

other of the dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, any such tools or utensils as are commonly used in, or proper for the preparing, working up, or finishing of the woollen or silk manufactures, or any part of such tools, he shall, for every offence, forfeit all such tools, or parts thereof, put on board, and **TWO HUNDRED POUNDS**, to be recovered by action of debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no essoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's warehouses, all such tools or utensils prohibited to be exported, as such officer shall find on board any vessel not bound directly to some port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all tools so seized shall, after condemnation, be publicly sold to the best bidder; and one moiety of the produce shall be to the use of His Majesty, and the other moiety to the officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on board his vessel, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit **ONE HUNDRED POUNDS**, to be recovered as the penalties inflicted upon persons exporting the tools; and, if the vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit **ONE HUNDRED POUNDS**, but shall also forfeit his employment, and be incapable of any employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any entry outward, or sign any cocket or sufferance for the shipping or exporting of any of the said tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit **ONE HUNDRED POUNDS**, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his office, and be incapable of any office under His Majesty.

One moiety of the forfeitures shall be applied to the use of His Majesty, and the other moiety to the use of the person who shall sue for the same.

Statutes 14, 21, 25, and 26 of His present Majesty.

BY these Statutes the like penalties and forfeitures as above-mentioned are extended to persons packing, or putting on board any vessel, not bound directly for some port in Great Britain or Ireland, any machine, engine, tool, press, paper, utensil, or implement whatsoever, used in or proper for the working or finishing of the cotton, steel, or iron manufactures of this kingdom, or any part or parts of such machines or implements, or any models or plans thereof; and all Captains of ships and other persons receiving or being in possession of any such articles, with an intent to export the same to foreign parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like penalties as are above-mentioned, in the case of tools and utensils used in the woollen and silk manufactures.

BY THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HIS MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the forty-third year of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for permitting certain goods, imported into Great Britain, to be secured in warehouses without payment of duty," it is, amongst other things, enacted as follows, that it shall be lawful for the importer or importers, proprietor or proprietors, consignee or consignees of any of the goods, wares, or merchandise enumerated and described in the table hereunto annexed marked (A), and which shall be legally imported and brought into the port of London, to lodge and secure the same under the joint locks of the Crown, and the merchant, in any warehouse or warehouses situated at the Isle of Dogs, and belonging to the West India Dock Company, without payment, at the time of the first entry of such goods, wares, or merchandise, of the duties of Customs or Excise due on the importation thereof, subject nevertheless, to the rules, regulations, and restrictions directed by this Act; provided always, that no such goods, wares, or merchandise shall be so lodged or secured, unless and until such warehouses and other works, belonging or to belong thereto, shall be so far completed, that in the judgement of the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any three or more of them, the same shall be fit and proper, in every respect, for the reception of such goods, wares, and merchandise, and wherein the same may respectively be safely and securely deposited and remain under the regulations and directions of this Act; and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any three or more of them, are hereby authorised and empowered, by writing under his or their hand or hands, to certify and make known his or their approbation of such warehouses, which certificate shall be published, three times at least, in the London Gazette, and in two or more public morning newspapers then usually circulated in London;

We, the undersigned, Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, do, in pursuance of the said Act, certify and make known that the new vault, No. 2, situated upon the Rum Quay, on the south side of the said Company's import dock, and adjoining the West Wood Wharf, is, in our judgement, fit and proper for the reception of rum, being one of the articles enumerated and described in the said table annexed to the said Act, and wherein the same may respectively be safely and securely deposited and remain under the regulations and directions of the said Act: and we do hereby declare our approbation of the said vault for such purpose accordingly.

Given under our hands at the Treasury Chambers, Whitehall, this 2d day of April 1818,

N. VANSITTART.

B. PAGET.

JOHN BARRY.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the forty-third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for permitting certain