

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday May 18.
To the King and the Excellencies.

Wednesday May 22. 1682. V
The Letters from Rome tell us, that it
is the general expectation, things will
come to a Rupture between the
Court and France. The Parisians, long
being resolved, not to give any ground
on his side, but to maintain his Jurisdiction; and
that he was consulting with the Cardinals, in par-
ticular to the taking such Retaliations as may be most
producing thereupon. The French are making se-
veral new Fortifications at ~~1681~~ 1682, and it is very
much apprehended, that they design to bring their
Arms into Italy, against which, the little provision,
hitherto made, by the Princes thereof.

Turing May 6. The Duke of Savoy has declared
his intentions of parting from France for the latter end of this Month, or the beginning of
the next; and notice has been given to the Magi-
strates of this and other places, that his Highness
has appointed the 20th instant to give Audience
to them, in order to their taking their leave of
him.

Genoue, May 13. The 11th Instant arrived here
the Dutch Convoy from Alicante, by whom we
have Advice, That before their Departure from
Alicante, the Tiger Frigat arrived there from Ar-
giers, and brought an Account, That Admiral Her-
cules had Concluded an honourable Peace with the
Government of Argiers.

Vienna, May 14. The Letters we receive from
Hungary continue to speak of the Preparations of
the Turks, but in such a manner, that there is no
reason to apprehend a War this Year at least; and we are told, That therupon the Regiments
that were Commanded to March towards Hungar-
y, have received Orders to make a Halt. In the
mean time the new Levies that are making head,
go on very successfully; and we are assured that
Gowat Leslie will March with a Body of 14000 Men
towards the Rhine, before the end of this Month,
to join the Troops of the Circles. The Bishop
of this place, whose credit with the Emperor en-
creases daily, is now made President of the Coun-
cil of State, and has taken his place there according-
ly. The Duke of Lorrain continues still very ill, though it's hoped he is out of danger.

Franckfort, May 20. The French Ambassadors here
pres for a Positive and Categorical Answer to the
Proposition made by them several Months since.

Hamburg, May 20. We have here very great
Apprehensions of the Danes, and our Ma-istrates
are making what Provision they can for the Secu-
rity of this City, and have acquainted the Prince
of Lunenburg with the jealousies they have, and de-
sired their assistance, which they are assured of.
There is to be an Interview between the King of
Denmark and the Elector of Brandenburg.

Cologne, May 22. On Thursday last, the Corps
of the late Bishop of Strasburg was Interred in the

to 22nd May 22. 1682. V
Bavaria with great pomp and solemnity. Our
Letters from Augsburg of the 11th instant return us
the same news, that the Review of the Troops of
the Elector of Bavaria, and his Forces in the County
of Ingolstadt, which were to be held on the 12th, were
then suspended, and the same was done in all the
ways at a Review of the Troops in the Circle
of Bayreuth, and the Towns and Provinces of
Bavaria. In the Boden in particular, where
the Duke of Bavaria, and the Marquis of
Munich, and the Count of Werdenfels, and
the General of the Troops, have called the Soldiers
convened. The Duke of Bavaria, and the
General of the Troops, having received
intelligence of the French Invasion made by the
King of France, the Soldiers, who are now in
Bavaria, have already made a very exact and
formal account of their Tragings and Robberies
on the Highways. From the Duke of Bavaria
they receive to write of the preparations which
they are making, and tell us that they are
accustomed to consider the King of France
as their King, and that they intend to
make war upon him, which they will do if he
will not give up the French Convoy-houses, and
the Officers that are with them. Which the French
sent very much to retch, and demand satisfaction
throughout the Empire, and to be satisfied that
they should find that cause of his Grievances con-
cerned therein.

Augsburg, May 22. The Duke of Bavaria is now
visiting the Frontiers of his Empire, and
Palace is now adorned and embellished with the
Riches and Splendor possible, and is supposed to
be now at Ingolstadt. Our Letters from Augsburg tell
us, that the Imperial Circles, and the Generals of the
Troops which they are garrisoned with, are in
the Empire into the Fields, and that the Landolt's Quota,
being 14000 Men, will march very suddenly
towards the Rhine.

