

The London Gazette.

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From Monday July 10. to Thursday July 13. 1682.

Stockholme, June 30.

THis Court is full of Joy for the Birth of a young Prince, of which the Queen was delivered the 27th Instant in the morning; and all the Foreign Ministers have performed their Compliments to his Majesty thereupon. The Marquis *de Feuquieres*, the French Ambassador, is expecting his Succellor the *Sieur Bazin*, upon whose arrival he will immediately part hence on his return home. There are Letters from *Liefland*, which say, That they had advice from *Mosco*, That the Wife of the Czar deceased was with Child, and that that Country was like to fall into great Troubles.

Genova, July 1. The 26th past arrived here the *Genova-Merchants*, Captain *Manners*, in 30 days from *England*, and not having touched in *Spain*, had immediate Pratick. The same day came in the *Bon-Adventure*, Captain *Belvin*, in 33 days from *England*, and 11 from *Alicant*, bound for *Venice*; and the 29th, arrived the *Friends Adventure*, Captain *Young*, from *Ireland*; she came from *Cadiz* about 15 days since, and then Admiral *Herbert* was there with five Men of War, bound for *Tangier*, and from thence for *England*. This Morning came in here a French Vessel from *Lisbon*, who came from thence in company of the *Portuguese* Fleet, which is now at *Villa-Franca*, attending the Duke of *Savoy*, whose Indisposition makes his departure uncertain.

Venice, July 4. This Week we received Letters from *Constantinople*, dated the 30th of *May*, which give an account that the *Moscovite* Ambassador had had his Audience of the Grand Signior, and that the Ratifications of the Peace between the Port and the Czar of *Moscovy* had been exchanged; That Count *Caprara*, the Imperial Minister, had likewise had his Audience on the 15th of *May*, and that it was hoped he would in a short time be able to give a very good account of his Negotiation: That the Preparations for War were continued, though the Grand Signior seemed to have no Inclination thereunto, and the rather for that the *Mufti* had advised him against it: That the French Ambassador was endeavouring to compose matters with the Grand Vizier, and in order thereunto had offered him a considerable Sum of Money.

Vicenna, July 5. General *Caprara* has Orders to part the next Week for *Hungary*; and several Regiments are commanded to march that way: and two days since, an Express was sent to General *Strafaldo*, with Orders, That he should immediately take the Field with the Forces under his Command, and Post himself so as that he might best observe the motions of the Turks, who according to our last Advices lay Encamped in two Bodies. And at the same time all imaginable care is taken to provide the Imperial Garrisons on that side with Men, and all things necessary for their defence. The Emperor

is sending Count *Kaunitz* to the Court of *Bavaria*, to relieve Count *Lobcowits*.

Liege, July 10. On the 6th Instant the Commons of this City being assembled, unanimously resolved, That the Magistrates should in 24 hours disband the Troops they had lately raised, and that in case they did not, they should be punished as disturbers of the publick Peace; whereupon the Magistrates the next day Published a Paper, by which they justified what they had done; which farther incensed the Burghers, so that they put themselves in Arms, and beset the Houses of the Burgermasters, who however got away, and retired to *Maeffricht*.

Cologne, July 14. Our Magistrates, upon the assurances they have received, that the French will not attempt any thing against this City, have Disbanded 10 Companies of the last-raised Men, and intend to keep no greater Garison than they have usually had in times of Peace. Our Letters from *Francfort* bring nothing of moment, the Conferences there being in a manner at a stand through the dispute concerning the Language, and some other points. From *Munick* they tell us, That the Elector of *Bavaria* had written a Letter to the Elector of *Brandenburg*, wherein he exhorts him with great earnestness to espouse the Interests of the Empire, and to enter into such Engagements with the Emperor and other Princes, as shall be judged most effectual for the preserving the Peace and Rights of the Empire.

Brussels, July 14. The Duke of *Wirtemberg* is come hither to spend some days at this Court, and is very kindly received and treated by his Excellency. The French proceed with great rigour against the Subjects of *Spain* who have Lands in the French Conquests, which they have Confiscated, and are very hard-upon the Tenants to make them pay their Rents, with all their Arrears. The Marquis *d'Humieres*, Son to the Marefchal of that name, and the Marquis *de Morbee*, being in company together at *Lille*, they quarrelled, and thereupon fought, and the Marquis *de Morbee* received three very dangerous wounds, and the Marquis *d'Humieres* was slightly hurt; they are both Prisoners in the Cittadel at *Lille*, till his Most Christian Majesties Pleasure be known concerning them. The Prince of *Parma* is now preparing in good earnest, at *Cologne*, for his return to *Spain*; most of his Servants that are here are to Embark at *Ossend*, and the rest are to meet his Highness in his Journey. The Count *d'Archinto* has received his Patent from *Spain*, to be first Senator of *Milan*, and is accordingly preparing for his Journey thither, which he will begin about the end of the next Month.

Hague, July 17. The *Sieur Dieft*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Brandenburg*, has presented a Memorial to the States-General, wherein he represents unto them, how desirous his Electoral Highness is to maintain the Peace of Christendom, and prays the States in his Electoral Highnesses