The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday December 1. to Chursday December 5. 1681.

Lisbonne, Nov. 1.

Person that came a Passenger upon a French Vessel from Marseilles, reports, That they met a Ship of St. Malo's off of Cape de Gat, bound from Tenerissa, one of the Canary-Islands, which told them, that the day before they sailed from Tenerissa, two English Frigats brought in there three Algerine men of War, one of which was Commanded by that notorious Pyrate Canary; which we wish may prove true.

Madrid, Nov. 20. It is reported from feveral parts, that some of the English Frigats have taken Canary, Admiral of Argiers, of which we expect a

Confirmation.

Genoua, Nov. 16. Yesterday the eight French Gallies under the Command of the Chevalier de Noailles returned hither from Leghorne, and this Morning sailed again for Marseilles. We are expecting here an Envoye from France, who it's said, is already arrived at Turin; and we are told, that he comes to assure this State, That his Majesty intends to live in a perfect Friendship with them; and that he has Orders to Treat with the Senate concerning the pretensions of the Counts de Fiesque. The Prince of Monaco is now here, and the Duke of Mantoua is sud-

amly expected.

Francfort, Nov. 26. The 20th Instant the French Ambafiadors intimated to those of the Emperor, that they defired the next day to confer with them, and left it to them to name the place; the Imperial Ambassadors answered they designed next Morning to be at Mass at the Carmelites, and should be glad to meet them there. They met accordingly, and after the first Compliments, the French Declared, That the King their Maller defired nothing more than to live in a most fincere and perfect Friendthip with the Emperor and the Empire; That it was not His Maj sties fault the Conferences began not three Months fooner; his Ambalfadors having long expected the Imperial Ministers. That during that time the state of things was very much aftered; That notwithstanding the King was willing the Conferences thould be gone on with, provided he might be left in the quiet enjoym at of the Lands; ad Places he was at present possessed of, which would be the means of establishing a firm and lasting Peace between his Majesty, the Emperor, and the Empire. The next day the Imperial Ambassadors imparted to the Ministers of the Elector and other Princes, the Propositions the French had made to them, which they appeared much surprized at, and defired it in Writing; To which the French agreed. 4

which fay, that Monfieur de Buffy arrived there the 76 Instant, and that he brought Orders with him, for the marching of the Horle in those parts to Thionville. as also for the drawing a Body of Foot together; many are of opinion that the French have an

eye upon the City of Cologne. The Magistrates of Worms have written to the Elector Palatine, their Protector, to acquaint him, That they have received Advice, that they fhall be very suddainly obliged to receive a French Garrison, and to know of his Electoral Highness, how they are to behave themselves in that case. The Count de Homburg has sold his Castle of Homburg to the French, for 6000

Pistols, and they have demolished it.

Cologne, Dec. 2. The Deputies of the City of Liege have not as yet been able to obtain an Audience of his Electoral Highness, but their desire of having, Commissioners appointed to Treat with them is and granted; the Bishop of Strasbourg we hear, is to be, thechief of the Committion, From Ratisbonno we have an Account, That on the 22 pail the Colledge of Prin4 ces made choice, with the Emperors approbation, of Count Walderk, to be Mareschal de Camp-Gener ral of the Army of the Empire, and that it was bear lieved the Count of Nassau Sarbrucke would have the Command of Major-General of the Foot. From Francfort they Write, that nothing of moment had passed, since the Proposition that had been made by the French Ambassadors to those of the Emper ror, concerning the Emperor and the Empire's fe-nouncing all Right and Title to the Lands and Places which the French King is now possessed of; to which the faid Ambassadors Demand a speedy and positive Answer, and will not have any more Conferences till they receive it. In the mean time the Imperial Ambalfadors are expeding Orders from Vienna how to proceed.

