

(except the person who actually set fire to the said building and rick), who shall discover his accomplice or accomplices therein, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

GEORGE CANNING.

And, as a further encouragement, a reward of FIFTY POUNDS is hereby offered by the said Albany Savile, to any person (except as aforesaid) who shall discover the said offender or offenders, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted of the said offence.

Whitehall, October 4, 1822.

WHEREAS it hath been humbly represented unto the King, that, in the night of Wednesday the 25th ultimo, some evil-disposed person or persons did wilfully and maliciously set fire to the field barn, in that part of Northwold, in the county of Norfolk, called the Wents, belonging to H. S. Partridge, Esq. in the occupation of Mr. Thomas Pooley, by which the whole of the corn and hay in the barn and yard was entirely consumed;

His Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to justice the persons concerned in the felony above-mentioned, is hereby pleased to promise His most gracious pardon to any one of them (except the person who actually set the said premises on fire); who shall discover his accomplice or accomplices therein, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

GEORGE CANNING.

And, as a further encouragement, a reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS is hereby offered by the said Thomas Pooley, and a further reward of FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS, raised by subscription in the neighbourhood, is also hereby offered to any person (except as aforesaid) who shall discover the said offender or offenders, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted of the said offence.—The first-mentioned reward of one hundred pounds, to be paid on conviction by the said Thomas Pooley; and the last-mentioned reward of four hundred pounds, to be paid by the Reverend George Waddington, of Northwold aforesaid.

By the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws for the prevention of Smuggling," after reciting (among other things) that His late Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation, dated the first day of January 1801, was pleased, with the advice of His Privy Council, to order and appoint what ensign or colours should be borne at sea by merchant ships or

vessels belonging to any of His Majesty's subjects, thereby charging and commanding all His Majesty's subjects whatsoever, that they should not presume to wear in any of their ships or vessels His Majesty's Jack, commonly called the Union Jack, nor any pendants nor any such colours as are usually worn by His Majesty's ships, without particular warrant for their so doing from His Majesty, or His High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral for the time being; it is enacted, that if any person or persons shall presume to hoist, carry, or wear, in or on board any ship or vessel, fishing-boat, or other vessel, or boat whatever, belonging to any of His Majesty's subjects, whether the same be merchant or otherwise, His Majesty's Jack, commonly called the Union Jack, or any pendant or colours such as are commonly worn by His Majesty's ships, or any Jack, flag, pendant or colours whatever made in imitation of or resembling those of His Majesty, or any kind of pendant whatever, without such warrant as aforesaid, or any other ensign or colours than the ensign or colours prescribed by the said Proclamation to be worn, the master or other person having charge of such ship, vessel or boat, or the owner or owners thereof being on board the same, and every other person so offending shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of £500, to be recovered with costs of suit as in the said Act is mentioned; and whereas His Majesty's Jack, commonly called the Union Jack, a Jack made in resemblance thereof, hath been the usual signal displayed and kept flying for pilots to come on board merchant ships and vessels on the coasts of this United Kingdom: we do therefore, by virtue of the power and authority so reposed in us, hereby warrant and empower every master or other person having the charge and command of any merchant ship or vessel to hoist and keep flying His Majesty's Jack, commonly called the Union Jack, or a Jack resembling the same, as a signal for a pilot whenever and so often as the same may be necessary.

Given under our hands this 16th day of September 1822.

J. OSBORN.

G. COCKBURN,

By command of their Lordships,
JOHN BARROW.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the forty-third year of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled "An Act for permitting certain goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in warehouses without payment of duty," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for the importer or importers, proprietor or proprietors, consignee or consignees, of any of the goods, wares, or merchandise, enumerated or described in the table thereunto annexed, marked (B), and which shall have been legally imported or brought into the port of London, to lodge and secure in a warehouse or warehouses to be provided for that purpose, any such goods, wares, or merchandise, under the joint locks of the crown and the merchant, without payment at