

Not conceiving it prudent to expose our small force to the view of the enemy, who, though routed and dispersed, was still formidable as to numbers and position, he having fled to the surrounding heights, and having still four or five guns, the troops were put in motion at day-break, and marched back to their cantonments. After we had retired, and it had become broad day, the enemy ventured to re-occupy his camp, only, however, for the purpose of destroying his incumbrances, such as blankets, carriages, provisions, spare arms, ammunition, &c. after which he commenced a precipitate retreat towards the Forty Mile Creek, where he effected a junction with a body of two thousand men, who were on their march from Niagara to reinforce him.

I cannot conclude this dispatch without calling your Excellency's attention to the following Officers:—

To Lieutenant-Colonel Harvey, the Deputy Adjutant-General, my obligations are particularly due. From the first moment the enemy's approach was known, he watched his movements, and afforded me the earliest information. To him, indeed, I am indebted for the suggestion and plan of operations: nothing could be more clear than his arrangements, nor more completely successful in the result. The conduct of Major Plenderleath, who commanded the 49th regiment, was very conspicuous. By his decision and prompt efforts, the surprize of the enemy's camp was completed, and all his efforts to make a stand were rendered ineffectual by the bayonet, which overthrew all opposition. A party of the 49th, with Major Plenderleath at their head, gallantly charged some of the enemy's field-pieces, and brought off two six-pounders.

Major Ogilvie led on, in the most gallant manner, the five companies of the King's regiment, and whilst one half of that highly disciplined and distinguished corps supported the 49th regiment, the other part moved to the right, and attacked the enemy's left flank, which decided our midnight contest.

I have also received the greatest assistance from Major Glegg, Brigade Major to the forces, and beg leave to mention the names of Captains M'Dowal and Milnes, your Excellency's Aides-de-Camp, who accompanied me to the attack, and upon all occasions have volunteered their services. I have likewise to acknowledge the assistance of Captain Chambers, of the 41st regiment, who had arrived some days before from Amherstberg; and Mr. Brook, Paymaster of the 49th, who assisted me as Acting Aide-de-Camp.

To Mr. Hackett, Acting Staff Surgeon to this army, I feel particularly indebted, for his judicious arrangements, by which the wounded have received every attention, and are most of them likely to be restored to the service.

It would be an act of injustice, were I to omit assuring your Excellency, that gallantry and discipline were never more conspicuous than during our late short service; and I feel the greatest satisfaction in assuring you, that every officer and individual seemed anxious to rival each other in his efforts: to support the honour of His Majesty's arms, and to maintain the high character of British troops.

I beg leave to refer your Excellency to the en-

closed reports, for particulars respecting our loss, which, I regret, has been very severe,

I have the honour to be, &c.

JOHN VINCENT,
Brigadier-General,

His Excellency Sir George Prevost, Bart.
&c. &c.

General Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in Action with the Enemy near the Head of Lake Ontario, June 6, 1813.

Staff—1 fort-major wounded.

8th or King's Reg.—1 lieutenant, 2 serjeants, 7 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 2 captains, 2 lieutenants, 4 serjeants, 51 rank and file, wounded; 13 rank and file missing.

49th Reg.—1 serjeant, 12 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 3 captains, 1 ensign, 1 adjutant, 5 serjeants, 2 drummers, 62 rank and file, wounded; 3 serjeants, 39 rank and file missing.

Total—1 lieutenant, 3 serjeants, 19 rank and file killed; 2 majors, 5 captains, 2 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 1 adjutant, 1 fort major, 9 serjeants, 2 drummers, 113 rank and file wounded; 3 serjeants, 52 rank and file missing.

List of Officers Killed and Wounded.

Killed.

8th or King's Regt.—Lieutenant Hooker killed.

Wounded.

Staff.—Fort-Major Taylor, severely.

8th or King's Reg.—Major Ogilvie, and Captain Munday, severely, not dangerously; Captain Goldrick, and Lieutenants Weyland and Boyd, slightly.

49th Reg.—Major Plenderleath, severely, not dangerously; Brigade-Major Clark, dangerously; Brigade-Major Dennis, and Captain Manners, slightly; Ensign Durey, dangerously; Adjutant Stean, slightly.

(Signed) J. HARVEY, Dep. Adj.-Gen.
EDWARD BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Return of American Prisoners of War, captured near Stoney Creek, in the Action of the 6th instant.

Burlington Heights, June 7, 1813.

2 brigadier generals, 1 major, 5 captains, 1 lieutenant, 116 non-commissioned officers and privates.

(Signed) J. HARVEY, Dep. Adj. Gen.
EDWARD BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Return of Ordnance, &c. &c. captured from the Americans by a division of the Troops under the command of Brigadier-General Vincent, in action on the 6th June, 1813, at the head of Lake Ontario.

Ordnance—3 iron six-pounders, 1 brass 5½ inch howitzer.

Carriages—1 limber, six-pounder; 1 tumbil, with six-pounder ammunition complete.

Harness—4 sets thill, 4 sets trace.

Horses—9 artillery.

(Signed) WM. HOLCROFT, Major,
Commanding Royal Artillery.

N.B. Two of the above six-pounders were spiked, and left on the ground, in consequence of the impossibility of removing them.