Frankfort, May 23. Here is much confusion in the
several Armies the King intends to have in the Field
this Summer, which some think is to spread abroad to amuse our Neighbours; the Truth time
must shew. We are told that Mazarin and Queen
is expected at Marseilles the latter end of this
Month. Our Ambassadors at Frankfort have
a positive Answer to their Proposition, nor
being satisfied with that, have sent word to the
Imperial Ambassadors.

Windsor, May 23. A Committee has been
appointed to his Majesty King Charles II to
Steward, Under-Steward, Clerks, and Clerks of the
Inhabitants of Gravesend and Milford in Kent, and
likewise from the Mayor, Aldermen and Common
Council of the Burrough of Faversham; from the
Mayor, Steward, Magistrates, and Inhabitants of
Porthkerry, alias Weston, in Cornwall; and from the
Mayor, Recorder, Magistrates, and Inhabitants of
Eastloe in Cornwall; which together with those
which

which follow, His Majesty received with His wonted Grace and Goodness.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty

The Humble Address of Your Majesties Loyal and Dutiful Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of Your Majesties ancient Burrough of Halsbury, in the County of Cornwall.

Most Dread Sovereign,

When we consider the unpitiable Miseries and Calamities which these Your Majesties Kingdoms have suffered under the Reign of the late ungrateful Rebel, and most Unnatural of your late Sovereign, Your Majesties Royal Father of every Blest Memory; and of the wretched Endeavours of evil Men, totally to Extirpate Your Sacred Majesty and Royal Family, together with our Religion by Law established; and of the great Progrees made by those Merciless Endeavours in their compassing their damnable Design; and all wott a spurious appearance of Piety vs Religion, we cannot but acknowledge it a Mercy before God to Merit of Mankind, That it hath pleased Almighty God to give Your Majesty to the Employment of Your just Protection, Religions, and us, and Your Subjects to the immediate Providence of a good and gracious Prince, in which apparently visible, that Almighty Providence, hath been so wicked, it should suffer them wicked Men (thought never vanites, Plots, or Combinations) to hope that any Counter-Representatives, had beene levelling Hooke, against Gods Particulars. Notwithstanding we have to seee should come to light laste seen in a Paper, not long since, found in America discovered and produced on the Preferring a Bill, happily meant against the Earl of Strafford, and then produced before his Majesty, which contains a mortal and abominable Plot, tending to Sedition and Rebellion, and an absolute destruction of Monarchy, and the good Government by Law established. We therefore think our selves obliged in duty to present to Your Majesty our undoubted Declaration and Abhorrence of the said Association, and of all Treasonable Confederacies and Combinations whatsoever, against Your Majesties Person or Government: And we do solemnly and sincerely declare and protest, That upon all occasions we will be ready to sacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in defence of Your Majesty, Your Lawful Heirs, and Just Successors, and the Command Statute of your Country, as now by Law established; and that, whenever Your Majesty shall, in Your Princely Wisdom think fit to call a Parliament, we will make it our principal Care, as hereafter we have done, to elect such Representatives for this our Burrough, as shall eridgallye answer those ends for which Parliaments were ordained.

That Your Majesty may outlive all Plots and Contrivances whatsoever, against Your Royal Person or Government, and that the Authors, Conivars and Abettors thereof, of what sortsoeuer they be, may be brought to condigne Punishment; that all Your Subjects may become Your Poor stool; and that the Great God of Heaven, who hath hitherto so miraculously preserved Your Royal Person, may grant You a long and happy Reign over us; and that after this Life you may obtain everlasting joy and felicity; in, and shall be the daily Prayers of, Great SIR, Your Majesties most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects.

