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Vienna, Nov. 29.

E gave you an account in our last of the departure of Count Teckeley's Deputies; It is now faid, That the Emperor intends to communicate the Proposals the said Deputies made, and his answer thereunto, to the Electors and Princes of the Empire, that he may have their Advice in a matter of fo great Importance: That his Imperial Majesty intends to go himself to Prague, or Ratinbonne, and that preparations are ordered to be made for that Journey. From Hungary they write, That Count Teckeley has put his Troops into Winter-Quarters in the upper Hungary; That he had left a good Garison in Atsol and Karpen, and that he was sending a Deputy to the Port, to obtain the Grand Signior's Ratification of the Cessation; That the Count de Saponara, the Emperor's Minifler, with Count Teckeley, had Orders to accompany the faid Deputy to Constantinople, and to make new Overtures to that Court, in order to a Peace. The Imperial Troops in Hungary are likewise going to their Winter Quarter; 9000 are to remain on the River Waag, to guard the Passage of that River, and their Head Quarter is to be at Prefbourg. The Count de Starenberg is arrived here from Hungary. The Commissioners appointed by the Emperor, for the raising the Tax of one per Cent. are now very busic in that work.

Francfort, Novemb. 28. The 24th Instant, the French Ambassadors were to visit the Imperial Ambaffadors, whom they acquainted with the positive Orders they had received to leave this place, telling them at the same time, That the King their Master, was still willing to restore what he has been put in possession of, since the sirst day of August last, the City of Strandurg excepted; and that he had given order to the Sieur Verjus, his Minister at Ratiobonne, to continue the Negotiation, upon this propolition, till the first day of February next. The same Evening, the Imperial Ambassadors communicated to the Deputies of the Empire, what the French Ambassadors had imparted to them: The Deputies of Mentz, receiving at the same time an account thereof, in a Letter from the French Am-On the 26th, at the defire of the Deputies of the Empire, the Imperial Ambassaciors were with those of France, and represented to them the ill Consequences their so sudden departure might have; and offered to put into their hands, a Deduction upon the state of Assairs in relation to this Congress. which the Deputies of the Empire had agreed upon in their Assembly; but the French Ambaffadors refused to receive it, as well because it was in Latin, as that they were now only at liberty to receive their Answer to the late Declaracion- they (the French Ambassadors) had made by the Kings Command.

Francfort, Decemb. 4. The 28th past, the Prench Ambalfadors were to take their leave of the Imperial Ambailadors, who on the 30th, acturned their Visit. The first Instant, Monsieur Harlay, one of the French Ambassadors, parted from hence, and the day following, Monsieur de St. Romain, that they-might not incommede each other in their Journey, which they took toward Paris, by the way of Strafbourg. The day before their departure, the French-Ambaffadors fent their Secretary to the Imperial Ambassadors with a Declaration, wherein they impute the breaking up of this Co ference to the Imperial Ministers. The Emperors Ambassadors would not receive it, saying, The French Ambassadors, by resusing the Deduction of the Deputies of the Empire, had put it out of their Power to receive any thing from them. Upon which, tha French Ambassadors sent the said Declaration to the Deputies of Mentz, as Directors of the Assembly of the Deputation of the Empire, who received it, and fent it by an Express to the Elector their Mafter. The Imperial Ambassadors have likewise fent an Express to Vienna, to know the Emperor's pleasure how they are to dispose of themselves.

Cologne, Decemb. 4. The Deputies of Liege have not as yet been admitted to an Audience of his Electoral Highness their Prince; who insists upon fome Points, which it's thought that City will haid-ly yield to. Yesterday arrived here Prince Casimir, of Nasjau, Stadtholcer of Frizeland and Groningen, from Coblents, and the same day he continued his Journey for Holland. From Francfort we have advice of the departure of the French Ambassa-dors; and that Prince Waldecke, who is General of the Forces of the Emp re, had made some Proposals to the Magi-frates of that City, in order to their receiving an Imperial Garison of 4000 Men, to be commanded by the Count de Lippe, but that they had answered, That they did not think they, flood in any need of such a Garison, and that they hoped, they should themselves be able to provide for the Security of their City. Our last Letters from Vienna said, That the Emperor had granted Count Tecceley all the upper Hungary for Winter-Quarters, and 3000 Florins a Month, to be paid by the Berg-Towns. That Count Teckeley's Deputies parted from Vienna the 24th past, according to all. appearances, very well satisfied: And that it was faid, an offer of three Millions had been made the Poir, to prolong the Peace for 20 Years, which fome believed would be accepted.

Cologne, Decemb. 8. The Deputy of Liege

Cologne, Decemb. 8. The Deputy of Liege were on Friday and Saturday last, in Conference with the Bithop of Strasburg, but we do not yet find that any confiderable steps are made towards on Accommodation. It's said, the Bithop told them, That if the City of Liege desire to be restored to the Favour of his Electoral Highness, their Prince, they must forthwith put him in possession of all the Rights and Prerogatives, which he enjoyed from

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