General Wittgenstein arrived on the heights on which he was directed, about twelve o'clock; the contest he had to maintain for the possession of them was most severe.

Prince Schwartzenberg, in many instances, himself directed the attacks of the Russian troops; in one of them, I am sorry to inform you he was wounded, I hope slightly; but in any case the glory of the day has remained with him.

The French troops have been driven with considerable loss from all their positions on this side of the Anbe. Count Pahlen succeeded in doing them most material injury while passing at the bridge of Doulancour!

General Wrede has established his advanced guard at Spoy, upon the old road to Vandoeuvre.

The enemy appear to have had Marshal Victor's, Marshal Oadinot's, and part of Marshal Macdonald's corps, engaged in the action of this day; their loss has been from two to three thousand men, Their discomfiture, after the victories of which of late they have boasted, has been most complete.

The enemy will be pushed to-morrow in the direction of Vandoeuvre

The Prince Royal of Wurtemberg and General Giulay have arrived them.

attack that place to morrow.

I have the honour to be, &c.

BURGHERSH.

The Right Hon. Lord Viscount Castlereagh, &c.

Extract of a Dispatch from Lard Burghersh, to Viscount Castlereagh, dated Colombé, March 1,

AFTER the capture of Bar on the 27th, and of the whole position of the enemy on this side the Aube, Prince Schwartzenberg yesterday pursued the French across that river, and established his advanced posts of cavalry near Magny on the left, and Val Suzenay on the right.

On the evening of the 27th, a report was received from the Prince Royal of Wirtemberg, that the corps of Marshal Macdonald, was in position at Chirvaux and La Ferté sur Aube.

Prince Schwartzenberg directed the Prince Royal notwithstanding, to continue the movement which had already been prescribed to him upon Bar-sur-Seine, and to attack the enemy either at La Ferté, or in any other situation in which he should find

Fill the success of this operation was known, Prince Schwartzenberg determined not to risk the infantry of the corps, which had fought in the battle of 27th, across the Aube.

This obstacle has however now been removed. The Prince Royal succeeded yesterday in driving the French from their positions.

The corps of General Giulay, which was placed under his orders, attacked and carried the Town of The Prince Royal took possession of La Ferté. Clairvaux.

These successes having been obtained, the two corps advanced upon Pontette and St. Usage, where the enemy occupied a position of considerable strength, but which he abandoned on the appearance of the Allies.

The head-quarters of the Prince Royal were yesterday at Champignole; he has advanced this day towards Bar-sur-Seine. The result of his operations upon that place is not as yet received.

In a letter from General Tettenborn, dated the 27th, from Vertus, it appears that officer was attacked on that day by four thousand of Buonaparte's guards at Fere Champenoise: he had retired from that place to Vertus. Bonaparte himself was at Arcis, and a considerable corps of his army was marching upon Sezanne.

Upon the receipt of this intelligence, Prince Schwarzenberg determined to push the corps of Generals Wittgenstein and Wrede upon Vandocuvre. They will arrive at that place to-morrow, and will afterwards advance upon Troyes.

If the corps of the Prince Royal of Wirtemberg and General Giulay liave succeeded in establishing themselves this day at Bar-sur-Seine, they will be directed, by the left of the Seine, to act also upon Troyes.

I forgot to report to your Lordship, in my last dispatch, that the fort of Salines had surrendered to the Allies.

The corps of General St. Priest is arrived at Vitry-sur-Marne. General Jago was at Joinville, with orders to join General St. Priest.

A report has just arrived from General Frimont, detailing the success of an attack he this day made with the cavalry under his orders, upon the rear-guard of the enemy near Vandocuvres. General Frimont pushed the enemy beyond that town, and afterwards established his head-quarters there.

Admiralty-Office, March 8, 1814.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Lloyd, of His Majesty's Ship Plantagenet, addressed to Admiral Sir John Warren, and transmitted by the latter to John Wilson Croker, Esq.

His Majesty's Ship Plantagenet, off Bermuda, December 29, 1813.

BEG leave to enclose you a list of vessels taken and destroyed by His Majesty's ship under my command, between the 8th day of September last and the 17th instant.

A List of American Vessels captured and destroyed by His Majesty's Ship Plantagenet, Robert Lloyd, Esq. Captain, between the 8th September and 17th December 1813.

Sloop Jolly Robin, of 4 men and 50 tons, from Boston, bound to Charleston, captured September 8, 1813.

Schooner Torpedo, of 40 tons, from New Work, bound to New Orleans, captured September 11,

Sloop Olive Branch, of 50 tons, captured same date.

Schooner Delight, of 50 tons, captured September

Schooner, name unknown, of 50 tons, captured same date.

Schooner Jack's Delight, of 1 gun, from New Orleans, bound to New York, captured October 12, 1813.