## The London Gazette.

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From Thursday December 28. to Monday January 1. 1682.

Nuples, Dec. 8.

Hree Tairanes, in which are part of the German Regiment, commanded by Colonel Urbino, and defigned for the Sorvice of Milin, having by bad Weather be no leparated from the rest, are still at Gaetta, and our Viceroy has sent an Officer thither, to see they be provided with necessaries. The other Troops, as well foot as storie, that are to be sent for Milan, are ready to Embark as soon as the Vessels that are to transport them arrive from Genoua. The Banditi do very much insest this Kingdom; a Party of them having some time since taken several Prisoners, and being pursued, retired into a Tower, (the place of their usual Retreat) where they were Besseled, and two Days since, we received an Account, that they have at last been taken. Part of the Baggage of the Marquiss de Liche, our new Viceroy, is arrived, and the rest is exp. Sted in sew days; and our Letters from Rome tell us, That he himself will be here very sudenly

Milan, Dec. 16. On Monday last parted from hence our Governor the Count de Melgar, for Cremona, to view the Fortifications of that Town and Cittadel, Monsieur de Louvigny, our Maistre de Camp General, being gone thither the day before for the same purpose. All the considerable Towns in this State are fortifying, and several Magazines are providing. The Companies of the German Regiment which came from Naples are put into Quarters, and the rest that are still behind, having been separated in bad Weather, are daily expected. We are likewise expecting other Troops from Naples and Sicily, and supplies of Money from Spain. It is reported, That the French will have

an Army on this fide in the Spring.

Venice, Dec. 19. Prince Alexander of Parma has not yet been here to take Pollession of his Command of General of the Foot of this State, but is daily expected; when he arrives a Council will be held, to order several matters concerning the Forces of the Republick, which some believe will be encreased. We are informed, That great endeavours are using to dispose the Princes of haly to enter into a common Engagement and Alliance for their mutual-Defence and Security, and that the Pope does very much promote it, especially fince the conclusion of the League between the Crown of France and the Duke of Suboy. The Count de Martinitz, the Imperial Envoy, is arrived at Rome, and very well received there, the Pope being resolved to give the Emperor all the affiltance he can against the Turks and the Hunga-The Letters we receive from Turkey do only repeat what our former Letters told us of the departure of the Grand-Signier and the Grand-Vizier from Constantinople, and of the certainty there seems to be of a War against Hungary.

Vienna, Dec. 20. The Letters we now receive from Hungary do hardly speak of any thing but the preparations of the Turks, which they assure us are very extraordinary! Some give an account of the arrival of the Grand-Vizier at Greiks-Weislenburg, but with no certainty, so that it will need a confirmation. Count Teckeley has had, fince his Troops were in their Winter-Quarters, several Conferences with the Balla of Offen, and Expresses have been fent by them to the Grand Vivi r, but the occasion we know not. The Turks have encreased the Garison of Neubeusel to 9000 Men, and have in like manner-reinforced the Garifons of other their Frontier places; and while they are thus, providing for the War, we are not wanting to do the like on this fide. The Commissions for the new Levies of Horse and Foot, which we mentioned in our last; are given out; and all possible care is taken to put this City into a posture of Defence, for that it is b. lieved the Turks will march dir, City hither, and befi ge us; and for our greater fecu-rity it's faid a Body of 10 or 25000 Men will be Posted as a Reserve near this place, while the main Army advances into Hungary. The Courier that arrived here from Francfort is sent back with Orders to the Imperial Amballadors to leave the place, and return hither. The Marquis de Seppeville, the French Envoy, makes great Protestations to the Ministers of this Court, of the King his Master's fin-cere desire to establish a firm and lasting Peace with the Emperor and the Empire, and as we are told, does offer the Emperor, after the conclusion of it, the affiftance of all his Masters Forces against the Turks.

Francfort, Dec. 29. The Deputies of the Enfpire are now all of them leaving this place; and the
Emperor's Ambassadors have received Orders to
do the like. The States of Suabia are assembled,
at Ulme, and we are informed that Monsieur de
Bourgeanville, Envoy from France, is gone thither
to endeavour to persuade them to accept the
Proposals which the Prench Ambassadors made here.
The Electoral Colledge at Raisbonne have resolved.
That his Imperial Majesty be earnestly desired that
a Negotiation may with all possible speed be begun
with Monsieur Verjus, in order to the composing
the present differences between the Empire and the
Crown of France.

Dresden, Dec. 26. The Count de Lamberg, the Emperor's Envoy, having acquainted the Elector of Saxony with his Imperial Majesties desire to meet the Electors and other Princes of the Empire at Ratubonne, to consult with them in this dangerous conjuncture concerning the provision it is necessary to make for their common Security, has, it's said, been answered, That his Electoral High-ness will always be realy to do his part for the Safets and Defence of the Empire, and will attend his Imperial Majesty at Ratisbonne, if nothing extraordinary prevent him. The Count de Lamb rg is gone from

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