

# The London Gazette.

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Milan, Aug. 19.

**O**UR Governour, the Count de Melgar, is busied with providing Magazines in several places, having received considerable Supplies from Spain for that purpose. Our last Letters from Turin informed us that the Duke of Savoy continued very ill, to the great trouble of that Court, and that it was feared he was in very much danger.

Venice, Aug. 22. Our Letters from Rome do not give us any great light into the present state of things between that Court and France. It is certain that several Cardinals, who are much in the Popes esteem, are labouring all they can to bring things to a composure, and that they have been at several times many hours with the Pope, but with what success we cannot hear, farther than that it is generally said they have not hitherto made any great Progress in the matter. By a Vessel arrived from Durazzo we have advice, That the Balla of Bossina had received Orders from Constantinople to send both Men and Ammunition to Hungary; and from other places they write, That things look as if there would be a War between the Emperor and the Pope, though our Letters from Vienna give us some hopes of the contrary.

Turin, Aug. 23. The continuance of the Duke of Savoy's illness makes people begin to talk of the return of the Portugal Fleet, and the Duke of Cadaval is expecting Orders from the Prince Regent for that purpose; for his Highness, though his Fever should leave him, cannot, they say, recover strength enough to undertake this Voyage in a Month or two, and then the Winter coming on, it will be necessary to defer the same till Spring; but these are the discourses of those that are Enemies to this Marriage, and that would not have his Highness leave his own Countreys, and it's probable they are without any ground.

Stockholm, Aug. 26. The Siear Bazin, who lately arrived here with the Character of Ambassador Extraordinary from the Crown of France, appears with a very rich and splendid Equipage; He pretends to be received at his publick Audience with several Ceremonies that have not been Practised in this Court, which it's thought will not be granted. The Count d'Atheim, the Imperial Envoy, continues to have frequent Conferences with the Ministers here upon the present State of the affairs of Germany; and we are told that our King is resolved to stand by the Emperor for the maintaining the Peace and Security of the Empire. The States of this Kingdom, as we have already told you, are to meet the second of October next, the usual Summons for that purpose having been already sent abroad.

Dantzick, Sept. 1. Our last Letters from Poland gave an account that the Court continued at Warsaw without any appearance of its sudden removal from thence; That the King had received ad-

vices from Constantinople, which assured him, that the Turks would not give him any disturbance, but that they would observe the Peace they had with him; That their thoughts were at present turned towards Hungary, where they gave assistances to the Rebels, and from that would pass to an open War, unless they could renew the Peace with great advantages to them selves. At Warsaw is arrived an Envoy from the Kam of Tartary, who is going to Sweden. From Moscow they write, that things are at present very quiet there, and that the Czar had resolved to send an Ambassador to the King of Poland, to propose an Alliance of mutual defence between them.

Dresden, Aug. 29. The Elector of Saxony, our Prince, is sending the Heer Flemming, who is Lieutenant-General of his Forces, to Hanouer, to confer with the Duke of that name concerning the affairs of the Empire. His Electoral Highness has given Duke John of Weissenfels a Regiment of Horse, The Plague continues very hot at Halle.

Vienna, Aug. 30. The news we had of the Rebels having made themselves Masters of Caschaw and Esperies, is confirmed, both those places having been surrendered the 14th Instant. The Governor of Caschaw is a Prisoner, and the Garison, when they Marched out, were very ill treated by the Hungarians, many of them having been killed, and others to save their lives, forced to take Service among them; the reason of which is said to be, That the said Garison concealed a Mine, which sprung after the place was surrendered, and destroyed several of the Hungarians. After the taking of Caschaw Count Teckeley marched towards Leuschaw, of which General Strafoldo having advice, he sent Orders to Colonel Scherfenberg to quit the place, for that it could not be defended, which were accordingly executed; whereupon Count Teckeley turned towards Zendre, which place it's said he now besieges with 16000 Men. These advices do somewhat trouble people here, and give the Danish and Brandenburg Ministers at this Court as well as others, an opportunity to renew their Instances, That a firm and lasting Peace may be established between the Empire and the Crown of France; and the Emperor thereby put into a condition to prosecute the War with all his Forces against the Turks and the Hungariak Rebels. Three days since arrived here the Prince of Parma, late Governour of the Spanish Netherlands, and yesterday he had an Audicence of the Emp. or.

Vienna, Aug. 30. Count Caprara, General of the Emperor's Forces in Hungary, parted from hence three days since; and we doubt not but in a short time to hear that he is in the Field at the head of an Army, which may put a stop to the Progress of the Hungariaks, and even recover the places they have possessed themselves of. From Upper-Hungary they write, That Colonel Heuster, being abroad with a Party of the Imperialists, met with 400 of the Enemy, of whom, after a sharp Engagement, two hundred

red had been killed, and eighty taken Prisoners.

*Strasbourg, Sept. 4.* All the places hereabouts are now filled with French Soldiers, which is a great burthen upon the poor Inhabitants, they have complained thereof as a thing they are not able to bear, and we are informed that the Baron de Monclar has promised that they shall be very suddenly eased; but it's believed nothing will be done thereof till Monsieur de Louvois arrives, who is expected about eight or ten days hence: It is said that after having passed some short time in these parts, he will go for Italy, and that many of the Troops now in these parts will likewise be ordered that way, but this is spoken of without any certainty. A great many Boats are now employed to bring Stuffs for the service of the new Citadel, to which they pass very commodiously through the new Canal. The Baron de Monclar arrived here two days ago.

