

Whitehall, April 4, 1822.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Sir Thomas-Francis Fremantle, of Swanbourne, in the county of Buckingham, Bart. eldest son and heir of the late Vice-Admiral Sir Thomas-Francis Fremantle, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Commander of the Imperial Austrian Military Order of Maria Theresa, deceased, His royal licence and authority, that he and the heirs male of the body of his said late father, on whom the dignity of a Baron of Austria may devolve in virtue of the limitations in the imperial letters patent or diploma of the said dignity granted by His Imperial Majesty Francis the First, Emperor of Austria, &c. unto the said late Vice-Admiral Sir Thomas-Francis Fremantle, bearing date at Vienna the 29th day of November 1816, may fully avail himself and themselves of the said honour, that he and they may respectively assume and use in this country the title and bear the armorial ensigns annexed thereto, as the same are set forth in the aforesaid imperial letters patent:

And also to command, that this His Majesty's royal concession and declaration, together with the aforesaid imperial diploma, be recorded in His Majesty's College of Arms.

AN Account of the Average Amount of all Promissory Notes and Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, which have been in Circulation during the Quarter ending the 5th day of April 1822, distinguishing the respective Denominations and Values of the several Notes and Bills, and the Average Amount of the Notes and Bills of each Denomination and Value respectively, pursuant to Act 59 George 3d. cap. 49, as nearly as the same can be complied with.

Bank Notes of	£1 and £2	1,444,761	8	7
	5	2,582,277	0	3
	10	2,917,378	16	6
	15	114,650	4	4
	20	1,303,927	10	2
	25	153,738	8	7
	30	340,666	19	0
	40	278,977	17	11
	50	1,249,937	4	8
	100	1,203,225	3	11
	200	483,894	3	0
	300	442,419	12	2
	500	452,191	13	4
	1,000	4,084,906	6	7
Bank Post Bills		1,607,670	11	9
Average of the whole		£18,660,623	0	9

William Dawes, Accountant-General.

Bank of England, -4th April 1822.

Whitehall, April 1, 1822.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed John Slade, of Yeovil, in the county of Somerset,

Gent. to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

Whitehall, April 4, 1822.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Thomas Lee, of Ducklington, near Witney, in the county of Oxford, Gent. to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

BEACON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 8, Chatham-Place, Blackfriars.

President.

The Right Honorable The Earl of Lonsdale.

Trustees.

The Right Honorable	George Hammersly, Esq.
The Earl of Egmont.	Sir Henry Parnell, Bart.
Lord Churchill.	M. P.
Lord Robert Spencer.	Robert Ward, Esq. M. P.

Directors.

Robert Ward, Esq. M. P., Chairman.
John Wray, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

Benjamin Ansley, Esq.	Sir Henry Parnell, Bart.
Henry James Bouve- rie, Esq.	M. P.
Henry Hallam, Esq.	William Sotheby, Esq.
Geo. Hammersly, Esq.	The Honorable William Robert Spencer,
David Laing, Esq.	George Trevor Spencer, Esq.
Lawrence Bourke Mor- ris, Esq.	

John Clark, Esq. Managing Director.

The above Company has been formed for the purpose of providing against every pecuniary loss which can result from the calamity of fire; this has long been a desideratum, for although much has been done to provide for the convenience as well as the interest of the public, with respect to Life Insurance, Fire Insurance admitting almost of an equal variety of forms, to embrace the various descriptions of insurable property has been left nearly in a state of infancy. By the plan of the Beacon, every individual will be enabled, on terms the most advantageous, effectually to guard, not only against permanent, but against temporary pecuniary difficulties, arising from the destruction of property by fire, in addition to which the immediate advantages derived by the insured from the liberal abatement in the rates will be found considerably to outweigh any contemplated return of premium hitherto offered to the public. The reduction of the premium refers only to common and common hazardous insurances, each of which are divided into two classes—private houses and shops; it being left to the discretion of the Directors, either to reject or accept doubly-hazardous insurances, at such rates as they may think each particular risk requires. Hitherto a larger premium than requisite has been charged on common insurances, to make up the loss sustained on doubly hazardous insurances, which defect is