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Legborne, April 4.

THE Kings-Fisher and the Newcastle Frigats are in this Port; they have careened, and to morrow will Sail again to Cruisc. Admiral Herbert was, about 24 days since, at Cagliari; It is said he intends again for the Coast of Barbary. The Oxford Frigate is on departure for England, with the Turkey Ships. Two days since arrived here the Swallow and Assurance Frigats from Genoua, having been Convoiy to the Herring-Ships: They will be Sailing again in few days for Messina, and the Gulph of Venice, with several rich Merchant Ships under their Convoiy.

Vienna, April 12. The Emperor is gone to pass some time at Luxemburg, but before his departure from hence, the Marquis de Seppville, the French Envoy at this Court, had an Audience of his Imperial Majesty, to whom he declared; That the King his Master having received Information that the Turks intended to invade Hungary, he had thereupon resolved to withdraw his Troops from before Luxemburg, that so he might not divert the Forces of the Empire: And did withal, offer his Imperial Majesty in the Name of the most Christian King, an assistance of 30000 Men, in case he should fall into a War with the Turks. The Emperor, besides the Troops that are now raising, has given out Commissions for the raising six Regiments more. The Duke of Lorraine mends every day, to the great joy of this Court.

Vienna, April 19. The Duke and Dutchess of Neuburg arrived at Luxemburg the 15th Instant. The Emperor has commanded all Colonels, and other Officers, to repair to their Commands in 15 days. Count Caprara has sent an Expres to give the Emperor an account of the Preparations which the Turks are making, and that according to all appearance, they are designed against Hungary.

Raisbonne, April 16. On the fifth of the last Month, as we formerly told you, Monsieur Verjus, the French Minister, presented a Memorial to the States of the Empire assembled here; the Substance of which was, That his most Christian Majesty desired nothing more than to continue in Peace and Friendship with the Empire; That in order thereunto, he commanded his Ambassadors, upon their first Arrival at Francfort, to declare, That his Majesty, upon the departure of his said Ambassadors for those Conferences, had given Orders to the Sovereign Chambers of Metz and Brisac, not to proceed any farther in the matter of the Dependencies; That his Majesty, to manifest his desire of Peace, was willing to quit all the pretensions he had, by virtue of the Treaties of Westphalia and Nimeguen, upon any Lands or places in the Empire, upon condition he might remain in the quiet Enjoyment of what he was possessed of at the departure of his said Ambassadors, the City of Strasburg being comprehended therein: and lastly, That his Majesty was willing to Demolish Friburg, and restore it to the Emperor, in case the Emperor would likewise Demolish Philipsburg, and restore it to the Bishop of Spire.

Upon this Memorial, the Electoral Colledge, after several long and serious Consultations, made the sixth Instant the following Resolution or Conclusion:

That having received certain Advice, that the Obstacles which have for some time, contrary to all expectation, retarded the Conferences at Francfort, are effectually removed, and that the Deputies of the Empire have actually begun to enter upon Business, the Electoral Colledge, after serious Deliberation, is unanimously of opinion, That in the present conjuncture and state and circumstance of Affairs, it is best and most advantageous for the Empire, that things be immediately, and without loss of time, so ordered, that the Peace with the Crown of France be preserved by all the ways and means that may be conducing thereunto, that the common Security and Tranquility of the Empire may be Established, and a good Intelligence between it and his most Christian Majesty, sealed and preserved.

This being the sense and opinion of the Electoral Colledge, that of the Princes ought in the next place to declare theirs; but the Director of their Assembly, who is at present the Deputy of Austria, has not yet brought this matter before them, wanting, as he says, Directions from the Emperor so to do: But in the mean time it is the general belief, that when it comes before them, their Resolution upon it will not be very different from that of the Electoral Colledge; Nor do the Imperial Towns appear less desirous of Peace, but they cannot cater upon this matter till it has passed the Princes.

Francfort, April 25. The 20th Instant, the Imperial Ambassadors delivered to those of France the Answer to the Proposals they made on the fifth of January; which is to this effect; That the Emperor and the Empire are very desirous of Peace, and will not be wanting to do what lyes in them to preserve it; That they beseech his most Christian Majesty, to manifest his real Inclination thereunto, will command the Chambers of Metz and Brisac not to proceed any farther in the matter of the Dependencies, and that his Majesty will restore (if not all) at least what he has possessed himself of, since his Ambassadors left Paris; That when his Majesty shall have done this, the Emperor and the Empire will be ready to Treat, in order to the yielding to his Majesty what shall appear to belong to him, pursuant to the Treaties of Westphalia and Nimeguen; as likewise concerning the Exchange of Philipsburg and Friburg. This Answer does not at all please the French Ambassadors, whose Reply we are expecting.

Cologne, April 21. On Saturday last, the Prince of Parma arrived here from Brussels; and the next day he dispatched away an Expres with Letters to his Brother the Duke of Parma, whose return it's said he will expect here. The Assembly of the States of Westphalia, that was held at Duisberg, is ended, and they have resolved to assist this City with 3000 Men, who it's said will be here this Week, or the following.

Hamburg, April 28. The King of Denmark having a Pretension upon the City of Lubeck, for Quarters that were assigned his Troops upon that City, by the Emperor, during the last War; he has, by way of satisfaction, now lately seized two Ships belonging

belonging to that City, in their Passage through the Sound, being bound home from Portugal and France; at which, the Dukes of Lunenburg are much concerned, having promised to protect the City of Lubeck against the said Pretensions. The King of Denmark is fitting out a Squadron of Men of War with great Diligence, which gives some Jealousie to his Neighbours, and the rather, because of the Alliance which is said to have been lately concluded between him and France.

