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WAR DEPARTMENT.

Downing-Street, August 16, 1813.

HIS Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Orange, has arrived at this office with dispatches addressed to Earl Bathurst, by Field-Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, of which the following are copies.

MY LORD, *San Estevan, August 1, 1813.*

TWO practicable breaches having been effected at San Sebastian on the 24th of July, orders were given that they should be attacked on the morning of the 25th. I am concerned to have to report, that this attempt to obtain possession of the place failed, and that our loss was very considerable.

Marshal Soult had been appointed *Lieutenant de l'Empereur* and Commander in Chief of the French Armies in Spain and the Southern Provinces of France, by a *Decret Imperial* on the 1st of July, and he joined and took the command of the army on the 13th of July, which having been joined nearly about the same time by the corps which had been in Spain under the command of General Clauzel, and by other reinforcements, was called the Army of Spain, and re-formed into nine divisions of infantry, forming the right, centre, and left, under the command of General Reille, Comte d'Erlon, and General Clauzel, as Lieutenant-Generals, and a reserve under General Villatte; and two divisions of dragoons and one of light cavalry, the two former under the command of Generals Treillard and Tilly, and the latter under the command of General Pierre Soult. There was besides allotted to the army a large proportion of artillery, and a considerable number of guns had already joined.

The allied army was posted, as I have already informed your Lordship, in the passes of the

mountains. Major-General Byng's brigade of British infantry, and General Morillo's division of Spanish infantry, were on the right in the pass of Roncesvalles. Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole was posted at Viscarret, to support those troops; and Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Picton, with the third division, at Olaque in reserve.

Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill occupied the valley of Bastan with the remainder of the second division, and the Portuguese division, under the Conde de Amarante, detaching General Campbell's Portuguese brigade to Los Alduides, within the French territory. The light and seventh divisions occupied the heights of Santa Barbara, and the town of Vera, and the Puerto de Echalar, and kept the communication with the valley of Bastan; and the sixth division was in reserve at San Estevan. General Longa's division kept the communication between the troops at Vera and those under Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham, and Mariscal del Campo Giron, on the great road.

The Conde del Abisbal blockaded Pampeluna.

On the 24th, Marshal Soult collected the right and left wings of his army, with one division of his centre, and two divisions of cavalry, at St. Jean de Pied de Port, and on the 25th attacked, with between thirty and forty thousand men, General Byng's post at Roncesvalles. Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole moved up to his support with the fourth division, and these officers were enabled to maintain their post throughout the day. But the enemy turned it in the afternoon; and Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole considered it to be necessary to withdraw in the night; and he marched to the neighbourhood of Zubiri.

In the actions which took place on this day, the 20th regiment distinguished themselves.

Two divisions of the centre of the enemy's army attacked Sir Rowland Hill's position in the Puerto

de Maya, at the head of the valley of Bastan, in the afternoon of the same day. The brunt of the action fell upon Major-General Pringle's and Major-General Walker's brigades in the second division, under the command of Lieutenant-General the Honourable William Stewart. These troops were at first obliged to give way; but having been supported by Major-General Barnes's brigade of the 7th division, they regained that part of their post, which was the key of the whole, and would have enabled them to re-assume it, if circumstances had permitted it. But Sir Rowland Hill having been apprised of the necessity that Sir Lowry Cole should retire, deemed it expedient to withdraw his troops likewise to Irrrita; and the enemy did not advance on the following day beyond the Puerto de Maya.

Notwithstanding the enemy's superiority of numbers, they acquired but little advantage over these brave troops during the seven hours they were engaged.—All the regiments charged with the bayonet. The conduct of the 82d regiment, which moved up with Major-General Barnes's brigade, is particularly reported.

Lieutenant-General the Hon. William Stewart was slightly wounded.

I was not apprized of these events till late in the night of the 25th and 26th; and I adopted immediate measures to concentrate the army to the right, still providing for the siege of San Sebastian, and for the blockade of Pamplona.

This would have been effected early on the 27th, only that Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole and Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Picton concurred in thinking their post at Zubiri not tenable for the time during which it would have been necessary to wait in it. They therefore retired early on the 27th, and took up a position to cover the blockade of Pamplona, having the right, consisting of the 3d division, in front of Huarte, and extending to the hills beyond Olaz, and the left, consisting of the 4th division, Major-General Byng's, and Brigadier-General Campbell's Portuguese brigade, on the heights in front of Villalba, having their left at a chapel behind Sorausen, on the high road from Ostiz to Pampeluna, and their right resting upon a height which defended the high road from Zubiri and Roncesvalles. General Morillo's division of Spanish infantry, and that part of the Condé del Abisbal's corps not engaged in the blockade were in reserve. From the latter, the regiment of Travis, and that of El Principe, were detached to occupy part of the hill on the right of the fourth division, by which the road from Zubiri was defended.

The British cavalry under Lieutenant-General Sir Stapleton Cotton were placed near Huarte on the right, being the only ground on which it was possible to use the cavalry.

The river Lanz runs in the valley which was on the left of the allied, and on the right of the French army, along the road to Ostiz. Beyond this river there is another range of mountains connected with Ligasso and Marcalan, by which places it was now necessary to communicate with the rest of the army.

I joined the third and fourth divisions just as they were taking up their ground on the 27th, and shortly afterwards the enemy formed their army on

a mountain, the front of which extends from the high road to Ostiz to the high road to Zubiri, and they placed one division on their left of that road on a height, and in some villages in front of the third division. They had here also a large body of cavalry.

In a short time after they had taken up their ground, the enemy attacked the hill on the right of the fourth division, which was then occupied by one battalion of the 4th Portuguese regiment, and by the Spanish regiment of Pravia.

These troops defended their ground, and drove the enemy from it with the bayonet. Seeing the importance of this hill to our position, I reinforced it with the 40th regiment; and this regiment with the Spanish regiments of El Principe and Pravia held it from this time, notwithstanding the repeated efforts of the enemy during the 27th and 28th to obtain possession of it.

Nearly at the same time that the enemy attacked this height on the 27th, they took possession of the village of Sorausen on the road to Ostiz, by which they acquired the communication by that road, and they kept up a fire of musketry along the line till it was dark.

We were joined on the morning of the 28th by the sixth division of infantry, and I directed that the heights should be occupied on the left of the valley of the Lanz; and that the sixth division should form across the valley in rear of the left of the fourth division, resting their right on Orcaín, and their left upon the heights above-mentioned.

