## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Bonday April 9. to Thursday April 12. 1683.

Dartzick, April 2.

Ur Letters from Warfaw of the 26th palt tell us, That a Turkith Chiaus was arrived there, and had had Audience of the Marefchal of the Crown, and that he had, in the name of the Grand-Signior, demanded a free Passage for 50000 Tartars, through the Polish Territories, to Silesta: and that the Ambassadors of the Duke of Courland had at last obtained the Investure of that Dutchy, upon this condition, That what has been now done thall not be drawn into President, but that for the future the Duke of Courland shall come in Person to desire the Investure.

Genoua, March 31. Yesterday Morning arrived here the Industry, Captain Crosord, from Alicant and Majorca. Several Dutch and French Ships are likewise arrived here fince our last.

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Pienna, April 1. They write from upper Hungary, That the Turks will be very early in the Field; That they have Posted 15000 Men near the Bridge of Effeg, to maintain that passage into the Lower Hungary, which is of great Importance: The Margrave of Baden is gone to Raab and Comorra, to visit those places, and to see they be provided with all things necessary for their defence. The Rebels have had a defign to make an Incurfion into Silesia, and to prevent them, the Emperor has sent chither Lieutenant-General Schutz. This week arrived here two Hungarian Gentlemen; who came to represent to the Emperor the great danger the life of Schutz is in, the Turks being re-folved to revenge the Difgrace they suffered in their last attempt, and the Imperial Troops that are Quartered there not being sufficient to secure the faid Island, whereupon the Emperor has ordered more Troops to March thither. Count Teckeley's Secretay, who has been some time here, is at last gone home, and in his Company the Baron de Saponara is again dispatched to Count Teckeley, who is at present at Mongatz, to make new Overtures to him, and withal to let him know, That this is the last offer that will be made him of his Imperial Majesties Grace and Pardon. We are every slay expecting to hear from Warfaw of the Con-chusion of the Offensive and Defensive Alliance between the Emperor and that Crown against the Turks, in confideration whereof the Emperor, as we are informed, quits the Pretentions he has upon the Poles on account of the 300000 Crowns which they promised the Emperor for his assistance in their last War against the Suedes, and which were affigned upon the Salt, but were never paid, and relinquisties the yearly Pention they are obliged to Pay the Queen Dowager of Poland, Wife to the Duke of Lorrain, and belides is to pay them prefently 200000 Crowns,

· Vienna, April 3. The Rendezvous of the Imperial Troops in Hungary is fixed for the poth of this month, and the Emperor continues his resolution of being present at it: It is said that the Elector of Bavaria will be shortly here, and that he will accompany his Imperial Majesty to the said Rendezvous. and at the same time the discourse is renewed of his Electoral Highnesses Marrying with the Archdutchess the Emperour's Daughter. The Duke of Lorrain is expected here the ninth or tenth of this month, and in the mean time his chief Minister Monficur Canon does adjust all Matters with relation to his Highnesses commanding the Imperial Army. The Palatin of Hungary is still here, solliciting the payment of 400000 Florins, which he is to receive for the raising 8000 Hungarian Horse, that are to be joyned to the Imperial Army, to which are likewise to be added 5000 Men, which the States of the Lower Hungary have promifed to raise and maintain upon their own Charge. The Emperor has Published the Arrierban in Upper Hunga. 17, with this condition, That those who are unwilling to come into the Field themselves, shall, initead thereof, pay so much Money to the Pala-tine of Hungary. The Letters we receive from Hungary tell us, That the Vizier of Offen has appointed a Rendezvous of all the Troops under his Command, on St. George's Day; That Count Teckeles has promised to bring Twenty Thousand Men into the Field, and that the Troops of Transilvania, Walachia, and Moldavia, and the Tartars, are to act against the Poles. They write from Warfaw, That the term for the fitting of the Dyet was again prolonged for fix days, and that the Alliance between the Emperor and that Crown was not yet

Ratisbonne, April 3. On the 30th past the Directors of the Colledge of the Princes reported the Answer of the Electoral Colledge to their last Declaration, the substance of which was, That the Electoral Colledge did persist in their Conchison of the 12 of December, and that though they were not obliged to give any account of the reasons that moved them thereunto, yet they were willing to ideclare. That the consideration of the Safety of the Empire. Which would be exposed to enevitable danger if a firm Peace was not established with the Most Christian King, had obliged them to take and to maintain this Resolution. The Colledge of the Princes having deliberated hereupon, have likewise resolved to adhere to their former Conclusions.

Strasburg; April 9. The Marquis de Chamilly, our Governor, is expected here very suddenly, several of his Servants Being already arrived. The Baron de Monclar is going to make a turn in the Upper Assac, and in the mean time the Troops that are to draw together; and to Entamp near Landaw; will have Orders to March thither. The ways between Lorrain and Assac are tepairing, and there

is a topost that the Most Christian King will come ( Havre, the latter sent the Prince a Challenge yeinto these parts this Summer.

