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SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1814.

Foreign-Office, April 29, 1814.

EARL Bathurst, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has this day notified, by command of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, to the Ministers of Friendly Powers resident at this Court, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, that the necessary measures have been taken, by the command of His Royal Highness, for the blockade of the ports of Norway, and that from this time all the measures authorised by the Law of Nations will be adopted and executed with respect to all vessels which may attempt to violate the said blockade.

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 21st of April 1814,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in Council.

HIS Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, and by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the restrictions heretofore imposed on the ports of Italy shall immediately cease, and be suspended, and that it shall be lawful for His Majesty's subjects to trade in the same manner as they had before traded in times of peace, between His Majesty's dominions, and the ports of Italy from which the British flag is not excluded:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Judges of the Courts of Vice Admiralty, are to take the necessary measures herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

Chetwynd.

Whitehall, April 27, 1814.

HIS Majesty the King of France being about to return to his kingdom (after a residence in England of many years, during which time His Majesty's gracious condescension had endeared him to all those who had the happiness to approach his person), the Prince Regent was desirous of marking, in the most distinguished manner, the respect and regard which His Royal Highness bore towards His Most Christian Majesty, and the sincere joy which, in common with all classes of people in this country, His Royal Highness felt on this happy and auspicious occasion.

On Wednesday the 20th of April, being the day on which the King was to arrive in London, every preparation was made to receive His Majesty with all possible distinction and respect.

All the troops in the metropolis and its neighbourhood, and several corps of volunteer cavalry, occupied the roads and streets from Stanmore to Albemarle-Street, where His Majesty's apartments had been prepared. The standards of the cavalry, and colours of the infantry, were ornamented with white ribbons, and all the officers and men wore white cockades.

About half past two o'clock in the afternoon His Royal Highness the Prince Regent (who, as a distinguished mark of his respect, had determined to meet the King of France at a distance from town, and conduct His Most Christian Majesty to the capital) arrived at the village of Stanmore in His Royal Highness's travelling carriage, attended by His Grace the Duke of Montrose, K. G. Master of the Horse; General the Earl of Harrington, Gold Stick; and the Viscount Melbourne, Lord of the Bedchamber in Waiting. About three o'clock the King of France arrived at Stanmore, accompanied by Her Royal Highness the Duchesse d'Angoulême, and their Serene Highnesses the Prince de Condé and the Duc de Bourbon, Princes of the Blood, and attended by the Ducs d'Havré and de Grammont, and other Noblemen and Gentlemen of the French Court.

His Majesty's carriage was drawn by the populace, and preceded and escorted by an immense concourse of English Gentlemen on horse-back all