



The London Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1813.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Downing-Street, July 3, 1813.

DISPATCHES, of which the following are copies, have been this day received by Earl Bathurst, from the Marquess of Wellington, dated Salvatierra, June 22, 1813, and Irunzun, June 24, 1813.

MY LORD,

THE enemy's army, commanded by Joseph Bonaparte, having Marshal Jourdan as the Major-General of the army, took up a position, on the night of the 19th instant, in front of Vittoria, the left of which rested upon the heights which end at Puebla de Arlanzon, and extended from thence across the valley of Zadora, in front of the village of Aruñez. They occupied with the right of the centre a height which commanded the valley of Zadora, and the right of their army was stationed near Vittoria, and was destined to defend the passages of the river Zadora, in the neighbourhood of that city. They had a reserve, in rear of their left, at the village of Gomecha.

The nature of the country through which the army had passed since it had reached the Ebro, had necessarily extended our columns, and we halted on the 20th in order to close them up, and moved the left to Margina, where it was most likely it would be necessary: I reconnoitred the enemy's position on that day, with a view to the attack to be made on the following morning, if they should still remain in it.

We accordingly attacked the enemy yesterday, and I am happy to inform your Lordship, that the allied army, under my command, gained a complete victory; having driven them from all their positions, having taken from them one hundred and fifty-one

pieces of cannon, four hundred and fifteen waggons of ammunition, all their baggage, provisions, cattle, treasure, &c. and a considerable number of prisoners.

The operations of the day commenced by Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill obtaining possession of the heights of La Puebla, on which the enemy's left rested, which heights they had not occupied in great strength.

He detached on this service one brigade of the Spanish division under General Murillo; the other brigade being employed in keeping the communication between his main body, on the high road from Miranda to Vittoria, and the troops detached to the heights. The enemy, however, soon discovered the importance of the heights, and reinforced their troops there to such an extent, as that Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill was obliged to detach, first, the 71st regiment, and the light infantry battalion of Major-General Walker's brigade, under the command of the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel Cadogan, and successively other troops to the same point, and the Allies not only gained, but maintained possession of these important heights throughout their operations, notwithstanding all the efforts of the enemy to retake them. The contest here, however, was very severe, and the loss sustained considerable. General Murillo was wounded, but remained in the field; and I am concerned to have to report, that the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel Cadogan has died of a wound which he received. In him His Majesty has lost an officer of great zeal and tried gallantry, who had already acquired the respect and regard of the whole profession, and of whom it might be expected, that if he had lived he would have rendered the most important services to his country.

Under cover of the possession of these heights,

Sir Rowland Hill successively passed the Zadora, at la Puebla and the defile formed by the heights and the river Zadora, and attacked and gained possession of the village of Sabijana de Alava, in front of the enemy's line, which the enemy made repeated attempts to regain.

The difficult nature of the country prevented the communication between our different columns moving to the attack from their stations on the river Bayas at as early an hour as I had expected, and it was late before I knew that the column composed of the 3d and 7th divisions, under the command of the Earl of Dalhousie, had arrived at the station appointed for them.

The fourth and light divisions, however, passed the Zadora immediately after Sir Rowland Hill had possession of Sabijana de Alava, the former at the bridge of Nanclaus, and the latter at the bridge of Tres Puentes, and almost as soon as these had crossed, the column under the Earl of Dalhousie arrived at Mendonza, and the 3d division, under Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Picton, crossed at the bridge higher up, followed by the 7th division, under the Earl of Dalhousie.

These four divisions, forming the centre of the army, were destined to attack the heights on which the right of the enemy's centre was placed, while Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill should move forward from Sabijana de Alava to attack the left. The enemy, however, having weakened his line to strengthen his detachment in the hills, abandoned his position in the valley as soon as he saw our disposition to attack it, and commenced his retreat in good order, towards Vittoria.

Our troops continued to advance in admirable order, notwithstanding the difficulty of the ground.

