

or enrolment for the local militia do take place for the space of one year from and after the twenty-seventh day of this instant June; but that the ballot and enrolment for the local militia do remain and continue suspended for the space of one year from and after the said twenty-seventh day of this instant June.

Jas. Buller

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 5th of *May* 1821,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council of the twenty-second of November last, for prohibiting the exportation of gun-powder, arms, or ammunition, to the places therein specified, will expire on the thirtieth day of this instant May; and whereas it is expedient, that the said prohibition should be continued for some time longer; His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no person or persons whatsoever (except the Master-General of the Ordnance for His Majesty's service) do, at any time during the space of six months (to commence from the thirtieth day of this instant May), presume to transport any gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, to any port or place within the dominions of the King of Spain, or to any port or place on the Coast of Africa (except to any ports or places within the Streights of Gibraltar), or in the West Indies, or on any part of the Continent of America (except to a port or place, or ports or places in His Majesty's territories or possessions on the Continent of North America, or in the territories of the United States of America), or ship or lade any gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, on board any ship or vessel, in order to transporting the same into any such ports or places within the dominions of the King of Spain, or into any such ports or places on the Coast of Africa (except as above excepted); or in the West Indies, or on the Continent of America (except as above excepted), without leave or permission in that behalf first obtained from His Majesty, or His Privy Council, upon pain of incurring and suffering the respective forfeitures and penalties inflicted by an Act, passed in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act to empower His Majesty to prohibit the exportation of gun-powder, or any sort of arms or ammunition, and also to empower His Majesty to restrain the carrying coastwise of salt-petre, gun-powder, or any sort of arms or ammunition;" and also by an Act, passed in the thirty-third year of His late Majesty's reign, cap. 2, intituled "An Act to enable His Majesty to restrain the exportation of naval stores, and more effectually to prevent the exportation of salt-petre, arms, and ammunition, when prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council:"

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master-General and the rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, and His Majesty's Secretary at War, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 21st of *March* 1821,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to allow for three years, and until six weeks after the commencement of the then next session of Parliament, the importation into ports specially appointed by His Majesty within the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, of the articles therein enumerated, and the re-exportation thereof from such ports," it is enacted that it shall and may be lawful, in any British ship or vessel owned and navigated according to law, or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any Sovereign or State in amity with His Majesty, to import into and export from such ports within the provinces of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, as shall be specially appointed for that purpose; certain articles in the said Act enumerated, any thing in any law to the contrary notwithstanding; His Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Him by the above recited Act, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date of this order, and until further order made thereon, it shall be lawful, in any British built ship or vessel, owned and navigated according to law; or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any Sovereign or State in amity with His Majesty, to import into the port of St. Andrews, in New Brunswick, any scantling, planks, staves, heading-boards, shingles, hoops, horses, neat cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, or live stock of any sort; bread, biscuits, flour, peas, beans, potatoes, wheat, rice, oats, barley, or grain of any sort; pitch, tar, turpentine, fruits, seeds, and tobacco; provided that such articles shall, in all cases where the same shall be imported in foreign vessels, be of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the country to which the vessels importing the same shall belong; and that it shall be lawful in any British built ship or vessel, owned and navigated according to law, to export from the said port any of the said articles, either to the United Kingdom, or to any other of His Majesty's possessions.

And it is hereby further ordered, that it shall and may be lawful, in any British-built ship or vessel, owned and navigated according to law, or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any Sovereign or State in amity with His Majesty, to export from the port of St. Andrews, in New