The sixth division had scarcely taken their position when they were attacked by a very large force of the enemy, which had been assembled in the village of Sorausen.

Their front was, however, so well defended by the fire of their own light troops from the heights on their left, and by the fire from the heights occupied by the fourth division and Brigadier-General Campbell's Portuguese Brigade, that the enemy were soon driven back with immense loss, from a fire on their front, both flanks and rear.

In order to extricate their troops from the difficulty in which they found themselves in their situation in the valley of the Lanz, the enemy now attacked the height on which the left of the fourth division stood, which was occupied by the seventh Caçadores, of which they obtained a momentary possession. They were attacked, however, again by the seventh Caçadores, supported by Major-General Ross, at the head of his brigade of the fourth division, and were driven down with great loss.

The battle now became general along the whole front of the heights occupied by the 4th division, and in every part in our favour, excepting where one battalion of the 10th Portuguese regiment of Major-General Campbell's brigade was posted.—This battalion having been overpowered, and having been obliged to give way immediately on the right of Major-General Ross's brigade, the enemy established themselves on our line, and Major-General Ross was obliged to withdraw from his post.

I however ordered the 27th and 48th regiments to charge, first that body of the enemy which had first established themselves on the height, and next those on the left. Both attacks succeeded, and the

enemy were driven down with immense loss; and the 6th division having moved forward at the same time to a situation in the valley nearer to the left of the 4th, the attack upon this front ceased entirely, and was continued but faintly on other points of our line.

In the course of this contest, the gallant fourth division, which has so frequently been distinguished in this army, surpassed their former good conduct. Every regiment charged with the bayonet; and the 40th, the 7th, 20th, and 23d, four different times. Their officers set them the example, and Major-General Ross had two horses shot under him. The Portuguese troops likewise behaved admirably; and I had every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of the Spanish regiments del Principe and Pravia.

I had ordered Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill to march by Lanz upon Lizasso, as soon as I found that Lieutenant-Generals Sir Thomas Picton, and Sir Lowry Cole, had moved from Zubiri; and Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie, from San Estevan, to the same place, where both arrived on the 28th, and the seventh division came to Marcalain.

The enemy's force which had been in front of Sir Rowland Hill, followed his march, and arrived at Ostiz on the 29th. The enemy thus reinforced, and occupying a position in the mountains, which appeared little liable to attack, and finding that they could make no impression on our front, determined to endeavour to turn our left by an attack on Sir Rowland Hill's corps.

They reinforced with one division the troops which had been already opposed to him, still occupying the same points in the mountain, on which was formed their principal force, but they drew in to their left the troops which occupied the heights opposite the third division, and they had, during the night of the 29th and 30th, occupied in strength the crest of the mountain on our left of the Lanz, opposite to the sixth and seventh divisions; thus connecting their right in their position with the divisions detached to attack Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill.

I, however, determined to attack their position, and ordered Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie to possess himself of the top of the mountain in his front, by which the enemy's right would be turned, and Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Picton to cross the heights on which the enemy's left had stood, and to turn their left by the road to Roncesvalles. All the arrangements were made to attack the front of the enemy's position, as soon as the effect of these movements on their flanks should begin to appear. Major-General the Honourable Edward Pakenham, whom I had sent to take the command of the sixth division, Major-General Pack having been wounded, turned the village of Sorausen, as soon as the Earl of Dalhousie had driven the enemy from the mountain, by which that flank was defended; and the sixth division, and Major-General Byng's brigade, which had relieved the fourth division on the left of our position on the road to Ostiz, instantly attacked and carried that village.

Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole likewise attacked the front of the enemy's main position with

the 7th Caçadores, supported by the 11th Portuguese regiment, the 40th, and the battalion under Colonel Bingham, consisting of the Queen's and 53d regiment. All these operations obliged the enemy to abandon a position which is one of the strongest and most difficult of access that I have yet seen occupied by troops.

In their retreat from this position the enemy lost a great number of prisoners.

I cannot sufficiently applaud the conduct of all the general officers, officers, and troops throughout these operations. The attack made by Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie was admirably conducted by his Lordship, and executed by Major-General Inglis and the troops composing his brigade; and that by Major-General the Honourable Edward Pakenham and Major-General Byng, and that by Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole; and the movement made by Sir Thomas Picton, merit my highest commendation.

The latter officer co-operated in the attack of the mountain by detaching troops to his left, in which the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel Trench was wounded, but I hope not seriously.

While these operations were going on, and in proportion as I observed their success, I detached troops to the support of Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill.

The enemy appeared in his front late in the morning, and immediately commenced an extended manœuvre upon his left flank, which obliged him to withdraw from height which he occupied behind the Lizasso to the next range. He there, however, maintained himself, and I enclose his report of the conduct of the troops. I continued the pursuit of the enemy after their retreat from the mountain to Olaque, where I was at sunset, immediately in the rear of their attack upon Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill. They withdrew from his front in the night, and yesterday took up a strong position, with two divisions, to cover their rear in the pass of Dona Maria.

Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill, and the Earl of Dalhousie, attacked and carried the pass, notwithstanding the vigorous resistance of the enemy and the strength of their position. I am concerned to add, that Lieutenant-General the Honourable William Stewart was wounded upon this occasion.

I enclose Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill's report.

In the mean time I moved with Major-General Byng's brigade and the 4th division under Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole, by the pass of Velate upon Irurita, in order to turn the enemy's position on Dona Maria. Major-General Byng took, in Elizondo, a large convoy going to the enemy, and made many prisoners.

We have this day continued the pursuit of the enemy in the valley of the Bidassoa, and many prisoners and much baggage have been taken. Major-General Byng has possessed himself of the valley of Bastan, and of the position on the Puerto de Maya, and the army will be this night nearly in the same positions which they occupied on the 25th July.

I trust that H. R. H. the Prince Regent will be satisfied with the conduct of the troops of His Majesty and of his Allies on this occasion. The

enemy having been considerably reinforced and re-equipped after their late defeat, made a most formidable attempt to relieve the blockade of Pamplona with the whole of their forces, excepting the reserve under General Villatte, which remained in front of our troops on the great road from Irun.

This attempt has been entirely frustrated by the operations of a part only of the allied army, and the enemy have sustained a defeat and suffered a severe loss in both officers and men.

