

their habits, by the distribution of silver medals to the Native Commissioned Officers, and to such of the Non-commissioned Officers and Privates, as shall be recommended by the Commanders of their respective battalions, for conspicuous zeal or gallantry.

The early termination of the war prevented the employment of either of the detachments assembled under the command of Major-General John Wood and Colonel Nicolls, as well as the projected move of Lieutenant-Colonel Adams, from Kemaon on the back of the Goorkha positions. Those Officers had respectively assumed the command of their detachments, and were proceeding to the destined quarters in which their operations were to be directed, when information of the conclusion of Peace was received by them: the corps composing these detachments have separated, and retired to their several stations.

The operations of the Siceem Rajah's troops had been continued with tolerable success, and with a view to support them, and to encourage the revolt of the Kerants against the Nepaulese Government, Captain Latter had entered the hills with a portion of the force under his command, and advanced to within three miles of the Fort of Nuggur, which the Siceem troops had invested. In this position he received from Sir David Ochterlony intelligence of the conclusion of Peace, and he accordingly directed a cessation of hostilities on the part of the troops of Siceem, and discontinued all the proceedings which he had commenced against the Goorkha government and troops. The conduct of Captain Latter in these transactions appears to have been marked with his usual judgment, discretion and zeal.

*General Order by the Governor-General in Council.
Fort William, 20th April, 1816.*

The Military operations against the State of Nepal, having been brought to a triumphant close, the Governor-General in Council has peculiar pleasure in offering a public acknowledgment to the merits of those by whom this campaign has been so speedily and decisively terminated.

The zeal, the judgment, and the energy of Major-General Sir D. Ochterlony, have been brilliantly conspicuous in the late operations. He has afforded a fresh and most instructive lesson to the troops, that vigour united with science, regards no obstacles as embarrassing, but will with ease and security master difficulties, which to a superficial view appear insurmountable.

Brigadier Kelly, by the able and gallant manner in which he achieved the arduous task assigned to him, and Brigadier Nicoll, by the judicious and active management of his columns, have entitled themselves to a distinction beyond the praise of that Order, which they share in common with the rest of the army; and the Governor-General in Council assures them, that he duly estimates their exertions.

Lieutenant-Colonels Miller, Burnet and O'Halloran, having been specially noticed for their conduct in action, they are requested to believe that

the Governor-General in Council has observed their laudable efforts with just approbation.

To particularise others, where all have merited applause so highly, would entail the objection, that wheresoever the discrimination should stop, those not named might appear to have deserved less. The Governor-General in Council therefore entreats the Staff, the Officers, Native, as well as European, the Non-commissioned Officers, and the Soldiers of the Dinapore Division, to be persuaded that he contemplates with admiration the patience under uncommon fatigues, the cheerful endurance of unusual privations, and the animated courage manifested by all descriptions in the Division. The whole of that force may indulge the gratifying reflection of having worthily fulfilled their duty to the State; and they will necessarily retain a proud confidence in their own powers.

Any, the most limited loss of such brave men, must be regarded with sincere concern. The regret universally manifested at the fate of Lieutenant Tirrell, in which Government deeply participates, will prove to young Officers, how widely they may excite interest and estimation, while yet in a Subaltern rank, by a zeal and intrepidity similar to those which distinguished him. But the comparatively small expense of such valuable lives; with which the service has been accomplished, is matter of consolation, and is a circumstance which in the opinion of the Governor-General in Council, reflects singular credit on the conduct of the operations.

The management of the Medical Departments attending the Field Force, was truly honourable to all those concerned in their several gradations of function.

These acknowledgments ought not to be closed without an advertence to the claims of those, who, though not actually serving with the Divisions employed during the two campaigns, essentially promoted the success of the public efforts.

The admirable management of Lieutenant-Colonel Weguelin and Major Lumsdaine, in the Commissariat, has already received the due tribute of applause.

To Lieutenant-Colonel Fagan and the Officers under him, in the Adjutant-General's Department, on whom in the execution of the Commander in Chief's orders, devolved the principal labour of detail, in the preparation of the troops for the field, and in many subsequent provisions, the obligations of Government are unfeignedly felt. Though circumstances did not throw an equal share of occupation and responsibility on other Staff Departments, the respective duties of the Quarter-Master-General, and Deputy Quarter-Master-General, of the Adjutant-General and Quarter-Master-General of His Majesty's Troops, and of the Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief, were multiplied extraordinarily in a season of such active and extensive arrangement. The quality of the application exerted, which the Governor-General in Council is satisfied must be amply understood by all who have considered the equipment and combinations of the forces, during this contest, has tended materially to the advantageous result of the different enterprizes. The Governor-General in