In the mean time, Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham, who commanded the left of the army, consisting of the 1st and 5th divisions and Generals Pack's and Bradford's brigades of infantry, and Generals Bock's and Anson's brigades of cavalry, and who had been moved on the 20th to Margina, moved forward from thence on Vittoria, by the high road from that town to Bilbao. He had besides with him the Spanish division under Colonel Longa, and General Giron, who had been detached to the left under a different view of the state of affairs, and had afterwards been recalled, and had arrived on the 20th at Orduna, marched that morning from thence, so as to be in the field in readiness to support Lieutenant-General Sir T. Graham, if his support had been required.

The enemy had a division of infantry and some cavalry advanced on the great road from Vittoria to Bilbao, resting their right on some strong heights covering the village of Gamarra Maior. Both Gamarra and Abechuco were strongly occupied, as *têtes-de-pont* to the bridges over the Zadora at these places. Brigadier-General Pack, with his Portuguese brigade, and Colonel Longa, with the Spanish division, were directed to turn and gain the heights, supported by Major-General Anson's brigade of light dragoons, and the 5th division of infantry, under the command of Major-General Oswald, who was desired to take the command of all these troops.

Lieutenant-General Sir T. Graham reports, that in the execution of this service, the Portuguese and

Spanish troops behaved admirably. The 4th and 8th Cadrores particularly distinguished themselves. Colonel Longa being on the left, took possession of Gamarra Menor.

As soon as the heights were in our possession, the village of Gamarra Maior was most gallantly stormed and carried by Brigadier-General Robinson's brigade of the 5th division, which advanced in columns of battalions, under a very heavy fire of artillery and musquetry, without firing a shot, assisted by two guns of Major Lawson's brigade of artillery. The enemy suffered severely, and lost three pieces of cannon.

The Lieutenant-General then proceeded to attack the village of Abechuco, with the 1st division, by forming a strong battery against it, consisting of Captain Dubouche's brigade and Captain Ramsay's troop of horse artillery, and, under cover of this fire, Colonel Hackett's brigade advanced to the attack of the village, which was carried, the light battalion having charged and taken three guns and a howitzer on the bridge: this attack was supported by General Bradford's brigade of Portuguese infantry.

During the operation at Abechuco, the enemy made the greatest efforts to repossess themselves of the village of Gamarra Maior, which were gallantly repulsed by the troops of the 5th division, under the command of Major-General Oswald. The enemy had, however, on the heights on the left of the Zadora, two divisions of infantry in reserve, and it was impossible to cross by the bridges till the troops which had moved upon the enemy's center and left had driven them through Vittoria.

The whole then co-operated in the pursuit, which was continued by all till after it was dark.

The movement of the troops under Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham, and their possession of Gamarra and Abechuco, intercepted the enemy's retreat by the high road to France. They were then obliged to turn to the road towards Pamplona; but they were unable to hold any position for a sufficient length of time to allow their baggage and artillery to be drawn off. The whole therefore of the latter which had not already been taken by the troops in their attack of the successive positions, taken up by the enemy in their retreat from their first position on Arusey and on the Zadora, and all their ammunition and baggage, and every thing they had were taken, close to Vittoria. I have reason to believe that the enemy carried off with them one gun and one howitzer, only.

The army under Joseph Buonaparte consisted of the whole of the armies of the South and of the center, and of four divisions, and all the cavalry of the army of Portugal, and some troops of the army of the North. General Foix's division of the army of Portugal was in the neighbourhood of Bilbao, and General Clausel, who commands the army of the North, was near Logrono with one division of the army of Portugal, commanded by General Topin, and General Vandermasen's division of the army of the North.

The 6th division of the allied army, under Major-General the Honourable Edward Pakenham, was likewise absent, having been detained at Medina del Pinar for three days, to cover the march of our magazines and stores.