The enemy's expectations of success, beyond the point of raising the blockade of Pamplona, were certainly very sanguine. They brought into Spain a large body of cavalry, and a great number of guns, neither of which arms could be used to any great extent by either party in the battle which took place. They sent off the guns to St. Jean de Pied de Port on the evening of the 28th, which have thus returned to France in safety.

The detail of the operations will shew your Lordship how much reason I have to be satisfied with the conduct of all the general officers, officers and troops. It is impossible to describe the enthusiastic bravery of the 4th division; and I was much indebted to Lieutenant-General Sir Lowry Cole for the manner in which he directed their operations; to Major-General Anson, Major-General Ross, Major-General Byng, and Brigadier-General Campbell, of the Portuguese service. All the officers commanding, and the officers of the regiments, were remarkable for their gallantry; but I particularly observed Lieutenant-Colonel O'Toole, of the 7th Caçadores, in the charge upon the enemy, on our left, on the 28th, and Captain Joaquim Telles Jurdao, of the 11th Portuguese regiment, in the attack of the mountain on the 30th.

I beg to draw your Lordship's attention likewise to the valuable assistance I received, throughout these operations, from Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill, from Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie, and Sir Thomas Picton, in those of the 30th and 31st of July.

To the Conde del Abisbal also I am indebted for every assistance it was in his power to give, consistently with his attention to the blockade. I have already mentioned the conduct of the regiments of Pravia and El Principe, belonging to the army of reserve of Andalusia, in a most trying situation; and the whole corps appeared animated by the same zealous spirit which pervaded all the troops in that position.

Marshal Sir William Beresford was with me throughout these operations, and I received from him all the assistance which his talents so well qualify him to afford me. The good conduct of the Portuguese officers and troops in all the operations of the present campaign, and the spirit which they shew on every occasion, are not less honourable to that nation, than they are to the military character of the officer, who, by his judicious measures, has re-established discipline and revived a military spirit in the army.

I have again to draw your Lordship's attention to the valuable assistance I received throughout these operations from the Quarter-Master-General Major-General Murray, and the Adjutant-General Major-General Pakenham, and the officers of those departments respectively; and from Lieutenant-

Colonel Lord Fitzroy Somerset, Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, and the officers of my personal staff.

Although our wounded are numerous, I am happy to say that the cases in general are slight, and I have great pleasure in reporting to your Lordship, that the utmost attention has been paid to them by the Inspector of Hospitals, Dr. M'Gregor, and by the officers of the department under his directions.

Adverting to the extent and nature of our operations, and the difficulties of our communications at times, I have reason to be extremely well satisfied with the zeal and exertions of Sir Robert Kennedy, the Commissary General, and the officers of his department, throughout the campaign, which upon the whole have been more successful in supplying the troops than could have been expected.

I transmit this dispatch to your Lordship by his Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Orange, who is perfectly acquainted with all that has passed, and with the situation of the army; and will be able to inform your Lordship of many details relating to this series of operations, for which a dispatch does not afford scope. His Highness had a horse shot under him in the battle near Soraura on the 28th of July.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) WELLINGTON.

I have omitted to inform your Lordship in the body of the dispatch, that the troops in the Puerto de Maya lost their four Portuguese guns on the 25th of July. Major-General Pringle, who commanded when the attack commenced, had ordered them to retire towards Maya; and when Lieutenant-General Stewart came up, he ordered that they might return, and retire by the mountain road to Elizondo. In the mean time the enemy were in possession of the pass, and the communication with that road was lost, and they could not reach it.

I enclose returns of the loss before San Sebastian, from the 7th to the 27th of July; and returns of the killed, wounded, and missing in the operations from the 25th ultimo to the 1st instant.

MY LORD,

July 31, 1813.

I HAVE the satisfaction to acquaint your Lordship that, although from the immense superiority of force, which the enemy directed against the position entrusted to my charge, yesterday it became in my opinion, imperiously necessary for me to retire from that ground: the conduct of the officers and troops, British and Portuguese, was such as to entitle them to my entire approbation, and I could not have wished it to be better.

Major-General Pringle, with Major-General Walker's brigade, under Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzgerald, of the 60th regiment, supported by the 34th regiment, and 14th Portuguese regiment, opposed the ascent of the enemy to the ridge on the left of the position, in a most gallant style; drove him repeatedly back, and although unable ultimately to prevent him from ascending the ridge, by a more distant movement, our troops kept their ground firmly, and when ordered to retire, performed it under Major-General Pringle, with the

greatest regularity, and with small loss, covered by a battalion of the 14th Portuguese regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel M'Donald, of the conduct of which officer, and the steadiness of his regiment, the Major-General speaks in terms of the greatest praise.

Colonel Ashworth's brigade, also attacked in his position by a superior force, met the attack with the greatest steadiness, and drove the enemy before him at the point of the bayonet, and held his ground as long as I thought it prudent for him to do so; and a battalion of Brigadier-General Costa's brigade held the ridge on the right of the position to the last, covering the formation of the troops on the ground they were directed to take up: the enemy attempted to force the point, but were repulsed by Brigadier-General Costa, and finally driven down the ridge at the point of the bayonet by that battalion, a part of Colonel Ashworth's brigade, and a small detachment of the 28th Regiment. On the whole, I can assure your Lordship that the enemy had nothing to boast of, nor was our loss severe, considering the disparity of our forces.

I feel particularly indebted to Major-General Pringle for his conduct on this occasion, as well as to Colonel Ashworth, Colonel O'Callaghan, and Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzgerald, 60th Foot, commanding brigades under him, and also to Lieutenant-General the Conde d'Amarante, and Brigadier-General Costa, who was wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) ROWLAND HILL.

To Field-Marshal Marquess of Wellington, K. G.

P. S. I must not omit to mention the services of Colonel Pampluna and Lieutenant-Colonel Pyn, 18th Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Grant and Major Mitchell, commanding the 5th of the line and 6th Portuguese in Colonel Ashworth's brigade.

My Lord, *Elizondo, August 1, 1813.*

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship, that, in compliance with the instructions I received through Major-General Murray, I proceeded yesterday with the column under my orders, on the road to Donna Maria. On our arrival at the foot of the pass, we found the enemy ascending the hill in great haste, and closely pressed by the 7th division, moving by a road parallel and to the right of that which my column was on. The rear of the enemy's column having began to ascend the hills before our arrival, it was impossible to cut off any part of it. It was, however, considerably annoyed on its march by one nine-pounder and a howitzer. I immediately ordered the 2d division, under Lieutenant-General Stewart, to ascend the hill by the road we were on, whilst the Earl of Dalhousie's column ascended by one more to the right. The enemy took up a strong position at the top of the pass, with a cloud of skirmishers in the front.

The attack on our side was led by Lieutenant-General Stewart, with Major-General Walker's brigade, under Lieutenant-Colonel Fitzgerald of the 60th, who forced back the enemy's skirmishers

to the summit of the hill; but coming upon their main body, found them so numerous and so strongly posted, that Lieutenant-General Stewart was induced to withdraw them until the seventh division should be in closer co-operation with him. About this time the Lieutenant-General was wounded, and the command of the division devolved upon Major-General Pringle, who, with his own brigade, commanded by Colonel O'Callaghan, renewed the attack on our side, whilst the seventh division pressed them on the other, and both divisions gained the height about the same time, the enemy retiring, after sustaining a very considerable loss. The conduct of Lieutenant-General Stewart, Major-General Pringle, and of the officers and troops in general, was conspicuously good, and I regret that the very thick fog prevented our taking that advantage of the situation of the enemy which it might otherwise have done. A part of each division pursued them some distance down the hill, and occasioned them a considerable loss. Having thus far performed your Lordship's instructions, I withdrew my column from the pass, and moved it upon Almandoz.

Major-General Pringle praises the conduct of Captain Heise and Captain Thora, on this occasion; and I believe it is the intention of Lieutenant-General Stewart to report the good conduct of some other officers, but his wound has probably delayed it.

I have, &c,

(Signed) ROWLAND HILL.

Lieut.-General.

My Lord; *Lezaca, 4th August, 1813.*

The Prince of Orange having been detained till this day for the returns, I have to inform your Lordship that the enemy still continued posted in the morning of the 2d with a force of two divisions on the Puerto de Echalar, and nearly the whole army behind the Puerto, when the 4th, 7th, and light divisions advanced by the valley of the Bidasoa to the frontier, and I had determined to dislodge them by a combined attack and movement of the three divisions.

The seventh division, however, having crossed the mountains from Sumbilla, and having necessarily preceded the arrival of the fourth, Major-General Barnes' brigade was formed for the attack, and advanced, before the fourth and light divisions could co-operate, with a regularity and gallantry which I have seldom seen equalled, and actually drove the two divisions of the enemy, notwithstanding the resistance opposed to them, from those formidable heights. It is impossible that I can extol too highly the conduct of Major-General Barnes, and these brave troops, which was the admiration of all who were witnesses of it.

Major-General Kempt's brigade of the Light Division, likewise drove a very considerable force from the rock which forms the left of the Puerto.

There is now no enemy in the field, within this part of the Spanish frontier.

I have the honour to inclose Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham's report of the assault of San Sebastian.

While the troops were engaged in the neighbourhood of Pamplona, as reported in my dispatch of the 1st instant, Brigadier-General Longa occupied with his division this part of the Bidassoa, including the town of Vera. That part of the enemy's army which had been left in observation of the allied troops on the great road from Irun, attacked him on the 28th; but were repulsed with considerable loss.

I have great pleasure in reporting the good conduct of these troops on all occasions; and likewise of a battalion of Spanish Caçadores, in General Barceña's division of the Gallician army, which had been sent to the bridge of Yansi, on the enemy's retreat on the 1st instant, which it held against very superior numbers during a great part of the day.

Nothing of importance has occurred in Arragon since my dispatch of the 19th July.

I have a report from Lieutenant-General Lord William Bentinck, from Binaroz on the 21st July; and he was making preparations to cross the Ebro.

I have, &c.

(Signed) WELLINGTON.

Earl Bathurst, &c. &c. &c.

P. S. I inclose a return of the killed and wounded in the attack of the enemy's position on the 2d inst.

MY LORD, *Ernani, July 27, 1813.*

The attack of the breach in the line wall on the left flank of San Sebastian's, took place on the morning of the 25th, when the fall of the tide left the foot of the wall dry, which was soon after daylight. I am sorry to say, that notwithstanding the distinguished gallantry of the troops employed, some of whom did force their way into the town, the attack did not succeed. The enemy occupied in force all the defences of the place which looked that way, and from which, and from all round the breach, they were enabled to bring so destructive a fire of grape and musketry, flanking and enfilading the column, and to throw over so many hand-grenades on the troops, that it became necessary to desist from the assault.

The loss sustained was therefore severe, especially by the third battalion Royal Scots, the leading one of Major-General Hay's brigade, which being on duty in the trenches, formed the column of attack. Major-General Spry's Portuguese brigade, that of Major-General Robinson, and the 4th Caçadores of Brigadier-General Wilson's being in reserve in the trenches; the whole under the direction of Major-General Oswald, commanding the 5th division.

Though this attack has failed, it would be great injustice not to assure your Lordship, that the troops conducted themselves with their usual gallantry, and only retired, when I thought a further perseverance in the attack would have occasioned a useless sacrifice of brave men. Major-General Hay, Major Frazer, Colonel the Honourable C. F. Greville, and Colonel Cameron, commanding the royal Scotch, 38th and 9th regiments, greatly distinguished themselves. Major Frazer lost his life on the breach, with many of his brave comrades.

The conduct throughout the whole of the operations of the siege hitherto, of the officers and

men of the royal artillery and engineers, never was exceeded in indefatigable zeal, activity, and gallantry; and I beg to mention, particularly to your Lordship, Lieutenant-Colonels Dickson, Frazer, and May, and Major Webber Smyth, of the royal artillery; Lieutenant-Colonel Sir R. Fletcher, Lieutenant-Colonel Burgoyne, and Majors Ellicombe, and C. F. Smith, of the royal engineers.

The three officers of this corps, employed to conduct different parts of the columns of attack, behaved admirably, but suffered severely. Captain Lewis has lost his leg, Lieutenant Jones was wounded in the breach, and taken; and Lieutenant Machell, after his return, was killed in the trenches.

I beg too to recommend to your Lordship, Lieutenant Campbell, of the 9th, who led the forlorn hope, and who was severely wounded on the breach. I have the greatest satisfaction too in assuring your Lordship of the most cordial support and assistance, afforded by Sir George Collier, commanding his Majesty's ships on this coast, and of all the Officers and Seamen of the squadron employed on shore.

No exertion that could be afforded was wanting, and Lieutenant-Colonel Dickson has represented to me, in the strongest terms, the steady and gallant conduct of a detachment of seamen in the batteries, under the command of Lieutenant O'Reilly (first Lieutenant of his Majesty's ship *Surveillante*) and of their exemplary behaviour while on shore. I beg too, to mention Mr. Digby Marsh, master's mate, acting as Lieutenant in the batteries, after Lieutenant Dunlop was severely wounded.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) T. GRAHAM.

To Field Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, K. G.

Abstract of the Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, at the Siege of St. Sebastian, from the 7th to the 20th July 1813, inclusive.

Total British loss—1 captain, 1 staff, 11 rank and file, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 2 captains, 5 lieutenants, 9 serjeants, 1 drummer, 107 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file missing.

Total Portuguese loss—1 captain, 48 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 10 serjeants, 3 drummers, 144 rank and file, wounded.

Grand total—2 captains, 1 staff, 59 rank and file, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 major, 3 captains, 7 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 19 serjeants, 4 drummers, 251 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file missing.

(Signed) E. PAKENHAM, Adj. Gen.

Abstract of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, at the Siege of St. Sebastian, from the 21st to the 27th July 1813, inclusive.

Total British loss—1 major, 1 captain, 5 lieutenants, 1 staff, 7 serjeants, 85 rank and file, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 11 captains, 7 lieutenants, 3 ensigns, 2 staff, 12 serjeants, 272 rank and file wounded; 3 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 4 serjeants, 145 rank and file, missing.

Total Portuguese loss—2 serjeants, 40 rank and file, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 ensign, 1 staff, 3 serjeants, 169 rank and file, wounded; 1 captain, 2 serjeants, 1 drummer, 140 rank and file, missing.

Grand total—1 major, 1 captain, 5 lieutenants, 1 staff, 9 serjeants, 125 rank and file, killed; 2 lieutenant-colonels, 14 captains, 8 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 3 staff, 15, serjeants, 441 rank and file wounded; 1 captain, 3 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 6 serjeants, 1 drummer, 285 rank and file, missing.

(Signed) E. PAKENHAM, Adj. Gen.

Abstract of Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Allied Army under the Command of Field-Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, K. G. in Action with the Enemy from the 25th to the 28th July 1813, inclusive.

Total British loss—1 major, 7 captains, 12 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 3 staff, 30 serjeants, 2 drummers, 324 rank and file, killed; 1 general staff, 7 lieutenant-colonels, 9 majors, 31 captains, 72 lieutenants, 24 ensigns, 3 staff, 105 serjeants, 5 drummers, 2192 rank and file, 5 horses, wounded; 5 captains, 4 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 1 staff, 10 serjeants, 7 drummers, 373 rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

Total Portuguese loss—1 major, 2 captains, 3 ensigns, 4 serjeants, 157 rank and file, killed; 5 lieutenant-colonels, 4 majors, 13 captains, 9 lieutenants, 12 ensigns, 3 staff, 41 serjeants, 6 drummers, 825 rank and file, wounded; 2 serjeants, 48 rank and file, missing.

Total Spanish loss—26 rank and file killed; 12 officers, 155 rank and file, wounded; 11 rank and file missing.

Grand total—2 majors, 9 captains, 12 lieutenants, 5 ensigns, 3 staff, 34 serjeants, 2 drummers, 507 rank and file, killed; 1 general staff, 12 lieutenant-colonels, 13 majors, 44 captains, 81 lieutenants, 36 ensigns, 12 Spanish officers, 6 staff, 146 serjeants, 11 drummers, 3172 rank and file, 5 horses, wounded; 5 captains, 4 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 1 staff, 12 serjeants, 7 drummers, 432 rank and file, 1 horse, missing.

(Signed) E. PAKENHAM, Adj. Gen.

Names of Officers killed, wounded, and missing from the 25th to the 28th of July, inclusive.

British Officers killed.

25th July.

7th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Knowles.

20th Foot—Adjutant Bnest.

28th Foot, 1st Batt.—Ensign Delmar.

34th Foot, 2d Batt.—Adjutant Day.

39th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenants Lord and Williams.

50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Rudkin, and Lieutenants Birchall and Deighton.

60th Foot, 5th Batt.—Lieutenants Von Dahlmon and Joyce.

71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenants Duff and Roberts.

26th July.

40th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Malone,

28th July.

Staff—Major Roverea, Aide-de-Camp to Lieutenant-General Sir L. Cole.

King's German Legion, 1st Line Batt.—Captain Avenant.

7th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Fernie.

20th Foot—Captain M'Kenzie.

23d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captains Stainforth and Walker, Volunteer Barnett.

27th Foot, 3d Batt.—Captain Whyte, Adjutant Burne.

40th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Galway.

48th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Lima, Ensign Parsons.

Portuguese Officers killed.

4th Regiment of the Line—Captain Lucas G. Pailha.

10th Regiment of the Line—Major Claudide Victoria, Captain Antonio Francisco Fracaes.

11th Regiment of the Line—Ensign Lorenzo J. Alvez.

7th Caçadores—Ensign Const. de Sousa Girav.

10th Caçadores—Ensign Versailles A. Tavarez.

British Officers wounded.

25th July.

General Staff—Lieutenant-General the Honourable W. Stewart, severely; Captain Stewart, Brigade-Major, ditto.

6th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Gomm, severely; Ensign Radcliffe, slightly.

20th Foot—Lieutenant-Colonel Wallace, slightly; Major Bent, slightly; Lieutenants Champigny, Crockatt, Walker, and Smith, Ensigns Thompson and Oakley, slightly.

23d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Booker, Lieutenants G. Browne, Flaberty, and Ledwith, slightly.

28th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captains Bradley, Meachem, Lieutenants Tomlinson, Crammer, and Gordon, Ensign Hill, slightly.

34th Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieut.-Col. Fenwick, Lieut. Barron, severely; ——— Simmons, Ensign Pickett, slightly.

39th Foot, 1st Batt.—Capt. Jones, Lieuts. Hart, Cox, and Scanlan, Ensigns Poe and Rhodes, severely; Ensign Courtenay, slightly.