*Cologne, Sept. 1.* The Sieur Hanus, Deputy of Liege, who has hitherto continued here, having on Saturday last received an Order from his Principals to return forthwith home, to inform the other Deputies, which the City of Liege has resolved to send hither in his place, of the present state of affairs at the Court of his Electoral Highness, the first Prince, he intends to part from hence to-morrow; but seeing his Electoral Highness persists in his resolution not to receive any Deputies from the said City, unless they are fully empowered to Treat and Conclude as he shall think fit, and that on the other side the Magistrates as well as the Commons of Liege will not give their Deputies so great a Power, there is very little appearance of these Deputies coming suddenly hither, and the hopes people had that things were fairly tending to an accommodation, begin to vanish. The Secretary to Count Mansfeldt, the Emperors Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of France, passed through this place yesterday with his Masters Baggage, and reported that the Count himself will follow in few days. From Metz we have advice, That the 26th past two Battalions of the French Kings Regiment of Guards arrived there.

*Frankfort, Sept. 6.* The Difficulties that have put a stop to the meeting of the Deputies of the Empire, are not yet removed, so that here passes nothing of moment. From Vienna they write, That the Emperor had ordered all his Forces to March from Bohemia, Silesia, Croatia, and other his Hereditary Countreys, towards Hungary, to make head against the Rebels, who with the assistance they have from the Turks, are become very powerful, and are in a condition to attack any place. Casschau and Esperies are in the hands of the Rebels, and it's believed they will be Masters of some other places before the Imperial Troops can come together, and be in a posture to oppose them. The Turks do not yet act in a Body of themselves, which gives us ground to hope that they are willing to have the Peace renewed, and that the assistance they give the Rebels, and the other motion of their Troops, are only to induce the Emperor to comply with the Terms they propose.

*Brussels, Sept. 9.* To-morrow his Excellency the Marquis de Grana parts from hence for Flanders, to change the Magistrates of Bruges, and afterwards to visit Ostend and Newport, and on Saturday next his Excellency will be back here. His Excellency has given out the necessary Orders for a fourth Month

Pay for the Army, which they will receive the 15th Instant. We expect with great earnestness to hear of the arrival of the Gallies; what they wrote several days since from Amsterdam, of a Vessel being come in 13 days from Cadix, and of her bringing advice of their arrival there the day before she departed, is not credited, seeing our last Letters from Madrid, which were Dated the 20th past, bring not any News thereof. The said Letters from Madrid told us, That the Marquis de Liche is declared Viceroy of Naples, and that Orders were sent him to hasten thither, the Duke de Giovinnazzo being appointed to take care, in the absence of the said Marquis, of the Spanish Interests at the Court of Rome. Our Letters from Vienna give an account of the Surrender of Caschau and Esperies to Count Teckley, who was Marched with the Forces under his Command, which amount to above 11000 Men, to attack Zandere, and there are some Letters which say that Zabmar was besieged.

*Hague, Sept. 11.* The sixth Instant the foreign Ministers residing here had a Conference with the Deputies of this State for foreign affairs, in which the said Deputies did acquaint them with the resolution the States-General have taken to contribute their utmost endeavours for preserving the Peace of Christendom. From Amsterdam they write, That they had advice from Lghorn that the Ship commanded by the Rear Admiral Pander Putter, who was going for Argiers to redeem the Subjects of this State that are in slavery there, had been stop'd by the Sicar du Quise, who is to force that place. The Count de Surin is arrived in the Texel with a Fleet of Merchant ships under his Convooy from the Streights.

*Deale, Sept. 2.* Two days since sailed out of the Downs three Ships bound for Pennsylvania, on board of which was Mr. Pen, with a great many Quakers, who go to settle there.

*Deale, Sept. 4.* About six last night the Wind came to N. N. W. whereupon Sir John Berry, in the Henrietta immediately set Sail, being bound for Tangier; about eight or ten Merchant Ships, bound for the Streights, sailed in his company.

#### Advertisements.

Whereas on Tuesday the 29th of August, between twelve and one of the Clock at night, there were three Bills clandestinely conveyed away out of the Parish Church of All-Saints, in the Town and County of Southampton, by the oral unknown Person, these are to desire all such that shall here knowlege of an, such Bills exposed to sale, or lodged any where to give notice thereof to Mr. Sperry, the present Mayor of Southampton, or Mr. C. Smith, Alderman, and they shall be very well Rewarded.

Stolen or Strayed out of Sir Christopher Bechles Ground, at Bantstead, in the County of Surrey, on the 31st Instant, a dark Iron-grey Nag, 14 hands, Walks, Trot and Gallops, having two white Streaks near the Withers, on each side of his Neck, the upper part of his Neck whiter than any part of his Body, and a great white spot in the middle of the Saddle-place. Whoever gives notice to the said Sir Christopher Bechles, or to Jacob Fisher Esq; in Thames-Street, near Coldrey Harbour, shall have 40 s. Reward.

Stolen or Strayed on Tuesday the 7th Instant at night, out of Wood-Close, near Loudon, a gray Nag, about 14 hands and a half high, having a piece cut out of his off foot before, all his Shoes marked with a Heart, and a short thin tail. Whoever gives notice of the said Nag to Mr. Fisher, or writes over against the Role, in Allen-Street, in Cokerwell Parish, London, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward.