which shall be apportioned in the following man-

ARTICLE IV.

Although all the Allied States have afforded proofs of the same zeal and devotion for the common cause, there are some, notwithstanding, like Sweden (which from the very commencement, was released from all active co-operation, in consequence of the difficulty of conveying her troops across the Baltic) who have made no efforts whatever: others, like Spain, Portugal, and Denmark, although they have armed to assist in the struggle, have been prevented by the rapidity of events from effectually contributing to its success. Switzerland, which has rendered most essential services to the common cause, did not accede to the Treaty of the 25th of March on the same conditions as the other Allies. These States are thereby placed in a different situation, which does not allow of their being classed with the other Allied States, according to the number of their troops: It is therefore agreed, in order to obtain for them a just indemnity, as far as circumstances will permit, to apportion twelve and a half millions in the following manner :-

- 5 Millions To Spain - 2 ditto To Portugal $2\frac{1}{2}$ ditto To Denmark ditto 3 To Switzerland

ARTICLE V.

The burthen of the war having been borne in the first instance by the armies under the respective commands of Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington and Field Marshal Prince Blucher; and these armies having moreover taken the city of Paris, it is agreed that there shall be retained out of the contributions paid by France, the sum of twentyfive millions for the service of Great Britain, and twenty-five millions for that of Prussia. Subject to the arrangements which Great Britain is to make with the Powers, whose forces constituted the army of Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, as to the sum which is to fall to their share under this head. ARTICLE VI.

The five hundred millions which remain after the deduction of the sums stipulated in the preceding Articles shall be apportioned in such manner as that Prussia, Austria, Russia, and England shall each have a fifth part.

ARTICLE VII.

'Notwithstanding the States which have acceded to the Treaty of the 25th of March of this year, have furnished collectively less than one fourth of the number of troops furnished by the four principal Powers conjointly; it has been resolved not to take notice of this inequality; they will there-fore, taken collectively, enjoy the fifth part which, in pursuance of the disposition contained in the preceding Article, remains of the five hundred millions.

ARTICLE VIII.

The allotment of this fifth amongst the several acceding States shall be in proportion to the number of troops furnished by them, and in the same manner as they have participated in the sum of ten millions, allowed by the French Government for the pay-of the troops; the table of this allotment is annexed to the present Protocol.

ARTICLE IX.

Low Countries receives in addition to the places of Marienbourg and Philipeville, and some other districts, that part of Belgium which the Treaty of Paris, of the 30th May 1814, left to France; and it being understood that these two Sovereigns finding, in those accessions of territory, a fair compensation for their efforts, are not to participate in the pecuniary indemnity, their proportion, such as it is fixed in the table annexed to the preceding Article, shall be divided between Prussia and Austria,

ARTICLE X.

As the payments of the French Government are to be made at the periods fixed by the Treaty, and of the Convention annexed thereto, it is resolved that each State who participates in these payments, in consequence of the present Protocol, shall receive at each of these periods the pro-rata of his share, and the same rule shall be followed where a State participates under various heads at once. Austria, for instance, in right of its fifth and in right of the part which she is to receive of the proportion of Belgium and Sardinia.

This principle shall likewise be adopted, if, in case of the non-payment of the French Government, it should be necessary to proceed to the sale of a portion of the inscriptions which shall be de-

posited by way of pledge.

ARTICLE XI.

Prussia and Austria having declared the pressing necessity of their obtaining, in the course of the six first months, a larger sum than by an equal distribution would fall to their share; Russia and England consent, in order to facilitate the general arrangement, that each of those two Powers should anticipate ten millions of francs of their proportion, to take date from the first payment, on condition of their holding themselves accountable for that sum in the subsequent years.

ARTICLE XII.

This deduction shall be made by one fifth every year, so that Austria and Prussia will each relinquish to Russia and England two, millions five hundred thousand francs of their respective shares, in each of the four subsequent years.

ARTICLE XIII.

In order to avoid the numberless inconveniencies which must result from a want of unity in recovering the sums to be paid by France, it has been settled, that a Commission, residing at Paris, shall have the sole management of recovering the same; that none of the States participating in these payments shall treat separately with the French Government for this object; that they shall neither ask or receive directly from the said Government, and without the intervention of the said Commission, the documents by which the said payments may be obtained.

This Commission shall be composed of Commis-

sioners from Austria, Russia, Great Britain, and Prussia, who shall treat with the French Government: it shall be at the option of the other allied States, in like manner to delegate Commissioners expressly to superintend their interests at the said Commission, which Commission shall be charged to deliver to them the effects or the specie which shall be recovered for their States. A regulation shall be forthwith drawn up respecting the exercise of the functions of the said Commission; to which As His Majesty the King of Sardinia recovers shall be annexed the table of the proportion which part of Savoy, and His Majesty the King of the each State is to receive, of the period of payment,