50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieut. Colonel Hill, Capt. Grant, severely; Capt. North, Lieuts. Nowlan and M'Donnel, slightly; Lieuts. Jones and Paterson, severely; Ensigns Collins, Bateman, and White, severely.

71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Major K'Kenzie, severely; Capt. Grant, Lieut. Parke, slightly; Lieut. Packe, and Peacocke, severely.

82d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieut. Col. Grant, slightly; Capt. Firman, severely; Capt. Marshall, Ensign Lacey, slightly.

92d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieut. Col. J. Cameron, Major Mitchell, and Macpherson; Captain Holmes, M'Donald, and Bevan; Lieuts. Fyfe, Macpher-

209, Chisholme, D. McDonald, Dwire, Ross, Winchester, Gordon, Grant, and A. Macdonald, slightly; Ensigns F. Mitchell, G. Mitchell, and Kennedy, slightly.
Brunswick Oels—Captains Proestler, and Braxcin, slightly; Lieut. Gresham (2), severely.

26th July.

37th Foot, 3d Batt.—Lieut. Crawford, severely, since dead; Ensign Byrne, slightly.
40th Foot, 1st Batt.—Capts. Heyland and Bowen, severely; Capt. Phillips, slightly; Lieuts. Kelly and Thoreau, slightly.
48th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Wilson (Lieut. Col.), severely; Capt. Thwaites, severely.
53d Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieut. Frazer, severely.
50th Foot, 5th Batt.—Ensign C. Martin, severely.

28th July.

General Staff.—Lieut.-Col. the Hon. A. Gordon, Aide-de-Camp to the Commander of the Forces, severely; Lieut.-Col. Waters, A. A. G. slightly.
2d, or Queen's—Lieutenant Hutton, severely.
7th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Despard; Captains Crowder, Orr, Hamerton, and Wemyss; Lieutenants Logan, Fraser, Nunn, King, and Garrett, severely.
11th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Wrenn; Lieutenants Moore and Christian, severely; Lieutenant Daniel, slightly.
20th Foot—Captain Jackson, severely; Captain Murray, slightly; Lieutenants Bainbrigg and Lewis, severely; Lieutenant Connor, slightly.
23d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Nevil, severely; Lieutenant Brice and Harris, slightly; Adjutant M'Lellan, severely.
27th, 3d Batt.—Captain Hamilton, slightly; Lieutenants Pratt, Pollock, Hanby, and Drew, severely; Ensign Radcliffe, severely; Ensign Ovens, slightly; Ensign Clunes, severely; Surgeon Wray, slightly.
31st Foot, 2d Batt.—Quarter-Master McIntosh, slightly.
32d Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Wood (Lieut. Col.), severely; Volunteer Lloyd, slightly.
36th Foot, Lieutenant Smith, severely; Ensign Skerry, slightly.
40th Foot, 1st Battalion—Lieutenants Glynn, O'Dogherty, and Carter, slightly; Ensign Smith, severely.
48th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major White and Captain Wood, severely; Lieutenants Cuthbertson, Duke, Robinson, Vandermeulen, and Pountney, severely; Lieutenant Johnston, slightly.
57th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Burrows, slightly; Lieutenant Price, and Volunteer Campbell, severely.
61st Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Charlton and Lieutenant O'Kearney, slightly; Volunteer Leebody, severely.
79th Foot, 1st Batt.—Volunteer Kynock, severely.
91st Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Lowrie, severely; Lieutenant R. Stewart, slightly; Lieutenant A. Maclean, severely; Lieutenant Marshall, slightly; Ensigns M'Farlain and J. Omarston, slightly.

Portuguese Officers wounded.

4th Regt. Line—Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. Camp-

bell, severely; Major A. E. Almeida Figueira, slightly; Captain L. de Limes Vasconallos, severely; Captain Pedro Jose Fedrico, and Lieutenant A. Campbell, slightly; Lieutenants B. M. de Rosa, and L. M. de Rosa, severely; Ensigns E. F. S. Sardinha, slightly; D. A. de S. Arango, D. J. A. de Nunka, and Adjutant Jose Pedro de Rey, severely.

10th Line.—Major G. P. de Faria, Adjutant Jona de Santos, Lieutenant J. Gaulbert, and Pedro Pinto, slightly; Captains Manuel A. de Serra, Joachim M. Fonseca, severely; Lieutenant Manuel M. Gerao, and Ensigns Joas J. M. de Arango, severely; Captains A. de St. Valente, Anselmo Xavier, D'Antonio Silveira, and Joas Rodarte, severely.

12th Line.—Colonel P. L. Meaurier, Major L. Arnot, Captains W. H. Thornton, and J. R. C. de Alpin, Adjutant Manuel Jose Cona, severely.

23d Line—Capts. Giron Freire, and Thomas Antonio, severely; R. Steiger, and F. Joze Pereira, slightly; Lieuts. P. Antonio Robacho, Felix Jose Freire, Ensigns Jose D'Almeida, Antonio Cardoza, severely.

7th Caçadores—Lieut.-Colonel Brien O'Toole, severely; Captain Joas Pais de Saude, slightly; Capt. F. de Paolo Rosado, Ensign F. Diego Louzaido, severely.

10th Caçadores—Lieutenant-Colonel R. Armstrong, Major I. W. Green, Captains Anselmo J. de Gueiros, and Jose Rodrigues de Linea, severely; Lieut. J. Horatio Relear, slightly.

British Officer missing.

7th Foot—Captain Tarleton.

Abstract of Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Army under the Command of Field Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, K. G. in Action with the Enemy on the 30th July 1813.

Total British loss—1 major, 2 captains, 6 serjeants, 72 rank and file, 3 horses, killed; 1 general staff, 1 lieutenant-colonel; 3 majors, 9 captains, 18 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 3 staff, 32 serjeants, 4 drummers, 394 rank and file, 4 horses, wounded; 2 lieutenants, 3 serjeants, 52 rank and file, missing.

Total Portuguese loss—1 major, 1 captain, 1 lieutenant, 1 staff, 8 serjeants, 130 rank and file, killed; 1 general staff, 1 colonel, 4 lieutenant-colonels, 5 majors, 8 captains, 8 lieutenants, 17 ensigns, 31 serjeants, 8 drummers, 760 rank and file, wounded; 135 rank and file missing.

