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Florence, Aug. 11.

Rince Ferdinand, the Great Dukes eldest Son, was taken very ill of a Feaver, on Sunday last, being his Birth-day, and this morning the Phylicians took from him 14 Ounces of Blood: it's believed his Diffemper will turn to the Small-pox. From Turin they write, That the Duke of Savoy grows rather worse than better, and that the Physicials have refolved to remove him from Monteaglier, where he now is, to Chieri. From Rome we have an account that the Pope has added to the Congregation for the French affairs Cardinal Capozucchi, and several others, who are to moderate the Propositions of the French Clergy, said to have been procured by Cardinal d'Estree, and Cardinal Chigi; the Letters add, That the Pope has long defired to fend an Extraordinary Nuncio to France, and that he will take the occasion of the Dauphinesses being brought to Bed, to do it. In Sicily, at a place about 18 Miles distant from Messina, upon the River Niss, the people being diffatisfied with the Impositions and Gabels upon Silk, have k lled the chief Managere and the Farmer of it, upon which the Vicesting has fent thither some Soldiers, with a Commissary, to take information of the matter. The English Merchants at Leghorne are in some pain for a Sniphwhich ! departed long since from Smirna for these parts, and they have yet no news of.

Turin, Aug. 12. The Duke of Savoy continues with his Court at Moneagliek, where after several days intermission, his Highness's Ague returned upon him the seventh Instant, and since, he has not been one day without it; but the Physicians assures us that the last Fits he had were so weak, that they doubt not but his Dissemper is going off: however, the Court is full of trouble to see his illness thus continue, and cannot but be apprehensive of the consequences of it. The Portugal Fleet remains in the mean time at Villa Franca, and the Duke of Cadaval has received Orders from the Prince Regent of Portugal, for the keeping the Fleet there till his Highness is in a condition to undertake his intended Voyage for

Stockholm, Aug. 12. The King has appointed the States of this King I m to meethere on the 12th of Ottober next, and the usual Summons have already been given out for that purpose, upon which, several Remai ques are made, the said States having been together to lately, when heretofore the oftenest they met was once in four years: Many believe that the King has slome great design in hand, which he is desirous to communicate to them before he put it in execution; but others imagine his intention in calling them is only to have the Decrees of the High Commissioners, by which so many of the Nobility, and other considerable persons of this Kingdom, have been Fined in very great Sums for missinges during the Kings Minority, ratified and

confirmed by them. On Monday last the Count d'Altheim, Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor, had his first publick Audience of the King 3-his business is to engage this Grown into farther imeatives with the Emperor, for the maintaining the Peace and Security of the Empire. Two days hence the King will Exercise his Guards in an Attack against a Fort made for that purpose, with very regular Fortiscations, which is to be defended by a Count Coningsmark; there are several Batteries, and the assailants are now making their approaches, wherein they have been busied these three Weeks; during which time they have laid in the Field in their Tents,

Vienna, Aug. 15. We have had very great Rains for some time past, which makes the March of the Soldiers somewhat troublesome. We have no frelh advices from Hungary, so that we cannot add to the account you have already had concerning theo Siege of Cascbaw, and the motions of the Turks. Frequent Councils are held here, as wellowithrelation to the affairs of Hungary, as Germany; but we do not yet hear of any Troops that are marching towards the Empire, and, confidering how far the season is spent, it's believed there will not this Summer be any Armies in the Field on that side; and many people persuade themselves that the prefent differences between the Empire and the Crown of France will be composed, and a firm Peace established.

Vienna, Aug. 20. Twenty pieces of Cannon with Ammunition, &c. were taken yesterday out of the Arsenal here, and were this day sent by Water for Hungary; from whence we have advice, that the Turks had attacked a place called Onothe in which were 100 German Soldiers, and as many Hussars; and having battered it with their Commons had obliged the Garilon to Capitulate, but that the Turks had not made good the Articles, but had taken from the Garison their Arms, and had caused them to march to Villeckes. That the Turks had quite demolished Onoth, and had burnt and delirayed several small places near it. Count Strasoldo is drawing his Forces togethenoto relieve Cascham. Count Draskowits and Count Ficzi are appointed by the Emperor to assign to the Lutherans in the Lower Hungary, places for them to build Churches at; and Count Ziacky has the same Commission in Upper Hungary.

P. S. There is a report that Cascham is surrended to the Ribels, but we give no eredit to it.

Brussels, Aug 28. Last night his Excellency the Marquis de Grana returned hither from Mons and Aeth, and on Monday Sevennight his Excellency intends to part hence for Flanders. Monsieur Delval is come back from Paris. and brings an account that his most Christian Majysty has finally been prevailed with to take off the Consistances which the Estates of the Spanish Subjects within the French Dominions were under and to preder the restitution of the Moneysthat have been received on that

account.