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Tangier, Octob. 3.

THE Morocco Ambassador, who has been detained here some time, to get the Present from His Majesty to the Emperor ashore, departed from hence the last Week towards his Court, and we have an account of his arrival at Alcazar in his way thither. The night after the Ambassador left this place, a Moorish Brigantine came within the Mole, with an intention to surprize and carry away a small English Vessel, but the Guards taking the Alarm, prevented their proceeding farther in their design than to seiz: on the Master, and some of his People: Upon which our Governor dispatched an Express the next Morning to Alcazar, to complain of this attempt to the Ambassador, who immediately caused the said Master and his Men, which had been put ashore, to be restored to their Liberty, and promised that the Commander of the said Brigantine, so soon as he could be met with, should be sent hither to be exemplarily punished.

Stockholm, Octob. 4. The last Week arrived here the Count Brandt, Envoy extraordinary from the Elector of Brandenburg, and on Monday he had his first Audience of the King, of which we have this account, that after having, in his Electoral Highness's Name, Complimented his Majesty upon the Birth of the young Prince his Son, and assured him of his Electoral Highness's desire to maintain a good Correspondence and Neighborhood with his Majesty, he represented to his Majesty the trouble his Electoral Highness had, in several things in the state they are in, and that he thought nothing ought more to be wished than that the Peace of Christendom, and particularly that of the Empire, be preserved; That his Electoral Highness had not been wanting to employ his best endeavours in order therunto, and that he doubted not but his Majesty would readily join with him and other Princes in so good a Work. The 17th of the last Month passed hence, on his return home, the Sieur Pasin, the French Ambassador, without having had any Audience of the King, because this Court did refuse to allow of the Ceremonies he pretend: d to at his publick Entry and Audience, as being new, and never practis'd here. Preparations are making against the meeting of the Estates of this Kingdom, and many people are in expectation that matters of great importance will be brought before them.

Genoa, Octob. 7. This Week arrived here the Blisford, in 32 days from Plymouth, and had immediately Prattice, not having touch'd Spain; and yesterday arrived the Advice, Captain Spenser, from Alicante and Majorca; he met, four days since, part of the French Fleet, under the Command of Mon-

sieur de Quefue, who were returning home from Argiers.

Strasburg, Octob. 16. On Tuesday last the Marquis de Courtemaux returned hither from Metz, where he had been to confer with that Elector concerning the present affairs; he will remain here this Month, and then intends to go to Francfort. Our Governor the Marquis de Chamilly, has obtained leave from Court to be absent two Months from his Government, to look after his private Affairs. The Sieur de la Grange, Intendant of Alsace, arrived here two days since, and yesterday he began to assign Winter-Quarters for several Regiments of Horse in this Country, from whence some Troops are to march for Burgundy, and others are to come from thence hither in their stead.

Cologne, Octob. 13. Saturday last we received an account from Liege, That the French Resident had, on the eighth Instant, delivered to the Magistrates of that City, a Letter from the French King, and at the same time had told them by word of mouth, That the Elector of Cologne having brought the King his Master to interpose his Offices, and exert his Royal Authority, in order to oblige the City of Liege to give him just satisfaction, his Majesty had commanded him the said Resident to let them know, That he desired the differences they had with his Electoral Highness, may be speedily accommodated, and that, for that purpose, they would forthwith send Deputies to Cologne, who might address themselves directly to his Electoral Highness, through the Interposition of the Bishop of Strasburg, and Monsieur Tambonneau, the French Minister thereof the said Resident adding, That the King's intention was not to deprive them of their ancient Priviledges, but to procure them a reasonable accommodation. Our Letters from Vienna of the first and fourth Instant informed us, That General Caprara was Encamped between Freysteller and great Tolpetchen on the Waag, with 7000 Men; Count Starenberg with 4000 at Diosdeck; and the Palatine of Hungary with 2000 near Sere; That the Rebels lay between Villecke and Karpffen, and the Turks near Erla; That Count Serini, Brother-in-Law to Count Teckley, to whom the Emperor had sent him, was returned to the Camp of General Caprara, and from thence was gone to Ebersdorf, where the Imperial Court then was, and that he reported that the cause of the Turks separating from the Hungarians was to keep their Feast of Ramasan, after the expiration of which, it was not doubted but they would act again, having made a Bridge of Boats over the Danube, at Baracan, near Graan.

Cologne, Octob. 20. The Magistrates of Liege have sent hither the Sieur Nicolas, their Secretary, to communicate to his Electoral Highness the Letter they have received from the most Christian King; and the Answer he has had is, That his Electoral High-

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