

Sam. 1776

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 23. to Monday November 27. 1682.

Madrid, Nov. 12.

THE King has been somewhat indisposed, and for that reason he did not receive the usual Compliments on his Birth-day, which was the sixth Instant, but at present his Majesty is very well again. On Friday last arrived here part of the Baggage of Count *Mansfeldt*, who is coming hither with the Character of Ambassador from the Emperor. And the day following the Gates of this Town, which had for some time been kept shut because several Places in *Andalusia* were infected with the Plague, were opened, and the said places declared free of all Infection, and all persons permitted to Trade and Correspond with them as formerly. Yesterday arrived here from *Cadiz* 150 Mules laden with Money and Silver Bars, which were brought home in the Gallions for the Kings account.

Genova, Nov. 18. Two days since arrived here the *Crown* and *Tyger* Frigates, from *Cadiz*: They intend for *Legborne*, and from thence to stand over for the Coast of *Barbary*, to joyn Admiral *Herbert*, who we hear is gone with two Men of War and a Fireship for *Argiers*. Here is arrived the *Rotterdam* Convoy, who brings above 600000 Dollars in Money and Bars, so that we calculate we have already received five Millions from *Cadiz* since the arrival of the Gallions; and two great *Genoueses*, with the Dutch Convoy, are daily expected from *Cadiz*, who bring two Millions more.

Vienna, Nov. 9. Count *Teckeleys* Deputies continue still here, but we cannot say much of their Negotiation. The Cessation is hitherto observed by both sides, but the Emperor not having granted the Winter-Quarters that Count *Teckeleys* demands for his Troops, it is imagined he may renew the Hostilities, which keeps the Imperial Army in the Field to observe them. The last Letters from *Hungary* gave an account, That the Rebels marched towards *Lewents*, upon which place it is very much suspected they have a design. Three Regiments of Foot are ordered to march for *Siriz*, to cover that Country against any sudden Invasion of the Turks, which is much more to be apprehended, because they are lodged very near the Frontiers of that Province, and that their Quarters are very close together, so that they may quickly draw into a Body. Count *Draconits*, who was sent by the Emperor to *Hungary*, with Orders for the permitting the Protestants of that Kingdom the free Exercise of their Religion, is come back, and has presented a Petition to his Imperial Majesty on behalf of those poor people, That their Churches may be likewise restored to them; they being wholly unable to build new ones. The Tax

of one per Cent. that is going to be raised in the Emperor's Hereditary Countreys, is to be paid by all persons that are worth 1000 Florins, as well Ecclesiasticks as others. The Emperor has declared his father *Emeric*, Bishop of this City, his first Minister.

Strasburg, Nov. 20. On Sunday last parted from hence the Marquis *de Courvenoux*, on his return for *France*. The Baron *de Montemar* continues here, having the Government of this City in the absence of the Marquis *de Chamilly*. It is reported that the Chambers of Re-union at *Metz* and *Brisac* will begin very suddenly to act again, in case the Proposals that have been made by the most Christian King are not accepted by the Empire.

Francfort, Nov. 25. The Courier, which the French Ambassadors sent to *Paris*, upon the instances that had been made to them by the Imperial Ambassadors for the continuing the Conferences here after the expiration of the Term, returned the 23 Instant, and brought the said Ambassadors positive Orders to leave this place within eight days, and to return home, which they communicated to the Imperial Ambassadors, and at the same time acquainted them, That though the King their Master had thought fit to recal them, yet that the Empire might have a farther time to consider of, and give their Answer upon the Proposals they the said Ambassadors had made upon their first arrival here, his Majesty had authorized Monsieur *Perjus*, his Minister at *Raisbonne*, to receive the same, and to continue the Negotiation till the first day of *February* next: Accordingly the French Ambassadors are preparing for their departure, which they have fixed for the first of the next Month.

Cologne Nov. 27. On Tuesday last arrived here three Deputies from the City of *Liege*, who the next day had an Audience of the Bishop of *Strasburg*, to whom, as we are informed, they declared That they were sent by the City of *Liege*, to make their Submission to his Electoral Highness, hoping that in return he would be pleased to confirm their ancient Priviledges, and to leave to them the free Election of their Magistrates, as had been heretofore practised before the last reduction of the City, and since the Cittadell was demolished; to which the Bishop answered, That he was sorry to find them insist upon this point of the Election of Magistrates, for that he was confident his Electoral Highness will never grant it, and that they ought to consider that since his Electoral Highness is willing in some matters to yeild to them, they ought much more to submit something of what they may think their Right to their Prince; whereunto the said Deputies replied, That they were Tied up by their Instructions, which they must follow. In the meantime his Electoral Highness has declared, That he will alone endeavour to accommodate things with his Subjects, without making use of any Mediation