Dated at our Guild-hall, and Given under the Common Seal of this Burrough aforesaid, the One-and-twentieth Day of April, in the Four-and-thirtieth Year of Your Majesties Reigne.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty

Dread Sovereign,

The Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Colonels, and others the Officers of Your Majesties Militia of the County of Essex, do humbly beseeche to declare their most Abhorrence of all TRAITEROUS ASSOCIATIONS, and all other Combinations tending to diminish the Pre-rogative of Your most Sacred Majesty, or the undoubted Right of Your Lawful Successors; and more particularly we do detest and abominate that treasonable Paper in the nature of an Almanack, lately found in the Closets of the Earl of Strafford, which does plainly discover the most wicked designs of some ill Men, to destroy the happiess of Governments, under the belt of Kings; To prevent the effects of such ill practices, we think our selves, and all other Your Majesties good Subjects, bound in duty to assure Your Ma-

Jesty of our most constant Resolutions to serve You with our Lives and Fortunes, to the utmost Extremity, against all Your Enemies and Oppositors whatsoever. And as we cannot but be sensible of the happy Succes in hath pleased God to give to Your Majesties Affairs in your Kingdom of Scotland, under the Conduct of Your Royal Brother, by his steadiest and unwearied Endeavours in Your Majesties Service, so it will, we hope, have that Influence upon all Your Subjects, that we may still enjoy the Blessing of Your Majesties Reign over us. Which, that it may be long, and Glorious, and the Crown continue for ever in the legal Descent of Your Royal Family, shall be always the Prayers of us whose Names are here under-written.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty:

Dread Sir,

We Your Majesties Justices of the Peace for the County of Cumberland, and the Grand Jury at the General Quarter Sessions holden at the City of Carlisle, the 26th of April 1682, do humbly beseeche to assure Your Majesty, That we wish to the utmost of our Abilities, affit, and support Your Majesty in Your Royal Person and Government, against all your Enemies whatsoever. And we do further solemnly declare, That we do Abominate and Detest all Associations that do tend to the Subversion of the Government, or the disturbing the Succession of the Crown in its due Natural Course of Desent: So that when Your Majesty shall in Your Princely Wisdom think fit to meet your People in Parliament, we do not doubt but we shall be able to send up such Representatives for this County, as shall, together with their Care of Protestant Religion, give a full demonstration to Your Majesty of these our firm Resolutions of Obedience and Loyalty to Your Sacred Person and Government, which we may long continue amongst us.

Plymouth, May 16. Yesterday sailed from hence His Majesties Ship the Dragon, with the Merchant ships under her Convoy; as likewise the two East-India Ships.

All Persons owing Arrears of Rent for Wine-Licences, or whose Licences are expired, are hereby desired to take notice, That if they do not pay their said Arrears, and Renew their said Wine-Licences with all speed, they will be forthwith Sued at Law for the same.

Advertisements.

On the 19th instant, a Diamond Neck of about seven Rounds Value. Whoever gives Notice of it, so that it be restored to Mr. Peter Webb, Goldsmith in Lombard street, shall have two Guineas Reward; or if already bought, their Money again with costent.

Stolen about two Months since, from Mr. John Martin, From Seaborn, seven Miles from London, a large jet-black Mare, about four Years of Age, short Tail, Trots; suspected to be stolen by one who calls himself John Taylor, yet sometimes goes by the Names of Hob, Bacon, Shipton, and Story; he is a little broad Man, Pockholed, hath a sharp Nose, a sore Shin; is a little out-shinn'd; about 27 years of Age, and was born at Holdernes in Yorkshire. If any one shall discover or cause to be Apprehended the Person of the said John Taylor, alias Hobbs, &c. so as that he may be brought into Custody, in order to his being Prosecuted according to Law, or discover where the said Mare is, let them give Notice thereof to Mr. Robert Padmore, at Newark upon Trent, to Mr. Peter Padmore, an Attorney at Durham, or to Captain William Richardson, Master of His Majesties Goal of Newgate, London; shall be well Rewarded for their pains.

Stolen, the 19th instant, on the High-way, from Thomas Rawfis, in the Parish of South-Mymms, in the County of Middlesex, a bright bay Gelding, bald Faced, Wall-Fy'd, a little white on the near Foot behind, about 14 hands high. Whoever gives Notice of him to Mr. Wodcock at the George, Inn without Aldersgate, London, or at the Angel in Toceter, in Northamptonshire, shall have 40 s. Reward.