

led to their discharges from and immediately after this Our Proclamation, notwithstanding the provisions of His Majesty's Proclamation of the fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Given at the Court at Carlton-House, this seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in the fifty-fifth year of His Majesty's reign.

GOD save the KING.

By His Royal Highness the PRINCE of WALES, REGENT of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty,

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, P. R.

WHEREAS divers soldiers, now serving in His Majesty's army, under the provisions of the Mutiny Act, passed in the forty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, cap. 66, schedule A. did, at the time of their respective enlistments, engage to serve His Majesty for the limited periods therein respectively expressed, provided His Majesty should so long require the same, and for such farther term, not exceeding three years, as should be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty, provided always that in case of such direction, the said additional period should determine whenever six months of continued peace, to be reckoned from the ratification of any Definitive Treaty, should have elapsed subsequent to the expiration of such limited periods as aforesaid; and whereas His Majesty was pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing date the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to direct that all soldiers then serving in His Majesty's army (the Veteran Battalions excepted), who had been enlisted for such limited periods as aforesaid, should continue to serve therein, for the space of three years after the expiration of such limited periods respectively, provided always that the said additional period should determine whenever six months of continued peace, to be reckoned from the ratification of any Definitive Treaty, should have elapsed subsequent to the expiration of such limited periods respectively; and whereas the war between His Majesty and the United States of America, unhappily continues to exist, soldiers enlisting as aforesaid, cannot claim the benefit of this provision, notwithstanding a Definitive Treaty of Peace, between His Majesty and His Most Christian Majesty was signed at Paris on the thirtieth of May last, and the ratifications thereof duly exchanged on the seventeenth of June following; We, taking the same into Our most gracious consideration, have therefore thought fit, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, and by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, to publish this Proclamation; and We do hereby

direct, that all soldiers now serving in His Majesty's army (the Veteran Battalions excepted), who have been enlisted for such limited periods as aforesaid, and whose services were extended by His Majesty's said Proclamation of the thirty-first of July one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for the further term of three years, after the expiration of such limited periods respectively, the original period of whose services is not yet expired, shall be entitled to their respective discharges from the expiration of the several periods for which they were originally enlisted; and that all soldiers now serving in His Majesty's army (the Veteran Battalions excepted), who have been enlisted for such limited periods as aforesaid, and the periods of whose services were extended by His Majesty's said Proclamation of thirty-first July one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for the further term of three years after the expiration of such limited periods respectively, and whose original periods of service for which they were enlisted are expired, shall be forthwith entitled to their respective discharges from and immediately after this Our Proclamation, notwithstanding the provisions of His Majesty's Proclamation of thirty-first July one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Given at the Court at Carlton-House, this twenty-fourth day of September one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in the fifty-fourth year of His Majesty's reign.

GOD save the KING.

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 24th of *September 1814*,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in Council.

WHEREAS the Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council, dated the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and eleven, for regulating the trade to and from the Cape of Good Hope, has ceased and determined, the Act under the authority of which the said Order was issued having expired: And whereas by an Act passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to continue, until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act for regulating the trade to the Isle of Malta; and to revive and continue, for the same period, several Acts relating to the trade to the Cape of Good Hope; and to the bringing and landing certain prize goods in Great Britain," His Majesty is authorised, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, by any Order or Orders to be issued from time to time, to give such directions, and make such regulations, touching the trade and commerce to and from the said settlement, and the territories and dependencies thereof, as to His Majesty in Council shall appear most expedient and salutary, any thing contained in an Act, passed in the twelfth year of the reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second,