Brussels, April 28. The Count de Noyell is come from the Prince of Orange, to Complement the Marquis de Grana; and Monsieur Dyckvelt will in few days be here on the same Errand from the States. His Excellency has appointed Commissioners for the Trial of the Sieur Prado, who meet every day to receive Complaints against him, some of which are of a high nature; to wit, For procuring Orders from the Prince of Parma, to obstruct Justice; the like is objected against his Nephew the Sieur Aesferden. His Excellency has received Letters by an Express from Monsieur Delval at Paris, giving an account, that the French King upon his Excellencies Letter, has given orders for the Releasing the Prisoners taken by the French, when they last fell into Flanders; of which his Excellency has given notice to the States of Flanders, that Monies may be sent to Cambray, to discharge their Expences. Monsieur Delval gives likewise hopes that the Confiscations in the new Conquests, will be taken off, which will be very welcome to the Nobility and Gentry, who now suffer very much thereby.

Hague, May 1. This Morning the Burghers, according to custom, set up several May-poles before the Apartments of the States-General, the Prince and Princess of Orange, &c. Prince Louis of Brandenburg is come hither again, and will stay here during the Fair. The King of Denmark has seized several Ships belonging to Lubeck, which we are here somewhat concerned at.

Paris, May 2. In our last we told you, that the Kings Edict upon the late Declaration of the Clergy, had been received and Registered by the University: This day the first President, and the Attorney General, were at the Sarbonne, to cause the like to be done there. From Francfort we have an account, that the French Ambassadors had received an Answer to their Proposals, but that they were not at all satisfied with it.

Windsor, April 23. This day the Mayor, Aldermen, Stewards, Bailiffs, &c. of this place, attended His Majesty, and (in a Speech made by the Steward) expressed the great Joy His Majesties Royal Presence gave them, and returned His Majesty their most humble Thanks for the Benefit and Advantages they receive thereby; after which, the Mayor presented the following Address to His Majesty, which His Majesty was pleased very graciously to accept of, and to return them his Thanks. The same day the Mayor, Aldermen, and the rest, waited upon his Royal Highness; and the Steward, in the Name of this Burrough, Congratulated His Royal Highness safe and happy Return into this Kingdom. His Royal Highness was pleased to receive them very favourably, and to assure them of his readiness to do this Burrough all the kindness that lay in him to do.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Steward,

Bailiffs, Duffesses, and others the Inhabitants of the Burrough of New-Windsor, seriously Reflecting upon the sad and dismal Calamities that beset the People of this Realm, by the Alteration and Change of the ancient and well Established Government of this Kingdom, in the time of the late Rebellion; and considering that there have been, of late, Attempts made, by evil-meaning People, and disaffected to the present Government, to effect and accomplish the like; and we being fully convinced, That what shall be Done, Contrived, or Intended by any Person or Persons whatsoever, to the Prejudice, Subversion, or Destruction of Your Majesties Sacred Person or Government now Established by Law, ought to be Rejected and Prevented by all Good People; Do therefore, in Testimony of our Loyalty unto Your Majesty, hereby declare our utter Dislike, Detestation, and Abhorrence of the late designed Diabolical and Treasonable Association, beginning under a specious pretence of the Preservation of Religion, and ending, most impiously and wickedly, with the total Extermination of King and Government, and tending not only to the Destruction of the undoubted Right of your Majesties lawful Successors, but of the ancient Monarchical Government of this Nation; In Defence whereof, and of your Majesties Sacred and Royal Person, and the Protestant Religion as it is now Established, we all resolve to hazard our Lives and Fortunes, and all that is near and dear unto us. And shall likewise continue our Prayers, to Almighty God for the Preservation of your Majesties Sacred Person, and long and prosperous Reign; That all the Machinations and Devices of Wicked and Impious Men, against your Majesty, and your Government, may be Confounded and Annihilated; That your Majesties Crown may Flourish, and that we may Peaceably acquiesce in all the Acts of your Majesties Royal Government; and (as in Duty bound) ever continue to be

Your Majesties most Dutiful
and Loyal Subjects.

Falmouth, April 20. His Majesties Ship the *Constant Warwick*, Captain Wood Commander, is come in here from Cruising.

Plimouth, April 21. His Majesties Ships the *Phoenix*, the *Anihelope*, and the *Pearle*, are still in this Port, waiting an opportunity to Sail.

Portsmouth, April 23. Yesterday in the Afternoon Sailed out of this Harbour His Majesties Ship the *Dragon*, Captain *Hamilton* Commander. The *Happy Return* continues at *Spithead*.

Deal, April 23. This Morning the Ships in the Downs, outward bound, Sailed; among them were five bound for the *East-Indies*, and one for *Pensylvania*.

Whitehal, April 16. His Majesty, upon the Death of *Nicholas Johnson Esq;* has been pleased to confer the Office of Paymaster of his Forces upon *Charles Fox Esq;*

THe Forty Pound Plate is to be run for, on Cirencester-Downs, the 24th of May, being Holy-Thurseday-Eve; the Riders to be Gentlemen, weighing 14 Stone.

Advertisement.

Lost the 21 Instant, out of the Grounds of *Thomas Wright*, at the *White-Horse*, at *Mib-end*, near *Lndon*, a brown bay Gelding, about 15 or 16 hands high, with a white blaze down his face, a bob Tail, a narrow Rump, carries his Head very forward, and has all his Paces. Whoever gives Notice of him to the said *Thomas Wright*, or to *Josua Gudgeon* at the *Four Smas* in *Bish-pgate-street*, shall have forty Shillings Reward.