

may be lawful for the Lords and others of His Majesty's Privy Council, or any three or more of them, to make such Order as they shall see necessary and expedient upon any unforeseen emergency, or in any particular case or cases with respect to any ship or ships, vessel or vessels arriving and having any infectious disease or distemper on board, or on board of which any infectious disease or distemper may have appeared in the course of the voyage, or arriving under any other alarming or suspicious circumstances as to infection, although such ship or ships, vessel or vessels, shall not have come from any place or places from which His Majesty, His heirs or successors, by and with the advice of His or Their Privy Council, may have adjudged and declared it probable that the plague or any such infectious disease or distemper may be brought, and also with respect to the persons, goods, wares, and merchandise on board the same, and all such Orders so made by the Lords and others of the Privy Council, or any three or more of them as aforesaid, shall be as good, valid, and effectual to all intents and purposes (as well with respect to the Commander, Master, or other person having the charge of any such ship or vessel, and all other persons on board the same, as with respect to any other persons having any intercourse or communication with them, and to the penalties, forfeitures, and punishments to which they may respectively become liable) as any Order or Orders made by His Majesty, His heirs or successors, by and with the advice of His or Their Privy Council concerning quarantine, and the prevention of infection as aforesaid, and notified by Proclamation, or published in the London Gazette:

And whereas advices have been received that the plague has made its appearance at Noya and along the Coast of the Adriatic, and at Corfu and the territories contiguous to Fiume, and in the Peninsula of Istria, and it appearing by such advices, that all vessels from suspected places have been forced to quit the Neapolitan harbours, and will in all probability take shelter in French or Spanish ports where they will evade the quarantine laws; it is thereupon ordered in Council, that all ships or vessels coming from and through the Mediterranean, within the Straights of Gibraltar (although furnished with clean bills of health), shall, on arrival at any of the ports of the United Kingdom, be treated as vessels arriving with suspected bills; and shall be subject to all the rules, regulations, and restrictions, pains, penalties, forfeitures, and punishments contained in His Majesty's Order in Council, bearing date the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and five, with respect to vessels arriving with suspected bills of health: And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master-General and the rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, His Majesty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief for the time being of the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

Westminster, March 4, 1816.

THIS day being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Deputy Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that the Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, for declaring His Majesty's Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain duties on malt, sugar, tobacco, and snuff, in Great Britain, and on pensions, offices, and personal estates in England, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

An Act for raising the sum of eleven millions by Exchequer Bills, for the service of Great Britain for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

An Act to extend the powers of an Act, of the thirty-seventh year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty more effectually to grant conditional pardons to persons under sentence of Naval Courts-Martial; and to regulate imprisonment under such sentences.

And one private Act.

Crown-Office, March 5, 1816.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Stafford.

The Right Honourable George Granville Leveson Gower, commonly called Earl Gower.

Commission in the Fife-shire Militia, signed by the Lord Lieutenant of Fife-shire.

Isaac Leary, Esq. late Captain in the 40th Regiment of Foot, to be Captain, vice Wilkie, resigned. Dated February 3, 1816.

St. James's, March 5, 1816.

The Lord Chamberlain has appointed James Selway, Esq. of Upper Mary-le-bone-Street, Portland-Place, to be Chemist Extraordinary to His Royal Highness the Prince Regent.

Whitehall, March 1, 1816.

WHereas it has been humbly represented unto His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, that on the night of Friday the 9th. on