I cannot extol too highly the good conduct of all the general officers, officers, and soldiers of the army in this action. Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill speaks highly of the conduct of General Murillo, and the Spanish troops under his command, and of that of Lieutenant-General the Honourable W. Stewart and the Conde d'Amarante, who commanded divisions of Infantry under his directions. He likewise mentions the conduct of the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel O'Callaghan, who maintained the village of Sabijana de Alava against all the efforts of the enemy to regain possession of it, and that of Lieutenant-Colonel Brooke, of the Adjutant-General's department, and Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Alexander Abercromby, of the Quarter-Master-General's department.

It was impossible for the movements of any troops to be conducted with more spirit and regularity than those of these respective divisions of Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie, Sir Thomas Picton, Sir Lowry Cole, and Major-General Charles Baron Alten. These troops advanced in echelons of regiments, in two, and occasionally three lines; and the Portuguese troops, in the 3d and 4th divisions, under the command of Brigadier-General Rowland and Colonel Stubbs, led the march, with a steadiness and gallantry never surpassed on any occasion.

Major-General the Hon. C. Colville's brigade of the 3d division was seriously attacked, in its advance, by a very superior force, well formed; which it drove in, supported by General Inglis's brigade of the 7th division, commanded by Colonel Grant, of the 82d. These officers, and the troops under their command, distinguished themselves.

Major-General Vandeleur's brigade of the light division was, during the advance upon Vittoria, detached to the support of the 7th division, and Lieutenant-General the Earl of Dalhousie has reported most favourably of its conduct.

Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham particularly reports his sense of the assistance he received from Colonel Delany, Deputy Quarter-Master-General, and from Lieutenant-Colonel Bouverie, of the Adjutant-General's Department, and from the officers of his personal staff, and from the Honourable Lieutenant-Colonel Upton, Assistant Quarter-Master-General, and Major Hope, Assistant-Adjutant, with the 1st division; and Major-General Oswald reports the same of Lieutenant-Colonel Berkeley, of the Adjutant-General's Department, and Lieutenant-Colonel Gomm, of the Quarter-Master-General's department.

I am particularly indebted to Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham, and Lieutenant-General Sir Rowland Hill, for the manner in which they have respectively conducted the service entrusted to them since the commencement of the operations, which have ended in the battle of the 21st, and for their conduct in that battle; as likewise to Marshal Sir William Beresford, for the friendly advice and assistance which I have received from him upon all occasions during the late operations.

I must not omit to mention, likewise, the conduct of General Giron, who commands the Gallician army, who made a forced march from Orduña, and was actually on the ground in readiness to support Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Graham.

I have frequently been indebted, and have had occasion to call the attention of your Lordship to the conduct of the Quarter-Master-General Major General George Murray, who, in the late operations and in the battle of the 21st instant, has again given me the greatest assistance. I am likewise indebted much to Lord Aylmer, the Deputy-Adjutant-General, and to the Officers of the Adjutant and Quarter-Master-General's Departments respectively, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Fitzroy Somerset, Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, and the Officers of my personal Staff, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Richard Fletcher, and the Officers of the Royal Engineers.

Colonel His Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Orange was in the field as my Aide-de-camp, and conducted himself with his usual gallantry and intelligence.

Mareschal del Campo Don Luis Wimpfen, and the Inspector-General Don Thomas O'Donoghue, and the officers of the staff of the Spanish army, have invariably rendered me every assistance in their power in the course of these operations; and I avail myself of this opportunity of expressing my satisfaction at their conduct, as likewise with that of Mareschal del Campo Don Miguel de Alava, and of Brigadier-General Don Joseph O'Leary, who have been so long and so usefully employed with me.

The artillery was most judiciously placed by Lieutenant-Colonel Dickson, and was well served, and the army is particularly indebted to that corps.

The nature of the ground did not allow of the cavalry being generally engaged, but the General Officers, commanding the several brigades, kept the troops under their command respectively close to the infantry to support them, and they were most active in the pursuit of the enemy after they had been driven through Vittoria.