Hague, Decemb 4, There has been much discourse within these two or three days of a Conspiracy that has been discovered here, whereof the truest Account we have of it, is, That some persons, of which the chief was a Brench Player, having sormed a design to seize a French Gentleman, the Count da St. Pol (who some time since retired into these Countreys) and to carry him for France; they provided a small Vessel, and several armed Men, which it's said were Soldiers of the Garrison of spre, and sent a false Meslage to the Counted St. Pol, that the Prince of Orange desired to speak with him at' Stessel, dyke, with intention to seize him in his way this returned but the design by some accident or other miscarkying, the Principals that were concerned in it, sled and eight or nine of the others were taken, and committed to Prison, where they now are, and have

confessed the thing as is above related.

Paris, Decembero. There is a discourse astif the King would very suddainly take another journeystowards Germany, but what ground there is forittime

must shew.

Yesterday the King, accompanied with the Dauphin, and the Duke of Orleans came hitters and was at the Louvre, and ethersplaces. Orders are sent to Thoulan to fit out eight men of War with all the diligence possible; 1995; Imployed against the Algerines; and in the Spring the King intends to

py4:

have a very confiderable Squadron at Sea to make

War upon those Pyrats.

1st

Whitehal, Dec. 2. An humble Address was some time since presented to His Majelly by Sir John Buckworth; Deputy-Gövernor of the Turkey Company, from the Clothicis of Worcester; which His Majelly was pleased to receive with his wonted Goodness, and with Expressions of his Gracious Remembrance of the Loyalty of that City.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Master, Wardens and Affistants and Commonalty of the Corporation of Clothiers, of Iour Majesties Loyal City of Wolcocks.

That being highly sensible of the wonderful hand of providence which in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sifty and one, which is miraculously preserved Your Sacred Person at this Place, from the Power and Malice of Your Enemies; and reterining fresh in our Memories, the calamities that the late Civil Wars did introduce, and bring upon us, in the miserable effects thereof to all Your Majetties Loyal Subjects, as the Burnings, Plunder, and Devastation in this Ciry can abundantly testify; all which were totally extinguisted by Your Majetties most happy Restauration; by which, and whose thappy Reign we have enjoyed the Belsings of Peace and Plusty, the free Enercise of the Protestian Religion, by Law established, the Protection of our Selves from Arbitrary Power, and the free Current of the Laws; and in a more particular manner, That Your Majessy was graciously pleased to give Your Royal Assent to a late Act for the better support of this antient staple Trade of the Kingdomin this Corporation, and the Countenance Your Majessy bath given to the Tarkey Company, whereby Your Addressors are greatly engouraged, which may well require of us a continued Thanksulness to the Angighry, who is king of Kings; and to Your Majessy, whom He hach been pleased to make the happy Instrument of conveying of all the Belssings into us; the consideration of which, and more especially of Your Majessy by which Your Majessy our Majessy by which Your Majessy our Cyour Subjects by which Your Majessy our Group Four Subjects by which Your Majessy our of Your Subjects by which Your Majessy our of Your Subjects by which Your Majessy our for Your People happy; as in Justice it obligeth us to with all sincerty of Your People happy; as in Justice it obligeth us to with all sincerty of Your People happy; as in Justice it obligeth us to with all sincerty of Your People happy; as and hope we shall so sairtfully dicharge our Duty the Thanksuness of will flumility return Your Majessy, not only the Thanksuness of our Heiging, and the preserva

Youn Majesties, most Faithful, Loyal, And Obedine Subjects,

Whitehal, Nov. 20. This day an humble Address from the Burrough of Stafford was Presented to His Msjesly, by Sampson Brech, Espethe Mayor, Mr. Fohn Taylor, Mr. Edward Bred, Town-Clerk, and Mr. Walter Higgs; His Majesty received it very Graciously, and was pleased to tell them how satisfied he was with the testimony of their Loyal Assections to him and the established Covernment.

An the Kings main Excellent Majety,
The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen,
tommon-Council, Inhabitanes, and Burgesses
of the Burrough of Stafford, agreed upon at
the Guild-Hall there, the 24th day of Ollober,
in the Three and thirtieth year of Your Majese Reign, Anno Dom. 1681.

