

His Our Proclamation, be current and lawful money of Our Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of Our said Kingdom, that is to say, such crown pieces as of the value of five shillings, the said shilling pieces as of the value of twelve pence, the said sixpenny pieces as of the value of six pence, and the said Maundy monies, namely, the said fourpenny pieces as of the value of four pence, the said threepenny pieces as of the value of three pence, the said twopenny pieces as of the value of two pence, and the said penny pieces as of the value of one penny, in all payments and transactions of money.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, in the second year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His late Majesty King George the Third, was pleased by His Royal Proclamations, bearing date the first day of July and the tenth day of October in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to ordain, declare, and command, that certain pieces of gold coin therein described, called sovereigns and half sovereigns, should pass and be received as current and lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and that every such sovereign should weigh not less than five penny weights, two grains and three quarters, and that every such half sovereign should weigh not less than two penny weights, thirteen grains and one quarter; and whereas the allowance made for reasonable wear by the said Proclamations has been found by experience to be too small for general practice: We taking the same into consideration are pleased, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby ordain, declare, and command, that, from and after the date hereof, every gold sovereign not weighing less than five penny weights, two grains and a half, and every gold half sovereign not weighing less than two penny weights, thirteen grains and one eighth, shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; every such sovereign as of the value of twenty shillings; and every such half sovereign as of the value of ten shillings, in all payments whatsoever.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and in the second year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

3d March 1821.

NOTICE, MONEY WEIGHTS.

WHEREAS by an Act of the fourteenth Geo. III. cap. 92, it is directed that all weights made use of for weighing the gold and silver coins of the realm shall be tried and compared with the standard weights lodged in His Majesty's Mint, and that upon the same being found just and true a stamp shall be marked thereon by an officer appointed for that purpose: And whereas by a Proclamation, bearing date sixth of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, His Majesty has been pleased to order that the gold coins therein described shall not pass current under a certain weight:

Notice is therefore hereby given, to all persons requiring their weights to be stamped, that attendance will be given at the Weigher and Tellers Office, at the Mint, on Wednesday the fourteenth instant, and every subsequent Wednesday, between the hours of ten and three o'clock, for the receiving the said weights which are to be left with the said officer, and after the same have been compared with the weights in the Office, and found to be true and just, they will be marked with the following impression, viz. on one side, His Majesty's crest with the words "Royal Mint" and the date of the year of the Proclamation, and on the other side, the current weight of the denomination of the coin, and delivered to the owners on their paying the fee directed by the Act of Parliament of the fifteenth Geo. III. cap. 30, viz. one penny for every twelve weights so stamped or marked before the same are delivered. And all persons counterfeiting or selling forged stamps will be prosecuted as the Act directs.

Admiralty-Office, April 28, 1821.

VICE-ADMIRAL SIR GRAHAM MOORE has transmitted to this Office a copy of a letter addressed by Captain Bruce, British Agent at Mocha, to Mr. Salt, His Majesty's Consul-General in Egypt, dated at Mocha, the 10th of January last, and communicating the successful termination of the expedition sent from India, under the orders of Captain Lumley, of His Majesty's ship *Topaze*, for the purpose of obtaining redress for the injuries which the British interests had suffered from the Officers of the *Imaun*, of Senna.

The squadron arrived off Mocha on the 3d of December, and the Agent having previously used every means to obtain redress without effect, the place was bombarded on the 4th, and an attempt was made to get possession of the North Fort, which failed, with some loss. On the 5th a parley took place, and the following day two hostages were sent off to the squadron with a promise that the British demands should be acceded to in fourteen days.

This period however elapsed without the arrival of a person with proper authorities from Senna; and after allowing further prolongations of the