I send this dispatch by my Aid-de-Camp Captain Fremantle, whom I beg leave to recommend to your Lordship's protection: he will have the honour of laying at the feet of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, the colours of the 4th battalion of the 100th regiment and Marshal Jordan's Bâton, of a Marshal of France taken by the 87th regiment.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) WELLINGTON.

I enclose a return of the killed and wounded in the late operation, and a return of the ordnance and ammunition captured in the action of the 21st instant.

Abstract of Loss from June 12 to 21.

BRITISH.

2 Serjeants, 9 rank and file, 9 horses, killed; 1 captain, 3 lieutenants, 2 serjeants, 62 rank and file, 13 horses, wounded.

PORTUGUESE.

3 rank and file killed; 1 major, 1 captain, 3 serjeants, 16 rank and file, wounded.

On the 21st.

British Loss—1 lieutenant-colonel, 6 captains, 10 lieutenants, 4 ensigns, 1 staff, 15 serjeants, 4 drummers, 460 rank and

file, 92 horses, killed; 1 general staff, 7 lieutenant-colonels, 5 majors, 40 captains, 87 lieutenants, 22 ensigns, 5 staff, 123 serjeants, 13 drummers, 2504 rank and file, 68 horses, wounded.

Portuguese Loss.—3 captains, 1 lieutenant, 3 ensigns, 4 serjeants, 1 drummer, 138 rank and file, 1 horse, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 4 majors, 16 captains, 10 lieutenants, 19 ensigns, 2 staff, 35 serjeants, 1 drummer, 811 rank and file, wounded.

Spanish Loss.—1 captain, 3 lieutenants, 85 rank and file killed; 1 general staff, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 captains, 6 lieutenants, 453 rank and file, wounded.

Grand Total.—1 lieutenant-colonel, 10 captains, 14 lieutenants, 7 ensigns, 1 staff, 19 serjeants, 5 drummers, 683 rank and file, 93 horses, killed; 2 general staff, 9 lieutenant-colonels, 9 majors, 59 captains, 103, lieutenants, 41 ensigns, 7 staff, 158 serjeants, 14 drummers, 3768 rank and file, 68 horses, wounded.

N. B. 1 serjeant, 2 drummers, 263 rank and file, have been returned, missing by the several corps of the army, British and Portuguese; it is supposed that the greater number of them lost their regiments in the course of the night, and that very few have fallen into the hands of the enemy.

(Signed) AYLMER, Dep. Adj. Gen.

Names of Officers killed.

BRITISH.

11th Light Dragoons.—Lieutenant the Honourable G. Thelluson, attached to the 16th Light Dragoons.

12th Light Dragoons.—Cornet Hammond.

18th Hussars.—Captain Turing.

4th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Thorn, Adjutant Barker.

5th Foot.—Captain Adams, Ensign Bolton.

47th Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieutenants Harley and Hill.

51st Foot.—Lieutenant Percy.

52d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Curry.

68th Foot.—Captain Anderson, Ensign Parvin.

71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Honourable H. Cadogan, Captain Hall, and Lieutenant McKensy.

82d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Carrol.

83d Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieutenant Bloxam, Lieutenant Lindsay.

87th Foot, 2d Batt.—Ensign Greedy.

95th Foot, 3d Batt.—Lieutenant L. Campbell.

24th Foot, 1st Batt.—Volunteer Enright.

Names of Officers wounded.

BRITISH.

From 12th to 19th June.

3d Dragoons.—Captain Sitwell, severely.

95th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant Haggup, severely.

Brunswick Oels.—Lieutenant Meger, severely.

1st Royal Scots.—Volunteers W. Dobbs and S. Miller, slightly; Volunteer T. Suthrill, severely.

23d Fusiliers.—Lieutenant Sedley, severely.

On the 21st of June.

