

49th Regiment—4 privates killed; 3 privates wounded; 2 privates missing.

Militia—1 lieutenant-colonel wounded:

Total—13 privates killed; 1 inspecting field-officer, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 captain, 1 ensign, 1 serjeant, 1 corporal, 19 privates wounded; 6 privates missing.

Names of Officers wounded.

Staff—Lieutenant-Colonel Bisshopp, Inspecting Field-Officer, severely (not dangerously).

2d Lincoln Militia—Lieutenant-Colonel Clark, slightly.

41st Regiment—Captain Saunders, severely, and prisoner; Ensign Mompesson, slightly.

(Signed) J. HARVEY, Lieut. Col.
D. A. Gen.

(True copy,)

(Signed) EDW. BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Return of Ordnance destroyed and captured from the Enemy at Black Rock, July 12, 1813.

Taken from the Enemy.

1 iron twelve-pounder, with garrison carriage.

1 iron six-pounder, with garrison carriage.

1 brass six-pounder, with travelling carriage.

1 brass six-pounder, without travelling carriage.

Total—4.

177 English and French muskets, 1 three-pounder travelling carriage, 6 ammunition kegs, a small quantity of round and case shot (quantity not yet known).

Taken and destroyed.

2 iron twelve-pounders, 2 iron nine-pounders.

(Signed) R. S. ARMSTRONG,
Lieutenant-Colonel Royal Artillery.

(True copy,)

NOAH FREER, Mil. Sec.

Lieutenant-Colonel Clark, &c. &c. &c.

Return of Stores, &c. &c. captured at and brought from Black Rock, on the 11th July 1813.

123 barrels of salt, 46 barrels of whiskey, 11 barrels of flour, 1 barrel of molasses, 1 barrel of tar, 2 large bales of blankets (about 200), 70 large blankets loose, 5 large casks of clothing, 3 cases containing 396 soldiers caps, 16 bars of iron, 1 bar of steel, 1 side of sole leather, 7 sides of upper leather (some of them marked Serjeant Fitzgerald, 41st regiment, and taken from Fort Erie, to be returned to the 41st regiment), 7 large batteaux, 1 large scow.

(Signed) THOS. CLARK, Lieut. Col.
2d Lincoln Militia.

(A true copy,)

NOAH FREER, Mil. Sec.

ADDITIONAL GENERAL ORDERS.

Head-Quarters, Kingston, Adjutant-General's Office, July 15, 1813.

His Excellency the Commander of the Forces, has received from Major-General De Rottenburg,

the official report of Lieutenant-Colonel Clark, of the 2d Lincoln Militia, of the successful attack made on the enemy's post at Black Rock, on the morning of the 11th instant, Lieutenant-Colonel Bisshopp being unable to write in consequence of the severe wounds he received. Lieutenant-Colonel Clark reports, that the objects of the enterprise were achieved with the utmost gallantry, and that by the judicious arrangements of Lieutenant-Colonel Bisshopp, the enemy's block-houses, stores, barracks, and dock-yard, together with a large vessel, were burnt, and all the ordnance and stores that could not be removed, were destroyed, and the detachment was on the point of reembarking without having lost a single man, when it was warmly attacked by a strong reinforcement of the enemy, aided by a numerous body of Indians, who had been enabled to approach under cover of the surrounding woods, and kept up a galling fire upon the boats. The detachment had thirteen rank and file killed; Lieutenant-Colonel Bisshopp and Captain Saunders, 41st regiment, severely wounded; Lieutenant-Colonel Clark, 2d Lincoln regiment; and Lieutenant Mompesson, 41st regiment, slightly wounded, and twenty rank and file wounded. The ordnance captured and destroyed, consist of three twelve-pounders, one nine-pounder, three six-pounders, and about two hundred stand of arms: eight large boats and scows were brought away loaded with stores.

His Excellency laments, that the severe wounds of Lieutenant-Colonel Bisshopp will deprive this army for a time of his gallant and able services; and is happy to learn, that the wounds of Lieutenant-Colonel Clark is not likely long to restrain the zeal and energy with which that officer has so eminently distinguished himself.

By His Excellency's command,
(Signed) EDW. BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Extract of a Dispatch from Lieutenant-General Sir George Prevost, dated Head-Quarters, Kingston, Upper Canada, August 1, 1813.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship, that the enemy continue to occupy the position of Fort George and its immediate vicinity, within which they are still more closely circumscribed than when I had the honour of addressing you on the 18th ultimo; the head-quarters of Major-General De Rottenburg having since been removed to St. Davids, about seven miles distant from that fort, and our advance posts being within four miles of it. The enemy's fleet, consisting of two ships, one brig, and eleven schooners, in all fourteen, sailed from Sackett Harbour on the 23d ultimo, and were seen off Niagara on the 27th, and off York on the 28th; and yesterday our squadron, powerfully armed, well equipped, completely manned, and ably commanded, left Kingston Harbour in search of it.

I have thought it expedient, to endeavour to call off the enemy's attention from this province, to the defence of their own settlements on Lake Champlain, by employing Captain Everard, and the officers and seamen of His Majesty's sloop of war