Grand Total—2 majors, 3 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 staff, 14 serjeants, 202 rank and file, 3 horses, killed; 2 general staff, 1 colonel, 5 lieutenant-colonels, 8 majors, 17 captains, 26 lieutenants, 21 ensigns, 3 staff, 63 serjeants, 12 drummers, 1154 rank and file, 4 horses, wounded; 2 lieutenants, 3 serjeants, 187 rank and file, missing.

(Signed) E. M. PAKENHAM, Adj. Gen.

Names of Officers, killed, wounded, or missing on the 30th July.

British Officers killed.

68th Foot—Major Crespigny.
74th Foot—Captain Whitting.
Chasseurs Britanniques—Captain Tournefort.

British Officers wounded.

General Staff—Major-Général Pack, slightly.
6th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Sandys, slightly.
32d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Toole, severely; Lieutenant Ross Lewyn, slightly.
34th Foot, 1st Batt.—Ensign Orrall, severely.
36th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Charles, slightly.
40th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Foulks, slightly.
45th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Humfrey, severely.
50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Ensign Sawkins and Adjutant Myles, slightly.
60th Foot, 5th Batt.—Adjutant Kent, slightly.
61st Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain M'Lean, slightly; Lieutenant Wolfe, severely.
68th Foot—Captain Krvin, severely; Lieutenant Leith, slightly; Ensign O'Connell, severely (arm amputated).
71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Walker, severely.
74th Foot, 1st Batt.—Brevet-Major Moore, Lieutenants Pattison and Duncombe, severely; Lieutenant Tew, slightly.
82d Foot—Lieutenant-Colonel Grant and Major Fitzgerald, severely.
82d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenants M'Kay, Boyde, Wood, and Ensign Mason, severely; Adjutant Holdsworth, slightly.
91st Foot, 1st Batt.—Major M'Niel, severely.
92d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Holmes, severely.
Chasseurs Britanniques—Major Combre Lont, slightly; Captains Brem, severely; Treuller, slightly; Stulke, severely; Lieutenants Duffrig, slightly; Sunbary, severely; St. Columba, slightly; Servals, severely; Adjutant Bosin-gault.

British Officers missing.

50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Bartly and Lieutenant Power.

Portuguese Officers killed.

2d Reg. of the Line.—Major Lourenzo Martinho Pegado and Captain M'Gibbon.
14th Ditto.—Adjutant Jose Maria Cabreso.
23d Ditto.—Lieutenant Christooova de Souza a Abinho.

Portuguese Officers wounded.

General Staff—Br. Hippodital de Costa, severely.
2d Regt. Line.—Lieutenant-Colonel Joa Telles de Menezes Major Robert Ray, and Lieutenant Ers. Rebello de Moira, slightly; Lieutenant Jave Nepomamo da Ataede, dangerously; Ensigns Fr. de Paula Cabrita, slightly; Bents Jose Taveres, severely; Avini Pompeo Corrcia, slightly.
2d Regt. Line.—Ensign Fr. Jos. Furtodo, severely.
6th Regt. Line.—Lieutenant-Colonel Max Grant, and Captain Joa, Iraquazon, slightly; Captain John Sutherland, severely; Lieutenants Joa Maria Periera, and Man, Joze Aiaba, slightly;

Ensigns Ant. Iraquion de Mendouca and Joze de Souza Pinto, severely.

11th Regt. Line.—Ensign Lucas Maximo, severely.
14th Regt. Line.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Macdonald, and Major F. de Paula Cabreita, slightly; Captain Lewis Filippe, dangerously; Captain Thomas Potter and Lieutenant Bert Guesse, slightly.
18th Regt. Line.—Colonel M. Pamplona, severely; Lieutenant-Colonel H. Pynne, dangerously; Major F. de Paula Beg, Ensign Victorino Joze de Sa, severely; Ensign Ant. Viera Vasanabus, slightly.
19th Regiment of the Line—Lieutenant Lister, Ensigns A. Maria da Molta, F. Javia, da Cunha, slightly; Joaq. Ribeiro, Ant. Luis de Tovicca, severely.
2d Cacadores—Captain Jorge Fermino P. Amado, 6th Cacadores—Major J. Mitchell, very slightly; Capt. R. Brunton, W. H. Temple, slightly; Capt. Joa de M. Madueriera, severely; Lieut. Pro Emanuel de Sousa, severely; Ensign H. Bankhausen, slightly.
7th Cacadores—Ensigns Joa Clairsoytemo Vellozo, and Squacio Bernardo du Tonsua, slightly.
9th Cacadores—Major Luez Maria de Cerquiza, severely; Lieut. Iquacio F. da Rocha, and Ensign Joaquim Iraquim de Cuerta, slightly.

Abstract of Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Army under the Command of Field-Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, K. G. in Action with the Enemy, from the 31st July, to the 1st August 1813, inclusive.

Total British loss—6 serjeants, 40 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 7 captains, 3 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 24 serjeants, 4 drummers, 239 rank and file, wounded; 1 major, 1 serjeant, 39 rank and file, missing.

Total Portuguese loss—1 captain, 11 rank and file, killed; 1 colonel, 1 major, 1 lieutenant, 1 ensign, 2 serjeants, 42 rank and file, wounded; 16 rank and file, missing.

Grand total—1 captain, 6 serjeants, 51 rank and file, killed; 1 colonel, 2 majors, 7 captains, 4 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 26 serjeants, 4 drummers, 281 rank and file, wounded; 1 major, 1 serjeant, 46 rank and file, missing.

Return of Officers killed, wounded, and missing, from July 31, to August 1, inclusive.

Wounded British.—July 31.

50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Brigade-Major Wemyss, severely.
71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Grant, slightly.
92d Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Macpherson, severely. Captains Sefon and Lee, slightly; Captain D. Campbell, severely; Lieutenant Hope, severely; Ensign T. Mitchell, slightly.
Chasseurs Britanniques—Lieutenant Blemour, slightly.
68th Regiment—Volunteer Browning, slightly.

Missing British Officers—July 31.
60th Foot, 5th Batt.—Major Fitzgerald.

British Officers wounded.

1st August.

20th Foot—Lieutenant Fitzgerald, slightly.
27th Foot, 3d Batt.—Captain Butler, severely.
95th Foot, 3d Batt.—Major Perceval, severely.

