The London Gazette.

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From Chursday February 23. to Monday February 27. 1681.

Argiers, Decemb. to.

He Naval Force of this Government, through the great Losses it has sustained in the present War with the English, is reduced to fixteen Ships, two Galleys, fix Sateas, and four Brigantines; whereof nine Ships and a Satea are now at Sea: they have all Orders to be in again before the end of February; First, because they have here some apprehensions that the French will attack this place with their Galleys; and next, for that the present Dev goes out with a confiderable Army, as is preten ed against the King of Fez, whose Forces have mad several Depredations upon the Subjects of this Government. The 23 past was brought in here the Lamb of Plymouth, Paschua Moreshead Master, with five Men, laden with Salmon, Butter and Herrings from Ireland; being the only English Ship these Corsairs have taken these four Months. Since the late breach with France they have brought in here twenty five French Vessels, and in them 480 Men and Women.

. Genoua, Feb., 18. We are expecting Sir Robert Robinson from Leghorne, to Convoy home the Ships now in this Port.

Wienna, Feb. 19. This Place is full of Officers, who are to be employed in the new Leavies, which are now immediately to be taken in hand, and are to be compleated in three Months; and the Bishop of Bamberg and Wirtzburg has by his Minister here, offered to raise 6000 Men for the Emperors Service. The Danish Envoye has had several Conferences with the Commissioners appointed by the Emperor, and it's not doubted but he will succeed in his Negotiation. Count Teckeley has demanded the Emperor's leave, as king of Hungary, to Marry with the Princels Ragozzy, which will be deferred fill he has made his Accommodation.

Bruffels, March 3. Yestgrday in the Afternoon arrived here the Sieur de la Tollade, Ayde de Camp to the Mareichal d' Humieres from Lille, and in the Evening had an Audience of the Prince of Parma, to whom he Declared, That his most Christian Majesty being informed of his Highnesses intention to fuccor Luxemburg, which he could not do without passing through His Majesties Territories; he had sent Orders to the Mareschal d' Humieres, to enter with His Majesties Troops into Flanders at the same time that the Spanish Forces enter upon His Majoflies Dominions: and at the same time we underfland from Lille, that the Marescal d' Humieres has issued out the necessary Orders for the drawing together a Body of 6000 Horse. Whereupon, a great Council was held this Morning, at which all the Ministers and General Officers were present, and this Evening his Highness will give his Answer to the Sicur de la Tollade, In the mean time we have Advice from Luxemburg, that the Count Valfasine, with the Officers that went with him, are

got safely into the Place. They write from Liege, that the Officers of the Chamber of Meiz have again summoned the Inhabitants of the Countrey of Condross to do Homage to the French King.

Hague, March 3. The Spanish Envoye, and Monfigur d' Agurto, who arrived some days since from Flanders, do very much press the States to assist the Prince of Parma with 8000 Men for the relif of Luxemburg, but hitherto nothing is done therein. In the mean time we understand, that the French are drawing their Forces together to oppose the Spaniards, if they do attempt the relief of the faids Place. The Moscovite Ambassador that was in England, is arrived here.

Whitehal, Feb. 24. The City of Gloucester having appointed Mr. Wagstaffe and Mr. Githens, two of their Aldermen, and Mr. Hyer, a Momber of their Common-Council, to attend His Majelly with an Humble Declaration of their abhorrence of that Traiterous Affociation lately published; They accordingly this day presented the same to His Mapjesty (being Introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Marquiss of Warcester, Lord-Lieutenantof that County) and were very Graciously received by His Majelty.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

May it please Your Majesty,

TE the Mayor, Aldermen, Sheriffs, and Common-Council of Your Majefties Antient, and now Loyal City of Gloucester, being deeply sensible of the many Benefits, and greate Advantages the whole Kingdom bave reaped under Your Majesties most Gracious Reign and August Government, do hold our Serves obliged both in Conscience and Allegiance, to Declares and we do bereby Declare before God, and the whole World, That we'do Abominate, Detelt, and from our Hearts Abborr that most Impious, Diveliff, and Traiterous Allociation Hatched in Hell, and Lodged in the bands of Known, and most Eminent Diffurba ers of the Peace of this Kingdom. An Association not to be mentioned amongst Christians without Amages ment. That threatened Ruine both to Church and State, and had again involved us in Blood, had not God of his great Mercy desested it 2. And all this under the specious pretence of Defending Your Royal Person; when nothing was more surely intended them the Destruction of Your Maj-sty and Monarchy itself. But as God hath brought this Black Contrivance to Light He will also in due time (We hope) bring the Contrivers and Abettors

to Condigne and Exemplary Fustice.

As we do therefore hereby manifest our utmost determinion and Abborrencie of this Hellish Conference at gainst Tour Majesties Person and Prerogative; 50 we do likewise Solemnly before God and the World, Declare, our utmest Assistance and Complyance to whatever Me thods Your Majesties Princely Wildom Shall Propose and Command us, for the preservation of Tour Sacred Person, .
the most bappy 'established Government in Church and