General Staff.—Major-General the Honourable Charles Colville, slightly; Major the Marquess of Tweedale, 44th Regiment, A. Q. M. G. slightly; Captain T. H. Brown, 23d Fusiliers, D. A. A. G. slightly; Captain Hay, 1st Royal Scots, Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Hay, severely; Captain Bringhurst, 1st Dragoon Guards, Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Fane, slightly; Captain Hay, Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Brisbane, slightly; Captain Webster, 9th Light Dragoons, Extra Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Long, slightly; Captain Woodyer, Royal Artillery, slightly.

3d Dragoon Guards.—Lieutenant W. Stewart, severely.

15th King's Hussars.—Captain Hencox, slightly; Lieutenant the Honourable J. Finch, slightly.

16th Light Dragoons.—Lieutenant Arnold, slightly; Adjutant Barra, slightly.

18th Hussars.—Captain R. Carew, severely (since dead); Cornet Forster, severely.

Royal Horse Artillery.—Lieutenant Swaby, severely.

Royal Engineers.—Lieutenant Wright, slightly.

1st Foot, 3d Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell, severely; Lieutenant Glover, severely; Lieutenants Armstrong and Rac, slightly; Lieutenants M'Kelleghan and Cross, severely; Ensign Green, slightly.

4th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captains Williamson, Keping, Ward, and Edgel, severely; Lieutenant Hopkins, slightly; Ensign M'Crohan, severely.

5th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Bateman, severely; Lieutenant Bird, slightly; Lieutenant Higgins, severely; Lieutenant Welch, very slightly; Lieutenant Johnson, severely; Lieutenant Galbraith, very slightly.

27th Regiment, 3d Batt.—Lieutenants Gordon, Weir, and Hill.

28th Foot, 1st Batt.—Major Patterson, (Lieutenant-Colonel,) severely; Captains Wilson, and Bowles, ditto; Lieutenants Wolf, and Morris, ditto; Lieutenant Gordon, slightly; Lieutenant Irwing, severely; Lieutenants Coen, and Burne, slightly; Lieutenants Sweney, and M'Donnell, severely; Lieutenant Clark, slightly; Lieutenant R. Mitchell, severely; Lieutenant Evans, slightly; Lieutenant R. H. Mitchel, severely; Ensign Alexander, slightly; Ensign Born, severely.

31st Foot, 2d Batt.—Captain Girdleston, severely.

34th Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieutenant Ball, slightly; Lieutenant Moggerige, severely; Lieutenant Cairnes, slightly.

38th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant M'Gill, slightly; Ensign Curren, severely.

39th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Carthew, slightly; Captains Walton and Hicks, severely; Lieutenants Mead, Crotty, and Reynolds, severely; Lieutenants Spiers and Baines, slightly.

40th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Ellis, severely; Lieutenant Gorman, severely; Ensign Fox, severely.

43d Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain Duffey (Major), slightly; Lieutenant Houlton, severely.

45th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Ride-wood, severely; Lieutenants Rennett and Little, severely; Ensign Edmonds, severely.