Cologne, April 13. Things continue here in great disorder, and vesterday a great number of people got sogether before the Town-House, and demanded of the Magistrates the Execution of what had been ! ordered against several Officers of this City. Emperor has lately written a Letter to the Elector of Mentz, wherein he complains of the Declaration which the Colledge of Electors affembled at Rainbonne, (of which the Elector of Meniz is Director) have made of their acc pring the French Proposals. against the Protestations of the Electors of Bavaria and Saxony, and without the Concurrence of the Colleages of the Princes and the Imperial Towns, and the Approbation of the Imperial Commissioner, which are all effentially necessary, and ought the rather to have been had in this matter, because of the great weight and importance of it, and therefore requires his Electoral Highness so to order things as that they may proceed more regularly for the future.

Hamburg, April 13. We are now every day expecting to hear of the King of Denmark's arrival at Gluck stadt; He has appointed a Rendezvous of his Troops at Coldengen, and will be himfelf prefent at it. The Dukes of Lunenburg do Muster their Troops, and it's faid they have Orders to March towards the Elbe. The Elector of Brandenburg is it moved, with his Court, from Berlin to Polldam, and his Officers use great diligence in their new Levies. The Polith Letters tell us, That Count Morstein, the Crown-Treasurer, who is accused in the Dyct of holding Correspondence with the French, had been perfuaded by his Friends to refign all his publick Employments, which he had accordingly done; but it needs a Confirmation.

Bruffels, April 12. On Sunday last arrived here an extraordinary Courier from Spain, and soon after Expresses were dispatched from hence to Vienna and the Hague, and the last night a Gentleman, whom the Prince of Orange lately fent hither, parted from hence for Dieren, where his Highness at present is; By this Spanish Courier the Marquis de Grana received, as we are informed, Bills of Exchange for a very considerable Sum of Money. This Morning Count Taff, and the young, Money. This Morning Count Taff, and the young Prince d'Aremberg, parted from hence for Germany, his Excellency lending them his own Coaches. as far as Cologne. From Lille they write. That the French will have two Camps in the new Conquells, the one near Menin, commanded by Monfieur de Sourdis, and the other at Mabeuge by Monsieur de Montbron; That besides these there will be several other Camps, as in Assac commanded by Monseur de Monelar, on the Sair by the Duke de Villeroy, on the Soane by Monfieur de Bouffters, &c. and that the King has declared the Dauphin Generalissimus of all his Forces; These Letters add, That the Mareschal, d'Humieret is daily expected at, Lille, and that the French Troops in the new Conquells are changing Quarters, and that most of the Infantry have Orders to March towards the Saar, others being to come in their room,

therday, which his Excelency having notice of, he cauled the Duke of Havre to be feculed. The Letters from Germany tell us that the Circles of Bavaria, Franconia, Suabia, and the Upper Rhine, are entring into a common League, by virtue of which they are to bring 50000 Men into the Field for the defence and security of the Empire, if there shall be occasion, besides 20000 which the Elector of Bavaria is, as they fay, to furnish. From Liege they write, That there appears at present a great disposition to a Composure, and that they doubted not but the Archdeacon of Liege, whom the Chapter fent the last Week to Cologne, will make a

great step towards it.

Hague, April 16. The Province of Gettlerland has likewife confented to the flate of the War for this year. The 16 Ships which the States have resolved to put to Sea, are fitting out with great diligence; it's not doubted but they are defigued for the Affiflance of the Suedes, that they may not be hindred by the Danes, who will have a very good fleet at Sea, in the Transporting the Troops they intend to send to their Territories in Germany. The Heer Coliers, Ambassador from this State at Constantinople, being lately dead, the States have appointed his Son, who is there, to perform the Function of their Ambassador till farther order. The Actions,

of our East India Company are very much fallen, Paris, April 17 Preparations are making for the King's Journey; it's faid that the Queen and the Dauphiness, by reason of the latters being with Child, will remain at Versailles; and that the Dauphin, whom the King will declare Generalissimus of all his Armies, will part some days before the King. Yellerday a Quarrel happened here between the Marquiss de Guerchi, and some other young Gentlemen, and several Soldiers, in which the Marquis was killed, and his Brother, a Youth of about 13 years old, dangeroully wounded, after having killed three or four of the Soldiers. The Polish Minister at this Court has defired an Answer in Writing to the Offer he lately made of the King his Masters Medisting for the compoling the Differences that do depend between the Emperor and the most Chri-

, Deal, April 9. In our last we told you that the Merchant Ships were failed out of the Downs with a barg Wind; we have not fince had any news of them, and it's believed they have got the Isle of Wight, or fasther. The two East-India Ships, the George and the Fosias, are still in the Downs.

Hefe are to give Notice, That His Majesty with not, after this Week, Touch any more for the Evil till towards Michaelmas; and for the preventing of Abuses, the persons granting Certificates to such as come to be Touched are required to take great care in Registering of them, and that, before they give such Centificates they do each inform themselves that the Persons have the Eyit

Brussels, April 16. The Viadore General has been very first in Musering the several Garisons of Flandors, from whence he is lately returned, and has cashiered several Officers, who had not the number of Men they ought to have had Upon suncidificence, this Royal Highness Rorters at St. James's shall have aose between the Prince de Vaudemont, and the Duke of Reward.