away likewise at the same time, a large Silver Larch Watch with a Chain, made by *Joseph Knibb* of *London*; Whoever shall give notice of the said Watch to *Joseph Knibb* at the Dial in *St. James's Street*, shall have two Guineas Reward.

Lost from *Rohampton* on the 7th of July 1683. a Nag and a Mare of Mr. *Jo. Oveatte*, the Mare about 13 hands high, Bay, with brown Galking, one Saddle-mark on the Mounting side, a Noble Gaul as big as a Nur behind the Saddle, about seven years of age; black Eyes The Nag about a 11 hands high, a brown Chestnut cut Mane, bob Tail, a full trust Nag, a good Trot, short Rack, three white Feet with a bald Face. Whoever shall stay either of them, and give notice of them or either of them to *John Oveatte* of *Rohampton* in the County of *Surrey*, or to *Tho. Wilcox* of *Great Tower-Hill*, shall have 20 s. Reward