May it please Your most Sacred Majesty,

TE Your Majesties most Loyal and Dutiful Subjests, duly considering the Power of Calling and Difforving Parliaments, is a Branch of Tour Royal Prerogative; do with most Obedient and chearful Thanks, acknowledge your late Gratious Declaration of the Reasons for the Dissolving the two last Parliaments; whereby the Minds of your Majesties Subjects are, or may be quieted, which lay under amazements, by the frequency of falle and sedit ous News and Pamphlets; And we are by the same Declaration, firmly satisfied of your Majesties Pious and unalterable Resolutions to defend and maintain the true Frotestant Religion, as now by Law established, against all Popish, Arbitrary, and Illegal Innovations; That we shall be secured by your Malesties Princely Conduit of Assairs, from the dire Efficts of a Civil War, and that we shall not want encouragement to oppose and Suppress all illegal and Schismatical proceedings under pretence of Religion, of any bold appearances to diminish yeur most Sacred Majesty's Person or Regality; For all which your Majestics most Graci-ous assurances, we do with all Loyaity and Duty, offer and ingage our Selves and what we have, as sincere Pleages of our readiness and reality to stand for, and stand by your Majesty, in defense of the true Protestant Religion, your Sacred Person, Prerogative, and establish'd Government, and your lawful Heirs and Succesfors; all which we value above our Lives, Liberties, and Properties (to which we were happily reflored by your Majesties miraculous Restauration) well-knowing, that none of all these can be secure, if your Majesty or Monarchy ever suffer violation; To which we humbly add the Subscription of our Names, and the Seal of the faid Burrough.

Plymouth; Dec. 1, The 28th past came in here his Majesties Ship the Pearl, Captain Williams Com-

mander, from Cruiling.

Hereas in a Pamphlet lately Printed, Entituled, A Second Part of no, Proteliant Plot a There is mention made of one Sir James Hayes, who is represented under a most infamous Character. It is thought fit for the vindicating the Honour and Reputation of Sir James Hayes, Kt. who was formerly Secretary to His Highness Prince Rupert, and Married the Lady Viscountess of Falkland, to give Notice, That he is not the Person thereby intended.

Advertisements.

The Proceedings at the Sellions-House in the Old-Bally, London, on Thursday the 24th day of November, 1681, before His Majesties Commissioners of Oyer and Term ner, upon the Bill of Indictment for High Treaton against Anthony Barl of Shafe Shury. Published by His Majesties special Command. Sold by Samuel Mearne and Jahn Bakes.

Majernes special Command. Sold by Samuel Mearne and John Baker.

Of the third of this Ipstant December, between Kingsfireer and the Old Palace-yard, Westminster, a Silver Watch going with a Chain, a studded Case, made by Thomas Sofficm, with two Keys, and a Gold Seal with two Coars tyed to it with a Pink colour Satin Ribbon. Whoever will bring the said Watch, or notice thereof, to the Buffle-bead Tavern, Westminster, thall have a Guinea reward.

Oft on Friday the second Instant, at or night the Coals. Keeps

Tavern, Westminster, thall have a Guinea reward.

Oft on Friday the second Instant, at or nigh the Cross. Keps.

Inn in Grace-Church it ret, a small Portmantle, therein was 201. in Money, par in a sheet of brown Paper, and three Pocket Books of Account, and a Letter Case in a Money-Bag containing several Bills and Bonds, and in a Paper divers other Bills and Bonds tyed up, all payable to Mr. Febru Stricks in of Omnile in Northington in the same part of Point Lace, with other trevial things, and divers other Writings. Whosevershall discover the same, so that they may be restored to the said Mr. Februsics of, or to Mr. Will am Billiamy of Landon, Merchant, nigh 21. Dunstant Charch ingthe East, it all have Tenpounds reward.