47th Foot, 2d Batt.—Captains Hodges and Parsons, slightly; Captain Yates, severely; Lieutenant Short, slightly.
 50th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captains A. Gordon and Gardiner, severely; Lieutenants Bower and Turner, severely; Ensigns Williams and Reid, severely.
 51st Foot.—Ensign J. Campbell, slightly.
 52d Foot, 1st Batt.—Adjutant Jones, severely.
 57th Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenants Northey, Dix, and Frances, slightly.
 59th Foot, 2d Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Fane, severely; Major Weir (Lieutenant-Colonel), severely; Lieutenants M'Gregor and Mayne, severely; Lieutenant Walker, severely (since dead); Lieutenants Langley and M'Pherson, severely; Ensign Pyne, slightly.
 60th Foot, 5th Batt.—Captain Franchiny and Lieutenant Joyce, slightly.
 66th Foot, 2d Batt.—Captain Nicholls, severely.
 68th, 2d Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson and Captain Gough, severely; Captain Read, slightly; Lieutenants Sorly and M'Kay, slightly; Ensigns Fawke, Ball, and Stretton, severely; Ensign Skene, slightly; Adjutant Hinds, severely.
 71st Foot, 1st Batt.—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Cothen, slightly; Captain Read, severely; Captains Pidgeon and Grant, slightly; Lieutenant Duff, slightly; Lieutenant Fox, severely (since dead); Lieutenants Richards, M'Intyne, Toriño, Campbell, and Commeline, severely; Lieutenant Cox, severely, and missing.
 74th Foot.—Captain M'Queen, slightly; Captain Ovens, severely; Ensigns Hamilton and Shore, severely; Adjutant White, severely.
 82d Foot, 1st Batt.—Lieutenant-Colonel Grant, severely; Lieutenants Derenzy and Agnew, severely.
 83d Foot, 2d Batt.—Major Widderington, severely; Captain Venables, slightly; Lieutenant Baldwin, severely; Lieutenant Smith, slightly.
 87th Foot, 2d Batt.—Captains Vandeleur, O'Brien, and King, severely; Lieutenants Higginson and Mountgarret, severely; Lieutenant Dowling, slightly; Ensign Stafford, slightly.
 88th Foot, 1st Batt.—Captain M'Dermot, severely; Lieutenants Flood, Fitzpatrick, and Faires, slightly; Ensign Sanders, severely.
 94th Foot.—Lieutenant-colonel Campbell, Captain Cairncross, and Lieutenant M'Arthur, severely; Lieutenant Cannon, slightly; Ensigns Stainton and Nairne, severely; Adjutant Jackson, severely.
 95th Foot, 1st Batt.—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron, severely; Lieutenants Cox, Hopwood, and Gairdner, severely; Lieutenant Lester, slightly.
 95th Foot, 2d Batt.—Captain Jenkins, slightly.
 Chasseurs Britanniques.—Captain Millins, slightly; Lieutenant Lenhart, severely.
 1st Light Batt. King's German Legion.—Lieutenant Hedeman, slightly.
 1st Foot, 3d Batt.—Volunteer Dobbs, severely.
 5th Foot, 1st Batt.—Volunteer Rees, severely.

Names of the Portuguese Officers.

KILLED.

9th Regiment of the Line.—Ensign Martinho C. Rey, Dns. João Matiro.

No. 16746.

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16th Regiment of the Line.—Captain Bunch.
 21st Regiment of the Line.—Captains Manoel Vicente de Sequeira, Carlos João D'Aro; Lieutenant João Palmier.
 6th Caçadores.—Ensign Antonio Ozzorio.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harding, deputy quarter-master-general, severely; Captain Fitzgerald, brigade major, slightly.
 3d Regiment of the Line.—Captain Smith, severely; Lieutenant Jose Vicente Cordor, slightly.
 9th Regiment of the Line.—Major Ross, Captains J. M. J. Desoure, Fernando de Villar Boas (since dead), Guilheny Potter, Lieutenant St. Martino, Querado; Ensigns Tomar J. Mesicll, Ignacio Lopes Bareto, Coaquim Nunes de Malos, and Antonio Pimk da Gema; Adjutant M. S. Gomes.
 11th Regiment of the Line.—Major Donahoe, slightly; Captain João de Govie, ditto; Captain Geo. Shipping, severely; Lieutenant M. Santos, severely; Lieutenant, Luis Pinto, Ensign Jose Anto. Ribeiro, slightly; Ensign Fernando de Govia, severely.
 15th Regiment of the Line.—Major A. Campbell, severely; Captain B. Baptista, slightly.
 16th Regiment of the Line.—Captain Manuel In. J. Xavia, Ensign F. T. Penebra, slightly.
 17th Regiment of the Line.—Antonio Evage, slightly.
 21st Regiment of the Line.—Captain Sam. Girnier, Captain A. J. Soeras, Captain Diego Mechad; Lieutenant Galbrieth, Lieutenant F. de Lima; Ensign J. A. Pinto, Ensign T. de Rango, Ensign A. S. Loevas, Ensign J. P. de Cea, Ensign Jose de Oleveira.
 23d Regiment of the Line.—Major F. D. de Pod Azco, severely; Captain F. J. Pierio, Ensign Salvada de Cunha, Ensign Joaquim Roheira, slightly.
 4th Caçadores.—Captain M'Gregor severely, Ensign Frazao, slightly.
 7th Caçadores.—Captain Thos. Velente, slightly; Lieutenant Pedro Pauls, severely; Lieutenant F. Cezar, Ensign João Chrisoatoms, slightly.
 8th Caçadores.—Captain A. Carlos, severely; Ensigna Perrara, severely.
 11th Caçadores.—Lieutenants Antonio Roy da Sa, Pedro D. M. Pioroto, Ensign A. J. Vedal.

