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From Tuesday, August 24, to Saturday, August 28, 1813.

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 14th of August 1813,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the **PRINCE REGENT** in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the thirty-fifth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for allowing, for a limited time, the importation of goods from India and China, and other parts within the limits of the exclusive trade of the East India Company, in ships not of British-built, nor registered as such; and for the exportation of goods from Great Britain by the same ships, under certain restrictions," it was enacted, that if, during the continuance of the then present war, and for eighteen months after the conclusion thereof, any ship freighted by the said United Company, with the approbation of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, with home investment of goods from India or China, or other ports within the limits of the said Company's trade, should arrive in the ports of Great Britain, it should and might be lawful, upon representation made by or on behalf of the said Company to His Majesty in Council, for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to authorise the importation and entry of such goods, subject to the like duties, and no other, as if they were imported in British-built ships, though such goods should be brought in ships which might not be British-built, nor have been registered as British-built ships, nor navigated as required by the laws then in force; provided the said ships should have been built within the territories belonging to the said United Company, or in the ports under the immediate protection of the British flag in the East Indies; and also to permit such ships to export from Great Britain, to the British settlements in the East Indies, or to any of the places within the limits before mentioned, with the licence and consent of the said Company, any goods, wares or merchandize whatsoever, ordnance and military stores excepted; and it was thereby further enacted, that such ships should

not be liable to forfeiture, nor should any persons whatever be liable to any penalty or forfeiture on account of any importation of goods, wares, or merchandize, in pursuance of the said Act, or of any Order or Orders of His Majesty in Council, which might be issued in virtue thereof; and whereas by an Act passed in the forty-second year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for making perpetual so much of an Act made in the nineteenth year of the reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the allowing a drawback of the duties on rum shipped as stores, to be consumed on board merchant ships on their voyages; and to continue several laws relating to the permitting the exportation of tobacco pipe-clay, from Great Britain to the British sugar colonies, in the West Indies, until the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eight; to the giving further encouragement to the importation of naval stores from the British colonies in America, until the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand eight hundred and twelve; to the regulating the payment of the duties on cinnamon, cloves, nutmegs, and mace; to the allowing the importation of certain fish from Newfoundland, and the coast of Labrador, until the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eight; and to the allowing the importation and exportation of goods from and to India and China, in ships not of British-built, during the continuance of the exclusive trade to and from the East Indies, granted to the East India Company, by an Act of the thirty-third year of His present Majesty's reign," the said Act of the thirty-fifth year of His Majesty's reign was further continued, during the term granted to the said United Company, by the said Act of Parliament of Great Britain, of the thirty-third year of His Majesty's reign; and whereas by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for continuing in the East India Company for a further term, the possession of the British territories in India, together with certain exclusive privileges; for establishing further regulations for the government of the said territories, and