Portuguese Officer killed.

31st July.

19th Reg. Line—Captain Campbell.

Portuguese Officers wounded.

31st July.

General Staff—Colonel Charles Ashworth, slightly.
6th Reg. Line—Major D. A. Gil, slightly; Ensign J. M. Vasconcelles, severely.

1st August.

7th Reg. Line—Lieutenant Antonio P. Heigtor, slightly.

Abstract Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Army under the Command of Field-Marshal the Marquess of Wellington, K. G. in Action with the Enemy on the 2d August 1813.

Total British loss—1 captain, 1 ensign, 4 serjeants, 26 rank and file, killed; 3 lieutenant-colonels, 2 majors, 4 captains, 11 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, 1 staff, 17 serjeants, 1 drummer, 278 rank and file, wounded; 7 rank and file missing.

Portuguese loss—1 rank and file killed; 1 ensign, 1 serjeant, 1 drummer, 5 rank and file, wounded.

Grand total—1 captain, 1 ensign, 4 serjeants, 27 rank and file, killed; 3 lieutenant-colonels, 2 majors, 4 captains, 11 lieutenants, 3 ensigns, 1 staff, 18 serjeants, 2 drummers, 283 rank and file, wounded; 7 rank and file missing.

Names of the Officers killed and wounded on the 2d of August.

British Officers killed.

6th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Brownlow.
20th Foot, 1st Batt.—Ensign Wrixen.

British Officers wounded.

4th West India Regiment—Captain A. Hamilton, Aid-de-Camp to Major-General Barnes, severely.
6th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Campbell, severely; Lieutenants Everest, slightly; Tarleton and Addison, severely.
20th Foot—Lieutenant-Colonel Wauchope, Lieutenant Rotton, severely; Lieutenant Lutyens, slightly.
24th Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, Captain Lepper, severely; Captain Brecknell, Adjutant Fleming, slightly.
58th Foot, 2d Batt.—Major Campbell, severely; Captain Westropp, slightly; Lieutenants Shea, severely; Hayton, slightly; Lamprier, severely; Ensign Baylie, severely.
95th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Pemberton, severely.

Brunswick Light Infantry—Lieutenant-Colonel Hertzberg, slightly; Lieutenants Koskenbar, severely; Broembsen, slightly; Ensign Guyer, severely.

Portuguese Officers wounded.

2d Caçadores—Ensign J. Antonio J. Figueira.

General Abstract of the Loss sustained in Action, from the 25th July to the 2d August, 1813.

British.

2 majors, 10 captains, 12 lieutenants, 3 ensigns, 3 staff, 46 serjeants, 2 drummers, 462 rank and file, 3 horses, killed.
2 general staff, 11 lieutenant-colonels, 15 majors, 51 Captains, 104 lieutenants, 31 ensigns, 7 staff, 178 serjeants, 14 drummers, 3103 rank and file, 9 horses, wounded.
1 major, 5 captains, 6 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 1 staff, 14 serjeants, 7 drummers, 462 rank and file, 1 horse missing.

Portuguese.

2 majors, 4 captains, 1 lieutenant, 3 ensigns, 1 staff, 12 serjeants, 299 rank and file, 3 killed.
1 general staff, 2 colonels, 9 lieutenant-colonels, 10 majors, 21 captains, 18 lieutenants, 31 ensigns, 3 staff, 75 serjeants, 15 drummers, 1632 rank and file, wounded.
2 serjeants, 199 rank and file, missing.

Names of Officers killed, wounded, and missing of the Army under the Command of the Marquess of Wellington, at the Siege of St. Sebastian, from the 7th to the 27th of July.

British Officers killed.

Royal Engineers—Lieutenant Machell.
Royal Scots, 3d Batt.—Major Fraser, Captain Cameron, Lieutenants Clarke, Anderson, and Massey, Adjutant Cluff.
9th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Woodham, Adjutant Thornhill.
38th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Carlisle.

British Officers wounded.

Staff—Assistant-Quarter-Master-General Major the Honourable J. Stanhope, severely.
Royal Artillery—Captain Dubourdieu, severely (since dead).
Royal Engineers—Lieutenant-Colonel Sir R. Fletcher, slightly; Captain Lewis, and Lieutenants Reid and Tapp, severely.
Royal Scots, 3d Batt.—Captain Argimbeau, severely (left arm amputated); Captain Logan, severely (right arm amputated); Captain Stewart, slightly; Captains Macdonald and Buckley, severely; Lieutenant Armstrong, slightly; Lieutenant O'Neill, Ensign Hoskins, ——— Reynolds, and Volunteer Miller, severely.
9th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron, Captain Cameron, ——— Jervoise, slightly; Lieutenant Campbell and ——— Ruse, severely; ——— Robertson, Assistant-Engineer, severely (since dead).
38th Foot, 1st Batt. ——— Macleod, Assistant-Engineer, severely; ——— Harrison, slightly;

Ensign Walsh, severely; Adjutant Hopper, severely (since dead).
 59th Foot, 2d Batt.—Adjutant Crawley, severely.
 Detachment of Seamen—Lieutenant Dunlop, severely; Lieutenant O'Reilly, slightly.
 Engineers E. I. Comp. Service—Captain Blakiston, slightly.

British Officers missing.

Royal Engineers—Lieutenant Jones.
 Royal Scots, 3d Batt.—Lieutenant Eyre, Ensign Alston.
 9th Foot, 1st Batt.—Ensign Syret.
 38th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant M'Gill.

Portuguese Officers killed.

4th Cacadores—Captain J. A. Alves.

Portuguese Officers wounded.

Staff—Captain Rainey, 82d, Aid-de-Camp to Major-General Bradford, slightly.
 1st Reg. Line—Captain J. C. Da Silva, slightly; Ensign Joa Eleuterio, slightly.
 3d Reg. Line—Ensign Magelins, slightly; Adjutant Hill, slightly.
 13th Reg. Line—Major Snodgrass, slightly.
 4th Cacadores—Lieut.-Colonel Williams, slightly; Captain Joa de Mello, severely; Adjutant J. P. Barrao, severely.
 5th Cacadores—Capt. J. B. Mozinho; Ensign M. C. de Freithog.
 8th Cacadores—Lieutenant-Colonel Hill; Captain J. A. Duarte, severely.

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