SPANISH.

Brigadier-Gen. Pablao Murillo, severely wounded.
 The other Spanish officers names not ascertained.
 (Signed) AYLMEER, Dep. Adj. Gen.

Return of Ordnance, Carriages, and Ammunition, captured from the Enemy, in the Action of the 21st June 1813.

Vittoria, June 23, 1813.

Brass Ordnance on Travelling Guns.

28 twelve-pounder guns, 42 eight-pounder guns, 43 four-pounder guns, 3 eight-inch howitzers, 20 six-inch howitzers, 3 four and two-five-inch howitzers, 2 six-inch mortars.—Total 151.

Caissons.

56 twelve-pounder guns, 76 eight-pounder guns, 68 four-pounder guns, 7 eight-inch howitzers, 54 six-inch howitzers, 5 four and two-five-

inch howitzers, 149 small arm ammunition.
Total 415.

Rounds of Ammunition.

1936 twelve-pounder guns, 5424 eight-pounder guns, 3434 four-pounder guns, 97 eight-inch howitzers, 3358 six-inch howitzers.
Total 14,249.

1,973,100 musket-ball cartridges, 40,668lbs. of gunpowder, 56 forage waggons, 44 forge waggons.

R. D. HENAGAN, Commissary Royal Artillery.
A. DICKSON, Lieut. Col. commanding Artillery.

[The Details of the returns of the regimental loss will be published hereafter.]

Mr Lord, Irúnzun, June, 24, 1813.

THE departure of Captain Fremantle having been delayed till this day, by the necessity of making up the returns, I have to report to your Lordship, that we have continued to pursue the enemy, whose rear reached Pamplona this day. We have done them as much injury as has been in our power, considering the state of the weather and of the roads; and this day the advanced guard, consisting of Major-General Victor Baron Alten's brigade, and the 1st and 3d battalions of the 95th regiment, and Major Ross's troop of horse artillery, took from them the remaining gun they had. They have entered Pamplona, therefore, with one howitzer only.

General Clausel, who had under his command that part of the Army of the North, and one division of the Army of Portugal which was not in the action of the 21st, approached Vittoria on the 22d when he heard of the action of the preceding day, and finding there the 6th division, which had just arrived under the command of Major-General the Honourable E. Pakenham, he retired upon la Guardia, and has since marched upon Tudela de Ebro.

It is probable that the enemy will continue their retreat into France.

I have detached General Giron with the Gallician Army in pursuit of the convoy which moved from Vittoria on the morning of the 20th, which I hope he will overtake before it reaches Bayonne.

I have the honour to be, &c.
(Signed) WELLINGTON.

Admiralty-Office, July 3, 1813.

Copy of a Letter from the Right Honourable Lord Keith, Admiral of the Red, and Commander in Chief of the Channel Fleet, addressed to John Wilson, Croker, Esq. dated on board the Queen Charlotte, off Ushant, 1st July 1813.

