

sand infantry. The horse advanced on me, and the guns opened: I reached my camp, however, in safety. As the greatest activity on the part of the enemy was going on in my front, without the possibility of successful resistance on my part, my escort consisting but of a Subadar and sixty infantry sepoy, and a troop of my own regiment, the whole under the command of Lieutenant Kemp-land, of the 8th native cavalry, I had nothing left but to make the best arrangement in my power to effect a retreat, without giving a victory to the enemy. I was in danger; they pressed me hard; but I successfully repelled their horse, which checked the progress of the whole. The enemy lost a few horse in-killed and wounded, while I am happy in being able to report my arrival at Dhooma, without the loss of a man, or horse, or the least particle of baggage. Lieutenant Kemp-land, whose conduct was not to be surpassed, received a slight spear wound in the chest.

Nothing could have been more cool or determined than my little party, who were just as ready to attack, had they been allowed, as if they were opposed to equal numbers.

Extracts from Reports from Major-General Sir D. Marshall, K. C. B. commanding the Left Division of the Army, to the Adjutant-General.

Camp near Saugor, 11th March 1818.

I HAVE much satisfaction in acquainting you that I this morning occupied the fort of Saugor, with two companies of the 2d battalion 1st native infantry, under Captain Stewart.

The town, which surrounds the fort, is of the first magnitude. In extent and population it is hardly surpassed by any city in Hindoostan. It is crowded with fine buildings, and has every indication of being an opulent and flourishing city.

The place was surrendered without the slightest demur: the inhabitants appear satisfied with the change, and are seen pursuing their usual avocations; and the utmost tranquillity appears to exist.

*Camp on the Korea Nulla,
March 18, 1818.*

I AM happy in reporting that the forts of Sonadho and Rihlee have been occupied by Major Rose, and those of Jeysingnuggur and Koorjee by Major Lamb. The reports of these Officers are extremely favourable, as to the ready obedience of the people in surrendering those places.

Camp before Dhamonee, March 20, 1818.

I BEG you will do me the favour of reporting to the Most Noble the Commander in Chief, that in consequence of the receipt this day at noon of a letter from the Political Agent, stating that the time for negotiating with the garrison of Dhamonee had expired, and that I might proceed without further delay to reduce the place by force of arms, I moved forward the 2d battalion 28th native infantry, with a pair of six-pounders, and some pioneers with short ladders, at two P. M. to occupy the town of Dhamonee, situated to the westward of the fort, and close to it.

The occupation was effected without resistance, and although a good deal of firing has been going

on ever since, our people are securely lodged, and have not suffered a single casualty.

The detachments under Majors Rose and Lamb continue to occupy the several forts in the Saugor district. Major Rose has taken possession of Petoreeah and Danohee, and Major Lamb of Eitun and Khimlassa.

Camp near Dhamonee, March 24, 1818.

I have much pleasure in reporting that the garrison of Dhamonee surrendered unconditionally at half past eleven o'clock this day.

The exertions of the engineer, artillery, and pioneer corps, were extraordinary: during the course of the night a battery was erected, capable of containing our six battering guns, besides the howitzers, and one brass twelve-pounder. At sun-rise a powerful fire commenced on the fort from the above, and occasionally from six mortars placed near the battery, and it continued with spirit and effect until the moment of surrender.

*Camp, Right Bank of the Kossra
River, 31st March 1818.*

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander in Chief, that the remaining forts and ghurries in the Saugor district, including those of Benaika and Patam, have been occupied by detachments from the first battalion, 26th regiment. That battalion is now on its route to Saugor, accompanied by Mr. Maddock and Benaick* Row.

Camp, 30th April, 1818.

ON the 26th instant, I did myself the honour of reporting to you, by express, the success of our operations against the town of Mundlab, and in a duplicate of that communication, dispatched next morning, I had the further satisfaction of announcing the unconditional surrender of the fort, and of the troops that garrisoned it.

I now proceed to lay, through you, before his Excellency the Most Noble the Commander in Chief, a detail of the particulars of those operations.

The materials for the batteries were completed by the 25th, notwithstanding the immense numbers of gabions, fascines, &c. that were required on account of the many batteries to be erected, and of the heavy calibre of some of the enemy's guns, that bore on our intended points of attack.

On the night of the 25th, the whole of the Pioneers and Miners, aided by almost every Sepoy that remained in the lines, were employed on the important work of erecting the batteries, which, highly to their credit, were all finished, and the guns on their platforms before day-break. The enemy fired much, but fortunately the material part of the work was finished during the darkness of the night, and only one casualty happened.

I feel myself called upon in this part of my report, to notice in the strongest terms of applause, the meritorious conduct of the officers of the Engineer department, viz. Captain Tickell, Lieutenants Pickett and Cheape, Ensigns Colvin and Irvine, and Cadet Warlow: their high spirit of devotion to the service, their indefatigable exertions, which

*The Killedar of Saugor.