SIR,

I HAVE just received by the Sparrow a dispatch from Captain Sir George R. Collier, of which the enclosure is a copy, reporting the evacuation of Castro by the enemy on the 22d ult. on which occasion, by the promptitude and zeal of Captain Taylor of that sloop, the French commanding

officer was prevented from destroying his artillery and powder.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) KEITH, Admiral.

His Majesty's Ship Surveillante, at Anchor.

MY LORD, off Castro, June 25, 1813.

I HAVE the satisfaction to acquaint your Lordship, that the supplies of the garrison of Castro de Urdales, having been cut off by His Majesty's cruisers on this coast, and the total want of meat obliged the commanding officer to evacuate the castle on the 22d instant, and retire to Santona. The Sparrow heaving in sight at the same moment, obliged the Commandante to do this so precipitately, as to prevent his destroying his artillery and powder, or doing any mischief to the castle itself. Captain Taylor very properly immediately garrisoned the castle, and this day we have had a party of the army under General Mendizabel.

I am sorry to say, five-sixth of this town is in ruins; and that the dreadful barbarities committed by the French-Italian troops, as detailed by the few surviving old women, are too shocking to be made the subject of a public letter; nor was the carnage confined to the evening of the storm alone. The inhabitants who fled are now returning, but misery and poverty are at an acmé. Fourteen of the savage authors of these excesses were taken in Bilboa, since the evacuation, and were deservedly put to death.

I have now the pleasure of saying, that the whole line of coast from Guetaria to Santona is evacuated by the enemy.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) GEORGE R. COLLIER.

A Return of Ordnance found in the Castle of Castro.

4 twenty-four-pounder battering guns, 2 eighteen-pounder carronnades, 2 twelve-pounder long guns, 1 twelve-pounder brass long gun, 2 brass eight and a half-inch howitzers, with their carriages, &c. complete. A large proportion of powder and shot, and a quantity of bad bread not fit to eat.

GEO. R. COLLIER.

Whitehall, July 3, 1813.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to nominate and appoint Major-General Henry Clinton, Colonel of the 1st Battalion 60th Regiment, to be an Extra Knight of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

War-Office, July 3, 1813.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent has been pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to appoint the undermentioned Officers to take rank by Brevet as undermentioned; commissions to be dated 21st June 1813.

GENERAL

Arthur the Marquess of Wellington, K. G.

To be FIELD-MARSHAL in the Army.

MAJORS

Bryan O'Toole, of 39th Foot,
 Alexander Du Hautoy, of Chasseurs Britanniques,
 Aug. Farer, of Royal Artillery,
 David Roberts, of 51st Foot,
 R. J. Harvey, of the Portuguese Staff,
 Hew D. Ross, of Royal Artillery,
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 Dudley St. Leger Hill, of Royal West India Rangers,
 George Marquis of Tweeddale, of 41st Foot,
 J. P. Hawkins, of 68th Foot,
 E. K. Williams, of 81st Foot,

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 Jonathan Leach, of 95th Foot,
 Robert Anwyll, of 4th Foot,
 William Perceval, of 95th Foot,

Thomas Lightfoot, of 45th Foot,
 Archibald Ross, of 91st Foot,
 John Schoedde, of 60th Foot,
 George Jenkinson, of Royal Artillery,
 William Moore, of 74th Foot,
 James Miller, of 74th Foot,
 Samuel Hext, of 83d Foot,
 George Hay, of Royal Scots,
 Honourable James Stanhope, of 1st Foot Guards,
 George Cowper, of 92d Foot,
 Alexander Anderson, of 42d Foot,
 Thomas F. Wade, of 42d Foot,
 Thomas Weare, of 35th Foot,
 T. Fremantle, of Coldstream Guards,
 Charles Baron During, of 1st Battalion of the
 Line King's German Legion,
 John Bell, of 4th Foot,

To be **MAJORS** in the Army.

Printed by **ROBERT GEORGE CLARKE**, Cannon-Row, Parliament-Street.

[Price One Shilling.]

6. *De la détermination des termes*